Section 16 Planning Application for Proposed Temporary Cold Storage for Poultry and Distribution Centre for a Period of 3 Years and Filling of Land for Site Formation Works at Lots 471 S.B RP (Part), 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 482Rp, 483, 484, 486, 487RP, 497S.A.R.P., 501, 502, 504S.B, 505 and 506 S.B RP in D.D. 89 and adjoining Government Land, Man Kam To Road, Sha Ling, New Territories

Ref.:MDPC/DR/1022/001

D02 - Drainage Impact Assessment Report

Lots 471 S.B RP (Part), 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 482Rp, 483, 484, 486, 487RP, 497S.A.R.P., 501, 502, 504 S.B, 505 and 506 S.B RP in D.D. 89 and adjoining Government Land, Man Kam To Road, Sha Ling, New Territories

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Prepared by

C&K Land Management Company Limited

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1 PROJECT BACKGROUND

1.1 Introduction

Hong Kong Chilled Meat & Poultry Association ("HKCMA" or "the Applicant") plans to construct and operate a Temporary Cold Storage and Distribution Centre ("the Centre" or "the Proposed Development") for a period of three years at Lots 471 S.B RP (Part), 472, 473, 474, 475,476, 482Rp, 483, 484, 486, 487RP, 497S.A.R.P.in D.D.89 and adjoining Government Land, Man Kam To Road, Sandy Ridge in New Territories ("the Site").

- 1.1.1 The Site is currently zoned "Agriculture" (AGR) under the Approved Fu Tei Au and Sha Ling Outline Zoning Plan ("OZP") No. S/NE-FTA/18. In accordance with paragraph 10(a) of the Explanatory Note of the OZP, temporary use or development of any land or building not exceeding a period of three years would require planning permission from the Town Planning Board ("TPB"). Therefore, a Section 16 Planning Application with an application number A/NE-FTA/201 & A/NE-FTA/220 were made and approved with conditions on 28 May 2021 & 09 November 2023.
- 1.1.2 In order to provide better design to provide a more cost-effective of operating the Centre, the following major modifications to the approved planning application have been proposed:
 - Changing the Site boundary from 16,060m² to 20,249m² approximately;
 - Combining Blocks A, B, C into one Main Block;
 - Not Changing the maximum building height keep to 20.675m above ground;
 - Changing the Total Floor Area from 11,615m² to 15206.84m² approximately;
 - Changing the Plot Ratio from 0.723 to 0.75; and
 - Changing the site coverage from 51.94 % to 39.5%.
- 1.1.3 A new planning application shall be made under Section 16 of the *Town Planning Ordinance* ("TPO") for the aforementioned major modifications. CK Land Management Company Limited has been commissioned to prepare this Drainage Impact Assessment ("DIA") Report for supporting this new planning application.

1.2 Site Description

- 1.2.1 The Site is an elongated strip of land bounded by Man Kam To Road to the east and Lo Wu Station Road to the south with a total area of about 16,060m² in Sandy Ridge, which is close to the border between the Lo Wu Boundary Control Point ("BCP") and Man Kam To BCP in the North District. The Site is currently a vacant land overgrown with weeds and different tree groups. There is a watercourse cutting middle of the site running from the northeast to southeast direction, separating the Site into two halves.
- 1.2.2 The Site location and its environs are shown on *Figure 1-1* which the uses surrounding the Site include:
 - To the north, northwest and west: dwellings and residential temporary structures, Sandy Ridge Cemetery and the planned Sandy Ridge Columbarium.
 - To the east and southeast: The pipelines of the Dongjiang Water, Man Kam To Road, temporary structures, Boarder District Police Headquarter and Police Dog Unit and Force Search Unit Training School.
 - To the south: Sha Ling Playground and Lo Wu Station Road.

1.3 Project Description

- 1.3.1 The Centre will be built upon a site area of about 20,249m² with a Gross Floor Area ("GFA") of about 15,206.84m² and a plot ratio of about 0.75, comprising the following major components:
 - Main block comprises a cold storage area and ancillary storage/office/FS Facilities, area for corridor, staircase and lift
 - A Plant Room and Transformer Room (exempted from GFA)
 - Guard House
- 1.3.2 The existing watercourse running through the Site from northeast to southwest direction will be decked over underneath the Proposed Development.
- 1.3.3 The indicative layout and sectional plans of the Proposed Development can be referred to the Planning Statement.

1.4 Objectives of this Report

- 1.4.1 The objectives of this DIA Report are to:
 - Assess the potential drainage impacts arising from the Site.
 - Recommend the necessary mitigation measures to alleviate any impacts.

1.5 Reference Materials

- 1.5.1 In evaluating the drainage impact arising from the Proposed Development, the following materials have been referred to:
 - Drainage Services Department ("DSD") publication Stormwater Drainage Manual (with Eurocodes incorporated) – Planning, Design and Management (2018 Edition).
 - DSD publication Stormwater Drainage Manual CORRIGENDUM No. 1/2022 ("SDM 2022")
 - DSD Advice Note No. 1 Application of the Drainage Impact Assessment Process to Private Sector Projects.
 - GeoInfo Map reviewed on 16 August 2021

Police Dog Unit and Force Search Unit **Training School** DEON OF WENT WENT Application **Border District Police** Site Headquarters Lo Wu Station Road Sandy Ridge Cemetery Proposed level - Watercourse Pond Legend z 🕙

Figure 1-1: Site Location and its Environs

2 DESCRIPTION OF EXISTING ENVIRONMENT AND DRAINAGE CONDITIONS

2.1 Site Location and Topography

- 2.1.1 The area of the application site is about 20,249m² and is located at North District range from +4.5mPD to +6.13mPD.
- 2.1.2 As illustrated on *Figure 1-1*, the Site is situated in Sandy Ridge that is an elongated strip land bounded by Man Kam To Road to the east and Lo Wu Station Road to the south. It is adjacent to the Sandy Ridge Cemetery that is bounded by Lo Wo Station Road and Shenzhen River.
- 2.1.3 Based on desktop study, there is an existing watercourse running from the surround of Sha Ling passing underneath the pipelines at Man Kam To Road and bisecting the whole site. It is connected to the existing box culvert at Lo Wo Station Road adjacent to the Sha Ling Playground which leads further downstream to connect to Ng Tung River. There is another watercourse along the northern part of the Site boundary which will eventually join the watercourse within the Site and discharge downstream.

2.2 Existing Baseline Conditions

- 2.2.1 According to the previous site inspection conducted on 17 August 2021, the Site is currently a vacant land overgrown with weeds and different tree groups. Moreover, several ditches/watercourses were observed inside the Site, which are connected to surrounding catchments.
- 2.2.2 There is continuous flow observed in the watercourse downstream of the box culvert, but relatively low level comparing to the height of the box-culvert.
- 2.2.3 During the site inspection, it was observed there is an on-going construction near the concrete batching plant that is upstream of the Site near the Sha Ling Road and the flow collected will eventually discharge into this box culvert.

3 DRAINAGE ANALYSIS

3.1 Assumptions and Methodology

- 3.1.1 Peak instantaneous runoff before and after the Proposed Development was calculated based on the Rational Method. The recommended physical parameters, including runoff coefficient (C) and storm constants for different return periods, are as per the Stormwater Drainage Manual.
- 3.1.2 The Rational Method has been adopted for hydraulic analysis and the peak runoff is given by the following expression:

 $Q_p = 0.278 CiA$ — Equation 1

where

Q_p = peak runoff in m³/s C = runoff coefficient

i = rainfall intensity in mm/hr A = catchment area in km²

3.1.3 Rainfall intensity is calculated using the following expression:

 $i = \frac{a}{(t_d + b)^c}$ --- Equation 2

where

i = rainfall intensity in mm/hr

t_d = duration in minutes (t_d≤240)

a, b, c = storm constants given in Table 3 of SDM

3.1.4 For a single catchment, duration (td) can be assumed equal to the time of concentration (tc) which is calculated as follows:

 $t_c = t_0 + t_f$ --- Equation 3

where

t_c = time of concentration

 t₀ = inlet time (time taken for flow from the remotest point to reach the most upstream point of the urban drainage system)

 t_f = flow time

3.1.5 Generally, t_0 is much larger than t_f . As shown in Equation 2, t_d is the divisor. Therefore, larger t_d will result in smaller rainfall intensity (i) as well as smaller Q_p . For the worst case scenario, t_f is assumed to be negligible and so:

 $\begin{array}{lll} t_d & = & t_c & = & t_0 \\ & & & \\ t_0 & = & \frac{0.14465 \; L}{H^{0.2} A^{0.1}} & & --- \textit{Equation 4} \end{array}$

where

A = catchment area (m²)

 average slope (m per 100 m), measured along the line of natural flow, from the summit of the catchment to the point under consideration

 distance (on plan) measured on the line of natural flow between the summit and the point under consideration(m) 3.1.6 The capacities of the drainage pipes have been calculated using the Colebrook-White Equation, assuming full bore flow with no surcharge, as follows, incorporating 10% sedimentation in the calculation of drainage flow capacity in accordance with the Stormwater Drainage Manual:

$$V = -\frac{k_s}{82g} Rs \times \log \left(\frac{k_s}{14.SR} + \frac{1.25v}{R \approx 2gRs}\right)$$
 --- Equation 5

where

V = mean velocity (m/s)

g = gravitational acceleration (m/s²)

R = hydraulic radius (m)

k_s = hydraulic pipeline roughness (m)
 υ = kinematic viscosity of fluid (m²/s)

s = hydraulic gradient (energy loss per unit length due to friction)

3.1.7 On the other hand, the capacity of open channel has been calculated using the Manning's Equation:

$$V = \frac{R^{1/6}}{n} \times \sqrt{Rs} \qquad --- Equation 6$$

where

V = mean velocity (m/s)

R = hydraulic radius (m)

 $n = Manning coefficient (s/m^{1/3})$

s = hydraulic gradient (energy loss per unit length due to friction)

3.2 Assessment Assumptions

Identification of Catchments

- 3.2.1 Based on desktop study and site observation, although the Site is adjacent to the Sandy Ridge Cemetery, majority of the surface runoff from the Sandy Ridge Cemetery mainly flows to Shen Zhen River and partially to Ng Tung River via separate drainage system that is along a road which leads the Lo Wu Station Road and eventually discharge into Ng Tung River, and therefore not included as upstream catchments of the Site.
- 3.2.2 Catchments A to D were identified to be the catchments to be most relevant for this Site based on the topographical data available on Slope Information System of CEDD and the surveys map obtained from Lands Department. The indicative catchment plan is shown on *Figure 3-1* and briefly described below:
 - Catchment A: covered by natural slope and village houses/ temporary structure Sha Ling area.
 - Catchment B: near the pipeline area that accommodate the fresh water mains alongside the Man Kam To Road
 - Catchment C: composed of farmland/ grassland and village houses/ temporary structure comprises of Sub-Catchments C1, C2 ("the Site") and C3.
 - Catchment D: occupied by a concrete batching plant.
- 3.2.3 The surface runoff from Catchments A, B, C1, C3, D will be collected into the watercourse that gather at the box culvert underneath Lo Wu Station Road that eventually conveyed to Ng Tung River. Details of the catchments are described in paragraphs below.

Surface Runoff from Catchments

- 3.2.4 As shown on *Figure 3-1*, runoff from Catchment A will be collected by the existing watercourse within Catchment A and pass underneath Man Kam To Road and run into the Site underneath the superstructures and then further drain to the existing box culvert via the existing watercourse. As such, runoff arising from Catchment A should be taken into account in this DIA.
- 3.2.5 Runoff from Catchment B will flow along the pipeline area and collected into a U-channel that eventually leads to the existing box culvert downstream.
- 3.2.6 According to the topographical data and desktop study, the runoff from Catchments C1 should flow to the stream that is along the north of site boundary. Then the watercourse will connect the existing watercourse within the Site and eventually discharge to downstream via the box culvert.
- 3.2.7 Runoff from Catchment C2 and C3 would flow towards the watercourse within the Site. The flow will pass through the Site connecting the existing watercourse and eventually discharge to downstream via the box culvert.
- 3.2.8 Runoff from Catchment D will flow towards the Sha Ling Road and collected into the existing watercourse, therefore it will be taken into account in this DIA.
- 3.2.9 The calculation methods of corresponding catchments are summarised in *Table 3.1* and the photos of relevant watercourse and watercourse will be shown on *Figure 3-1*.

Table 3.1: Method for Estimating the Surface Runoff from Surrounding Catchments

Catchment	Estimating Method for Surface Runoff
Catchment A	Rational Method
Catchment B	Rational Method
Catchment C	Rational Method
Catchment D	Rational Method

3.2.10 As the runoff from Catchments A, B, C1, C3 and D were calculated by Rational Method, information of the catchment area and runoff coefficients are necessary.

Site Surface Characteristics and Runoff Coefficient of the Site

- 3.2.11 The Site is located in Catchment C2. An elevated platform will be constructed above the ground of the Site and the Site including its facilities will mainly be on the platform.
- 3.2.12 The Site is currently a vacant land overgrown with weeds and different tree groups. As such, for conservative approach, it is assumed that the Site is currently 99% grassland and 1% concrete paved area.
- 3.2.13 For the Proposed Development, about 25.6% site coverage of greenery will be provided.

 Therefore, it was assumed that the paving condition of the Proposed Development will comprise approximately 25.6% soft landscape and 74.4% paved area.
- 3.2.14 The Site is relatively flat, with reference to the DSD's Stormwater Drainage Manual, the runoff coefficients of paved surface and grassland at existing site are 0.95 and 0.25, respectively. As a result, the respective average runoff coefficients of 0.26 and 0.77 were adopted for the Site before and after the Proposed Development, respectively, as summarised in *Table 3.2*.

Table 3.2: Surface Characteristics and Runoff Coefficients of the Site

SCENARIO OF PROJECT	AREA	SURFACE CHARACTERISTICS	RUNGEE
Before Development		1%paved+99% grassland	0.26
After Development	16,060 m ²	74.4% paved + 25.6% soft landscape	0.77

Site Surface Characteristics and Runoff Coefficient of Surrounding Catchments

- 3.2.15 Areas of farmland, grassland and natural slope are assumed to be soft landscape, while the remaining areas of village houses, temporary structure and fresh water mains are assumed to be paved area. The paving conditions are summarised in *Table 3.3*.
- 3.2.16 With reference to the Stormwater Drainage Manual, the runoff coefficients for Catchments A are assumed are 0.95 for paved surface and 0.35 for soft landscape, respectively. On the other hand, as Catchments B, C1, C3 and D are relatively flat, the runoff coefficients of paved surface and soft landscape are 0.95 and 0.25, respectively. The runoff coefficients of related catchments are summarised in *Table 3.3*.

Table 3.3: Surface Characteristics and Runoff Coefficients of Surrounding Catchments

CATCHMENT	SURFACE CHARACTERISTICS	OVERALL BUNOFF COEFFICIENT	CATCHMENT AREA (m²)
Catchment A	47% paved + 53% soft landscape	0.63	63,483
Catchment B	100% paved	0.95	11,345
Catchment C1	23% paved + 77% soft landscape	0.41	84,389
Catchment C3	10% paved + 90% soft landscape	0.32	6,613
Catchment D	100% paved	0.95	9,212

3.2.17 Based on the existing topography, overland flow from these surrounding Catchments A, B, C1 and D, which are essentially the upper catchments of the Site, are collected into the existing watercourse in the same manner as the existing, drainage conditions shall remain the same as existing. Overland flow from Catchment C3 would be flow toward the watercourse within the Site. The estimated flow path of surrounding catchments is indicated in *Figure 3-1*.

3.3 Estimated Existing and Future Runoff Peak Runoff from the Site

- 3.3.1 Based on the assumption as described in paragraphs 3.2.1 to 3.2.14, the runoff from the Site (Catchment C2) before and after development was estimated based on the return periods of 2, 10 and 50 years.
- 3.3.2 The estimated peak runoff generated from the Site before development is 0.187m³/s.
- 3.3.3 To consider the effect of climate change in the drainage design, the projection of rainfall increase by 11.1% given in SDM 2022 Table 28 is adopted. The runoff of the Site after development is 0.761m³/s under 50 years return period. There will be around 303% increase in the estimated peak runoff due to the Proposed Development under 50 years return period. Detailed calculations are provided in *Table 3.4* and *Appendix A*.

Table 3.4: Estimated Peak Runoff of the Site (Catchment C2)

	EST	IMATED PEAK RUNOFF (m²/s	Yi.
RETURN PERIOD	BEFORE DEVELOPMENT	AFTER DEVELOPMENT	INCREMENT
2 Years	0.119	0.496	317%
10 Years	0.157	0.670	328%
50 Years	0.187	0.761	307%

3.4 Peak Runoff from Other Sub-Catchment

3.4.1 The existing runoff generated from other surrounding sub-catchments has been evaluated and are summarised in *Table 3.5*. Detailed calculations are provided in *Appendix A*.

Table 3.5: Estimated Existing Runoff from Other Catchments

RETURN		ESTIMATED	PEAK RUNGEF	FROM SUB-C	ATCHMENTS	(m /s)
PERIOD			CA	CHMENT		
PENIOD.	A	B .	C1	C3	0	SUB - TOTAL
2 Years	1.09	0.35	0.10	0.07	0.34	2.84
10 Years	1.44	0.46	1.31	0.10	0.43	3.74
50 Years	1.72	0.55	1.56	0.12	0.51	4.46

3.5 Total Peak Runoff

3.5.1 Under 50 years return period, the estimated existing peak runoff generated from the surround sub-catchments A, B, C1, C3 and D is 4.46m³/s; and the estimated total peak runoff from Catchment A, B, C1, C2, C3 and D from upstream to the box culvert downstream after development with climate change factor is approximately 5.71m³/s. However, it should be noted to avoid adverse impact to the downstream box culvert due to the additional flow from C2, it is proposed to include stormwater storage tanks on-site for collecting stormwater generated from C2. Details are discussed in *Section 3.6*.

3.6 Proposed Drainage Layout

On-site Storage Facility

- 3.6.1 It is understood that the drainage facilities at the downstream might not be capable of receiving additional flow from the Site. In order to avoid additional drainage impact on the municipal drainage system, two on-site underground stormwater storage tanks are proposed to store the additional runoff due to the Site. The tentative locations of two on-site underground stormwater storage tanks are indicated in *Figure 3-2*.
- Underground storage tank is more favourable for hydraulic flow and flow can be directly collected into the storage tank by gravity. The flow from the Site will be collected by the periphery U-channel drainage network and conveyed to the underground storage tank by gravity. Level sensors will be installed to trigger the pump start/stop and activate the valve to open/ close so that the water in the storage tank can be discharged under a controlled manner. The indicative cross-section of storage tank and with water intake and discharge mechanism is provided in *Appendix B*.
- 3.6.3 The stored stormwater will either be reused on-site as much as practicable (e.g., floor mopping, toilet flush, etc.) or transported to the nearby active farmlands for irrigation (i.e. the farmland to the southwest of the Site), while the exact outlet needed to be confirmed during the detailed design stage, as such only the surplus water will be drained off to the proposed stormwater

- system. It is proposed outlet of the storage tank to be equipped with control e.g. valve so that the stormwater that are not used can be discharged into the box culvert after heavy raining under a controlled manner.
- In case of power failure, emergency generator will be used as the power supplier of the pump.

 Regular maintenance of the equipment will be carried out, spare pump will be used to maintain the operation when there is equipment failure.
- 3.6.5 The indicative cross-section of storage tank and the pumping system is provided on *Appendix B*.

On site Storage Tank Sizing

- 3.6.6 Since Rational Method is not based on a total storm duration, but rather a period of rain that produces the peak runoff rate. The method cannot compute the runoff volumes unless the total storm duration is assumed. Therefore, 4 hours storm duration is proposed to be used as to design the size of on-site storage tank. This duration is sufficient to cover the effective life of many rainstorms (Royal Observatory, 1981). With reference to the IDF relationship of North District Area stated in Table 2d of the Stormwater Drainage Manual (DSD, 2018), the rainfall intensity of 54.9mm/h was adopted, which is based on 4 hours rainfall duration for 50 years return period.
- 3.6.7 The runoff coefficients of 0.26 and 0.77, as mentioned in *paragraph 3.2.16* were adopted for the Site before and after the Proposed Development, respectively.
- 3.6.8 The sizing of stormwater storage Tank is summarised and calculated in *Table 3.6* and in *Appendix D*. The calculation of hydraulic checking of the watercourse is calculated in *Appendix E*.

SCENARIO UNDER 50 YEARS RETURN PERIOD	Area, m	Runoff Coefficient	Rainfall Intensity, mm/hr	Peak Runoff Rate, m ³ /s	Duration, hours	Estimated Runoff Volume, m
Before Development	50.246	0.26		0.063	4	907
After Development	20,249	0.77	54.9	0.189	4	2,721

Table 3.6: Estimated stormwater storage tank size

- 3.6.9 As shown in Table 3.6, the incremental runoff volume is 1,814 m³ under 50 years return period. Thus, the designed storage capacity should be at least 1,814 m³. The tentative locations of the two storage tanks are shown on *Figure 3-2*.
- 3.6.10 Adding buffer storage of about 15% in case of emergency, the tank volume of approx. 2400 m³. The storage tank in the southwest of the Site with dimensions of area of 1660 m² and 2m deep proposed to be provided.

Proposed Stormwater Collection System

3.6.11 Two peripheral U- channels with grating covers are proposed to be running at the perimeter of the Site. The U-shape channels will be in a combination of size ranging from Ø300-700mm at an average gradient 1 in 250 to collect the runoff from the Site. Each of the two peripheral U-channels will eventually connect to catchpit pit that can connect to the storage tank mentioned in paragraph 3.6.9. Catchpit with sand trap and cover will also be provided on-site to minimise sand/silt go into the drainage system. The indicative location and path of proposed parameter drain was shown on Figure 3-2. The typical drawing of the U-Channel and catchpit with sand trap and cover is provided in Appendix C.

- 3.6.12 Flow collected into U-channel section *Start 1* to *MH7* will be split at *MH7*. There are two outlets at *MH7*, one to the tank and one continue along the U-channel. Part of the flow will continue to flow along the U-channel and eventually directly discharge to watercourse, whereas flow that exceeds the U-channel capacity will be overflowed into *MH7* and will be discharged by gravity into the stormwater storage tank. Surface runoff collected in the stormwater storage tank will be stored and pumped out to the watercourse when it is low flow. See *Appendix B* for details of the illustration of mechanism.
- 3.6.13 Similar arrangement will also apply for the U-channel section *Start 2* to *MH15*. There are two outlets at MH15, and MH15 is equipped with an overflow weir. Part of the flow will continue to flow along the U-channel and eventually directly discharge to watercourse, whereas flow that exceeds the U-channel will be overflowed into the *MH15* and will be discharged by gravity into the stormwater storage tank. Surface runoff collected in the stormwater storage tank will be stored and pumped out to the watercourse when it is low flow. See *Appendix B* for details of the illustration of mechanism. The total runoff to be discharged into the watercourse will not be more than the estimated peak runoff generated from the Site before development.
- 3.6.14 An indicative drawing of the catchpit with sand trap design is provided in *Appendix C*. The typical design of the peripheral U- Channel is presented in *Table 3.7*. Detailed calculations for impact assessment of proposed drainage channels and the design of on-site storage tank are provided in *Appendix D*.

Table 3.7: Drainage Capacity of Proposed Peripheral Channels

Description	Size, mm	Related Catchment	Runoff, m1/s	Capacity. m /s	% of Capacity Used	Sufficient Capacity?
U-shape Channel from Start 1 to CP8	300 - 700	Catchment C2	0.03- 0.39	0.06-0.54	49%-73%	YES
U-shape Channel from CP8 to Box Culvert ¹	350	Catchment C2	0.08	0.08	99%	YES
U-Shape Channel from Start 2 to MH15	300 - 700	Catchment C2 and C3	0.04- 0.4	0.06-0.54	46%-75%	YES
U-shape Channel from MH15 to Box Culvert ¹	350	Catchment C2 and Catchment C3	0.22	0.22	100%	YES
Pipe MH7 to Tank 1	Ø 700	Catchment C2	0.39	0.63	62%	YES
Pipe MH15 to Tank 2	Ø 600	Catchment C2	0.18	0.42	44%	YES
Pipe Tank 1 to Box Culvert	Ø 500	Catchment C2	0.11	0.26	43%	YES
Pipe Tank 2 to Box Culvert	Ø 400	Catchment C2	0.19	0.15	51%	YES

Note:

^{1.} The maximum capacity of the U-shape channel is designed based on the existing runoff of Catchment C2 and C3.

Maintenance of Existing Watercourse

3.6.15 The existing watercourse passing through the Site is proposed to be decked over to minimise disturbance to it. To support regular maintenance, manholes for watercourse are proposed to be installed along the existing watercourse with an interval of 60m in which the indicative location of maintenance manholes can be referred to *Figure 3-2*.

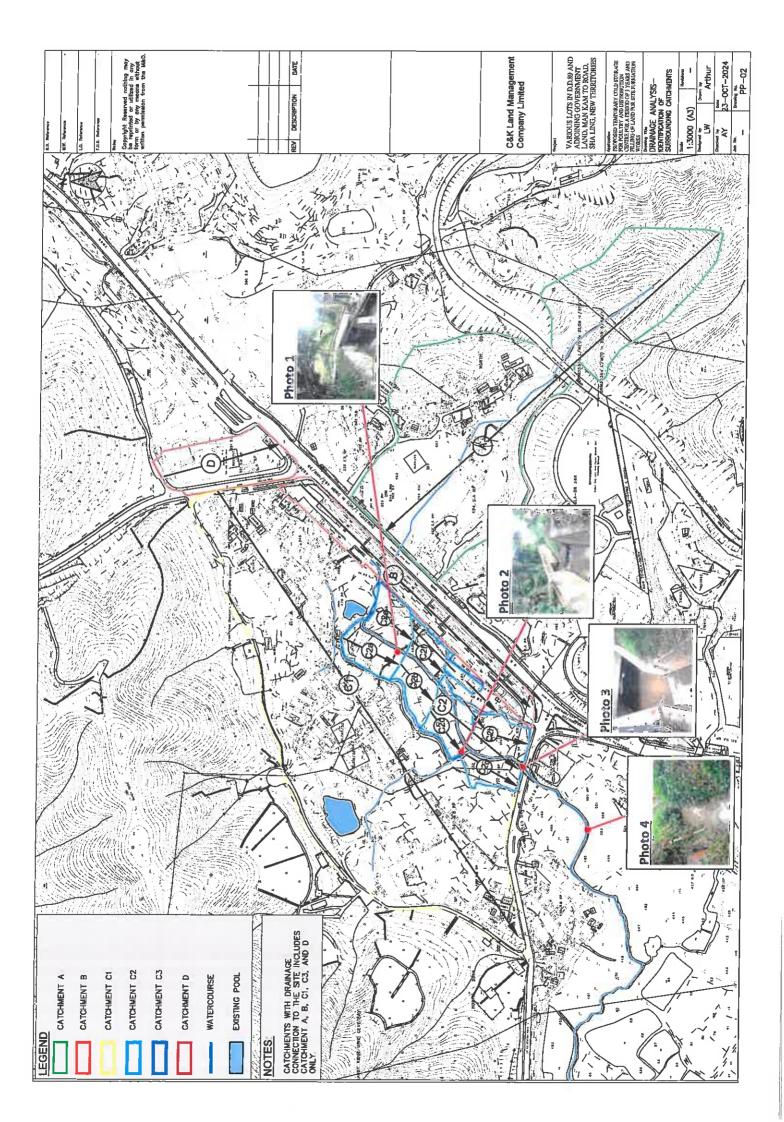
Drainage Point

3.6.16 The runoff from the surrounding catchments run into the existing stream which located underneath the proposed platform inside the Site as before the Proposed Development. The collected runoff from the existing watercourse would be diverted to southwest of the Site and discharged to downstream through a box culvert with 5000mm (W) x 1550mm (H) with 1% fall laid under the Lo Wo Station Road, as shown on Figure 3-2 and the detail drawing of the box culvert underneath Lo Wu Station is shown on Appendix E.

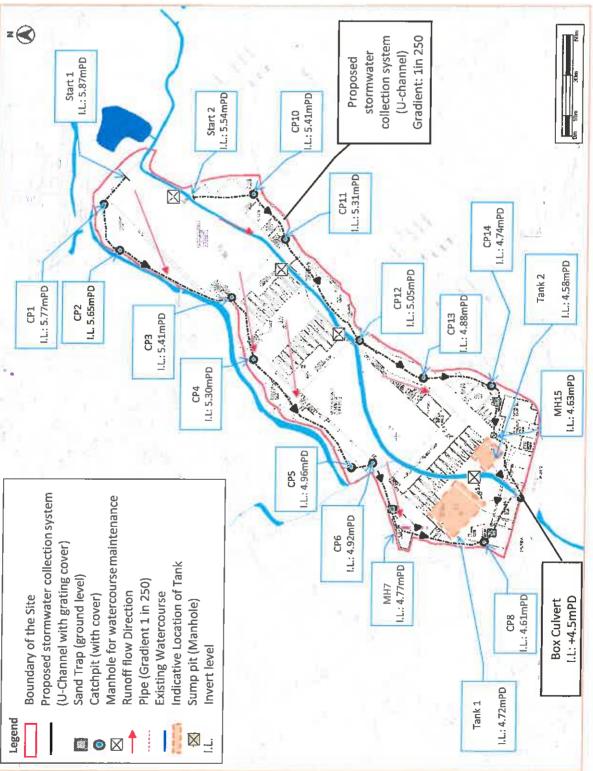
3.7 Proposed Mitigation Measures

- 3.7.1 Water quality is the key environmental impact arising from the construction works. In addition, objects such as soil, construction materials, etc. accidentally falling into the watercourses/drainage can cause blockage in the watercourses/drainage. To avoid adverse impact on the watercourses and public drainage system in the vicinity of the Site during construction and operation of the Proposed Development, the guidelines published by the government shall be followed, including but not limited to those as follows:
 - 1. Practice Notes for Authorized Persons, Registered Structural Engineers and Registered Geotechnical Engineers ("PNAP") ADV-27 Protection of Natural Streams/Rivers from Adverse Impacts arising from Construction Works published by the Building Department ("BD")
 - 2. PNAP ADV-4 Control of Environmental Nuisance from Construction Site published by the BD;
 - 3. Practice Notes for Registered Contractors ("PNRC") 61 Protection of Natural Streams/Rivers from Adverse Impacts arising from Construction Works published by the BD;
 - 4. PNRC 17 Control of Environmental Nuisance from Construction Site published by the BD;
 - 5. Recommended Pollution Control Clauses for Construction Contracts ("RPCC") published by the Environmental Protection Department ("EPD");
 - 6. Professional Persons Environmental Consultative Committee ("ProPECC") Practice Note ("PN") 1/94 Construction Site Drainage published by the EPD.
- 3.7.2 With reference to the measures recommended in the above guidelines, the following measures shall be provided, implemented and maintained by the Contractor to minimise impact to the watercourses:
 - 1. The proposed works site in the proximity of natural rivers and streams should be temporarily isolated, such as by placing of sandbags or silt curtains with lead edge at bottom and properly supported props, to prevent adverse impacts on the stream water qualities.
 - 2. Stockpiling of construction materials, if necessary, should be properly covered and located away from any natural stream/river.
 - 3. Construction debris and spoil should be covered up and/or properly disposed of as soon as possible to avoid being washed into nearby rivers/streams by rain.
 - 4. Construction effluent, site run-off and sewage should be properly collected and/or treated. Wastewater from a construction site should be managed with the following approach in descending order:
 - (a) minimisation of wastewater generation;
 - (b) reuse and recycle;
 - (c) treatment.

- 5. Supervisory staff should be assigned to station on site to closely supervise and monitor the works.
- 6. Incorporate temporary drainage system with de-silting facility before connecting directly to the main drainage system.
- 7. Install sand trap, settling pit or grease trap as necessary.
- 8. Install perimeter drainage channels or place sand bags along the low end of boundary.
- 9. Install pH adjustment facilities or petrol interceptor as necessary.
- 10. Cover open site area with gravel as far as practicable.
- 11. For site maintenance:
 - (a) clear trapped debris and sediments frequently.
 - (b) maintain sanitary condition at effluent disposal point.
 - (c) pump and properly drain away all stagnant water.
 - (d) cover open stockpiles of construction materials and temporarily exposed slope by tarpaulin or similar fabric, especially during rainy season.
 - (e) Manholes shall always be adequately covered and temporarily sealed so as to prevent silt, construction materials or debris from getting into the drainage system, and to prevent storm run-off from getting into foul sewers.
- 12. Surface run-off from construction/reinstatement sites shall be discharged into storm drains via adequately designed sand/silt removal facilities such as sand traps, silt traps and sediment basins. Temporary construction drainage or earth bunds or sand bag barriers shall be provided on site to properly direct storm water to such silt removal facilities. Perimeter channels at site boundaries shall be provided where necessary to intercept storm run-off from outside the Site so that it will not wash across the Site.
- 13. Silt removal facilities, channels and manholes shall be maintained and the deposited silt and grit should be removed regularly, at the onset of and after each rainstorm to ensure that these facilities are functioning properly at all times.
- 14. Open stockpiles of construction materials (e.g. aggregates, sand and fill material) on sites shall be covered with tarpaulin or similar fabric during rainstorms. Measures shall be taken to prevent the washing away of construction materials, soil, silt or debris into any drainage system.
- 15. No filling of the existing watercourse



Proposed stormwater collection system Figure 3-2: Indicative Proposed Drainage Layout (U-Channel with grating cover) Sand Trap (ground level) Boundary of the Site Legend



4 CONCLUSION

- 4.1.1 Potential drainage impacts that may arise from the Site after construction of the Proposed Development have been assessed.
- 4.1.2 The peak runoff before and after the development of the Site were estimated using Rational Method and based on the catchment surface characteristics for the existing environment and the Proposed Development. The paving area of the Site will reduce to 70.8%, surface runoff will be generated from the site. The estimated peak runoff generated from the Site and the surrounding catchments with climate change factor are 0.76m³/s and 4.95m³/s under 50 years return period, and the total estimated peak flow from the Site and surrounding catchments to the box culvert downstream with climate change factor is about 5.71m³/s.
- 4.1.3 U-shape peripheral channels has been proposed to be installed at the boundary of the Site to collect surface runoff from the Site (Catchment C2) and Catchment C3. The U-shape channels of size 300-700 mm dia. have been proposed. Based on the calculation, the utilisation rate of the proposed U-shape peripheral channels and pipes is about 46-75% under the 50 years return period, which shows there is sufficient capacity to accommodate flow arise Site after Proposed Development.
- 4.1.4 The incremental runoff before and after the development were estimated for sizing an on-site storage tank. Assuming the rainfall duration of 4 hour based on a return period of 50 years, two on-site storage tanks of total no less than 1,814m³ is proposed to temporarily store the runoff due to the Proposed Development during heavy rainstorm. Adding buffer storage of about 15% in case of emergency, the tank volume is approx. 2,400m³. The storage tank in the southwest of the Site with dimensions of area of 1660 m² and 2m deep is proposed to be provided. It will be sufficient to meet the storage volume required. No adverse drainage impact to the existing drainage system is anticipated due to the Proposed Development, subject to the following condition:
 - (a) At least 25.6% of the Site area shall be soft landscape.
- 4.1.5 This DIA Report indicates the initial findings regarding drainage impact and indicative drainage layout. A qualified engineer should be engaged by the Architect/Contractor of the Proposed Development to review and provide detailed designs for the internal Site drainage layout, including the water storage tank. A "Drainage Proposal" including detailed designs based on calculations and quantitative assessments, as well as hydraulic model if necessary, shall be prepared by the qualified engineer and submitted to the drainage Authority, EPD and DSD, for their review and approval prior to the commencement of work. The Applicant shall obtain the consent from the owner of the existing watercourse for discharging of storm water prior to commencement of the proposed works. All the relevant government departments shall also be consulted with when necessary.

Appendix A RUNOFF CALCULATIONS

Calculation of Runoff for Return Period of 2 Years

Catchment D	Catchment Area (A),	Average slope (H),	Flow path length	the state of the		%	Storm Constants	ফু	Runoff Intensity (f).			I Of Book village 1
	km²	m/100m	(L),m	mec cme (to), mm Daration (tal), min	Daration (14), min		_	5	mm/hr	Runoff coefficient (C)	CxA	m ³ /c
Before the Proposed Development	ment											
Catchment A	0.063483	16.29	526.24	14.42	14.42	1004.5	17.24	0.644	108.53	690	1000	
Catchment B	0.011345	1.28	164.20	8.89	8.89	1004.5	17.24	0.644	122.84	560	8010.0	11717
Catchment C1	0.087892	3.94	110.00	3,88	3.88	1004.5	17.24	0.644	140.90	0.41	0.0361	1 445
Catchment C2	0.020506	1.19	110.00	5.69	5.69	1004.5	17.24	0.644	133.61	0.26	0.0053	0.106
Catchment D	0.009212	4.98	58.00	2.44	2.44	1004.5	17.24	0.644	147.42	0.95	0.008	0.250
											Total (General Scenario)	875
After the Proposed Development	ent											
Catchment A	0.0635	16.29	526.2	14.42	14.42	1004.5	17.24	0.644	108.55	0.63	0.0401	131
Catchment B	0.0113	1.28	164.20	8.89	8.89	1004.5	17.24	0.644	122.84	D.95	90000	11711
Catchment C1	0.087892	3.94	110.00	3,88	3.88	1004.5	17.24	0.644	140.90	0.41	0.0250	0.500
Catchment C2a	0.00306	0.01	23.0	3.75	3.75	1004.5	17.24	0.644	141 46	PEO	LCOO o	1.412
Catchment C2b	600000	0.01	11.8	1.92	192	1004	17.7	3	150.00		2700'0	680.0
Catchment C2c	0.00231	100			T		1917	0.04	DOTOCT	0.74	0.0023	0.095
L Co december 17	757000	100	575	3.34	T	1004.5	17.24	0.644	134.93	0.74	0.0017	0.064
רק ומוווואפוו רקס	0.00182	10:0	31.9	5,47	5.47	1004.5	17.24	0.644	134.44	0.74	0.0013	0.050
Catchment CZe	0.00252	0.01	31.9	5.30	5:30	1004.5	17.24	0.644	135.12	97.0	0.0019	0.070
Catchment C2f	0.00221	0.01	31.9	5.37	5.37	10045	17.24	0.644	134.84	0.74	0.0016	0.061
Catchment C2g	0.00234	0.01	31.9	5.34	5.34	1004.5	17.24	0.644	134.96	0.74	0.0017	0.065
Catchment C2h	0.00316	0.01	34.5	5.60	2.60	1004.5	17.24	0.544	133,95	0.74	0.0023	0.087
Catchment D	0.0092	4.98	58.00	2,44	2.44	1004.5	17.24	0.644	147.42	0.95	0.0088	0.359
											Total (General Scenario)	3,931

Note:
1) Runoff is calculated in accordance with DSD's "Stormwater Drainage Manual (with Eurocodes Incorporated) - Planning, Design and Managemen t" (5DM), fifth edition, January 2018.

Calculation of Runoff for Return Period of 10 Years

Main	Catchment ID	Catchment Area (A),	Ê	tt.	Indian time (t.) and	Personal Property of	Sto	Storm Constants	2	Runoff Intensity (I)			Food manufactor
0.063163 15.29 526.24 1.44.2 11577 1.904 0.537 142.39 0.639 0.639 0.639 0.639 0.639 0.639 0.639 0.639 0.639 0.639 0.639 0.639 0.639 0.6310 0.6311 0.6311 0.6311 0.6311 0.6311 0.6311 0.6311 0.6311 0.6311 0.6311 0.6311 0.6311 0.6311 0.6311 0.6311 0.6311 0.6311 0.6311 <t< th=""><th></th><th>km</th><th>m/100m</th><th>(L), m</th><th>mies tene (t_o), mm</th><th>Curation (t_d), min</th><th></th><th>_</th><th>ű</th><th>mm/hr</th><th>Runoff coefficient (C)</th><th>C×A</th><th>Teen runou (4p),</th></t<>		km	m/100m	(L), m	mies tene (t _o), mm	Curation (t _d), min		_	ű	mm/hr	Runoff coefficient (C)	C×A	Teen runou (4p),
0.053483 16.29 526.24 14.42 115.7 19.04 0.597 14.239 0.633 0.0401 0.011445 1.18 164.20 8.89 8.89 115.7 19.04 0.597 158.60 0.95 0.0408 0.0207506 4.38 58.00 2.44 115.7 19.04 0.597 178.49 0.041 0.035 0.0308 0.0207506 4.38 58.00 2.44 1.15.7 1.904 0.597 178.49 0.041 0.035 0.0369 0.0207506 4.38 58.00 2.44 1.15.7 1.904 0.597 1.18.49 0.041 0.003 0.0033 0.02071 4.38 58.00 1.15.7 1.904 0.597 1.42.39 0.635 0.043 0.041 0.0033 0.011.3 1.18 1.42 1.18.7 1.904 0.597 1.42.39 0.04 0.0033 0.034 0.0033 0.011.3 1.18 1.18.7 1.18.4 1.18.7	ore the Proposed Develop	ment		!									
0.021345 1.28 161.20 8.89 11577 1.904 0.597 1.28.60 0.55 0.00136 0.055 0.00136 0.027802 3.38 110.00 3.88 3.86 11577 19.04 0.597 178.49 0.41 0.0033 0.0036 0.002512 4.38 5.800 2.25 11577 19.04 0.597 178.49 0.41 0.0053 0.0068 0.00251 4.38 5.800 2.44 2.44 11877 19.04 0.597 185.50 0.055 0.0068 0.0031 1.623 5.622 1.442 1.442 1.657 1.694 0.597 1.6530 0.043 0.043 0.0068 0.0013 1.22 1.442 1.442 1.157 1.904 0.597 1.4239 0.63 0.0068 0.0068 0.0013 2.34 1.377 1.904 0.597 1.4239 0.63 0.0018 0.0063 0.0063 0.0063 0.0063 0.0063 <t< td=""><td>Catchment A</td><td>0.063483</td><td>16.29</td><td>526.24</td><td>14.42</td><td>14.42</td><td>1157.7</td><td>19.04</td><td>0.597</td><td>142.39</td><td>0.63</td><td>***************************************</td><td></td></t<>	Catchment A	0.063483	16.29	526.24	14.42	14.42	1157.7	19.04	0.597	142.39	0.63	***************************************	
0.002766 3.94 110.00 3.88 188 115.7 13.04 0.597 1734.9 0.471 0.0020 0.002506 4.38 58.00 2.25 2.25 115.7 19.04 0.597 1185.9 0.056 0.0053 0.0063 0.002512 4.98 58.00 2.44 2.44 115.7 19.04 0.597 1185.9 0.056 0.0053 0.0063 0.00313 1.82 5.26 14.42 115.7 19.04 0.597 14.239 0.639 0.0063 0.0063 0.00313 1.12	Catchment B	0.011345	1.28	164.20	8.89	8.89	1157.7	19.04	0.597	158.60	200	1040.0	1.588
0.002506 4.98 58.00 2.25 2.25 11577 19.04 0.597 186.47 0.26 0.01088 0.009212 4.98 58.00 2.44 2.44 11577 19.04 0.597 186.54 0.26 0.0088 0.00535 16.29 526.2 14.42 14.42 11577 19.04 0.597 146.29 0.59 0.0083 0.0133 1.28 1.28 1.1577 19.04 0.597 146.29 0.0401 17048 0.0401 0.01336 0.01336 0.01 1.187 1.197 1.904 0.597 1.186.49 0.63 0.0401 1.0080 0.01336 0.01 2.88 3.88 1.1877 1.904 0.597 1.7849 0.041 0.0108 0.0108 0.0108 0.0108 0.0108 0.0108 0.0108 0.0241 0.0003 0.011 0.0013 0.011 0.011 0.011 0.011 0.011 0.011 0.011 0.011 0.011	. Catchment C1	0.087892	3.94	110.00	3.88	388	1157.7	19.04	0.597	178.49	200	ento'n	0.475
0.0533 4.88 58.00 2.44 11577 19.04 0.597 185.50 0.95 0.0033 0.0535 16.29 5.26.2 14.42 11577 19.04 0.597 142.39 0.639 0.0033 0.0133 1.28 1.62.2 1.44.2 11577 19.04 0.597 142.39 0.633 0.0108 0.0134 1.28 1.62.2 1.44.2 11577 19.04 0.597 142.39 0.633 0.0108 0.0136 0.013 1.28 8.89 8.89 11577 19.04 0.597 142.39 0.633 0.0108 0.0136 0.0136 0.014 0.017 1.904 0.597 118.49 0.74 0.0033 0.0138 0.00234 0.01 3.19 5.34 11577 19.04 0.597 171.49 0.74 0.0013 0.0021 3.19 5.34 11577 19.04 0.597 171.49 0.74 0.0013 0.0021	Catchment C2	0.020506	4.98	58.00	2.25	225	1157.7	10.04	0 507	100.43	140	0.0360	1.788
0.0633 16.29 526.2 14.42 115.7 19.04 0.597 14.39 0.63 Total (General Senario) 0.0133 1.28 1.64.2 8.89 1.87.7 19.04 0.597 142.39 0.63 0.0401 0.0134 1.28 1.64.2 8.89 1.87.7 19.04 0.597 178.69 0.04 0.02366 0.01 2.30 3.75 3.75 1.904 0.597 178.49 0.04 0.0033 0.02369 0.01 2.30 3.75 3.75 1.15.77 19.04 0.597 178.49 0.04 0.0033 0.02340 0.01 3.19 3.75 1.15.77 19.04 0.597 171.49 0.74 0.0033 0.00212 0.01 3.19 5.34 1.15.77 19.04 0.597 171.49 0.74 0.0033 0.00212 0.01 3.19 5.47 1.15.77 19.04 0.597 171.49 0.74 0.0013 0.00	Catchment D	0.009212	4.98	58.00	2.44	2.44	14577	70.00	660	100.40	0.26	0,0053	0.276
0.0635 16.29 5.56.2 14.42 11577 19.04 6.597 142.39 0.633 0.643 0.643 0.6401 0.0113 1.28 1.64.2 8.89 8.89 11577 19.04 6.597 148.39 0.643 0.0108 0.08376 0.0113 1.86 1.1577 19.04 6.597 178.49 0.641 0.0018 0.00306 0.01 2.3.0 3.75 3.75 11577 19.04 6.597 178.49 0.641 0.0018 0.00308 0.01 1.3.8 3.87 11577 19.04 6.597 178.49 0.641 0.0023 0.00221 0.01 3.19 5.34 11577 19.04 6.597 171.49 0.74 0.0023 0.00221 0.01 3.19 5.34 11577 19.04 6.597 171.49 0.74 0.0013 0.00221 0.01 3.19 5.34 11577 19.04 6.597 171.49 0.74						Ę.	112/11	40°CT	/600	185.50	0.95	0.0088	0.451
0.0635 16.29 526.2 14.42 14.42 11577 19.04 0.597 142.39 0.633 0.0401 0.0113 1.28 8.89 1.1577 1.904 0.597 142.39 0.043 0.0108 0.087892 3.34 1.10.00 3.88 3.89 1.1577 1.904 0.597 178.49 0.41 0.035 0.00396 0.01 2.3.0 3.75 1.1577 1.904 0.597 179.49 0.74 0.0033 0.00380 0.01 3.1.9 3.75 1.1577 1.904 0.597 171.89 0.74 0.0033 0.0021 0.01 3.1.9 5.34 1.1577 1.904 0.597 171.45 0.74 0.0013 0.0022 0.01 3.1.9 5.34 1.1577 1.904 0.597 171.45 0.74 0.0013 0.0022 0.01 3.1.9 5.34 1.1577 1.904 0.597 172.49 0.74 0.0014	the Proposed Developm											Total (General Scenario)	4.578
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0.00133 1.28 1.89 1.877 19.04 0.597 158.60 0.955 0.035 0.035 0.0108 0.0087892 3.34 110,00 3.88 1.877 1.904 0.597 178.49 0.41 0.0350 0.0350 0.00306 0.01 1.18 1.32 1.37 1.904 0.597 179.09 0.74 0.0023 0 0.00231 0.01 1.18 1.32 1.97 1.904 0.597 171.99 0.74 0.0023 0 0.00214 0.01 31.9 5.34 1.157 19.04 0.597 171.45 0.74 0.0013 0 0.0021 0.01 31.9 5.30 1.157 19.04 0.597 171.45 0.74 0.0013 0 <td>Catchment A</td> <td>0.0635</td> <td>16.29</td> <td>526.2</td> <td>14.42</td> <td>14.42</td> <td>1157.7</td> <td>19.04</td> <td>0.597</td> <td>142.39</td> <td>0.63</td> <td>0.0401</td> <td>1.588</td>	Catchment A	0.0635	16.29	526.2	14.42	14.42	1157.7	19.04	0.597	142.39	0.63	0.0401	1.588
0.0087892 3.94 110.00 3.88 13577 19.04 0.597 178.49 0.41 0.0360 0.00306 0.01 1.30 3.75 1.577 1.904 0.597 179.09 0.74 0.0023 0.00231 0.00182 0.01 1.18 1.92 1.1577 1.904 0.597 171.99 0.74 0.0023 0.00252 0.01 31.9 5.34 5.34 1.1577 1.904 0.597 171.49 0.74 0.0013 0.00252 0.01 31.9 5.47 5.34 1.1577 1.904 0.597 171.49 0.74 0.0013 0.00222 0.01 31.9 5.47 5.30 11577 1.904 0.597 171.45 0.74 0.0013 0.00221 0.00222 0.01 31.9 5.30 11577 19.04 0.597 177.49 0.74 0.0013 0.00224 0.00224 0.01 31.9 5.18 1.1577 19.04	Catchment B	0.0113	1.28	164.2	8.89	8.89	1157.7	19.04	0.597	158.60	0.95	0.0108	0.475
0.00306 0.01 13.0 3.75 13.77 19.04 0.597 179.09 0.74 0.0023 0.003309 0.01 11.8 1.92 1.15/7 19.04 0.597 171.99 0.74 0.0023 0.00231 0.00182 0.01 31.9 5.34 5.34 11577 19.04 0.597 171.45 0.74 0.0017 0.00222 0.001 31.9 5.30 5.30 11577 19.04 0.597 171.45 0.74 0.0013 0.00221 0.001 31.9 5.30 5.30 11577 19.04 0.597 171.45 0.74 0.0013 0.00221 0.00224 0.01 11.8 1.1577 19.04 0.597 177.45 0.74 0.0013 0.00224 0.0023 1.18 1.1577 19.04 0.597 177.69 0.74 0.0016 0.00234 0.01 1.18 5.18 5.18 1.1577 19.04 0.597 177.69	Catchment C1	0.087892	3.94	110.00	3.88	3.88	1157.7	19,04	0.597	178.49	0.41	0.0360	1 782
0.00339 0.01 11.8 1.92 1.15/7 19.04 0.557 188.25 0.74 0.0023 0.00231 0.01 31.9 5.34 1.15/7 19.04 0.597 171.99 0.74 0.0017 0.00252 0.01 31.9 5.47 5.47 1157,7 19.04 0.597 171.45 0.74 0.0013 0.00221 0.00222 0.01 31.9 5.30 5.30 1157,7 19.04 0.597 177.19 0.74 0.0013 0.00221 0.00222 0.01 11.8 1.97 1157,7 19.04 0.597 177.19 0.74 0.0016 0.00224 0.001 11.8 1.97 1157,7 19.04 0.597 177.69 0.74 0.0016 0.00234 0.01 31.9 5.18 5.18 1.157,7 19.04 0.597 177.69 0.74 0.0017 0.0032 4.38 58.00 2.44 1.004.5 1.74.2 0.95	Catchment C2a	0.00306	0.01	23.0	3.75	3.75	1157.7	19.04	0.597	179.09	0.74	0,003	2000
0.00231 0.01 31.9 5.34 11577 19.04 0.597 171.99 0.74 0.0012 0.00182 0.01 31.9 5.47 11577 19.04 0.597 171.45 0.74 0.0013 0.00222 0.00224 0.01 31.9 5.30 5.30 11577 19.04 0.597 177.19 0.74 0.0013 0.00224 0.00224 0.01 11.8 1.97 11577 19.04 0.597 177.19 0.74 0.0016 0.00234 0.01 11.8 1.97 11577 19.04 0.597 178.51 0.74 0.0016 0.00316 0.01 31.9 5.18 5.18 11577 19.04 0.597 177.69 0.74 0.0017 0.0032 4.38 38.0 1.1577 19.04 0.597 177.69 0.74 0.0023 0.0092 4.38 58.00 2.44 1.004.5 177.42 0.95 0.95 0.0033 </td <td>Catchment C2b</td> <td>0.00309</td> <td>0.01</td> <td>11.8</td> <td>1.92</td> <td>1.92</td> <td>1157.7</td> <td>19.04</td> <td>0.597</td> <td>188.25</td> <td>0.74</td> <td>20000</td> <td>5</td>	Catchment C2b	0.00309	0.01	11.8	1.92	1.92	1157.7	19.04	0.597	188.25	0.74	20000	5
0.00182 0.01 31.9 5.47 11577 19.04 0.597 17.145 0.74 0.0013 0.00252 0.01 31.9 5.30 11577 19.04 0.597 177.19 0.74 0.0013 0.00221 0.00222 0.01 23.0 3.87 11577 19.04 0.597 177.19 0.74 0.0016 0.00224 0.0023 0.01 11.8 1.97 11577 19.04 0.597 178.51 0.74 0.0016 0.00234 0.0031 11.8 1.97 11577 19.04 0.597 177.69 0.74 0.0017 0.0032 0.0033 2.48 2.44 1004.5 17.24 0.644 147.42 0.95 0.003	Catchment C2c	0.00231	0.01	31.9	5.34		1157.7	19.04	0.597	171 69	0.74	62000	0.120
0.00252 0.01 31.9 5.30 1.57 1.504 0.537 1.71.9 0.74 0.0013 0.00221 0.00222 0.00222 0.01 23.0 3.87 11577 19.04 0.537 177.19 0.74 0.0016 0.0016 0.00224 0.00224 0.01 11.8 1.97 11577 19.04 0.537 177.59 0.74 0.0016 0.00316 0.01 31.9 5.18 5.18 11577 19.04 0.597 1172.69 0.74 0.0017 0.0092 4.58 5.8 2.44 1004.5 17.24 0.644 147.42 0.95 0.003	Catchment C2d	0.00182	0.01	31.9	5.47	T	1153.7	200	7000	20.000	5.50	(1000	0.082
0.00221 0.01 3.47 13.57 13.64 0.537 172.19 0.74 0.0019 0.00221 0.00221 0.01 3.87 115.77 13.04 0.537 178.51 0.74 0.0016 0.00234 0.01 1.18 1.97 1.157 19.04 0.597 178.56 0.74 0.0017 0.00316 0.01 3.19 5.18 5.18 115.77 19.04 0.597 172.69 0.74 0.0023 0.0092 4.38 58.00 2.44 1.004.5 17.24 0.644 147.42 0.95 0.955 0.0038	Catchment C2a	0.00252	2					13:04	,cc.n	1/1/45	0.74	0.0013	0.064
UJU0221 GA31 3.87 3.87 1157.7 15.04 0.597 178.51 0.74 0.0016 0.00234 GA31 1.97 1.97 1.157.7 15.04 0.597 1.87.56 0.74 0.0017 0.0017 0.00316 GA31 3.19 5.18 1.157.7 19.04 0.597 1.72.69 0.74 0.0023 0.0092 4.58 5.80 2.44 1.004.5 17.24 0.644 1.47.42 0.955 0.098 0.0088	100		100	676	05.5	5.30	1157.7	19.04	0.597	172.19	0.74	0.0019	0.089
0.00234 0.01 1.8 1.97 1.97 1157.7 19.04 0.597 187.96 0.74 0.0017 0.00316 0.01 31.9 5.18 5.18 1157.7 19.04 0.597 172.69 0.74 0.0023 0.0092 4.58 58.00 2.44 1.004.5 17.24 0.644 147.42 0.955 0.0088 Total (General Scenario)	California (CZT	0.00221	0.01	23.0	3.87	3.87	1157.7	19.04	0.597	178.51	0.74	0.0016	0.081
0.00316 0.01 31.9 5.18 5.18 1157.7 19.04 0.597 172.69 0.74 0.0023 0.0092 4.98 58.00 2.44 2.44 1004.5 17.24 0.644 147.42 0.95 0.0088 Total (General Scanzilo)	Catchment C2g	0.00234	0.01	11.8	1.97	1.97	1157.7	19.04	0.597	187.96	0.74	0.0017	0.091
0.0092 4.98 58.00 2.44 2.44 1004.5 17.24 0.644 147.42 0.95 0.0088	Catchment C2h	0,00316	0.01	31.9	5.18	5.18	1157.7	19.04	0.597	172.69	0.74	0.0023	0.112
	Catchment D	0.0092	4.98	58.00	2.44		1004.5	17.24	0.644	147.42	0.95	0.0088	0,359
												Total (General Scenario)	4.962

Note:
1) Runoff is calculated in accordance with DSD's "Stomwater Drainage Manual (with Eurocodes Incorporated) - Planning, Design and Managemen t" (SDM), fifth edition, January 2018.

Calculation of Runoff for Return Period of 50 Years

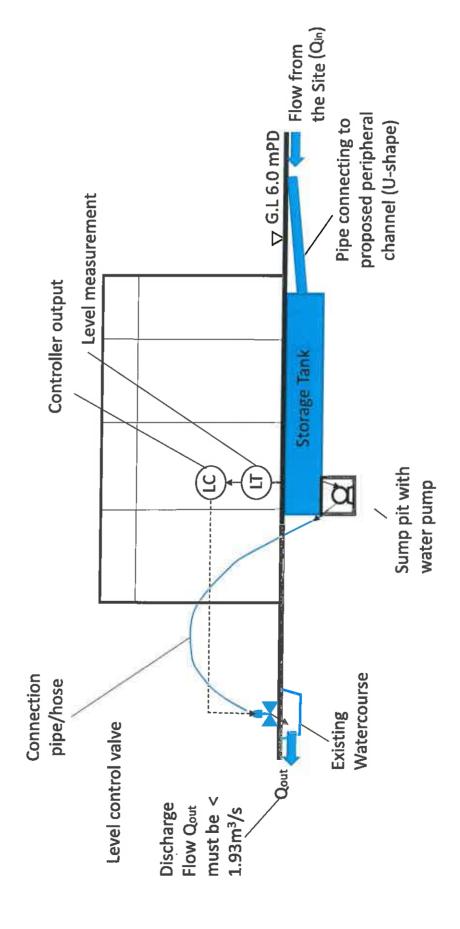
	Catchment Area (A)	And and a same Att	1 10 10 10								
· Catchment 10	tm ²	m/100m	now parn length	Inlet time (t ₀), min	thre (t ₀), min Duration (t ₄), min		stants -	Runoff Intensity (I)	Runoff coefficient (C)	4 H	Peak runoff (Qp),
Before the Proposed Development	ment					-		-			m³/s
Catchment A	0.063483	16.30	200.34			ŀ	ŀ				
Constitution of			57076	14.42	14.42	1167,6 1	16.76 0.561	1 169.53	0.63	0.0401	1801
Carcillian B	0.011345	1.28	164.20	8.89	8.89	1167.6	16.76 0.561	189.15	0.95	90000	100.1
Catchment C1	0.087892	3,94	110.00	3.88	3.88	1167.6	16.76 0.561			90777	0.567
Catchment C2	0.020506	4.98	58.00	2.25	7.75	┿	┿		T&'n	0.0360	2.141
Catchment D	0.009212	4,98	58.00	244		+	+	1	0.26	0.0053	0.332
					2,44	110/.011	16./6 0.561	1 222.50	0.95	0.0088	0.541
After the Proposed Development	lent									Total (General Scenario)	5.472
Catchment A	0.0635	16.29	1361			Н	H				
Catriment B	0.0442		2020	14.42	14,42	1167.6	16.76 0.561	169,53	0.63	0.0401	1881
0 11000	UNITE	1.28	164.2	8.89	8.89	1167.6	16.76 0.561	189.15	0.95	0.0108	
Catchment C1	0.087892	3.94	110.00	3.88	3.88	1167.6	16.76 0.561			0,0108	0.36/
Catchment C2a	0.00306	10'0	23.0	375	,	╀	+	1	0.41	0.0360	2.141
Catchment C2b	0.00309	10.0	118			+	+		0.74	0.0023	0.135
Catchment C2c	0.00031	100		76.7	1.92	1167.6	16.76 0.561	1 225.97	0.74	0.0023	0.144
100000000000000000000000000000000000000		Tara	11.5 	5.34	5.34	1167.6	16.76 0.561	1 205.61	0.74	0.0017	800
Catalinent C20	0.00182	0.01	31.9	5.47	5.47	1167,6	16.76 0.561		774	-	8600
Catchment C2e	0.00252	0.01	31,9	530	0.5	11676	25.26		1 213	0.0013	0.077
Catchment C2f	0.00221	0.01	11.8	56		+	+		0.74	0.0019	0.107
Catchment C2g	0.00034	100		20.2	70.7	4	16.76 0.561	1 225.27	0.74	0.0016	0.102
Cattherent Cah	20000	Toro	31.9	5.30	5.30	1167.6 10	16.76 0.561	1 205.87	97.0	0.0017	9000
C-tob-con P	orenon	0.01	31.9	5,18	5.18	1167,6	16.76 0.561	1 206.48	0.74	0.0073	0.134
Catchingus	0.0092	4.98	58.0	2.44	2,44	1167.6	16.76 0.561	1 222.50	0.95	0.0088	0.54
										Total (General Connects)	2000
										for military in the contract	0.036

Note:

1) Runoff is calculated in accordance with DSD's "Stormwater Drainage Manual (with Eurocodes incorporated) - Planning, Design and Managemen t" (SDM), fith edition, January 2018.

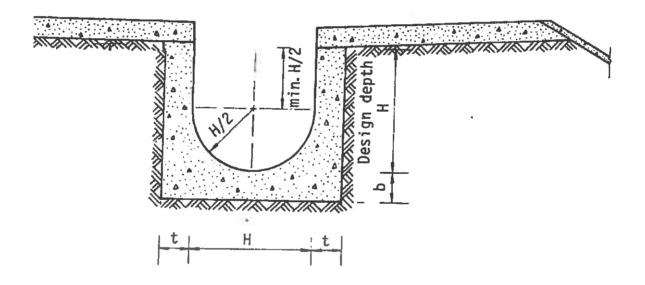
Appendix B INDICATIVE SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS FOR STORAGE TANK

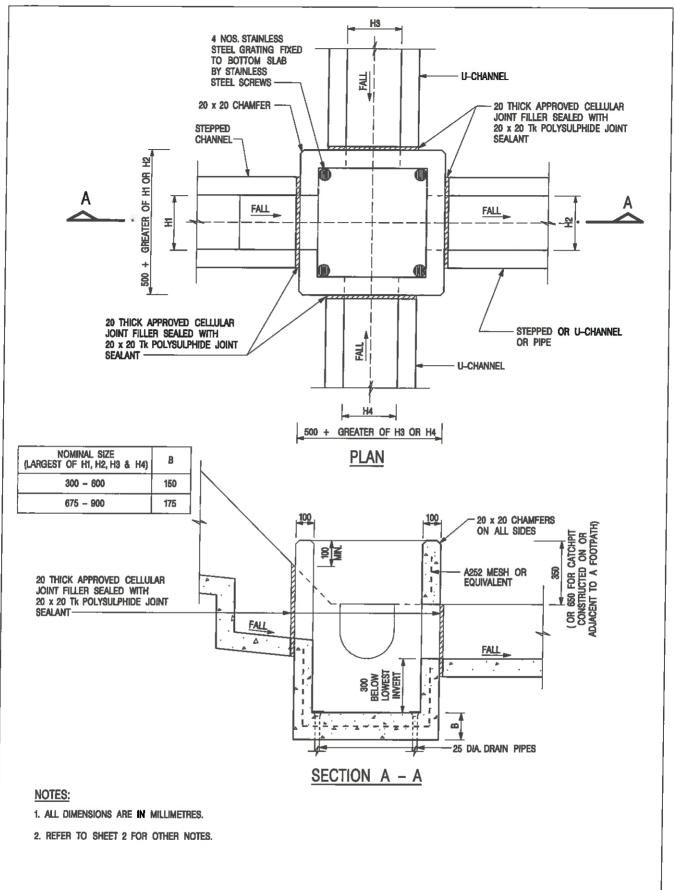
Water Intake and Discharge Mechanism with Storage Tank Underground



Appendix C DRAWINGS OF TYPICAL DETAILS OF U-CHANNEL AND CATCHPIT

Typical Detail of the U-channel cross section





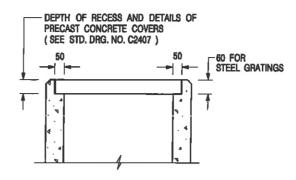
CATCHPIT WITH TRAP (SHEET 1 OF 2)

卓越工程 建設香港

	FORMER DRG. NO. C2406J.	Original Signed	03.2016
REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE
Ć	CIVIL ENGINEERI DEVELOPMENT DE		Т

SCALE 1:20 DRAWING NO. C2406 /1

We Engineer Hong Kong's Development



ALTERNATIVE TOP SECTION FOR PRECAST CONCRETE COVERS / GRATINGS

NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
- 2. ALL CONCRETE SHALL BE GRADE 20 /20.
- 3. CONCRETE SURFACE FINISH SHALL BE CLASS U2 OR F2 AS APPROPRIATE.
- 4. FOR DETAILS OF JOINT, REFER TO STD. DRG. NO. C2413.
- 5. CONCRETE TO BE COLOURED AS SPECIFIED.
- UNLESS REQUESTED BY THE MAINTENANCE PARTY AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER, CATCHPIT WITH TRAP IS NORMALLY NOT PREFERRED DUE TO PONDING PROBLEM.
- UPON THE REQUEST FROM MAINTENANCE PARTY, DRAIN PIPES AT CATCHPIT BASE CAN BE USED BUT THIS IS FOR CATCHPITS LOCATED AT SLOPE TOE ONLY AND AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 8. FOR CATCHPITS CONSTRUCTED ON OR ADJACENT TO A FOOTPATH, STEEL GRATINGS (SEE DETAIL 'A' ON STD. DRG. NO. C2405 /2) OR CONCRETE COVERS (SEE STD. DRG. NO. C2407) SHALL BE PROVIDED AS DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 9. IF INSTRUCTED BY THE ENGINEER, HANDRAILING (SEE DETAIL 'J' ON STD. DRG. NO. C2405 /5; EXCEPT ON THE UPSLOPE SIDE) IN LIEU OF STEEL GRATINGS OR CONCRETE COVERS CAN BE ACCEPTED AS AN ALTERNATIVE SAFETY MEASURE FOR CATCHPITS NOT ON A FOOTPATH NOR ADJACENT TO IT. TOP OF THE HANDRAILING SHALL BE 1 000 mm MIN. MEASURED FROM THE ADJACENT GROUND LEVEL.
- 10. MINIMUM INTERNAL CATCHPIT WIDTH SHALL BE 1 000 mm FOR CATCHPITS WITH A HEIGHT EXCEEDING 1 000 mm MEASURED FROM THE INVERT LEVEL TO THE ADJACENT GROUND LEVEL AND, STEP IRONS (SEE DSD STD. DRG. NO. DS1043) AT 300 c6 STAGGERED SHALL BE PROVIDED, THICKNESS OF CATCHPIT WALL FOR INSTALLATION OF STEP IRONS SHALL BE INCREASED TO 150 mm.
- FOR RETROFITTING AN EXISTING CATCHPIT WITH STEEL GRATING, SEE DETAIL 'G' ON STD. DRG. NO. C2405 /4.
- SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER, OTHER MATERIALS CAN ALSO BE USED AS COVERS / GRATINGS.

REF.	REVISION	SIGNATURE	DATE
-	FORMER DRG. NO. C2406J.	Original Signed	03.2015
Α	MINOR AMENDMENT.	Original Signed	04.2016

CATCHPIT WITH TRAP (SHEET 2 OF 2)



CIVIL ENGINEERING AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

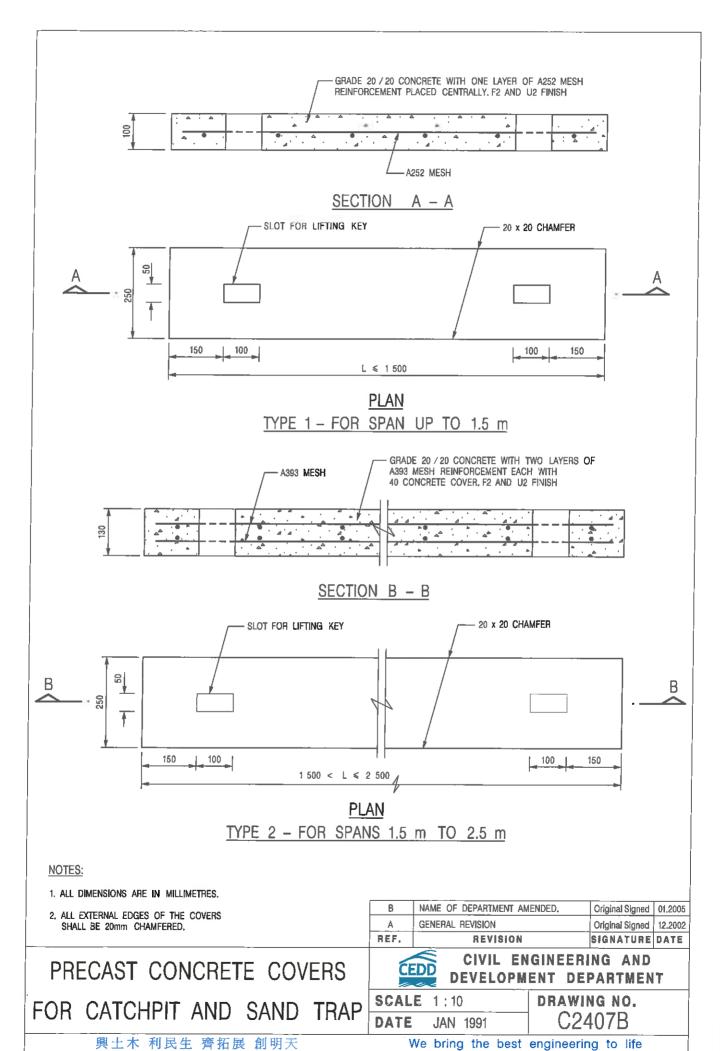
SCALE 1:20

DATE JAN 1991

DRAWING NO. C2406 /2A

卓越工程 建設香港

We Engineer Hong Kong's Development



Appendix D	CAI CUI ATION	OF	DRAINAGE CAPACITY
Appendix	CALCULATION	UL	DRAINAGE CAPACITY

Calculation of Drainage Capacity for Return Period of 50 Years Drainage Capacity of Proceed Steam

	ŀ
Course	İ
Stream	
preside	
NY OF P	
Capac	
Mag	

Remark	ă ă ă ă ă ă ă ă ă ă ă ă ă ă ă ă ă ă ă	¥
% of capacity	73. 73. 73. 73. 73. 73. 73. 73. 73. 73.	85/
Flow go	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	-
Runoff,		200
Rose, Hose,	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Mean Valocity,		
Ehematic Viscosity m³/4	Percool	
= '5'	186 186 187 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188	
Roughness Coefficient	G 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
Manning Roughness Coefficient	0.018 0.018 0.018 0.018 0.018 0.018 0.018 0.018 0.018 0.018 0.018 0.018 0.018 0.018 0.018 0.018 0.018 0.018 0.018	
Hyderellus Fadhes, m	925 927 927 927 927 927 927 927 927 927 927	
Wested		
Cross Section Area, m2	20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
Slope (s)	00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 0000	
Downstrea In Iment Level (in PO)	5.78 5.50 5.22 5.22 5.24 5.03 5.03 5.03 5.03 5.03 5.03 5.03 5.03	
Upstream Imers Level (mPD)	5.29 5.29 5.20 5.21 5.21 5.21 5.22 5.24 5.30 5.30 5.30 5.30 5.30 5.30 5.30 5.30	
Dimeter	0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45 0.45	
Length	864 867 827 827 827 828 824 827 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835 835	
U-Shape Channel / Pipe	U-Shape Channel U-Shape Channe	
Description	CO.	
To the state of th	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	
From To	991 033 043 044 048 048 048 048 048 048 048 048 048	

Laneand
d = plan elemeter, m
T = plan elemeter, m
T = plan readem (m) = 0,5d
A= w vectrad mena (m) = 0,5p
Pw = wectrad parimeter (m) = 2m
R = Mydraullo readus (m) = 4yp

e Elope of the total energy line.
 f. a equivalent e and oughness, mm
 V edochy of flow cultural beneat on Colebrook White Equation, mh
 o, a Flow Capacity (10% evaluation incorporated), m's
 o, a Flow Capacity (10% evaluation incorporated), m's
 o, a Eutimated total peak alow from the Site during peak season, m's

Remarks

[1] The proposed U-channel is a surrored to be concreted interded from the based on a contervalive approach; therefore the manning coefficient of OOISSI/m^{1/1} is surrored as per the SDM.

DO2 – DRAINAGE IMPACT ASSESSMENT REPORT
Proposed Temporary Cold Storage for Poultry and Distribution Centre and Land Filling for Site Formation
Works in "Agriculture" Zone for a Period of 3 Years at Various Lots in D.D. 89 and adjoining Government
Land, Man Kam To Road, Sandy Ridge, NT
Prepared for Hong Kong Chilled Meat & Poultry Association

SMEC internal Ref. 7076840 19 July 2022

Tank Sizing for Stormwater Storage Tank

Catchment ID	Catchment Area (A), km²	Runoff intensity (i), mm/hr ^[2]	Runoff coefficient (C)	CxA	Peak runoff (Q _p),	Peak runoff (Q _p), Duration of Storm, Runoff Volume,	Runoff Volume,
					III /3	5	s/_w
or perole ripposed Deveropment	0.0205	54.90	0,26	0.0053	vau u	2000	
C2 After Departed Designation				2000	0.000	4.000	1158.227
elopment	0.0205	54.90	0.74	0.0152	0.333	, ,	
					0.232	4.000	3334.9/3
						Incremental Runoff	2176.75

1) Runoff is calculated in accordance with DSD's "Stomwater Drainage Manual (with Eurocodes Incorporated) - Planning, Design and Managemen t" (SDM), fifth edition, January 2018.
2) Extreme intensity under 50 years return period is based on Table 2a of SDM

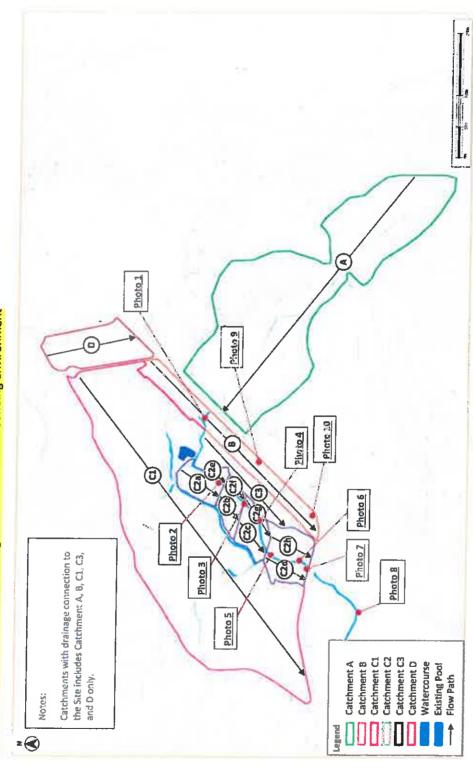
SMEC Internal Ref. 7076840 19 July 2022

Appendix E	CALCULATION OF HYDRAULIC CHECKING

7076864 Drainage Impact Assessment for S16 Planning Application for Proposed Temporary Cold Storage for Poultry and Diskribution Centre for a Period of 3 Years and Filling of Land for Site Formation Works at Various Lots in D.D. 89 and Adjoining Government Land, Man Kam To Road, Sha Ling, New Territories

Hydraulic Checking of the watercourse

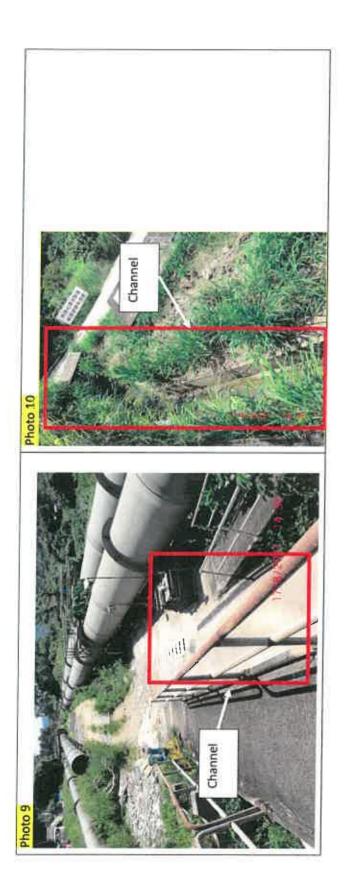
Figure 1.1 Identification of Surrounding Catchment and surrounding environment







'n



Calculation of Runoff for Return Period of 50 Years

Catchment ID	Catturnent Area (A),	Average slope (H),	How path length	Inlet time (ta), min	Duration (L.), min	200	Storm Constants	2	Runoff Intensity (I)	D		
	-	my town	E (2)			15	۵	u	mm/hr	runon coemaent (C)	∀ ×∪	Peak runoff (Qp), m3/s
Before the Proposed Development	ment											
Catchment A	0.0635	16.29	526.2	14.42	20.26	1167.6	16.76	0.561	153.06			
Catchment B	0.0113	1.28	164.20	98.89	10.71	1167.6	1 2 2	2	20.505	60.0	0.0401	1.7.1
Catchment C1	0.0844	3 94	365 90	10.00				1000	162.00	650	0.0108	0.545
Catchment C2	0.0161	200	263.50	12.34	17.00	1167.6	16.76	0.561	162.12	0.41	0.0347	1,563
Catroment Ca	0.0030	69.0	237.30	14.05	16.69	1167.6	16.76	0.561	162.98	0.26	0.0041	0.187
The state of the s	Octoon											3700
Catchment C2b	0.0023											(0)
Catchment C2c	0.0024					Ī	T					(302)
Catchment C2d	PE00'0					Ī	Ī					6927
Catchment C2e	0.0008					Ť	İ	I				0.028
Catchment C2f	0.0006					1	Ī					635.0
Cotchment C2g	0.0012					Ì						0:007
Catchment C2h	DE00.0					1	1	1				0.015
Catchment Ca	20000	-	1									0,040
-decharact D	20000	1,11	65.72	4.99	5.94	1167.6	16.76	0.561	202.56	0.32	0.0021	0110
Carriment	0.0092	4.98	84.30	3.55	4.49	1167.6	16.76	0.561	210,22	0.95	0.0088	0.511
After the Bronness Development	444						Ì				Total (General Scenario)	4.642
	I		ļ									
Catchment A	0.0635	16.29	526.2	14.42	20.26	1167.6	16.76	0.561	153.95	0.63	0.0504	
Catchment 8	0.0113	1.28	164.20	8.89	10.71	1167.6	16.76	0.561	10.00	200	TOWN	1.77
Catchment C1	0,0844	3,94	365.80	12.94	17.00	41676	25.25	200	20,000	CA'n	0.0108	0.545
Catchment C2a	0.0030	0.20	82.0	7.43	200	0.101.	2 1	700	162.12	0.41	0.0347	1.563
Catchment C2b	0.0023	0.20	56.0	5.16	1.30	97977	10.70	0.561	193.39	0.77	0.0023	0.125
Catchment C2c	0.0024	0.20	009	2.64	3.47	97/977		0.561	204.97	0.77	0.0018	0.101
Catchment Cod	Nome o	92.0		1015	2.04	2	9,9	0.561	203.05	0.77	0.0018	0.102
Catchment C2a	00000	0.20	79.7	6.98	7.40	1167.6	16.76	0.561	192.61	0.77	0.0018	0.100
Cutchment Co	90000	0.20	58.0	5.96	6.28	1167.6	16.76	0.561	200.89	0.77	0.0006	0.033
atchinicity Co.	0,000	0.20	45.3	4.80	5.05	1167.6	16.76	0.561	207.14	0.77	0.0004	0.035
Caronment C28	0.0012	0.20	89.0	8.71	9.20	1167.6	16.76	0,561	187.86	0.77	0.0010	630.0
Catchment C2h	0.0034	0.20	68.3	6.04	6.42	1167.6	16.76	0.561	200.21	0.77	0.0036	Oct.o
Catchment C3	0.0066	1.17	85.72	4.99	5.94	97911	16.76	0.561	202.56	0.33	15000	0.147
Catchment D	0.0092	4.98	84.30	3.55	4.49	1167 6	16.76	0.561	240 32	300	17000	611.0
							201	7073	77.017	0.95	0.0088	0.511

Note:

1) Runoff is calculated in accordance with DSD's "Stormwater Drainage Manual (with Eurocodes incorporated) - Planning, Design and Management" (SDM), fifth edition, January 2018 and DSD publication Stormwater Drainage Manual CORRIGENDUM No. 1/2022.

2) Time of concentraction the toeft; where if time of flow in urban drainage esystem = length of drain/, velocity. Velocity assumed 1.5m/s for natural flow and 3m/s assumed for flow in urban area.

3) The gradient of Catchement C2 after development is assumed to be 1:500.

Hong Kong ted by the decimil point		n Prog(LS)	EAT IMPORTER LIMITED	COLD STORAGE FOR IN CENTRE IN D.D.89 SHUI	Scale 1:200 (A2)	Professional Land Survey Ltd. 測量節行有限公司 Sun Avenue, Sheung Shui, M.", Hong Kong it 26395466 Fox: 28734966
Notes 1. Hang Kong Goodetic Datum 1980 2. All breise refer to Phincipal Datum Hang Kong 3. All units are in Metres 4. All spot lavel positions are indicated by the decimal point or a cross.	Sheet Index	Helem Clon ALS, MHGS, MRCS, RPS(LS) Date: Karch 23, 2022	HONG KONG CHILLED MEAT IMPORTER LIMITED Drowing Tibe	PROPOSED TEMPORARY COLD STORAGE FOR POULTRY & DISTRIBUTION CENTRE IN D.D.89 MAN KAM TO, SHEUNG SHUI	Drawing No. HPL2503/S/01	Helen Chan Professiona! Land Survey [陳海琪測量節行有限公司2/F, No.36 Lung Sun Avenue, Sheung Shui, Ki., Hong Kong Tei: 26395466 Fax: 28734966
			E P	Description 4	The first of the f	The last of the la
				Section 3 Section 3 Section 3	Sector 7	TO SECOND
				Section 2 Section 2 Section 2	Section 6	Street See See See See See See See See See
				Section 100 (552 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150	The four for	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)
				Section 10	Suction 5	A Company of the Comp

Appendix F DRAWINGS OF BOX CULVERT UNDERNEATH LO WU STATION ROAD

