TREE SURVEY REPORT

Project title:	Pole & Stay Erection At Tong Fuk Village, Lantau
Map no.	
Project ref.	
Plan ref.	
Inspection Date:	18 June 2024

Contents

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(Certificate No. HK0797A)

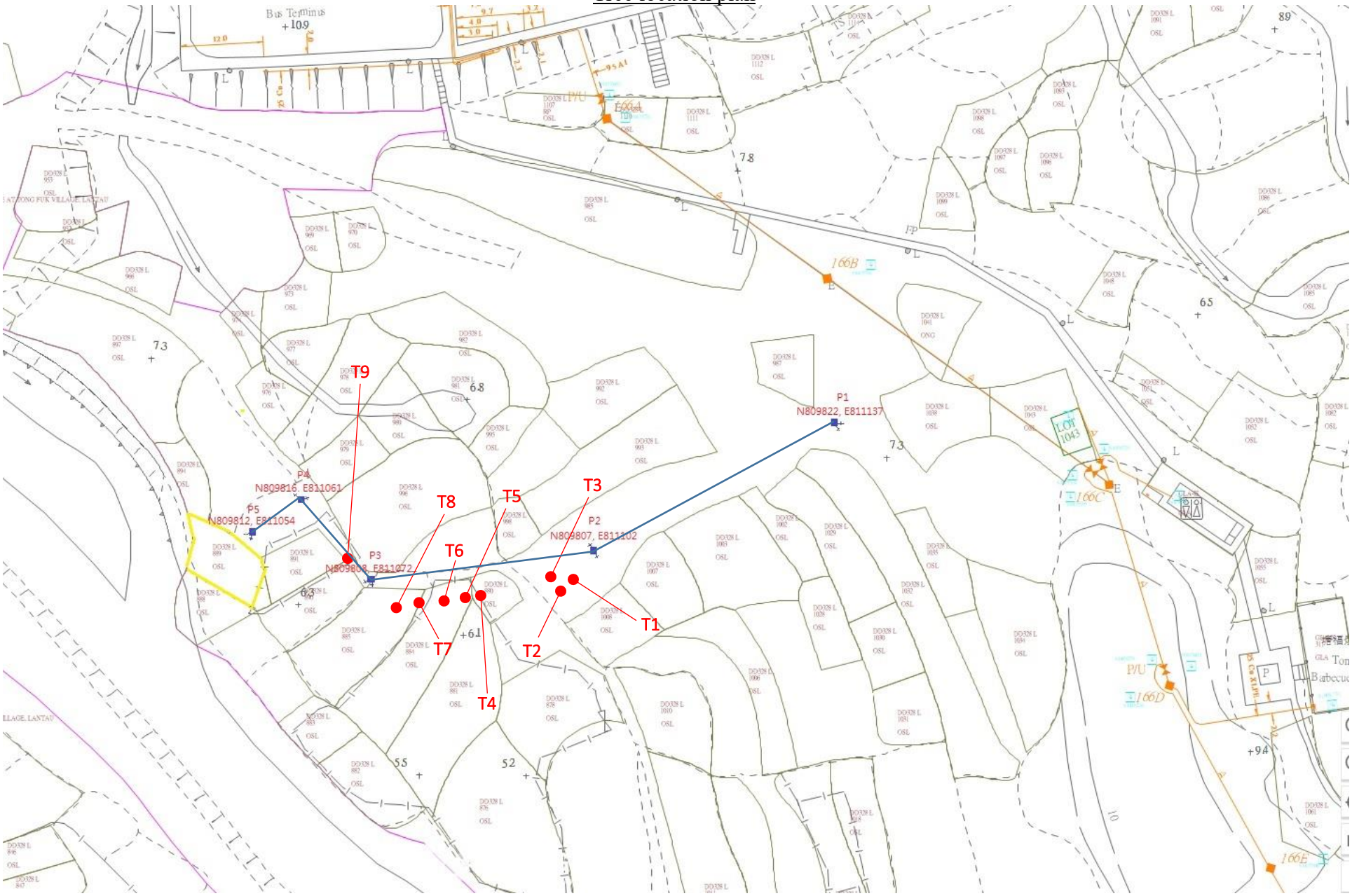
Date: 20 June 2024

Tree Survey Summary and Recommendation

Tree Species	Chinese Names	Tree Condition	Nos. of Trees
Microcos nervosa	破布葉（布渣葉）		6
Celtis sinensis	朴樹		1
Ficus hispida	對葉榕（牛乳樹）		1
Peltophorum pterocarpum	盾柱木（雙翼豆）		1
		Total	9

1. A total of 9 existing trees are surveyed near the proposed pole and aerial cable area.
2. All surveyed trees are common species.
3. There is no tree with cultural, historic or conservation value on the site.
4. No Old and Valuable Trees (OVT) is found on the survey area.
5. No rare species (as defined by AFCD's Rare and Precious Plants in Hong Kong) was find on the survey area.
6. No Champion Trees is found on the survey area.

Tree location plan



Tree Assessment Schedule

Project title: Pole & Stay Erection at Tong Fuk Village, Lantau
Inspection date: 18 June 2024
Tree Surveyor : Chin Chi Wai / Registered Arborists (No: TM123411)
Surveyed by: Tarzan Landscape Contractors Ltd.

Tree No.[2]	Species[3]		Measurements			Amenity value[5]	Form	Health Condition	Structural condition	Suitability for transplanting[6]		Conservation status[8]	Recommendation	Maintenance department to provide comments on TPRP[9]		Additional Remarks[10]
	Scientific name	Chinese name	Height (m)	DBH[4] (mm)	Crown Spread (m)	(high(H)/ medium(M) /low(L))	(good G)/average (A)/ poor (P))			(high(H)/ medium(M)/ low(L))	Remarks[6]		(Retain/ Transplant/ Fell)	Before	After	
T1	*Microcos nervosa*	破布葉（布渣葉）	5	180	5	M	P	A	A	L	_	_	Retain			Cross branch / multi-stems
T2	*Microcos nervosa*	破布葉（布渣葉）	4	110	3	M	A	A	A	L	_	_	Retain			-
T3	*Microcos nervosa*	破布葉 (布渣葉)	4	95	3	M	P	A	A	L	_	_	Retain			Leaning / multi-stems
T4	*Microcos nervosa*	破布葉（布渣葉）	4	235	4	M	P	P	P	L	_	_	Retain			Bark crack / crack / dead branch / leaning
T5	*Microcos nervosa*	破布葉（布渣葉）	5	95	3	M	A	A	A	L	_	_	Retain			-
T6	*Celtis sinensis*	朴樹	8	166	4	M	A	A	A	L	_	_	Retain			Cross branch
T7	*Microcos nervosa*	破布葉（布渣葉）	5	134	3	M	P	A	A	L	_	_	Retain			Codominant stems
T8	*Ficus hispida*	對葉榕（牛乳樹）	3	120	3	M	P	P	P	L	_	_	Retain			Bark crack / broken branch / dead branch
T9	*Peltophorum pterocarpum*	盾柱木（雙翼豆）	4	307	3	M	P	P	P	L	_	_	Retain			Bark crack / cross branch / dead branch / epicormics
END																

1 For large-scale infrastructure works projects, such as site formation works and advance infrastructure works for new town development, tree group survey can be adopted subject to the justification(s) provided.

2 Tree(s) in the Register of Old and Valuable Trees should be highlighted with their registration numbers.

3 Guidance on proper use of scientific name of plants is given in the Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department's Nature Conservation Practice Note No. 3, which can be viewed at AFCD's web page http://www.afcd.gov.hk/english/conservation/con_tech/files/common/NCPC_No.03_The_use_of_plant_names_rev_2008_2.pdf).

4 DBH of a tree refers to its diameter at breast height (i.e. measured at 1.3 m above ground level). Guidance on DBH measurement is given in the Agriculture, Fisheries and Conservation Department's Nature Conservation Practice Note No. 2, which can be viewed at AFCD's web page http://www.afcd.gov.hk/english/conservation/con_tech/files/common/NCPN_No.02_measurement_of_DBH_ver.2006.pdf) .

5 Amenity value of a tree should be assessed by its functional values for shade, seasonal interest, screening, reduction of pollution and noise and also its fung shui significance, and classified into the following categories.
High (H): important trees which should be retained by adjusting the design layout accordingly.
Medium (M): trees that are desirable to be retained in order to create a pleasant environment, which includes healthy specimens of lesser importance than "High" trees.
Low(L): trees that are dead, dying or potentially hazardous and should be removed.

6 Assessment shall take into account conditions of an individual tree at the time of survey (including health, structure, age and root conditions), site conditions (including topography and accessibility), and intrinsic characters of tree species (survival rate after transplanting).

7 Major determining factors for the rating on suitability for transplanting should be included if necessary.

8 State the rarity and protection status of the species.

9 Refer to paragraphs 35 and 36 of the Circular.

10 Any additional information deemed necessary for consideration of the proposed management recommendation.

Tree Survey Photographic Record

T1

T1-1

T1-2

T1-3

T2

T2-1

T2-2

T2-3

T3

T3-1

T3-2

T3-3

T4

T4-1

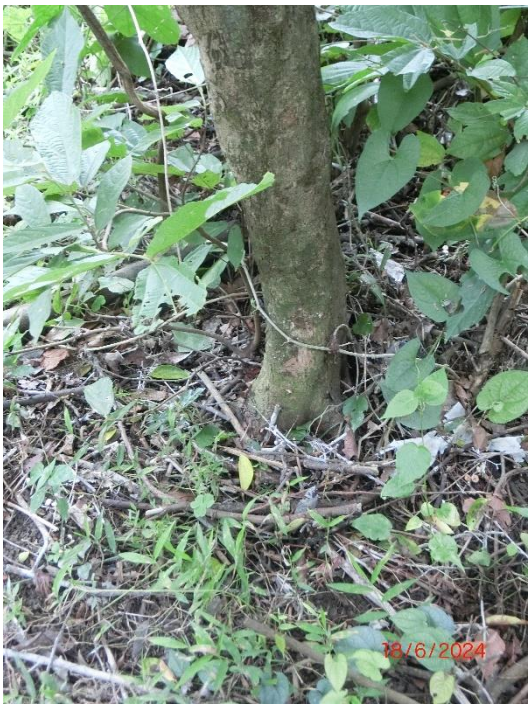
T4-2

T4-3

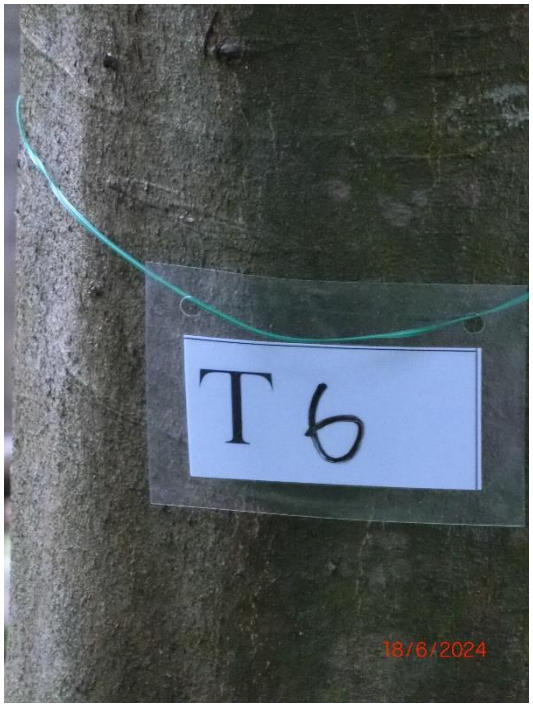
T5

T5-1

T5-2



T5-3



T6

T6-1

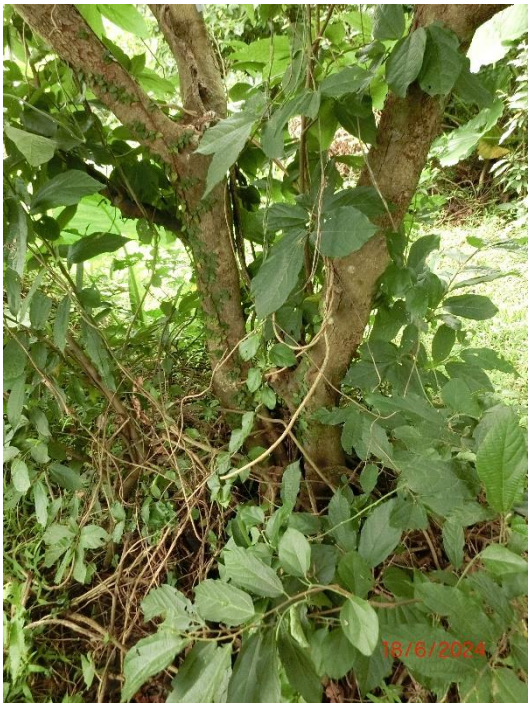
T6-2

T6-3

T7

T7-1

T7-2



T7-3

T8

T8-1

T8-2

T8-3

T9

T9-1

T9-2

T9-3