Proposed Rezoning of the Site from "OU(B)" to "OU(Residential Care Home for the Elderly and Hotel)" for a Proposed Composite Development with Residential Care Homes for the Elderly and Hotel at Nos. 107 – 109 Wai Yip Street, Kwun Tong S12A Amendment of Plan Application

**Appendix** 5

**Environmental Assessment** 

Prepared for

**Diamond Ocean Investments Limited** 

Prepared by

**Ramboll Hong Kong Limited** 

PROPOSED HOTEL DEVELOPMENT AND SOCIAL WELFARE FACILITIES AT 107 – 109 WAI YIP STREET, KWUN TONG, KOWLOON

**ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT** (AIR QUALITY & NOISE)



Date 03 July 2024

Prepared by Nelly Tang

**Environmental Consultant** 

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Signed

Approved by Katie Yu

**Senior Manager** 

Signed

Project Reference KTAWY107EI00

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Project Background

- 1.1.1 The Application Site at 107-109 Wai Yip Street, Kwun Tong, is zoned as "Other Specified Uses (Business)" (OU(B)) under the Kwun Tong (South) Outline Zoning Plan (OZP) No. S/K14S/26, with site area of about 1,171 m². This planning application is to seek permission from the Town Planning Ordinance (the Board) in support of the proposed development, which will be developed into a residential care home for the elderly (RCHE) and hotel (hereafter referred to as the "Proposed Development").
- 1.1.2 Ramboll Hong Kong Limited has been commissioned by the Applicant to conduct this Environmental Assessment (EA) for the subject planning application.
- 1.1.3 The EA will assess the air quality and noise impacts associated with the Proposed Development.
- 1.1.4 As the scale of the Proposed Development is small, construction phase environmental impact is expected to be readily controlled by implementing the good practices stipulated in the "Recommended Pollution Control Clauses for Construction Contracts" issued by the EPD. Hence, construction phase impact will not be assessed in this EA.

## 1.2 Application Site and its Environs

- 1.2.1 The Application Site is bounded by Tai Yip Street to the north and Wai Yip Street to the south. It is surrounded by industrial buildings to the north, west and east.
- 1.2.2 **Figure 1.1** shows the location of the Application Site and its environs. The Application Site is currently vacant and was occupied by an office building, Hsin Chong Centre, previously.

# 1.3 Proposed Development

1.3.1 The Proposed Development comprises a 33-storey (including one basement level) RCHE and hotel with a total GFA of about 16,856 m<sup>2</sup>. The maximum building height is at 115 mPD. The indicative layout plan of the Proposed Development is shown in **Appendix 1.1**.



# 2. AIR QUALITY

### 2.1 Introduction

2.1.1 The aim of this study is to assess the potential air quality impact arising from traffic emissions along the road carriageways surrounding the Application Site and the chimney emission from industrial stack in the vicinity of the Application Site, if identified, during the operation of the Proposed Development.

### 2.2 Assessment Criteria

2.2.1 Table 3.1 of the Chapter 9 (Environment) of the Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines (HKPSG) shows the minimum horizontal buffer distance between kerb side of roads and sensitive uses for various types of roads, and also shows the recommended buffer distance between industrial sites with chimneys and sensitive uses. The mentioned recommendations are extracted and shown in **Table 2.1** below.

Table 2.1 Guidelines on Usage of Open Space Site

Pollution Source	Parameter	Buffer Distance	Permitted Uses							
	Type of Road									
	Trunk Road	>20m	Active and passive recreational uses							
	and Primary	3 – 20m	Passive recreational uses							
	Distributor	<3m	Amenity areas							
Road and Highways	District	>10m	Active and passive recreational uses							
Ingliways	Distributor	<10m	Passive recreational uses							
	Local	>5m	Active and passive recreational uses							
	Distributor	<5m	Passive recreational uses							
	Under Flyovers		Passive recreational uses							
	Difference in Height between Industrial Chimney Exit and the Site									
	<20m	>200m	Active and passive recreational uses							
	<20111	5 – 200m	Passive recreational uses							
Industrial	20 20 (*)	>100m	Active and passive recreational uses							
Areas	20 – 30m (*)	5 – 100m	Passive recreational uses							
	30 – 40m	>50m	Active and passive recreational uses							
	30 - 40111	5 – 50m	Passive recreational uses							
	>40m	>10m	Active and passive recreational uses							
Construction and earth	-	<50m	Passive recreational uses							
moving Activities		>50m	Active and passive recreational uses							

### Remarks:

- (a) In situations where the height of chimneys is not known, use the set of guidelines marked with an asterisk for preliminary purpose and refine as and when more information is available.
- (b) The buffer distance is the horizontal, shortest distance from the boundary of the industrial lot, the position of existing chimneys or the edge of road kerb, to the boundary of open space sites.
- (c) The guidelines are generally applicable to major industrial areas but NOT individual large industrial establishments which are likely to be significant air pollution sources. Consult EPD when planning open space sites close to such establishments.
- (d) Amenity areas are permitted in any situation.



### 2.3 Vehicular Emission Impact

- 2.3.1 With reference to Annual Traffic Census 2022 published by Transport Department, Wai Yip Street, located to the south of the Application Site, is classified as a Primary Distributor. According to **Table 2.1**, a buffer separation of at least 20m is recommended between the kerb side of a Primary Distributor and the air sensitive uses.
- 2.3.2 **Figure 2.1** shows the buffer distance from Wai Yip Street to the Application Site. Most part of the building will be located within the 20m buffer zone, except the façade facing the back lane. The Proposed Development will adopt centralised air-conditioning system with fresh air supply, which can ensure adequate ventilation in the building without relying on openable windows. It has been confirmed that there will be no air sensitive use/ fresh air intake/ openable window¹ within the buffer zone. The fresh air intake point will be positioned outside the buffer zone, at about 24m from the kerb side of Wai Yip Street. As such, the fresh air intake point location complies with the HKPSG requirement and no adverse vehicular emission impact is anticipated.

### 2.4 Industrial Emission Impact

- 2.4.1 A site visit was carried out in March 2024 and two chimneys have been identified within 200m of the Application Site, which are located at Wing Tai Factory Building and United Overseas Plaza, respectively. The chimney at Wing Tai Factory Building belongs to a laundry shop. As advised by the owner of the laundry shop, the chimney at Wing Tai Factory Building is abandoned and no longer in use.
- 2.4.2 The chimney at United Overseas Plaza is reported to be still active according to the management office of United Overseas Plaza. As shown in **Figure 2.1**, the location of the fresh air intake point is located beyond 200m from the chimney, satisfying HKPSG's recommended buffer distance for industrial uses of 200m as presented in **Table 2.1**. With the provision of adequate buffer distance for chimneys, adverse air quality impacts from chimney emissions are not anticipated at the Proposed Development.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Windows are not opened under normal circumstances, except for maintenance purpose.



# 3. NOISE

### 3.1 Potential Noise Source

- 3.1.1 The Proposed Development is surrounded by clusters of industrial and commercial buildings. The traffic road network in the vicinity of the Proposed Development and the ventilation equipment at the nearby industrial and commercial buildings have been identified as the major noise source. However, as the Proposed Development will have a centralised air-conditioning system and do not rely on openable windows for ventilation, adverse traffic noise and fixed noise impact on the Proposed Development are not anticipated.
- 3.1.2 On the other hand, as the Proposed Development will have a centralised air-conditioning system, potential fixed plant noise source i.e. cooling towers/ chillers, will be installed at the Proposed Development. The location of the cooling towers/chillers is not confirmed yet, which can be located at the podium, inside the plant room or at the rooftop. As the Proposed Development is surrounded by industrial and commercial buildings, locating the cooling towers/ chillers at the rooftop with sightline to noise sensitive receivers is assumed for conservative assessment.

# 3.2 Nearby Noise Sensitive Receivers

3.2.1 There are mainly industrial and commercial development in the vicinity of the Application Site. The nearest noise sensitive receiver (NSR) which will have a line of sight to the cooling towers/ chillers of the Proposed Development is the Foo Yue Building at Ting Fu Street, which is located about 140m to the north of the Proposed Development as shown in **Figure 3.1**. This NSR is chosen for fixed noise impact assessment.

### 3.3 Fixed Noise Impact Assessment

- 3.3.1 The IND-TM sets out the appropriate Acceptable Noise Level (ANL) for fixed noise source which are dependent on the Area Sensitivity Ratings (ASRs) of the NSRs. According to Table 4.1 of HKPSG Chapter 9, the planned fixed noise source shall comply with 5dB(A) below the ANL shown in **Table 3.1** or the prevailing background noise level, whichever lower.
- 3.3.2 Considering that the nearest NSR is close to Kwun Tong Road and Kai Fuk Road with busy traffics as well as MTR Kwun Tong Line, the prevailing background noise levels is very likely to be higher than ANL-5. Therefore, ANL-5 is adopted as the noise criteria for the assessment.

Table 3.1 Acceptable Noise Levels (ANLs)

Time Period		ANL on Different Area Sensitivity Rating (Leq, 30min, dB(A))							
	ASR A	ASR B	ASR C						
Day (0700 to 1900 hours)	60	65	70						
Evening (1900 to 2300 hours)	60	05	70						
Night (2300 to 0700 hours)	50	55	60						

3.3.3 According to the Annual Traffic Census 2022, Kwun Tong Road and Kai Fuk Road with annual average daily traffic flow (AADT) lower than 30,000 are not considered as an influencing factor. Foo Yue Building is located in urban area and is not affected by the influencing factor, an ASR of "B" has been assumed and adopted for this NSR in the assessment.



3.3.4 Based on standard acoustic principle for attenuation (20 × log(distance) + 8) and façade correction (+3 dB(A)), the maximum allowable sound power levels of the ventilation equipment of the Proposed Development are back calculated as 102 dB(A) for daytime and evening time (0700 – 2300 hours) and 92 dB(A) for night time (2300 – 0700 hours), assuming no screening correction applied. Calculations of maximum allowable sound power levels is provided in **Appendix 3.1**. Depending on the detailed design of the Proposed Development, should screening structure be incorporated into the design, the maximum allowable sound power levels could be adjusted. Provided that the future design on ventilation equipment of the centralised air-conditioning system is designed in compliance with the requirement of the IND-TM and the HKPSG, no adverse fixed noise impact is anticipated at Foo Yue Building.

### 3.4 Discussion

- 3.4.1 The Proposed Development will be equipped with central air-conditioning system and will not rely on openable windows for ventilation under normal circumstances. Therefore, traffic noise and industrial noise from the surroundings would not cause adverse noise impact on the Proposed Development.
- 3.4.2 The cooling towers/ chillers of the Proposed Development may cause potential fixed noise impact to the surrounding NSRs. The equipment will be designed to meet the relevant noise criteria stipulated in the HKPSG and the IND-TM and incorporate atsource noise mitigation measures as necessary. As such, potential fixed noise impact due to the proposed development is not anticipated.



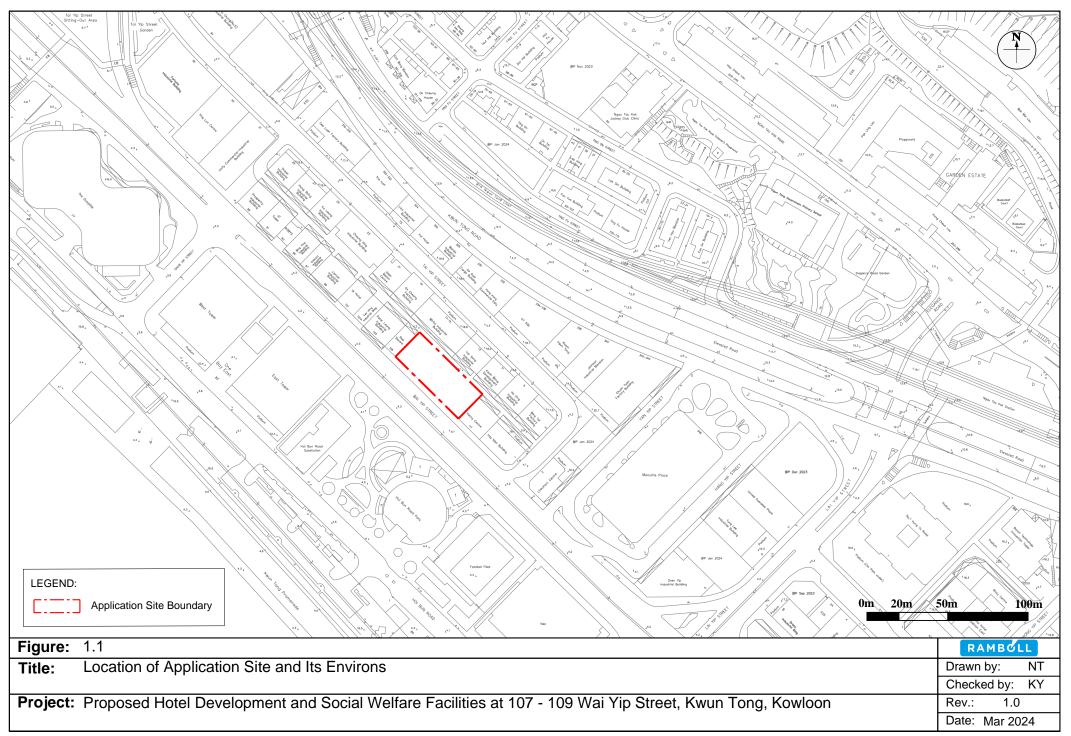
# 4. OVERALL CONCLUSION

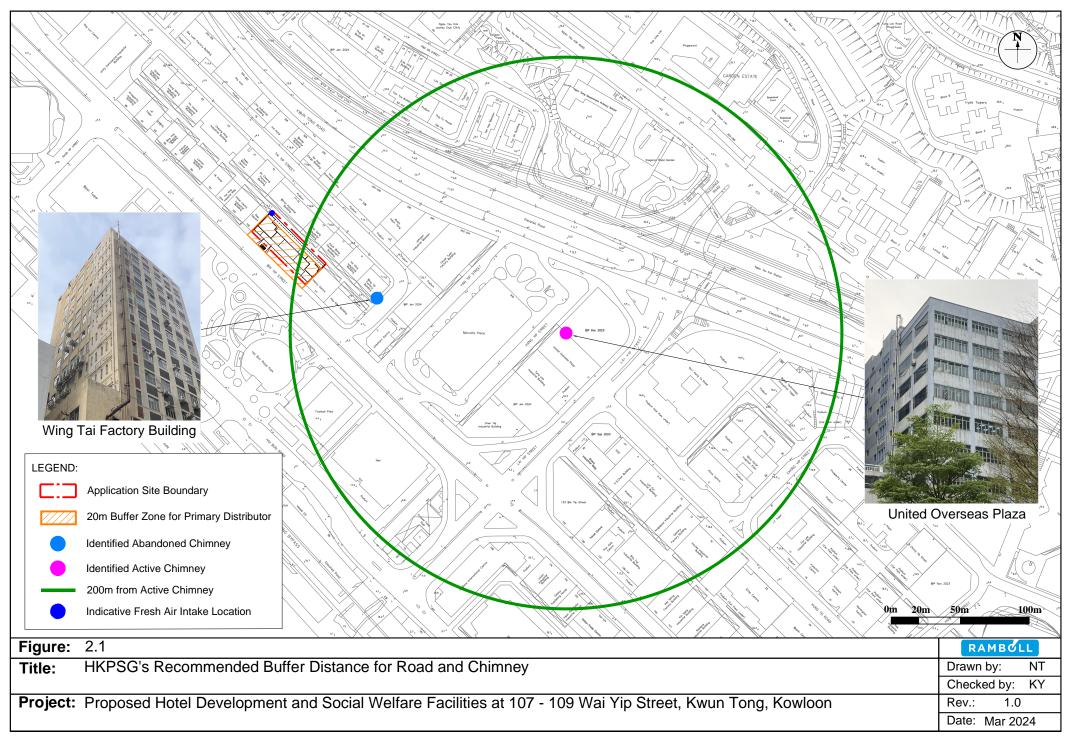
- 4.1.1 The Application Site is bounded by Wai Yip Street and an active chimney is identified within 200m of the Site. The fresh air intake point for the central air-conditioning system is carefully positioned beyond 200m from the chimney and beyond 20m from Wai Yip Street. Adequate buffer distance from both the road and the chimney is provided in accordance with the requirements outlined in the HKPSG. Therefore, no adverse vehicular and chimney emission impacts are anticipated.
- 4.1.2 The Proposed Development will be equipped with central air-conditioning system and will not rely on openable windows for ventilation under normal circumstances. Therefore, traffic noise and industrial noise from the surroundings would not cause adverse noise impact on the Proposed Development. The cooling towers/ chillers on the rooftop of the Proposed Development will be appropriately designed to meet the relevant noise criteria stipulated in the HKPSG and the Noise Control Ordinance.
- 4.1.3 In conclusion, this EA confirms the overall acceptability from the air quality and noise perspectives.

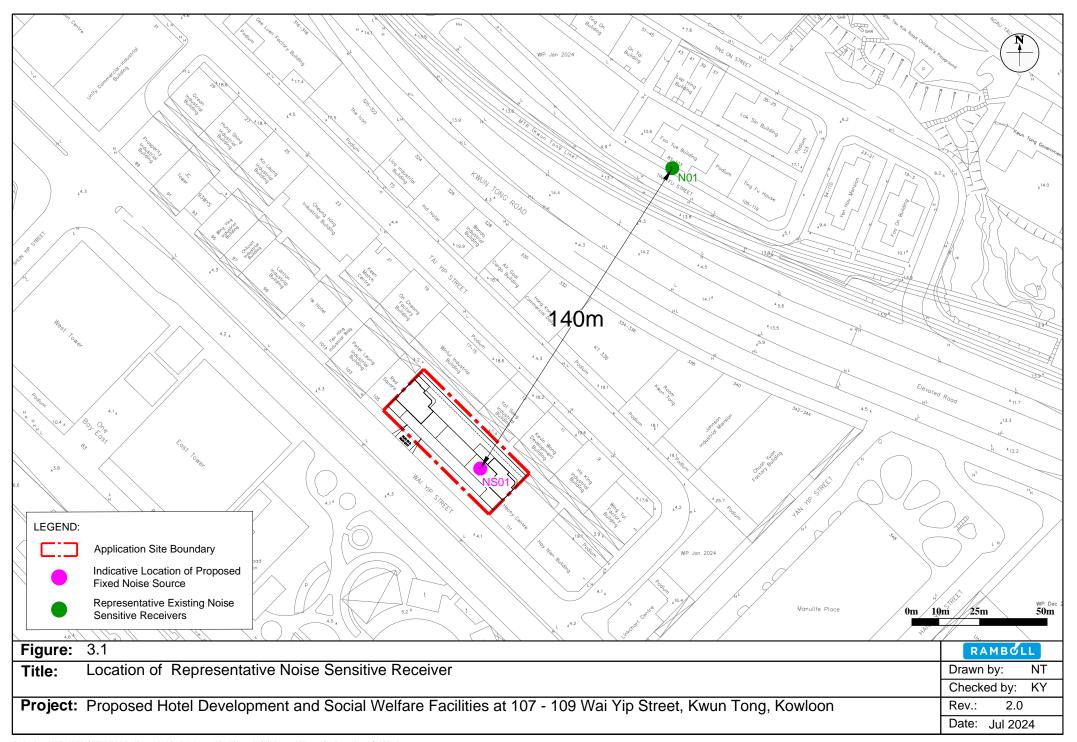


# **Figures**









# **Appendix**



Environmental Assessment Report

Proposed Hotel Development and Social Welfare

# Calculation of Maximum Allowable SWLs for Planned Fixed Noise Sources (Day & Evening Time Period)

	NSR						Fixed	Fixed Plant Noise Source										
ID Doorlotte		Location		Location				Location		Max. allowable	No. of	Distance	Correction, dB(A)				SPL at NSR,	
ID	Description	х	Υ	Elevation (mPD)	ID	Description	х	Y	Elevation (mPD)	SWL LAeq, dB(A)		to NSR, m	Distance	Screening	Tonality		dB(A)	Criterion, dB(A). ANL - 5 db(A)
N01	Foo Yue Building	840357	819722	70	NS01	Chillers/ Cooling Towers	840293	819605	116	102	1	140	-51	0	6	3	60	60

# Notes

[1] Day and evening time is defined as 0700 to 2300 hours.

Assume no screening correction

[2] [3] Noise levels are rounded to the nearest dB(A).

# Calculation of Maximum Allowable SWLs for Planned Fixed Noise Sources (Night Time Period)

NSR							Fixed Plant Noise Source											
		Location		Location		2	Location		Max. allowable	No. of	Distance	Correction, dB(A)			SPL at NSR,	Night Time Noise Criterion, dB(A).		
ID	Description	Х	Y	Elevation (mPD) [5]	טו [	Description	Х	Υ	Elevation (mPD)	SWL LAeq, dB(A)	Plants	ts to NSR, m	Distance	Screening	Tonality	Facade	dB(A)	ANL - 5 dB(A)
N01	Foo Yue Building	840357	819722	70	NS01	Chillers/ Cooling Towers	840293	819605	116	92	1	140	-51	0	6	3	50	50

# Notes

Night time is defined as 2300 to 0700 hours. [1]

[2] Assume no screening correction

[3] Noise levels are rounded to the nearest dB(A). Proposed Rezoning of the Site from "O U(B)" to "O U(B)1" for a Proposed Composite Development with Residential Care Homes for the Elderly and Hotel at Nos. 107 – 109 Wai Yip Street, Kwun Tong S12A Amendment of Plan Application

**Appendix** 6

Sewerage Impact Assessment

Prepared by

**Ramboll Hong Kong Limited** 

PROPOSED HOTEL DEVELOPMENT AND SOCIAL WELFARE FACILITIES AT 107-109 WAI YIP STREET, KWUN TONG, KOWLOON

**SEWERAGE IMPACT ASSESSMENT** 



Date 14 November 2024

Prepared by Crystal Lui

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Signed

Approved by Katie Yu

**Senior Manager** 

Signed

Project Reference KTAWY107SI00

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Figure 2.2

Appendix 2.1 Detailed Sewerage Impact Assessment Calculations

Vicinity of the Application Site



Existing and Proposed Sewerage System and Catchment Area in the

## 1. INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Background and Objectives

- 1.1.1 According to the Approved Kwun Tong (South) Outline Zoning Plan (OZP) No. S/K14S/25, the Application Site falls within an area zoned "Other Specified Uses (Business)". The purpose of this submission is to seek permission from the Town Planning Board (the Board) in support of the Proposed Development at 107-109 Wai Yip Street (hereafter referred to as the "Application Site").
- 1.1.2 Ramboll Hong Kong Limited has been appointed by the Applicant to conduct this Sewerage Impact Assessment (SIA) in support of the Planning Application under the Town Planning Ordinance.

# 1.2 Application Site and its Environ

1.2.1 The Application Site area is about 1,171 m<sup>2</sup>. It is located at the Kwun Tong Industrial Area bounded by Wai Yip Street to the south and Tai Yip Street to the north. The Application Site is sandwiched between industrial and commercial buildings to the west and east. **Figure 1.1** shows the location of the Application Site and its environ.

## 1.3 Proposed Development

1.3.1 The Proposed Development comprises a 33-storey building with 1 level of basement carpark. The building consists of 18 storeys of residential care home for the elderly (RCHE) and 11 storeys of hotel. It contains a GFA of about 16,856 m² for RCHE and hotel use. The development schedule of the proposed development is shown in **Table 1.1**.

**Table 1.1 Development Schedule** 

Total Site Area	About 1,170.578m <sup>2</sup>				
Plot Ratio	14.4				
Total GFA	Not more than 16,856.323m <sup>2</sup>				
• RCHE	• 12,000m²				
• Hotel	• 4,856.323m <sup>2</sup>				
No. of Guestroom for Hotel	200 rooms				
No. of RCHE Bed Space	Not less than 302 and not more than 557				
Site Coverage	Not more than 60%				
Class of Site	Class A				
No. of Block	1				
Maximum Building Height	About 111EmPD				
(Main Roof)	About +115mPD				
No. of Storeys	33 (including 1 level of basement)				



1.3.2 Although the proposed maximum number of beds is 557, the RCHE GFA can accommodate up to 644 beds if adopting the minimum space per bed requirement for nursing home or care and attention home under Section 22(1) of the Residential Care Homes (Elderly Persons) Regulation. Therefore, the assessment assumption adopting 644 beds has been assumed as a worst case scenario in this SIA.

# 2. SEWERAGE IMPACT ASSESSMENT

### 2.1 Scope of Work

2.1.1 The aim of this SIA is to assess whether the capacity of the existing sewerage network serving the Application Site is sufficient to cope with the sewage flow from the Proposed Development.

## 2.2 Assessment Criteria and Methodology

- 2.2.1 The Commercial and Industrial Floor Space Utilization Survey (CIFSUS) conducted by the Planning Department has been used to determine the worker density for various economic activities and planned usage types.
- 2.2.2 Environmental Protection Department's (EPD's) Guidelines for Estimating Sewage Flows for Sewage Infrastructure Planning, Version 1 (GESF) has been referred to for the purposes of estimating the quantity of the sewage generated from the Proposed Development and the existing catchment area. Sewage flow parameters and global peaking factors in this document have been adopted for this SIA.
- 2.2.3 According to the GESF, the overall unit flow is composed of flows due to residents, employees and the associated activities. The following unit flow factors have been adopted in the SIA calculation in accordance with Tables T-1, T-2 and T-3 of the GESF:
  - Domestic: 0.19 m³/day (Institutional and Special Class)
  - Industrial: 0.53m³/day (Industrial Employee and J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon)
  - Retail Trade: 0.28m³/day (Commercial Employee and J4 Wholesale & Retail)
  - Office: 0.08m<sup>3</sup>/day (Commercial Employee and J6 Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services)
  - Restaurant: 1.58m³/day (Commercial Employee and J10 Restaurants & Hotels)
  - Social Facilities: 0.28 m³/day (Commercial Employee and J11 Community, Social & Personal Services)
  - Storage: 0.18m³/day (Commercial Employee and J3 Transport, Storage & Communication)
- 2.2.4 The catchment inflow factor, PCIF of 1.1 (East Kowloon), is adopted in catchment calculations.

# 2.3 Existing and Future Sewerage System

- 2.3.1 According to the Drainage Record obtained from DSD, there are Ø225mm sewer pipes running along Tai Yip Street and the back lane of the Proposed Development, and Ø225mm and Ø400mm sewer pipes running along Wai Yip Street. The existing sewers in the vicinity of the Application Site are shown in **Figure 2.1**.
- 2.3.2 A new terminal manhole FTMH-01 (P1) will be constructed within the Application Site to collect sewage from the Proposed Development. A new Ø225mm polyethylene sewer pipe is proposed to connect the Proposed Development and the existing government manhole FMH4042668(S1) along Wai Yip Street.
- 2.3.3 Invert levels and pipe size of the proposed terminal manhole and existing manholes are shown in **Appendix 2.1.**



# 2.4 Wastewater Generated by the Proposed Development

- 2.4.1 Wastewater arising from the Proposed Development will be contributed by residents of the RCHE and the hotel, as well as employees of the RCHE, the hotel, restaurants and RCHE communal facilities. In addition, backwash of the water feature is also considered when assessing the sewage system capacity. Backwash of the water feature will only be conducted in non-peak hours to avoid potential overflow.
- 2.4.2 Detailed calculation of sewage generation from the Proposed Development is given in **Table 2.1** below.

### Table 2.1 Estimated Peak Flow

1. Residential Care Homes for the Elderly (Re 1a. Total no. of residents	CHE) =	<mark>644</mark>	residents ( <mark>644</mark> beds)					
1b. Design flow of residents	=	190	litre/resident/day - (refer to Table T-1 of GESF -					
1c. Sewage generation rate from residents	=	122.4	Domestic – Institutional and Special Class) m³/day					
1d. Total no. of employees [1]	=	148	<b>Employees</b>					
1e. Design flow of employees	=	280	Litre/employee/day - (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J11					
1f. Sewage generation rate from employees	=	41.4	Community, Social & Personal Services) m³/day					
2. Hotel								
2a. Assumed area	=	4856	m <sup>2</sup>					
2b. Assumed floor area per employee	=	71.4	m <sup>2</sup> per employee – (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS – Hotels and Boarding Houses, Private Commercials)					
2c. Total number of employees	=	68	employees					
<ul><li>2d. Design flow</li><li>2e. Sewage generation rate</li></ul>	=	1580 <b>107.4</b>	litre/employee/day – (refer to Table T-2 of GESF – J10 Restaurants & Hotels) m <sup>3</sup> /day					
			•					
3. RCHE F&B/ Restaurant 3a. Assumed area	=	415	m²					
3b. Assumed floor area per employee	=	19.6	m² per employee – (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS – Restaurants)					
3c. Total number of employees	=	21	employees					
3d. Design flow	=	1580	litre/employee/day – (refer to Table T-2 of GESF – J10 Restaurants & Hotels)					
3e. Sewage generation rate	=	33.4	m <sup>3</sup> /day					
4. RCHE Communal Facilities 4a. Assumed area	=	1338	m²					
4b. Assumed floor area per employee	_	30.3	m² per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS -					
4c. Total number of employees	=	44	Community, Social & Personal Services) employees					
4d. Design flow	=	280	litre/employee/day (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J11					
4e. Sewage generation rate	=	12.4	Community, Social & Personal Services) m <sup>3</sup> /day					
<b>5. Water Feature (Outdoor)</b> 5a. Volume of Water Feature	=	90.0	$m^3$					
5b. Turnover Rate	=	6	hr					
5c. Adopted Surface Loading Rate of Filter	=	50	m³/m²/hr					
5d. Adopted Filter Area	=	0.3	$m^2$					
5e. Backwash Duration	=	3	min/d					
5f. Backwash flow rate	=	30	m³/m²/hr					
5g. Design flow for Water Feature Backwashing	=	0.5	m³/day					



5h. Design flow for Water Feature Backwashing	=	2.5	litre/sec
Total Flow from the Proposed Development			
Flow Rate	=	317.0	m³/day
Flow Rate with $P_{CIF}$ (East Kowloon – 1.1)	=	348.7	m³/day (refer to Table T-4 of GESF – East Kowloon)
Contributing Population	=	1292	people
Peaking factor	=	6	refer to Table T-5 of GESF for a population of less than 5000 incl. stormwater allowance
Peak Flow (excluding backwash of water feature)	=	<b>24.2</b>	litre/sec
Peak Flow (including backwash of water feature)	=	<mark>26.7</mark>	litre/sec
	idents, . 644/2 s, i.e. 6 <sup>4</sup> rtime ar	i.e. 644/30 0 = 34 nos 14/40 = 17 nd night-tin	= 23 nos. 

## 2.5 Assessment of Sewerage Impact

- 2.5.1 Sewage generated from the Application Site will be discharged from the terminal manhole FTMH-01 (P1) via a polyethylene (PE) pipe, to existing manhole FMH4042668 (S1) of the public sewerage system as shown in **Figure 2.1**. Catchments in the vicinity of the Application Site are shown in **Figure 2.2**.
- 2.5.2 The estimated sewage flow of the Proposed Development and nearby catchments under existing conditions have been compared with the capacity of the existing sewerage system as shown in **Appendix 2.1 Table 3a**. For the estimated sewage flow of the Proposed Development and nearby catchments with approved planned developments, the results are shown in **Appendix 2.1 Table 3b**.

### 2.6 Discussion

- 2.6.1 According to the calculation results presented in Table 4 of **Appendix 2.1**, the capacity of the existing sewerage network is found to be sufficient to cater for the sewage generated from the Application Site under both existing conditions and with approved planned developments.
- 2.6.2 As such, no adverse sewerage impact resulting from the Proposed Development is anticipated. No sewerage upgrading work is required.



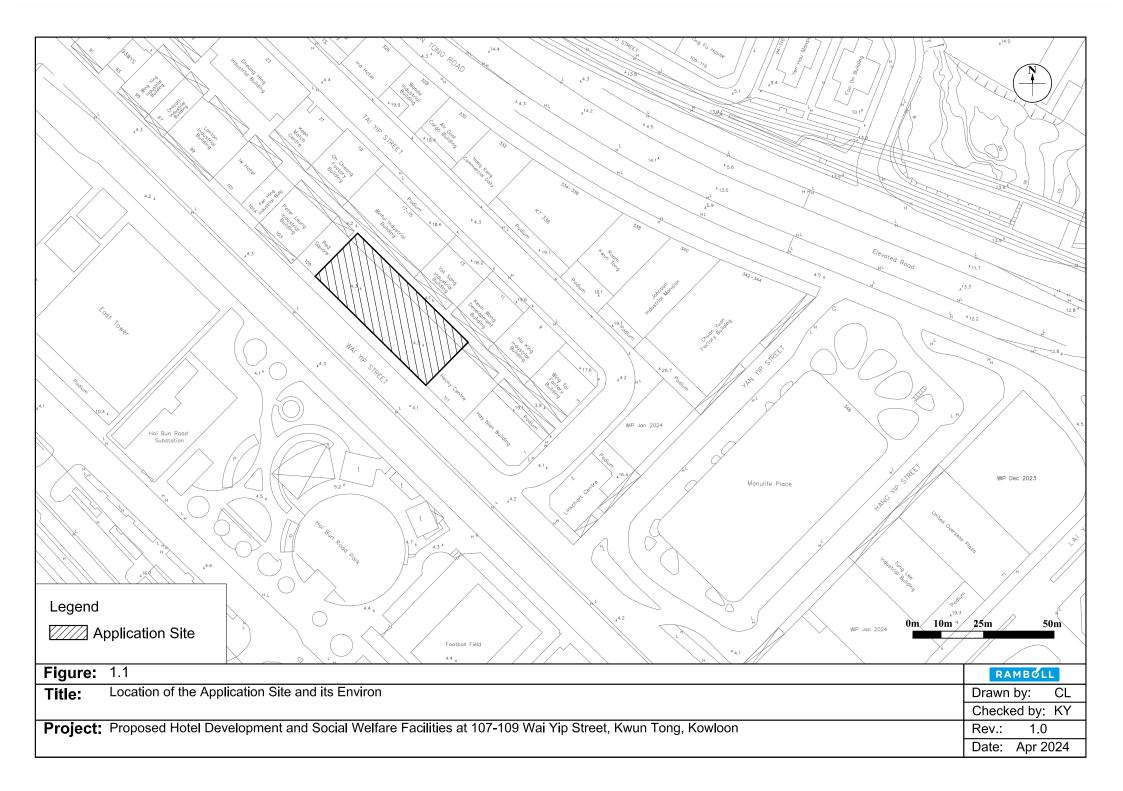
# 3. OVERALL CONCLUSION

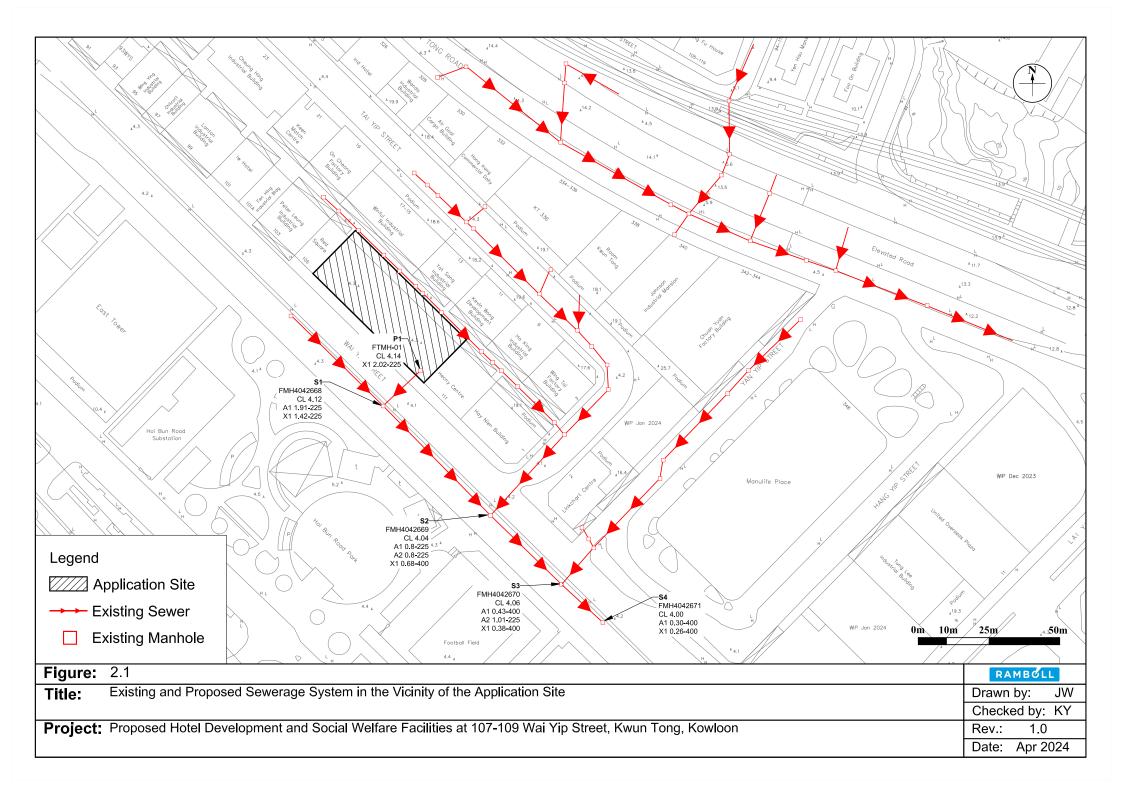
- 3.1.1 The potential sewerage impact arising from the Application Site has been quantitatively assessed by comparing the estimated sewage flow from the Proposed Development and the capacity of the existing sewerage system in the vicinity.
- 3.1.2 Based on the assessment findings, the capacity of the existing sewerage system would be sufficient to cater for the sewage generation from the Application Site and nearby catchments. No sewerage upgrading work is required.
- 3.1.3 This SIA confirms the feasibility of the Proposed Development in terms of its sewerage impact.

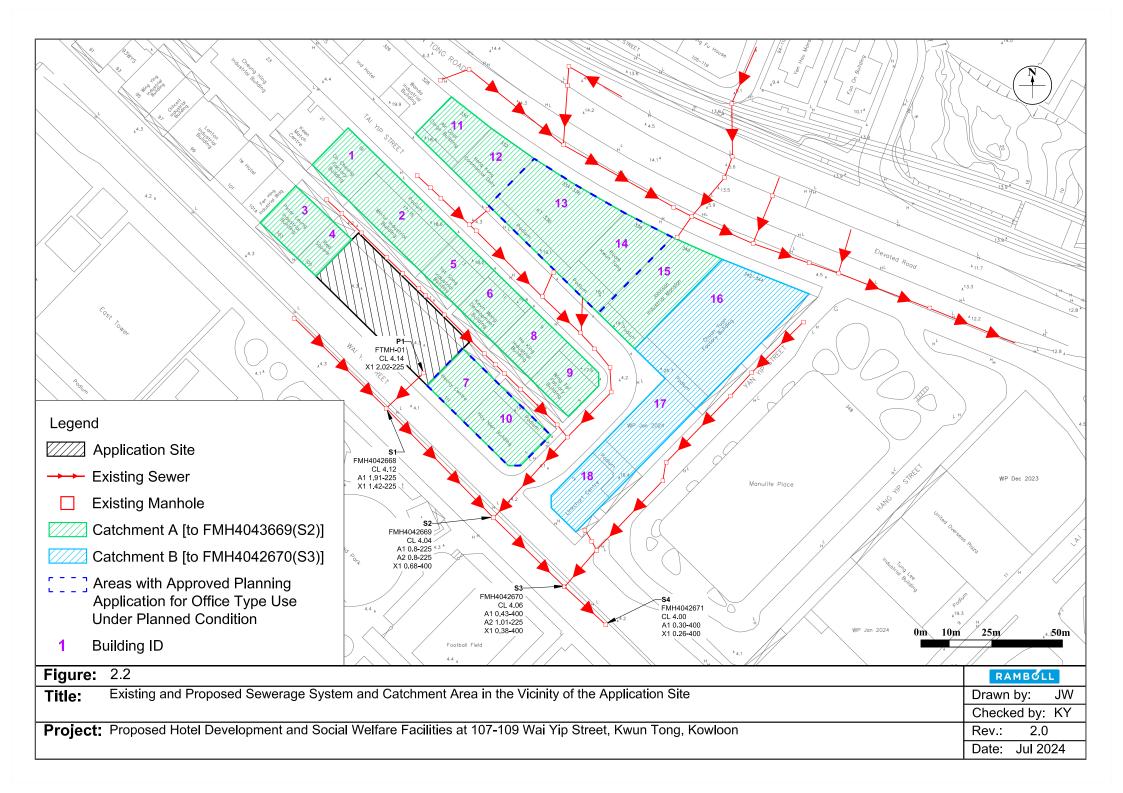


Figures









Appendix



Appendix 2.1

Detailed Sewerage Impact Assessment Calculations



#### Table 1 Calculation for Sewage Generation Rate of the Proposed Development at the Application Site

Residential Care Homes for the Elderly (RCHE)	ı	
Total number of residents <sup>1</sup>	=	644 residents (644 beds)
Design flow of residents	=	190 litre/resident/day (refer to Table T-1 of GESF - Domestic - Institutional and Special Class)
Sewage generation rate	= 12	2.2.4 m³/day
Total number of employees <sup>2</sup>	=	148 employees
Design flow of employees	=	280 litre/employee/day (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J11 Community, Social & Personal Services)
Sewage generation rate	= 4	<mark>⊌1.4</mark> m³/day
Hotel		
Assumed area	≡ 4	856 m²
Assumed floor area per employee		11.4 m² per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Hotels and Boarding Houses, Private Commercials)
Total number of employees		68 employees
Design flow		580 litre/employee/day (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J10 Restaurants & Hotels)
Sewage generation rate		17.4 m³/day
Sewage generation rate	-	,
F&B / restaurant		
Assumed area		415 m <sup>2</sup>
Assumed floor area per employee	= 1	19.6 m² per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Restaurants)
Total number of employees	=	21 employees
Design flow		580 litre/employee/day (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J10 Restaurants & Hotels)
Sewage generation rate	= 3	<b>3.4</b> m <sup>3</sup> /day
RCHE Communal Facilities		
Assumed area	= 1	338 m²
Assumed floor area per employee	= 3	30.3 m <sup>2</sup> per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Community, Social & Personal Services)
Total number of employees	=	44 employees
Design flow	=	280 litre/employee/day (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J11 Community, Social & Personal Services)
Sewage generation rate	= 1	<b>2.4</b> m³/day
Water Feature (outdoor)		
Volume of Water Feature	= 0	$90.0\mathrm{m}^3$
Turnover Rate	=	6 hr
Adopted Surface Loading Rate of Filter	=	50 m³/m²/hr
Adopted Filter Area		0.3 m <sup>2</sup>
Backwash Duration	_	3 min/d
Backwash flow rate	=	3 m³/m²/hr
Design flow for Water Feature Backwashing		0.5 m <sup>2</sup> /day
Design flow for Water Feature Backwashing		2.5 litre/sec
Design now for water readure backwashing	_	and little/sec
Total Flow from the Proposed Development		,
Flow rate (excluding backwash of water feature)		<mark>17.0</mark> m³/day
Flow rate with P <sub>CIF</sub> (East Kowloon - 1.1)		<mark><sup>18.7</sup> m³</mark> /day (refer to Table T-4 of GESF - East Kowloon - 1.1)
Contributing population	= 1	<mark>292</mark> people
Peaking factor	=	6 (refer to Table T-5 of GESF for a population of less than 5000 incl. stormwater allowance)
Peak flow (excluding backwash of water feature)		<mark>14.2</mark> litre/sec
Peak flow (including backwash of water feature)	= 2	<mark>16.7</mark> litre/sec

#### Note

- [1] As a conservative approach, the total number of elderly residents is assumed to be the maximum number of beds provided by the RCHE.
- [2] Build-up of staff under Code of Practice for RCHE Section 9.1.1 for Care and Attention Home:
- 1) 1 health worker / nurse for every 30 residents, i.e. 644/30 = 23 nos.
- 2) 1 care worker for every 20 residents, i.e. 644/20 = 34 nos.
- 3) 1 ancillary worker for every 40 residents, i.e. 644/40 = 17 nos.
- 4) General staff = 2 nos.

Total staff = 74 nos.

Assuming there are two shifts of staff, i.e. daytime and night-time, the total daily number of employee at the RCHE is 148. It should be noted that night-time requires less staff than daytime. Therefore, the current assumption serves as a conservative scenario.

[3] For job types J10 and J11, the "per-employee" unit flow factor takes into account the flows of customers and/or tenants

Table 2 Hydraulic Capacity of Existing and Proposed Sewers

Comment	Manhole	Manhole	Matarial	Pipe Dia.	Pipe Length	Invert Level 1	Invert Level 2	g	k <sub>s</sub>	S	V	V	Area	Q	Estimated Capacity
Segment	Reference	Reference	Material	mm	m	mPD	mPD	m/s <sup>2</sup>	m		m²/s	m/s	m <sup>2</sup>	m³/s	L/s
P1-S1	FTMH-01	FMH4042668	PE	225	16.37	2.02	1.91	9.81	0.0015	0.007	0.000001	0.94	0.04	0.04	37
S1-S2	FMH4042668	FMH4042669	clayware	225	53.49	1.42	0.80	9.81	0.0006	0.012	0.000001	1.41	0.04	0.06	56
S2-S3	FMH4042669	FMH4042670	clayware	400	34.30	0.68	0.43	9.81	0.0006	0.007	0.000001	1.61	0.13	0.20	202
S3-S4	FMH4042670	FMH4042671	clayware	400	19.14	0.38	0.30	9.81	0.0006	0.004	0.000001	1.22	0.13	0.15	153

- Remarks: (1) q=qravitational acceleration;  $k_s=equivalent$  sand roughness; s=qradient; v=kinematic viscosity of water; V=mean velocity
  - (2) The values of ks = 0.6m is used for the calculation of slimed clayware sewer, poor condition @mean velocity = approximately 1.2m/s (based on Table 5: Recommended Roughness Values in Sewerage Manual)
  - (3) The values of ks = 1.5m is used for the calculation of proposed polyethylene sewer, poor condition @mean velocity = approximately 0.75m/s (based on Table 5: Recommended Roughness Values in Sewerage Manual)
  - (4) The value of velocity (V) is referred to the Tables for the hydraulic design of pipes, sewers and channels (8th edition)
  - (5) Equation used:  $V = -\sqrt{(8gDs)}\log(\frac{k_s}{3.7D} + \frac{2.51v}{D\sqrt{(2gDs)}})$

Industrial - Manufacturing

Total number of employees

Assumed floor area per employee

Assumed area

Design flow Sewage generation rate

#### Table 3a Calculation for Sewage generation rate of the Surrounding Building (Existing Condition) Catchment A, discharges to FMH4042669 (S2) 1. On Cheong Factory Building (19 Tai Yip Street) Industrial - Manufacturing Assumed area 2510 m<sup>2</sup> Assumed floor area per employee 43.5 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing) Total number of employees 58 employees 530 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon) Design flow **30.6** m<sup>3</sup>/day Sewage generation rate 2. Winful Industrial Building (15-17 Tai Yip Street) Industrial - Manufacturing 6378 m<sup>2</sup> Assumed area Assumed floor area per employee 30.3 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing - I/O Buildings) Total number of employees 210 employees 530 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon) Design flow Sewage generation rate 111.5 m3/day 3. Peter Leung Industrial Building (103 Wai Yip Street) a) Industrial - Manufacturing 2827 m<sup>2</sup> Assumed area = Assumed floor area per employee 30.3 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing - I/O Buildings) Total number of employees 530 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon) Design flow 49.4 m3/day Sewage generation rate b) Express delivery Assumed area 201 m<sup>2</sup> m² per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Financial, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services - I/O 22.7 Buildings) Assumed floor area per employee Total number of employees 9 employees 80 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J6 Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services) Design flow 0.7 m3/day Sewage generation rate 4. Red Square (105 Wai Yip Street) Office 1739 m<sup>2</sup> Assumed area Assumed floor area per employee 18.2 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Financial, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services ) Total number of employees Design flow 80 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J6 Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services) Sewage generation rate 7.7 m<sup>3</sup>/day F&B 191 m² Assumed area 19.6 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Restaurant) Assumed floor area per employee Total number of employees 10 employees 1580 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J10 Restaurants and Hotels) Design flow Sewage generation rate **15.4** m<sup>3</sup>/day 5. Yat Sang Industrial Building Industrial - Manufacturing Assumed area 2928 m<sup>2</sup> 43.5 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing) Assumed floor area per employee Total number of employees 67 employees Design flow 530 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon) Sewage generation rate **35.7** m<sup>3</sup>/day 6. Kevin Wong Development Building (11 Tai Yip Street)

3809 m<sup>2</sup>

126 employees

**66.6** m<sup>3</sup>/day

30.3 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing - I/O Buildings)

530 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon)

Design flow

#### Table 3a Calculation for Sewage generation rate of the Surrounding Building (Existing Condition) 7. Hecny Centre (111 Wai Yip Street) a) Office 1772 m<sup>2</sup> Assumed area 18.2 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Financial, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services ) Assumed floor area per employee Total number of employees Design flow 80 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J6 Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services) Sewage generation rate 7.8 m<sup>3</sup>/day b) Retail 253 m<sup>2</sup> Assumed area 28.6 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Retail Trade) Assumed floor area per employee Total number of employees 9 employees Design flow 280 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J4 Wholesale & Retail) Sewage generation rate **2.5** m<sup>3</sup>/day c) F&B $406 \text{ m}^2$ Assumed area Assumed floor area per employee 19.6 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Restaurants) Total number of employees 21 employees 1580 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J10 Restaurants and Hotels) Design flow Sewage generation rate **32.7** m<sup>3</sup>/day 8. Ho King Industrial Building (9 Tai Yip Street) Industrial - Manufacturing Assumed area 2044 m<sup>2</sup> Assumed floor area per employee 43.5 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing) Total number of employees 47 employees 530 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon) Design flow Sewage generation rate **24.9** m<sup>3</sup>/day 9. Wing Tai Factory Building (3 Tai Yip Street) Industrial - Manufacturing Assumed area 3144 m<sup>2</sup> Assumed floor area per employee 30.3 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing - I/O Buildings) Total number of employees 530 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon) Design flow **55.0** m<sup>3</sup>/day Sewage generation rate Storage Assumed area 147 m<sup>2</sup> Assumed floor area per employee 250.0 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Storage) Total number of employees 1 employees Design flow 180 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J3 Transport, Storage & Communication) Sewage generation rate **0.1** m<sup>3</sup>/day 10. Hay Nien Building (1 Tai Yip Street) Industrial - Manufacturing 5842 m<sup>2</sup> Assumed area 30.3 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing - I/O Buildings) Assumed floor area per employee Total number of employees 193 employees Design flow 530 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon) Sewage generation rate 102.2 m<sup>3</sup>/day 11. Air Goal Cargo Building (330 Kwun Tong Road) Industrial - Manufacturing 2309 m<sup>2</sup> Assumed area Assumed floor area per employee 43.5 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing) Total number of employees 530 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon) Design flow Sewage generation rate 28.2 m<sup>3</sup>/day 12. Hong Kong Commercial Daily (332 Kwun Tong Road) Office 2304 m<sup>2</sup> Assumed area Assumed floor area per employee 18.2 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Financial, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services ) Total number of employees 127 employees

80 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J6 Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services)

Table 3a Calculation for Sewage generation rate of the Surrounding Building (Existing Condition)

Sewage generation rate

**10.1** m<sup>3</sup>/day

Table 3a Calculation for Sewage generation rate of the Surrounding Building (Existing Condition)	
13. Far East Factory Building (334-336 Kwun Tong Road)	
Office	
Assumed area	= 7833 m <sup>2</sup>
Assumed floor area per employee	= 30.3 m <sup>2</sup> per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing - I/O Buildings)
Total number of employees	= 258 employees
Design flow	= 530 litre/employee/day (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon)
Sewage generation rate	= 137.0 m³/day
14. Room Kwun Tong (338 Kwun Tong Road)	
Storage	
Assumed area	= 6570 m <sup>2</sup>
Assumed floor area per employee	= 250,0 m <sup>2</sup> per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Storage)
Total number of employees	= 26 employees
Design flow	= 180 littre/employee/day (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J3 Transport, Storage & Communication)
Sewage generation rate	= 4.7 m <sup>3</sup> /day
Sewage generation rate	_ 4.7 III / day
15. Johnson Industrial Mansion (340 Kwun Tong Road)	
Industrial - Manufacturing	
Assumed area	= 5772 m <sup>2</sup>
Assumed floor area per employee	= 30.3 m <sup>2</sup> per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing - I/O Buildings)
Total number of employees	= 190 employees
Design flow	= 150 employees = 530 ltre/employee/day (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon)
	= 101.0 m³/day
Sewage generation rate	= 101.0 III /uay
Total Flow of Catchment A, discharges to FMH4042669 (S2)	= 823,8 m³/day
Total Flow of Catchinette A, discharges to Fritted 2003 (32)	= 025.8 III / uay
Catchment B, discharges to FMH4042670 (S3)	
16. Chuan Yuan Factory Building (342-344 Kwun Tong Road)	
Industrial - Manufacturing	
Assumed area	= 13344 m <sup>2</sup>
Assumed floor area per employee	= 43.5 m² per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing)
	= 307 employees
Total number of employees	= 530 littre/employee/day (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon)
Design flow	= 350 integering speed day = (refer to Table 1-3 of GEST - 31 individualing in East Nowborn)
Sewage generation rate	= 102.7 III /uay
17. Hong Kong Baptist Hospital (4 Tai Yip Street)	Reference: SIA report under Planning Application A/K14/782
Sewage generation rate	= 181.6 m <sup>3</sup> /day
Sewage generation rate	_ 101.0 iii / 004
18. Linkchart Centre (2 Tai Yip Street)	Reference: Online building profile (https://www.interasia.com.hk/en/Kowloon-Building/Kwun-Tong/1563/Linkchart-Centre)
Office	necesses some seasons prome (neps.// www.meetasta.com.my.en/nomoon building (wan 16.19/1303/Ellikeliait Cellife)
Assumed area	= 9109 m <sup>2</sup>
Assumed floor area per employee	= 9109 III = 18.2 m² per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Financial, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services )
Total number of employees	= 18.2 m per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSOS - Financial, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services ) = 501 employees
	·
Design flow	= 80 litre/employee/day (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J6 Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services)
Sewage generation rate	= <b>40.1</b> m <sup>3</sup> /day
Total Flow of Catchment B, discharges to FMH4042670 (S3)	= 384,3 m³/day
Total Flow of Catchinient B, discharges to FMN4042070 (33)	= 384.3 m <sup>2</sup> /day
Sub-total	
Total Flow at P1 (including Proposed Development)	= <b>317.0</b> m <sup>3</sup> /dav
Total Flow at \$1 (including Proposed Development)	= 317.0 m <sup>2</sup> /day
	= 317.0 m /udy = 1,140.8 m <sup>3</sup> /day
Total Flow at S2 (including Proposed Development + Catchment A)	
Total Flow at S4 (including Proposed Development + Catchment A & B)	= <b>1,525.2</b> m <sup>3</sup> /day
Sub-total with Catchment Inflow Factor - East Kowloon = 1.1	
Total Flow at P1 (including Proposed Development)	= <b>348.7</b> m³/day
Total Flow at \$1 (including Proposed Development)	= 348.7 m³/day
	= 346.7 iii /uay = 1,254.9 m³/day
Total Flow at S2 (including Proposed Development + Catchment A)	
Total Flow at S4 (including Proposed Development + Catchment A & B)	= <b>1,677.7</b> m <sup>3</sup> /day

# Table 3b Calculation for Sewage generation rate of the Existing Surrounding Building (Planned Condition) Catchment A. discharges to FMH4042669 (S2)

#### 1. On Cheong Factory Building (19 Tai Yip Street)

#### Industrial - Manufacturing

Assumed area

Assumed floor area per employee

Total number of employees

Design flow

Sewage generation rate

#### 2. Winful Industrial Building (15-17 Tai Yip Street)

#### **Industrial - Manufacturing**

Assumed area

Assumed floor area per employee

Total number of employees

Design flow

Sewage generation rate

#### 3. Peter Leung Industrial Building (103 Wai Yip Street)

#### a) Industrial - Manufacturing

Assumed area

Assumed floor area per employee

Total number of employees

Design flow

Sewage generation rate

#### b) Express delivery

Assumed area

Assumed floor area per employee

Total number of employees

Design flow

Sewage generation rate

### 4. Red Square (105 Wai Yip Street)

#### Office

Assumed area

Assumed floor area per employee

Total number of employees

Design flow

Sewage generation rate

#### F&B

Assumed area

Assumed floor area per employee

Total number of employees

Design flow

Sewage generation rate

### 5. Yat Sang Industrial Building

#### Industrial - Manufacturing

Assumed area

Assumed floor area per employee

Total number of employees

Design flow

Sewage generation rate

### 6. Kevin Wong Development Building (11 Tai Yip Street)

#### Industrial - Manufacturing

Assumed area

Assumed floor area per employee

Total number of employees

Design flov

Sewage generation rate

# 7. Proposed Office (111 Wai Yip Street, 1 Tai Yip Street) Office

Assumed area

Assumed floor area per employee

Total number of employees

```
= 2510 m<sup>2</sup>
```

= 43.5 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing)

58 employees

= 530 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon)

= **30.6** m<sup>3</sup>/day

#### = 6378 m<sup>2</sup>

= 30.3 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing - I/O Buildings)

210 employees

= 530 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon)

= **111.5** m<sup>3</sup>/day

### 2827 m<sup>2</sup>

= 30.3 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing - I/O Buildings)

= 93 employees

= 530 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon)

= 49.4 m<sup>3</sup>/day

=

#### 201 m<sup>2</sup>

= 22.7 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Financial, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services - I/O Buildings)

9 employees

= 80 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J6 Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services)

= **0.7** m<sup>3</sup>/day

#### 1739 m<sup>2</sup>

= 18.2 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Financial, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services )

96 employees

80 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J6 Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services)

= **7.7** m<sup>3</sup>/day

#### = 191 m<sup>2</sup>

= 19.6 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Restaurant)

10 employees

= 1580 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J10 restaurant and hotel)

= **15.4** m<sup>3</sup>/day

#### = 2928 m<sup>2</sup>

= 43.5 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing)

67 employees

= 530 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon)

**35.7** m<sup>3</sup>/day

#### 3809 m<sup>2</sup>

= 30.3 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing - I/O Buildings)

= 126 employees

= 530 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon)

= 66.6 m<sup>3</sup>/day

Reference: Application No. - A/K14/809 (https://www.ozp.tpb.gov.hk/api/Perm/Gist?caseNo=A%2fK14%2f809&lang=EN&ext=pdf&dType=in)

= 13349 m<sup>2</sup>

= 18.2 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Financial, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services )

= 734 employees

Table 3b Calculation for Sewage generation rate of the Existing Surrounding Building (Planned Condition)	
Design flow	= 80 litre/employee/day (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J6 Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services)
Sewage generation rate	= <b>58.7</b> m <sup>3</sup> /day
8. Ho King Industrial Building (9 Tai Yip Street)	
Industrial - Manufacturing	
Assumed area	= 2044 m <sup>2</sup>
Assumed floor area per employee	= 43.5 m <sup>2</sup> per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing) = 47 employees
Total number of employees  Design flow	= 47 employees = 530 litre/employee/day (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon)
Sewage generation rate	= <b>24.9</b> m <sup>3</sup> /day
9. Wing Tai Factory Building (3 Tai Yip Street)	
Industrial - Manufacturing	
Assumed area	= 3144 m <sup>2</sup>
Assumed floor area per employee	= 30.3 m² per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing - I/O Buildings)
Total number of employees  Design flow	= 104 employees = 530 litre/employee/day (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon)
Sewage generation rate	= 55.0 m <sup>3</sup> /day
Condy generation and	
Storage	,
Assumed area	= 147 m <sup>2</sup>
Assumed floor area per employee Total number of employees	= 250.0 m² per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Storage) = 1 employees
Design flow	= 180 litre/employee/day (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - Transport, Storage & Communication)
Sewage generation rate	= 0.1 m <sup>3</sup> /day
10. Hay Nien Building (1 Tai Yip Street) Industrial - Manufacturing	
Assumed area	= 5842 m <sup>2</sup>
Assumed floor area per employee	= 30.3 m² per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing - I/O Buildings)
Total number of employees	= 193 employees
Design flow	= 530 litre/employee/day (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon)
Sewage generation rate	= <b>102.2</b> m <sup>3</sup> /day
11. Air Goal Cargo Building (330 Kwun Tong Road)	
Industrial - Manufacturing	
Assumed area	= 2309 m <sup>2</sup> = 43.5 m <sup>2</sup> per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing)
Assumed floor area per employee Total number of employees	= 43.5 if per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIPSOS - Manufacturing) = 53 employees
Design flow	= 530 employees = 530 litre/employee/day (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon)
Sewage generation rate	= 28.2 m <sup>3</sup> /day
12. Hong Kong Commercial Daily (332 Kwun Tong Road)	
Office	
Assumed area	= 2304 m <sup>2</sup>
Assumed floor area per employee	= 18.2 m² per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Financial, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services )
Total number of employees	= 127 employees = 80 litre/employee/day (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J6 Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services)
Design flow Sewage generation rate	= 80 intergenipoyee/day (refer to fable 1-2 of GESF - Jo Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Dusliness Services) = 10.1 m <sup>3</sup> /day
13. Planned Development (334-336 & 338 Kwun Tong Road)	
Office	Reference: Application no A/K14/804 (https://www.ozp.tpb.gov.hk/api/Perm/Gist?caseNo=A%2fK14%2f804⟨=EN&ext=pdf&dType=in)
Assumed area	= 23211 m <sup>2</sup>
Assumed floor area per employee	= 18.2 m² per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Financial, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services )
Total number of employees	= 1277 employees
Design flow	= 80 litre/employee/day (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J6 Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services)
Sewage generation rate	= <b>102.1</b> m <sup>3</sup> /day
14. Johnson Industrial Mansion (340 Kwun Tong Road)	
Industrial - Manufacturing	2
Assumed area	= 5772 m <sup>2</sup>
Assumed floor area per employee	= 30.3 m² per employee (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing - I/O Buildings) = 190 employees
Total number of employees  Design flow	= 130 empioyees = 530 litre/employee/day (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon)
Sewage generation rate	= <b>101.0</b> m <sup>3</sup> /day
Total Flow of Catchment A, discharges to FMH4042669 (S2)	= 799.9 m <sup>3</sup> /day
()	- / / / / mrj

#### Table 3b Calculation for Sewage generation rate of the Existing Surrounding Building (Planned Condition)

#### Catchment B, discharges to FMH4042670 (S3) 16. Chuan Yuan Factory Building (342-344 Kwun Tong Road) Industrial - Manufacturing Assumed area 13344 m<sup>2</sup> Assumed floor area per employee 43.5 m<sup>2</sup> per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Manufacturing) Total number of employees 307 employees Design flow 530 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-3 of GESF - J1 Manufacturing in East Kowloon) **162.7** m<sup>3</sup>/day Sewage generation rate 17. Hong Kong Baptist Hospital (4 Tai Yip Street) Reference: SIA report under Planning Application A/K14/782 Sewage generation rate **181.6** m<sup>3</sup>/day Reference: Online building profile (https://www.interasia.com.hk/en/Kowloon-Building/Kwun-Tong/1563/Linkchart-Centre) 18. Linkchart Centre (2 Tai Yip Street) Office Assumed area 9109 m<sup>2</sup> 18.2 m² per employee -- (refer to Table 8 of CIFSUS - Financial, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services ) Assumed floor area per employee Total number of employees 501 employees 80 litre/employee/day -- (refer to Table T-2 of GESF - J6 Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Services) Design flow Sewage generation rate **40.1** m<sup>3</sup>/day Total Flow of Catchment B, discharges to FMH4042670 (S3) 384.3 m<sup>3</sup>/day Sub-total Total Flow at S0 (including Proposed Development) 317.0 m<sup>3</sup>/day **317.0** m<sup>3</sup>/day Total Flow at S1 (including Proposed Development) Total Flow at S2 (including Proposed and Planned Development + Catchment A) = **1,117.0** m<sup>3</sup>/day Total Flow at S4 (including Proposed and Planned Development + Catchment A & B) = **1,501.3** m<sup>3</sup>/day Sub-total with Catchment Inflow Factor - East Kowloon = 1.1 348.7 m3/day Total Flow at S0 (including Proposed Development) Total Flow at S1 (including Proposed Development) **348.7** m<sup>3</sup>/day Total Flow at S2 (including Proposed and Planned Development + Catchment A) = **1,228.7** m<sup>3</sup>/day

= **1,651.4** m<sup>3</sup>/day

Total Flow at S4 (including Proposed and Planned Development + Catchment A & B)

#### Table 4a Comparision of the Hydraulic Capacity of Existing Sewers for Sewerage generated from the Proposed Development and Surrounding Catchment Areas (Existing Condition)

Hydrualic Capacity of Existing Sewers

Segment	Manhole Reference	Manhole Reference	Pipe Dia. (mm)	Pipe Length (m)	Gradient	Fatimental Compaits	the Proposed	Contribution from the Proposed Development only (%)	Statue			Contributing Population	Peaking	Peak Flow from the Proposed Development and Catchment Areas (Without Water Feature Backwash) (L/s)	Water Feature Backwash (L/s)	(With Water	Contribution from the Proposed Development and the Surrounding Catchment Areas (%)	Status
P1-S1	FTMH-01	FMH4042668	225	16.4	0.007	37	24.2	64.8%	OK	-	348.7	1,292	6	24.2	2.5	26.7	71.5%	OK
S1-S2	FMH4042668	FMH4042669	225	53.5	0.012	56	24.2	43.2%	OK	-	348.7	1,292	6	24.2	2.5	26.7	47.7%	OK
S2-S3	FMH4042669	FMH4042670	400	34.3	0.007	202	24.2	12.0%	OK	Α	1254.9	4,648	6	87.1	2.5	89.6	44.3%	OK
S3-S4	FMH4042670	FMH4042671	400	19.1	0.004	153	24.2	15.9%	OK	A + B	1677.7	6,214	5	97.1	2.5	99.6	65.2%	OK

Table 4b Comparision of the Hydraulic Capacity of Existing Sewers for Sewerage generated from the Proposed Development and Surrounding Catchment Areas (Planned Condition)

Hydrualic Capacity of Existing Sewers

Segment	Manhole Reference	Manhole Reference	Pipe Dia. (mm)	Pipe Length (m)	Gradient	Estimated Canasity	the Proposed	Contribution from the Proposed Development only (%)	Status			Contributing Population		Peak Flow from the Proposed Development and Catchment Areas (Without Water Feature Backwash) (L/s)	Water Feature Backwash (L/s)	(With Water	Development and the Surrounding Catchment Areas (%)	Status
P1-S1	FTMH-01	FMH4042668	225	16.4	0.007	37	24.2	64.8%	OK	-	348.7	1,292	6	24.2	2.5	26.7	71.5%	OK
S1-S2	FMH4042668	FMH4042669	225	53.5	0.012	56	24.2	43.2%	OK	-	348.7	1,292	6	24.2	2.5	26.7	47.7%	OK
S2-S3	FMH4042669	FMH4042670	400	34.3	0.007	202	24.2	12.0%	OK	Α	1228.7	4,551	6	85.3	2.5	87.8	43.4%	ОК
S2-S3	FMH4042670	FMH4042671	400	19.1	0.004	153	24.2	15.9%	OK	A + B	1651.4	6,116	5	95.6	2.5	98.1	64.2%	OK