Section 12A Rezoning Application - Request for Amendment to the approved Lung Yeuk Tau and Kwan Tei
South Outline Zoning Plan No. S/NE-LYT/19 from "Residential (Group C)" Zone and "Agriculture" Zone to
"Residential (Group A) 2" Zone at Various Lots in D.D. 83 and Adjoining Government Land, Lung Yeuk Tau,
New Territories (Y/NE-LYT/16)

Ref.: ADCL/PLG-10248/L008

Table | 1

Response-to-Comments

Request for Amendment to the Approved Lung Yeuk Tau and Kwan Tei South Outline Zoning Plan No.S/NE-LYT/19 from "Residential (Group C)" Zone and "Agriculture" Zone to "Residential (Group A)2" Zone at Various Lots in D.D. 83 and Adjoining Government Land in D.D. 83, Lung Yeuk Tau, New Territories

# **Responses-to-Comments Table**

Date	Department	Comments	Responses
15.12.2023	Drainage	"We have no comment on the revised SIA.	Noted.
	Services	Please find our comments on the revised DIA as follows:	Before Development:
	Department		Slope Information System
		(a) Appendix B: Please elaborate the change in average slope of	Search By: Building / Street: V Street / Road / Building: Search
		Catchment A before and after the proposed development.	Sope Regulation Orline System Professional for Stope Works Plast houtable Landsides
			Before the proposed development, the highest ground elevation
			within the site area is 13.1mPD, the lowest is 12.2mPD.
			After Development:

	The site is currently occupied by complex land use. The elevation will change after site clearance and site formation. After the proposed development, the highest elevation become 13.0mPD, and the lowest become 12.0mPD.
(b) Figure 4-1: The proposed channel size is inconsistent with Para.	There is typo in the figure. The channel size has been revised to
4.4.3 and Appendix C. Please review.	1000mm to align with other sections and Appendix (Please refer to
	Enclosure 2).
(c) Figure 4-1: It is noted that an existing section of U channel	It will not be impacted. Actually, perimeter drains will be provided for
(feature no. SUP1001473) falls within the proposed development	the proposed development, and it will directly convey the runoff into
boundary. Please advise if it will be impacted under the proposed	SUP1001474 without passing through the upstream SUP1001473.
development.	
(d) Please advise details of the proposed 1000mm U-channel at	The detailed feasibility of the proposed channel in under study by the
government land.	project team. However, further upgrading of SUP1001474 will not
	have adverse impact on footpath and the surrounding. As suggested

		by the project team, detailed information of the proposed upgraded
		U-channel in terms of thickness, reinforcement, grating will be fully
		provided in the detailed design stage and submitted to DSD.
	(e) As mentioned in SIA, the treated effluent from the on-site STP is	As mentioned in Section 4.4.4, the treated effluent from STP has
	proposed to be discharged into the stormwater drainage system.	been considered (Please refer to <b>Enclosure 2</b> ).
	Please advise if the proposed discharged is considered in the DIA. "	
		As shown in Note 1 of Appendix C, the peak flow of 0.17m <sup>3</sup> /s has
		been considered in the hydraulic check of the channel. Within the
		SIA, the average daily dry weather flow of proposed development is
		calculated to be 3,005.4m³/day. Multiplying this value with the
		peaking factor of 4, the peak flow will be 0.139m³/s which is smaller
		than the value adopted in DIA hydraulic check (Please refer to
		Enclosure 2).

Date	Department	Comments	Responses
15.12.2023	Lands	"Previous comments are still valid, and please also advised further	As presented in Illustration 4, a pedestrian footpath with maximum
	Department	comments from land administration point of view as follows:	width of 1.6m is proposed within the application site. The proposed
			footpath would allow existing access to and from Lot 782 RP in
		It is noted that the designs (including but not limited to the alignment	D.D.83, and the proposed footpath would be free and uninterrupted
		and width) and the implementation conditions (e.g. free and	at all times.
		uninterrupted at all times) of the proposed pedestrian footpath for	
		access to and from Lot 782 RP in D.D. 83 and the proposed public	As presented in <b>Illustration 4</b> , the proposed pedestrian footpath
		pedestrian access connecting Hai Wing Road are not delineated on	connecting Hai Wing Road is illustrated, which would be free and
		the Master Plan. Please note that no right-of-way reserved for Lot	uninterrupted at all times. Illustration presents the conceptual
		782 RP in D.D. 83/ the adjoining lots and no such requirements would	scheme for the proposed public pedestrian access, it would be
		be imposed under lease in land exchange.	delineated in the master plan, upon receiving no adverse comment
			regarding the revised layout from other government department.
		Development rights of the adjoining lots would be deprived as no	
		vehicular but only pedestrian access is proposed by the applicant."	Noted. Currently, there is no established vehicular access from Hai
			Wing Road to the adjoining lots. In order to cater for the proposed
			development of the subject site, and to minimize unnecessary
			impacts to the existing land uses in the neighborhood, In view of the
			above, it is considered that status quo is appropriate in this case.

Date	Department	Comments	Responses
8.1.2024	Antiquities	1) It is noted that the Planning Statement is not included in	Noted (Please refer to Appendix 1).
	Monument Office	Enclosure 1. AMO is, therefore, unable to check the updates.	
		Please make sure that all the accepted responses are reflected in the	
		Planning Statement and followed up as appropriate.	
		2) Please follow up the following and submit the revised Planning	Noted (Please refer to <b>Appendix 1</b> ).
		Statement for AMO's review:	
		R-to-C no. (2)	
		i. Section 5.11 is not included in Enclosure.	
		R-to-C no. (4)	The application site is situated about 250m from the previous
		ii. According to Illustration 7 provided by the applicant, the	archaeological assessment areas. The statement has been revised.
		application site seems to be situated at some distance from the	In addition, according to the CEDD's Preliminary Study on
		previous archaeological assessment areas. Please review the	Developing the New Territories North (NTN) conducted in 2016, two
		approximate distance in between, hence confirm accuracy and	boreholes were drilled during the Existing Ground Investigation,
		relevancy, review and revise the statement "Given the application	approximately 130m away from the application site (Please refer to
		site is located at the fringe of the previous assessment areas, it is	Illustration 7). No significant findings are reported, and therefore
		believed that the findings from the study are also applicable to the	further actions are not deemed necessary. Considering the previous
		current application and the proposed development is considered	assessments conducted in close proximity to the application site, the
		unlikely to have significant impact on the SAI." as appropriate.	risk of causing negative impacts to the SAI is considered very low.
		R-to-C no. (6)	Noted (Please refer to <b>Appendix 1</b> ).
		iii. The Planning Statement and a full set of illustrations are not	
		included in Enclosure 1, AMO is, therefore, unable to check the said	
		deleted Section 5.11.4 and Illustration 6-III.	

Date	Department	Comments	Responses
29.12.2023	Environmental	1. Please highlight the changes in next submission for ease of	Noted (Please refer to Enclosure 3).
	Protection	checking.	
	Department	Environmental Assessment Report	Please refer to Enclosure 3 for the revised Environmental
		Air Quality Perspective	Assessment Report.
		2. Table 2-4	
		Please check the annual NO2 for year 2022.	Revised to 31 microgram/cubic meter.
		3. Table 2-5	Revised as per the information provided.
		The 4th highest 10-min SO2 for grid (38,54) is 59 while that for	
		grid (39,54) is 55. Please amend.	
		4. Section 2.4.1 and Figure 2-1	The 500m assessment area are shown in Figure 2.2 of the updated
		Please show the 500m assessment area of the proposed	report. In fact, the identified ASRs are the closest ones with no
		development in Figure 2-1. Please check whether there are	adverse air impact. Other ASRs relatively far away (but within 500m
		ASRs in the southern and northern side of the proposed	meter) could therefore considered as not adverse air impact.
		development. Please make sure the ASRs are represented by	Therefore, the closest ASRs are focused on.
		the nearest points to the Project boundary.	
		5. Section 2.4.2	Fugitive dust is the major air issue over those construction activities.
		Please provide more information for assessing the potential	However, no adverse is expected since suitable mitigation measures
		constructional air quality impact arising from the proposed	for dust control and material cover have been proposed in Section
		development, including but not limited to: the size of the	2.4.5.
		demolition, site formation or/and excavation area, amount of	
		excavated materials to be handled, number of dump trucks and	On the other hand, in terms of cumulative air impact form concurrent
		mechanical equipment to be used per time over the work site.	projects, it is assumed that similar mitigation measures for dust
		Please confirm whether there are any concurrent projects in the	

surrounding area and if positive, their cumulative air quality control should be adopted to minimize the air impact. So that, no
impact shall be addressed. adverse impact is expected.
6. Section 2.4.4 The suggested mitigation measures have been added to the report.
In view of the proximity of some ASRs to the Project boundary
(<10m), please consider the following enhanced dust mitigation
measures:
Adopt site hoarding at sufficient height close to those
concerned ASRs;
Locate the haul road away from those concerned ASRs;
Avoid dusty works or placing stockpiles near to those
concerned ASRs;
Minimization of unpaved, exposed earth by immediate
covering/ permanent paving as soon as the works have been
completed.
7. While we agree with the adoption of 20m buffer distance for The planned upgrade of Sha Tau Kok Road was proposed by a
conservative assessment, please provide the source of legislative council member. Corresponding news report can be found
reference for the "planned upgrade of Sha Tau Kok Road" and at 發展沙頭角成新旅遊中心 劉國勳倡設鐵路站及擴建公路作配套.
its classification as "Primary Distributor". Please clarify whether
the upgrade and the classification of Sha Tau Kok Road is
confirmed by the relevant authority or this is only the
conservative assumption for this AQIA.
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		Sha Tau Kok Road is explicitly classified as Rural Road by Transport
		Department. HKPSG does not cover the buffering distance
		requirement for Rural Road. The 20m buffering distance of Primary
		Distributor is adopted as a conservative approach in view of the
		potential air pollution from the heavy traffic flow.
		The corresponding sections has been revised and the description
		about "Primary Distributor" has been removed to prevent confusion.
8	3. Section 2.4.16	At this preliminary stage of the present application, the proposed STP
	Please provide the capacity of the STP and estimate its odour	is a membrane bioreactor plant. The preliminary treatment process
	impact to the ASRs by making reference to the approved EIA	and anticipated odour mitigation measures have been provided in the
	reports/ DIR submissions for STP with similar capacity. Also, the	revised report. However, detailed information in terms of STP data
	odour removal efficiency at the exhaust vent of the deodourizing	setting, detailed processes, odour emission rate and impact on the
	units should be at least 99.5%. Quantitative odour modelling	ASRs will be determined and provided at detailed design stage where
	may be necessary to demonstrate that no adverse odour impact	full set of the project information will be provided by the project team
	from the proposed development if no suitable reference could	for EPD and DSD further review. Nonetheless, the proposed
	be found. Please mark the proposed location of STP and the	anticipated mitigation measures highlighted in Section 2.4.21-2.4.27
	exhaust of its deodourizing units on a figure.	could help reduce the odour emission by 99.5% as required in Hong
		Kong.
		The preliminary sketch of the proposed STP will be provided in the
		revised SIA report.
	9. Figure 2-2	The eastern part of Hai Wing Road will be intercepted by the
	Please clarify why Hai Wing Road on the eastern side of the	construction activities. There will not be any traffic flow in that
	proposed development is not considered.	condition. Therefore, it will not be considered.

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Water Quality Perspective	
10. Sections 4.2.3 and 4.4	Revised to ProPECC PN2/23.
ProPECC PN 1/94 has been superseded by ProPECC PN 2/23.	
Please review and update the relevant content.	
11. Sections 4.2.4 and 4.4	Revised to ProPECC PN1/23.
ProPECC PN 5/93 has been superseded by ProPECC PN 1/23.	
Please review and update the relevant content.	
12. Section 4.3.8 It is noted that sewage generated from proposed	By considering the preliminary design information of the proposed
development will undergo proper treatment before discharge to	development, the capacity of the STP has been revised to 5,000
Ng Tung River, also it is noted from Section 3.2.3 of SIA that	m <sup>3</sup> /day. In term of discharge pathway, the outfall of the treatment
tertiary treatment sewage treatment plant (STP) with design	plant (treated water) should be connected to the existing drainage
capacity of ~7,000 m³ /day (maximum capacity 14,000 m³ /day)	system at Sha Tau Kok Road Lung Yuek Tau for discharge.
is proposed. Please elaborate details of the STP, e.g. treatment	
level, disposal pathway, emergency bypass for emergency	In terms of emergency bypass for emergency discharge, part of the
discharge of effluent at Section 4.3.8.	sewage might be pumped out for disposal through sewage truck, and
	the remaining quantity could be discharged through the manhole
	FMH1003633 at Sha Tau Kok Road Lung Yuek Tau to prevent
	overflow during the discharge. However, detailed information on the
	emergency plan, bypass discharge quantity percentage, efficient
	handling management system with detailed procedures will be
	provided at detailed design stage for EPD and DSD review.
	The emergency mitigation will be provided in the revised SIA report.

13. Section 4.4 Please incorporate preventive/mitigation measures	In terms of preventative measure for emergency discharge, the
regarding emergency discharge/potential sewage overflow at	project team will ensure no overflow during the bypass discharge to
STP.	manhole FMH1003633. Another important mitigation is the provision
	of underground sewers and terminal manhole with connection to
	FMH1003633 to anticipate the emergency discharge situation.
	However, detailed information on the proposed underground sewer
	and terminal manhole will be provided at the detailed design stage
	for EPD and DSD review before implementation. The short-term
	bypass and disposal may not have any adverse odour impact.
14. Section 4.4	The last sentence of conclusion section 4.5 has been modified to
Please be reminded that no adverse water quality impact to	emphasize that no adverse water quality impact is anticipated to
nearby watercourses should be resulted during construction	nearby watercourses.
and operation of the proposed development.	
Waste Management and Land Contamination Perspective	
15. Quite a number of comments have not been duly addressed,	Noted with thanks.
and the overall quality of the submissions (i.e., revised EA	
Report and R-to-C) is unsatisfactory. The Consultant is required	
to clarify further and address all technical errors and	
inconsistencies to avoid confusion and misinterpretation. The	
Consultant is also advised to review the entire waste	
management implications and land contamination chapters	
carefully and respond to every comment (including the subparts	
instead of selective response) comprehensively.	

	16. Response-to-Comment (39) – Section 5.1.1	In the previous revision of this report, it is suspected that asbestos
	Referring to the response to the previous comment (39), the	material may be present on site because corrugated asbestos
	"Code of Practices and Guidelines for Asbestos Control and	cement sheets was commonly used in temporary structure in the
	Handling" is considered irrelevant to this Study. Please carefully	past, especially the roof.
	review and update Section 5.1.1 as appropriate.	
		After reviewing the aerial photos, no solid evidence of the presence
		of asbestos on site area is found. All the section about asbestos
		within this report will be removed to prevent confusion. Nonetheless,
		further investigation should be provided by the project team with the
		qualified asbestos specialists to see whether evidence could be
		found out at the detailed design stage.
	17. Response-to-Comment (16) – Section 5.3.3	Within the proposed development, the site clearance work is almost
	The previous comments have not been duly addressed. In	equivalent to the demolition of existing buildings. And site formation
	addition to building demolition and site formation works, the	usually involves excavation and backfilling to form temporary assess
	Consultant shall clarify whether site clearance and excavation	and building platform for the later structure construction works. The
	works shall be considered major sources of C&D materials.	wording in that section has been modified to suit EPD concern.
	18. Response-to-Comment (17) – Section 5.3.4	It is agreed that using generation index from US is less accurate for
	(a) Please append the USEPA's Characterization of Building-	project in Hong Kong. Therefore, demolition waste index developed
	Related Construction and Demolition Debris in the United	from other cities in southern China, like Shanghai and Shenzhen, is
	States for clarity.	applied in the updated report, instead of the demolition waste index
	(b) Please confirm with the Project Engineer whether the	from USEPA.
	proposed GFA-based estimation method dated Year 1998 from	
	the USEPA is valid in estimating the quantity of demolition	All other section has been updated accordingly after updated of
	waste in this Project.	waste index.

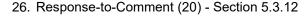
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(c) Please clarify the meaning of demolition generation rates.	
(d) If the estimation method is proven valid and reasonable,	
please clarify whether the nature of demolition waste shall be	
considered inert or non-inert.	
(e) Inconsistency in the volume estimation of demolition waste	(e): further elaboration on the captioned sections and table has been
is spotted between Section 5.3.4 and Table 5-3, the former	provided in the revised report.
suggests that the volume estimation would be subject to further	
investigation on the existing building, and the latter presents the	
estimated volume of inert C&D materials. Please elaborate on	
the conversion from mass to volume for clarity.	
19. Response-to-Comment (18) – Table 5-1	The consent from landlords is for the rezoning application, not for
(a) The response stated that the requested information (i.e., site	access of inspection.
area, floor height, and number of floors) was not available at this	
stage of the Study. Given that the topographical maps do not	However, we obtained the cover area of each structure at site from
consist of enough information for the estimation of GFA, please	the topographic map, then reasonably estimated the floor area based
carefully review the accuracy of the estimation and elaborate on	on the floor numbers.
the assumption adopted for further review and vetting.	
	More precise information and more accurate estimation will be
(b) According to Section 6.3.2, consent for access to the entire	provided for EPD review once building survey is done at the detailed
site has been granted by all landlords within the Project Site.	design stage.
The Consultant shall conduct a site inspection to verify the	
assumption and site condition.	
20. Section 5.3.5	
(a) Please revise "paving waste" as "waste generated from the	(a) Noted and revised.

removal of paving slabs" to avoid confusion.	(b) Actually, based on the application form NO.12A, the proposed
(b) Please note that the redevelopment sites consist of the land	development area of 22,445m <sup>2</sup> site area has already included the
of various lots with an area of 22,445m2 in D.D. 83, and the	1,358m² government land. So, the calculation of removal of paving
adjoining government land with an area of about 1,358m². 95%	slabs is correct.
of the Site Area shall be 22,613m2 [(22,445m² + 1,358m² ) x	22.445
95%], please review and update the calculation as appropriate.	(c) Site Area 申請地點面積 22,445 sq.m 平方米 ☑ About 釣
	2 Parts 1, 2 and 3 第 1、第 2 及第 3 部分
	Form No. S12A 表格第 S12A 號
	(d) Area of Government land included (if any) 1,358
	所包括的政府土地面積(倘有) sq.m 平方米 ☑ About 約
21. Response-to-Comment (20) - Section 5.3.6 Please graphically	The basement plan has been added to the report as Figure 5-2.
indicate the location of the areas which require deep excavation	
as a figure or appendix of the EA Report submission.	
22. Sections 5.3.7 and 5.3.8 Please clarify the meaning of building	The wording "building waste" has been replaced by "waste from
waste and consider revising it as waste generated from	superstructure"
superstructure works to avoid confusion.	
23. Sections 5.3.9 to 5.3.11	(a) It is noticed that the referencing book A Guide for Managing and
(a) Given that the proposed development comprises residential	Minimizing Building and Demolition Waste was published in 2003.
and non-domestic portions, the Consultant is advised to review	The waste index was developed from statistic back to 1990s, which
whether the "waste index" for private housing projects is	was likely outdated.
representative of the estimation of the quantity of C&D materials	
generated from superstructure works for the entire project.	The updated report has made reference to Report on Strategy for
(b) The Consultant shall review whether Table 3.3 of Appendix	Management and Reduction of Construction and Demolition Waste
	<ul> <li>(b) Please note that the redevelopment sites consist of the land of various lots with an area of 22,445m² in D.D. 83, and the adjoining government land with an area of about 1,358m². 95% of the Site Area shall be 22,613m² [(22,445m² + 1,358m²) x 95%], please review and update the calculation as appropriate.</li> <li>21. Response-to-Comment (20) - Section 5.3.6 Please graphically indicate the location of the areas which require deep excavation as a figure or appendix of the EA Report submission.</li> <li>22. Sections 5.3.7 and 5.3.8 Please clarify the meaning of building waste and consider revising it as waste generated from superstructure works to avoid confusion.</li> <li>23. Sections 5.3.9 to 5.3.11 <ul> <li>(a) Given that the proposed development comprises residential and non-domestic portions, the Consultant is advised to review whether the "waste index" for private housing projects is representative of the estimation of the quantity of C&amp;D materials generated from superstructure works for the entire project.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	F could be adopted to proportion inert and non-inert C&D	in Hong Kong published by Construction Industry Council in 2017 to
	materials. If affirmative, the Consultant shall provide reasonable	provide a more accurate estimation.
	justification as supporting information.	
		(b)The waste estimation is not referred to the Table 3.3 which has
		been removed from the revised report. Waste index reference from
		Report on Strategy for Management and Reduction of Construction
		and Demolition Waste in Hong Kong has been applied in the revised
		report.
	24. Response-to-Comment (21) -Appendix F	(a) As separated domestic and non-domestic use waste index in
	(a) The previous comment has not been duly addressed.	Hong Kong could not be found, therefore, available waste index from
	According to page 4 of Appendix F, the generation rate of	Report on Strategy for Management and Reduction of Construction
	construction waste is in the range of 0.125 m³ /m2 to 0.175m³	and Demolition Waste in Hong Kong is applied in the revised report.
	/m² . Nevertheless, among the three building categories, the	
	smallest waste index equals to 0.175m³ /m² , please clarify	(b)Our waste calculation was not referred to the generation rate of
	whether there are other waste indexes available from the	0.125m3/m2 which was extracted from A Guide for Managing and
	reference source that could more representatively define the	Minimizing Building and Demolition Waste (C.S. Poon, 2001). This
	generation rate for non-domestic uses and sewage treatment	reference has been removed from the revised report.
	plant as stated in Section 1.3.	
	(b) Please clarify which land use does the generation rate of	
	0.125 m³ /m2 refers to.	
	25. Response-to-Comment (22) - Section 5.3.10	(a)Making reference to Report on Strategy for Management and
	(a) The previous comment has not been duly addressed. The	Reduction of Construction and Demolition Waste in Hong Kong (CIC,
	Consultant shall note that (i) some of the construction activities	2017), the inert/non-inert ratio adopted for calculation will be taken
	would generate more inert C&D materials / non-inert C&D	as 52.9 : 47.1 in the updated report.

materials, and (ii) some inert C&D materials were reused in the same development project or disposed of at sorting facilities (excluded in the preparation of waste statistics). The current assumption, with 93% of construction wastes regarded as inert in nature, is inaccurate, of which the misinterpretation of information from the reference material may lead to significant errors in the estimation. The Consultant is advised to review the estimation approach carefully.

- (b) The current estimation approach, without considering the nature of development, construction activities and site-specific conditions, could not accurately reflect the project requirement and proportion of inert C&D materials. The Consultant is advised to review and update the estimation rationale as appropriate.
- (c) The Consultant shall specify which part of Plate 2.12 of Monitoring of Solid Waste in Hong Kong Waste Statistics for 2021 shows the quantity of inert C&D materials that were reused on-site to avoid confusion.



- (a) The second sentence is incomplete, of which the anticipated excavation depth was not discussed. Please carefully review and update the information as appropriate.
- (b) The Consultant is advised to review and update the

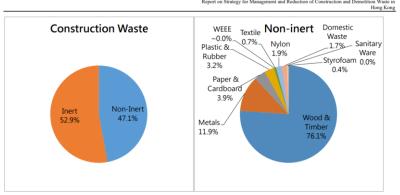


Figure 4 Sorting results of All Sites

- (b)At this preliminary design stage, detailed information is not available for specific condition as per the comment. Therefore, the 52.9:47.1 ratio as proposed by CIC, is applied to be representative.
- (c) In fact, the onsite reused quantity on Waste Statistic for 2021 was not used as reference. The reuse of inert C&D is tentatively proposed by project team at 20% at this preliminary design stage. However, detailed procedures on site in terms of sorting, segregation, detailed waste reduction strategy shall be provided at the detailed design stage.

(a)The excavation depth and area are provided in Table 5-1 of the revised report.

(b) The quantity has been revised in the updated report.

estimated quantity of excavated soil as per Comment (25)	
below.	
27. Response-to-Comment (20) - Table 5-2	(a)"Floor Height + Estimated Depth of Structure" means that the
(a) Please clarify and elaborate on the meaning of "Floor	thickness of the slabs should also be considered in addition to the
Height + Estimated Depth for Structure".	floor height. To avoid confusion, the table title has been changed to
	"Floor Height + Slab Thickness"
(b) The proposed depth of excavation does not tally with the	
basement headroom as illustrated in the revised Master	(b)The level shown in the Master Layout Plan is the floor level of each
Layout Plan (i.e., Section A-A: 4m for B1/F; Section B-B:	basement. Depth of excavation refers to the vertical thickness of soil
5.75m for B1/F, Section C-C: 5.75m for B1/F and 3.5m for	layer to be excavated to construct the basement. That column with
B2/F) in Enclosure 2 of the Planning Statement. Please	the table has been changed to below ground level to avoid confusion.
review and update as appropriate.	So, our estimation of excavation in the report seems to be correct.
(c) Please clarify the meaning of "maximum 10m".	(c)Thanks for your observation. The floor level of B2/F is at 9.9mbgl,
	which is also the deepest level. The number has been revised
	accordingly.
28. Response-to-Comment (25) - Table 5-3	
(a) Please review and update the estimation per the comments	(a) The table has been revised.
above.	
(b) Inconsistencies in the estimated volume of excavated soil	(b) The inconsistencies have been revised.
have been identified between Table 5-2 (i.e., 111,895m³)	
and Table 5-3 (i.e., 157,550m³), please thoroughly review	
and properly update the figures.	

		(c) The previous comment has not been duly addressed.	(c) Your concern about the accuracy of this factor is well noted. To
		According to the previously approved EIA Report of Hong Kong	avoid further confusion, the volume to weight factor from USEPA has
		- Zhuhai - Macao Bridge Hong Kong Boundary Crossing	been applied in the revised report.
		Facilities (AEIAR-145/2019), different soil and rock materials	
		densities were adopted. Applying 1.8 tonnes/m³ as a universal	
		conversion factor for all inert C&D wastes in this Project may	
		not be appropriate. The Consultant is advised to provide	
		justification and elaborate on the reason for considering 1.8	
		tonnes/m³ as the "most updated factor".	
		29. Section 5.3.14	The quantity of inert material has been reviewed and revised in Table
		Some components, such as the quantity of inert C&D material	5-3.
		anticipated from soil excavation, do not tally between Table 5-2	
		(i.e., 111,895m³) and Table 5-3 (i.e., 157,550m³). Please	
		carefully review the total quantity of inert C&D materials to be	
		generated in the first six months of the project construction and	
		update the calculation as appropriate.	
		30. Response-to-Comment (27) - Section 5.3.15	
		(a) The Consultant shall provide quantity estimation instead of	(a) The quantity estimation has been provided in Table 5-3.
		the target of the Project Team in the evaluation of waste	
		implications related to the management of inert C&D materials.	
		According to the information provided in Section 5.3, an on-site	
		recycle/reuse rate of 6% was identified instead of the targeted	
		10%. Please review and rectify the estimation accordingly.	
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- (b) Figures and calculations in this paragraph are confusing. Please carefully review whether the assumption of 10% recycle/reuse rates is reasonable, in particular, the waste generated from the removal of paving is about 4,265m3, whereas a quantity of approximately 10,000m3 was assumed for re-profiling.
- (b) The reuse of inert C&D is tentatively proposed by project team at 20%(from demolition and excavation waste) at this preliminary design stage in the revised report. However, detailed procedures on site in terms of sorting, segregation, detailed waste reduction and reuse strategy shall be provided at the detailed design stage.
- (c) Please note that the delivery designation of inert C&D materials is subject to the designation by the Public Fill Committee according to DEVB TC(W) No.6/2010.
- (c) Noted with thanks.

- (d) Please carefully review and update the estimation of the daily generation rate of inert C&D material at the site formation stage of the Project.
- (d) The estimation of daily inert C&D material depends on the detailed demolition procedure and period, detailed superstructure procedure and period and also detailed excavation procedure and period. Therefore, the total waste at this preliminary design stage is tentatively and roughly estimated in the report. The daily estimation of dump truck trip in the report is therefore tentatively only. Detailed information on the waste generation activity in terms of procedures, time, and specific quantity will be provided at detailed design stage.
- (e) Please review whether it is reasonable to assume a maximum capacity of 50 tonnes for a normal dump truck. If it is deemed reasonable, please provide the specification and
- (e) The number is revised to 7.5m³ as dump truck loading capacity.

	catalogue of the vehicle for further vetting and to avoid	
	confusion.	(f) The number has been revised based on the tentative estimate
		from the project team.
	(f) The Consultant is advised to update the estimation of the	
	number of dump trucks as per sub-comments (d) and (e) above.	(g) "Flexible construction methodology, waste sorting and
		management plan" means design for future reuse of construction
	(g) Please elaborate and clarify the meaning of "flexible	material (at the demolition stage) without wasting resources. This
	construction methodology, waste sorting and management	also incorporate waste reduction at this stage of the design to
	plan" as stated in the R-to-C Table.	minimize resource wastage and disposal.
31.	. Response-to-Comment (28) - Section 5.3.16	The C&DMMP requires detailed procedure of each step of
	Rather than providing general requirements of C&DMMP in	construction stage, mitigation, construction methodology, and
	terms of the generation quantity of C&D materials, the	detailed waste management plan, that will be provided at the detailed
	Consultant is advised to provide project-specific information	design stage or before detailed design stage (if available) for EPD
	and elaborate on the requirement of this Project.	and CEDD review.
32	. Response-to-Comment (19) - Section 5.3.17	
	(a) Please review and elaborate on the causal relationship	(a) The sentence has been removed to avoid confusion.
	between the preparation of C&DMMP and the existence of	
	adverse waste implications related to the management of C&D	
	materials.	
	(b) The sentence is confusing. Please elaborate on the	(b) The sentence has been removed. The C&DMMP requires
	meaning of "if the C&DMMP can be drafted and followed".	detailed procedure of each step of construction stage, mitigation,
		construction methodology, and detailed waste management plan,
		that will be provided at the detailed design stage or before detailed
		design stage (if available) for EPD and CEDD review.

(c) The Consultant shall elaborate on the appropriate design, general layout, construction methods and programme that have been considered to minimize the generation of public fill/inert C&D materials and maximize the use of public fill/inert C&D materials for other construction works.	(c) Detailed design information on the project will be provided in the detailed design stage for EPD review.
(d) The previous comment has not been duly addressed. Please consider revising the first sentence as follows and remove the last sentence as appropriate.  "Given the above With the proper implementation of the good site practice and recommended mitigation measures as discussed in Section 5.4, no adverse waste impact from the handling, transportation or disposal of inert C&D materials is anticipated during construction of the Proposed Development is anticipated if the C&DMMP can be drafted and followed."	(d) The sentences have been revised.
<ul> <li>33. Response-to-Comment (19) and (31) - Sections 5.3.18 and 5.3.27</li> <li>(a) Please carefully review and update the source of reference material, of which the approved EIA Report shall be revised as "AEIAR-145/2019" instead of "AERAR – 14/2019".</li> <li>(b) Please revise "non-inert waste" as "non-inert C&amp;D waste" to avoid confusion in Section 5.3.18.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>(a) The captioned EIA is no longer used as reference in the revised report.</li><li>(b) The word has been revised.</li></ul>

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(c) The previous comment has not been duly addressed. The previously approved EIA Report of Hong Kong – Zhuhai – Macao Bridge Hong Kong Boundary Crossing Facilities (AEIAR-145/2019) does not state that the density of 1.0 tonnes/m³ was assumed in the assessment and evaluation. Please review and supplement the extracted pages for supporting information and thoroughly review the entire	(c) The captioned EIA is no longer used as reference in the revised report.
submission.	
34. Response-to-Comment (30) - Section 5.3.19	
(a) The Consultant shall note that the absence of a local GFA-	(a) As agreed with the project team, the USEPA method for
based estimation method is not considered as a reasonable	estimating demolition waste generation rate has been replaced with
justification to support the adoption of the USEPA method. The	another reference Estimating and calibrating the amount of building-
Consultant shall carefully review and confirm the validity of its	related construction and demolition waste in urban China.
application with the Project Engineer.	
(b) Please clarify whether the estimated quantity of non-inert	(b) Table 5-1 has covered all identified existing structure.
C&D materials covers all five industrial buildings and residential	
buildings as specified in Table 5-1.	
(c) The previous comment has not been duly addressed. The	(c) The location of the existing structure has been provided in
Consultant shall graphically present the location and extent of	Figure 5-1.
the concerned building and temporary structures and provide	
the site area for further review and vetting.	

The response "The temporary structures are still under review	
and will be completed by the project team before construction"	
is unsatisfactory and could not substantiate the validity of the	
quantity estimation and assumptions adopted. According to	
Section 6.3.2, consent for access to the site has been granted	
by all landlords within the Project Site. The Consultant shall	
conduct a site inspection to verify the assumption and site	
condition.	
(d) The estimation of building GFA does not tally between Table	(d) The estimation of floor area has been revised by using CFA for
5-1 (i.e., 7,493m²) and Section 5.3.19 (i.e., 5,379m²). Please	consistency with the referencing Estimating and calibrating the
review and clarify.	amount of building-related construction and demolition waste in
	urban China.
(e) The Consultant is advised to elaborate on the calculation for	(e) The calculation has been revised.
the generation of 3,018 tonnes of non-inert C&D material from	
building demolition works.	
(f) Please clarify why adopting the same generation rate for	(f) By adopting the new reference, the generation rate of
buildings in different materials is considered appropriate.	demolition of steel and concrete structure has been considered
	separately.
35. Response-to-Comment (22) - Section 5.3.20	
(a) The previous comment has not been duly addressed. The	(a) In the revised report, the waste generation during each stage of
Consultant shall note that (i) some of the construction activities	construction period has been calculated separately.

	would generate more inert C&D materials / non-inert C&D	
	materials, and (ii) some inert C&D materials were reused in the	
	same development project or disposed of at sorting facilities	
	(excluded in the preparation of waste statistics). The current	
	assumption, with 6% of construction wastes regarded as non-	
	inert in nature, is inaccurate, of which the misinterpretation of	
	information from the reference material may lead to significant	
	errors in the estimation. The Consultant is advised to review the	
	estimation approach carefully.	
	(b) The current estimation approach, without considering the	(b)The estimation has been updated by adopting a more updated
	nature of development, construction activities and site-specific	reference from CIC 5.3.13 The Report on Strategy for Management
	conditions, could not accurately reflect the project requirement	and Reduction of Construction and Demolition Waste in Hong Kong.
	and proportion of non-inert C&D materials. The Consultant is	However, detailed information on construction procedure will be
	advised to review and update the estimation rationale as	provided in detailed design stage.
	appropriate.	
	36. Response-to-Comment (32) - Section 5.3.23	(a) Disposal at Y park may not be necessary since there is no
	(a) The previous comment has not been duly addressed. The	significant vegetation or tree to be removed from the site.
	Consultant shall note that Yard Waste Recycling Centre (Y-	
	PARK) are not responsible for recycling all types of non-inert	
	C&D materials. Please specify the components of waste that	
	are suitable for recycling at Y-PARK.	
	(b) The disposal site for non-inert C&D materials shall be	(b) Revised as suggested.
	agreed upon with EPD instead of CEDD. Please review and	
	rectify accordingly	

- 37. Response-to-Comment (33) Section 5.3.23
  - (a) Referring to the response in the R-to-C table, the Consultant shall provide quantity estimation instead of the target of the Project Team in the evaluation of waste implications related to the management of non-inert C&D materials. Please clarify whether the 10% recovery rate has been confirmed by the Project Engineer.
- (a) The reuse percentage as agreed with the project engineer, has been revised to 20% for demolition and excavation material.

- (b) Please elaborate on the "flexible construction methodology, waste sorting and management plan" that could help recover non-inert C&D materials.
- (b) "flexible construction methodology, waste sorting and management plan" means the design that consider waste reduction strategy, both inert and non-inert for the non-inert material in terms of timber, woods, formworks, rebar, etc, the design considers minimizing the use od material at the construction stage. Multiple reuse and full reuse at the future demolition stage to avoid material wastage.
- (c) Referring to the R-to-C table and the revised EA report, the previous comment has not been duly addressed. The Consultant shall note that the transportation arrangement mentioned in Section 5.3.15 is exclusively for the management of inert C&D materials. Please separately assess the requirements for non-inert C&D materials to avoid confusion.
- (c) The calculation has been revised separately.

- (d) Please revise "non-inert materials" as "non-inert C&D
- (d) Has been revised.

materials" to avoid confusion.	
38. Response-to-Comment (19) - Section 5.3.25	The sentences have been revised.
The previous comment has not been duly addressed. Please	
consider revising the paragraph as follows:	
"Given the above With the proper implementation of the good	
site practice and recommended mitigation measures as	
discussed in Section 5.4, no adverse waste impact from the	
handling, transportation or disposal of non-inert C&D materials	
is anticipated during construction of the Proposed Development	
is anticipated. Control measures are proposed in Section 5.4	
for the identified waste management implications."	
39. Response-to-Comment (33) - Section 5.3.28	As agreed with the project engineer and project team, the
The Consultant has already estimated the daily generation rate	construction period has been revised to 5 years (60 months).
of general refuse during the construction phase, it is considered	Estimation of general refuse has been revised accordingly in Table
unnecessary to re-convert the total estimated quantity	5-3.
throughout the entire construction period back to the quantity	Also, the captioned sentence has been revised in Section 5.3.16.
per day. Please consider revising the sentence as follows to	However, detailed information on the waste management procedure,
avoid confusion.	waste reduction, including the general refuse should be provided at
"An estimated It is estimated that approximately 40.6 tonnes of	the detailed design stage for EPD review before the construction.
general refuse may be generated throughout the entire 24	
months construction period, equivalent to around 0.07 tpd on	
average."	
40. Response-to-Comment (19) - Section 5.3.30	The revised paragraph has been added to Section 5.5 as summary
The previous comment has not been duly addressed. Please	of mitigation measures.

consider revising the paragraph as follows:	
"Given the above With the proper implementation of the good	
site practice and recommended mitigation measures as	
discussed in Section 5.4, no adverse waste impact from the	
handling, transportation or disposal of general refuse is	
anticipated during construction of the Proposed Development	
is anticipated. Control measures are proposed in Section 5.4	
for the identified waste management implications."	
41. Section 5.3.33	
(a) Please specify the meaning of "licensed collector" to avoid	(a)The wording about "licensed collector" has been removed.
confusion.	
(b) Please elaborate on the disposal site for the asbestos-	(b) The ACMs will be transported to EPD Chemical Waste Treatment
containing wastes.	Centre.
42. Section 5.3.35	Detailed waste management procedures, mitigation measures, and
The Consultant is advised to review whether mitigation	detailed construction procedure to minimize the waste, should be
measures and good practices would be properly implemented	provided at the detailed design stage for EPD review before the
for the handling and disposal of asbestos-containing materials.	construction.
If affirmative, please supplement the relevant information for	
further review.	
43. Response-to-Comment (40) - Section 5.3.36	The word "licensed collector" has been removed.
Please specify the meaning of "licensed collector" to avoid	
confusion (i.e., licensed chemical waste collector).	
44. Section 5.3.37	It has been added to Section 5.5.25

"With the proper implementation of the good site practice and	
recommended mitigation measures as discussed in Section	
5.4, no adverse waste impact from the handling, transportation	
or disposal of chemical waste during the construction of the	
Proposed Development is anticipated."	
45. Response-to-Comment (42) - Table 5-4	
(a) Please carefully review and update the estimation per the	(a)The table has been fully updated.
comments above, particularly those related to soil excavation.	
(b) The previous comment has not been duly addressed.	(b) The table has been updated. The relevant description has been
Please revise "Residual C&D Waste" as "Residual inert C&D	removed.
materials".	
(c) Public Fill Reception Facilities are inappropriate outlets for	(c)The disposal arrangement has been updated in Section 5.5.13 -
non-inert C&D material. The Consultant is advised to review	5.5.15
and update the information as appropriate.	
(d) Please review whether CWTC is an appropriate disposal	(d) The ACM will be disposed to landfill upon agreement with EPD.
site for asbestos-containing materials as per the Code of	
Practice on the Handling, Transportation and Disposal of	
Asbestos Wastes.	
46. Sections 5.3.42 to 5.3.45	
(a) According to Section 1, a commercial complex is proposed	(a) The General refuse estimation from commercial complex has
in this Project, please estimate and evaluate the waste	been provided in the up[dated report.
implications associated with the general refuse from the C&I	
sources during the operation phase.	

	(b) At present, most of Hong Kong's food waste is disposed of	(b) The suggestion has been added by discussing the possibility of
	at landfills together with other municipal solid waste (MSW). In	waste segregation in operation phase.
	2021, some 11,358tonnes of MSW were disposed of at landfills	
	daily. About 3,437 tonnes (30%) of these were food waste,	
	constituting the largest MSW category. The Project Proponent	
	shall review and explore the possibility of collecting food waste	
	alongside other recyclables from both the proposed residential	
	and commercial developments alongside other recyclables	
	during the operation phase.	
4	47. Response-to-Comment (19) - Section 5.3.47	The sludge cake estimation has been added in Section 5.5.
	(a) Please provide quantity estimation and elaborate on the	
	handling and disposal arrangement of the sludge cake.	
	(b) Please clarify whether chemical wastes is anticipated during	
	the operation phase, in particular, from the operation of STP.	
4	48. Response-to-Comment (19) - Section 5.4.8	The inconsistency has been revised by removing the section about
	The previous comment has not been duly addressed. The	food waste generation in construction stage.
	handling arrangement of food waste does not tally between	
	Section 5.3.29 and Section 5.4.8, please review and clarify as	
	appropriate.	
4	49. Section 5.4.9	The discussion of chemical waste and ACM has been separated.
	The paragraph is confusing. The Consultant is reminded not to	
	discuss the handling arrangement and mitigation measures for	
	chemical waste and asbestos-containing materials in the same	
	paragraph to avoid confusion.	

50. Section 5.4.12	It has been revised.
Please revise the last sentence as follows:	
"The waste management hierarchy is a concept which shows	
the desirability of various waste management methods and	
comprises the following in order of descending preference:"	
51. Section 5.4.13	The discussion about sludge cake has been added in Section 5.5.28.
(a) Please clarify whether alternatives for the disposal of sludge	
cake has been explored.	
(b) The Consultant shall elaborate on the disposal requirement	
of sludge cake (e.g., moisture content) at the landfill sites.	
(c) Please clarify whether chemical waste is anticipated during	
the routine operation or maintenance of the STP.	
52. Section 5.4.14	Detailed procedures for handling general refuse could be provided at
]The Consultant is advised to elaborate on the recycling	the detailed design stage.
arrangement of general refuse in both the proposed residential	
and commercial developments.	
53. Section 5.5.1	The type of waste during construction phase has been added.
The Consultant is advised to elaborate on the types of waste	
anticipated during the construction phase.	
54. Response-to-Comment (49) - Section 5.5.2	
(a) The entire paragraph, "During the operation phase, the	(a) the confusing sentence has been removed.
major type of waste generated will be domestic wastes	
generated from residents of the Proposed Development. Since	
domestic waste will be collected on a regular basis by waste	

	collectors and will be disposed of at landfill, and domestic waste	
	will be collected on a regular basis by FEHD or licenced	
	collector, and will be disposed at a landfill managed by EPD, no	
	adverse waste impacts from handling, transportation or	
	disposal are anticipated during operation."; is confusing, please	
	review and update as appropriate.	
	(b) In addition, please review whether sludge cake and	(b) The waste generation from STP has been added to Section
	chemical wastes are anticipated during the operation phase.	5.5.28.
55	. Response-to-Comment (50) - Section 6	The discussion on land contamination issued has been revised in
	In addition to the submission requirements, the Consultant is	Section 6.4.4 and 6.4.5.
	advised to elaborate on the method statement for identification	
	and evaluation of the land contamination potential of the site.	
	Please specify that documentary justifications shall be	
	supplemented to substantiate whether there is any potential	
	land contamination issue arising from the past and present land	
	use activities on the proposed development site through	
	desktop review and site survey (e.g., site's land use history,	
	aerial photos, site visit photos, spillage records, potential	
	contamination sources, etc.).	
56	i. Response-to-Comment (53) - Section 6.3.2	The discussion on land contamination issued has been revised in
	Please clarify what kind of consents were granted by other	Section 6.4.4 and 6.4.5.
	landlords within the Project Site.	

	57. Response-to-Comment (54) - Section 6.4.3	Even though these activities were observed on site, the site is fully
	(a) In addition to storing construction materials, fuel-driven	paved and cleaned. There is no evidence for land contamination
	machinery such as forklifts were observed from the site	observed. However, further investigation should be provided at the
	photographic records; please review and elaborate on the	detailed design stage to clarify this issue.
	evaluation of land contamination potential.	
	(b) The Consultant shall supplement site photographic records	
	to show the paving conditions and the construction materials	
	stored under all the temporary structures (i.e., warehouse).	
	58. Appendix G	The location of the workshop and warehouse can be found at Figure
	The Consultant is advised to supplement indicative markup to	5-1. There is no evidence of land contamination observation on site.
	show the locations of potential contamination of land use, such	However, further investigation should be done by the project team to
	as (i) open area storage, (ii) vehicle maintenance activities, and	clarify this issue.
	(iii) warehouse operation.	
	59. Response-to-Comment (56) and (60) - Section 6.4.4	
	(a) Please clarify why no maintenance works and chemical	(a) Section 6.4.4 and 6.4.5 has been revised to avoid confusion. At
	storage are anticipated for the use of fuel-driven machinery,	this stage, there is no evidence of land contamination issues.
	including but not limited to crawler cane and forklifts. The	However, further investigation should be done by the project team to
	Consultant shall also elaborate on the site condition, including	clarify this issue.
	but not limited to (i) the presence of oil stain, (ii) paving	
	conditions, (iii) chemical/chemical waste storage areas and (iv)	
	housekeeping conditions.	
	(b) Without information related to the nature of the business	
	and the paving condition of Shun Cheong Electrical Products	
	Factory Limited, off-site land contamination potential cannot be	

ruled out. The Consultant shall also supplement the site	
photographic records to substantiate the site observation.	
(c) The evaluation of the land contamination potential of the	
vehicle maintenance workshop and open storage yards has not	
been covered in the site walkover. Please supplement site	
photographic records and elaborate further.	
60. Response-to-Comment (56) - Section 6.4.5	(a) The contradicted section has been revised.
(a) The first sentence, "Based on recorded nature of the past	There is no evidence of potential land contamination at this stage.
and present land use activities, no obvious contamination issue	However, further investigation should be done by the project team to
was identified. Nevertheless, there is still potential land	clarify this issue.
contamination issues associated with the previous and current	
activities, including open storage yards and vehicle	
maintenance works" is confusing. Please clarify whether there	
is potential for land contamination from past and current land	
use and activities within the Project Site.	
(b) It is understood that some locations remain in operation, the	(b) If there is evidence of potential land contamination after our
Consultant may further devise sampling and testing	further investigation at the detailed design stage, the standard
methodology and the sampling locations upon site reappraisal.	procedure for handling land contamination in terms of sampling,
The Consultant shall specify such requirements in the main text	CAP, etc, should be followed.
as appropriate.	
(c) Despite the exact sampling locations yet being finalized, the	(c) Ditto.
Consultant is advised to graphically indicate and elaborate on	

the areas with land contamination potential.	
61. Response-to-Comment (55) - Appendix H	
(a) The previous comment has not been duly addressed. The	(a) Additional photos have been provided in the revised report for
resolution of the photographic records is poor in general,	your checking.
please review and update as appropriate.	
(b) The photographic records did not cover (i) internal condition	(b) Ditto.
and operation under all temporary structures with warehouse	
operation, (ii) the vehicle maintenance workshops, and (iii) off-	
site contamination sources. Please review and supplement.	
(c) Please clarify where the photographs on Pages 2-4 of the	(c) Photo 2 is taken within the open storage yard, photo 3 to 4 are
Appendix were taken from.	taken within warehouse.
(d) Given that various land uses and operations were identified	(d) As mentioned for other comments, there is no evidence of
from the site walkover and desktop review, the Consultant is	potential land contamination issue during the site visit. However,
advised to evaluate their land contamination potential	further investigation should be done to clarify this issue at the detailed
individually through separate site walkover checklists.	design stage.
	(e) There was not any specific storage for lubricating oil tanks.
	However, some lubrication oil tank stockpiling area is observed on
(e) The site walkover checklist shows that lubricating oils are	site entrance as shown in Photo 26.
used in daily operations; please clarify and locate the storage	
area and supplement relevant site photographic records for	

further vetting.

- (f) According to the questionnaire with the existing land user and field observation summarized in the site walkover checklist, chemicals were stored in drums with secondary containment. The Consultant shall supplement enough information for justification and further review.
- (g) The previous comment has not been duly addressed. According to the site walkover checklist, chemical waste is regularly generated from Carlton Woodcraft Manufacturing Ltd and is currently collected by a licensed chemical waste collector. Such information does not tally with the record provided by the EPD, which is enclosed in Appendix I. Please carefully review and seek clarification with the relevant section of EPD on the registry of chemical waste producers and the Project Proponent. The Consultant shall urgently review the requirement for the registration of CWP and the potential violation of the relevant regulation of Cap. 354.
- (h) Tung Chun Soy Sauce and Canned Food Company Limited are considered potential off-site sources of contamination. The Consultant shall evaluate and elaborate on the condition and

f) There is no evidence of potential land contamination.

(g) The EPD record provided in Appendix I is related to the past story of the site with no record on chemical incident and land contamination issues. Also, the site visit did not suspect any potential land contamination issue at this moment.

(h) The operation condition of Tung Chun Soy Sauce and Canned Food Company Limited should be further investigated to see whether there is any possible land contamination way and impact to the proposed development site. This should be clarified at the detailed design stage.

	(2) 01 11 (2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 7
operation of the concerned site for clarity.	(i) Observed location is highlighted in photo 27.
(i) The previous comment has not been duly addressed. It is	
noted that lubricating oil is used regularly for PME	
maintenance; please graphically indicate the storage location	
and supplement site photos for evaluating the site conditions	
and existence of hotspots such as oil stains and potential	
spillage and leakage of chemicals.	
62. Response-to-Comment (58) - Section 6.4.6	(a) Simply speaking, background research means investigation on
(a) Please clarify the meaning of "background research"	past story of chemical usage on site and past incident or chemical
regarding the "chemical spillage, incident and accidental	spillage issue on site.
chemical issues" as mentioned in the first sentence.	
(b) The second sentence, "Also, we did receive the	(b) We receive EPD and FSD letters for no record of chemical issue
confirmation from EPD and FSD of chemical incident", is	of past on site. The sentence has been revised accordingly in Section
confusing, please review and update as appropriate.	6.4.6.
(c) The previous comment has not been duly addressed. The	(c) EPD and FSD letters only stated about previous chemical
finding of no record of valid/invalid chemical waste producers,	incidents or issues record. The presence of storage, workshop or
as enclosed in Appendix I, contradicts the questionnaire taken	lubricating oil tanks stockpiling did not show any potential land
in the site walkover checklist. Please confirm that further	contamination issue on site during site visit. So, there is no
clarification with the relevant section of EPD has been	contradiction between FSD/EPD letters and site visit checklist.
conducted and supplement the relevant correspondence for the	

record.	
63. Response-to-Comment (59) – Section 6.5.1	(a) Further investigation should be done at Shun Cheong Electrical
(a) The Consultant shall summarize and indicate the locations	Products and Tung Chun Soy Sauce and Canned Food Company
that may require further SI works to evaluate the land	Limited or some nearby factories area to see whether there is any
contamination potential.	possible land contamination connection from those external areas to
	the development site at the detailed design stage.
(b) The second sentence, "It is expected that no land use	(b)The sentence has been revised to avoid confusion in Section
changes and additional hotspot will be introduced to the project	6.5.1. As previously mentioned, further investigation will be done to
site prior to the development", is confusing. Given that the	check whether there any external source of land contamination with
concerned sites are still in operation. There is no way to	connection to site at the detailed design stage.
ascertain that no land use change or additional hotspots are	
anticipated prior to land resumption, especially since different	
land users currently control the lots. The Consultant shall	
adequately review and address the previous comment (59)	
regarding the requirements of site reappraisal. Considering the	
accessibility issues and the potential land use	
changes/additional hotspots, the Consultant must conduct	
further site appraisal within the whole Project Site prior to site	
clearance to confirm/update the land uses/activities and identify	
the presence of any additional potential contamination sources.	
(c) The finding of the investigation is currently incomplete; we	(c) Further investigation will be detailed design stage accordingly.
will reserve our comments on the conclusion of the land	

Request for Amendment to the Approved Lung Yeuk Tau and Kwan Tei South Outline Zoning Plan No.S/NE-LYT/19 from "Residential (Group C)" Zone and "Agriculture" Zone to "Residential (Group A)2" Zone at Various Lots in D.D. 83 and Adjoining Government Land in D.D. 83, Lung Yeuk Tau, New Territories

Further Information (5) Responses-to-Comments Table 30 January 2024

	contamination chapter in the subsequent submission.	