S12A Application for Amendment of Plan for Proposed Innovation and Technology Hub at Various Lots in D.D. 82 and D.D. 86 and Adjoining Government Land, Man Kam To, New Territories (Application No. Y/NE-MKT/1)
Responses to Departmental Comments – December 2024

Appendix B

Revised Traffic Impact Assessment Application for Amendment of Plan Under Section 12A of the Town Planning Ordinance (Cap. 131) for Proposed Innovation and Technology Hub at Various Lots in D.D. 82 and D.D. 86 and Adjoining Government Land, Man Kam To, New Territories

Traffic Impact Assessment Report

3rd Formal Submission | December 2024

This report takes into account the particular instructions and requirements of our client. It is not intended for and should not be relied upon by any third party and no responsibility is undertaken to any third party.

Job number 287082-02

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

- 1.1.1 The Application Site is located at Various Lots in D.D. 82 & D.D. 86 and Adjoining Government Land, Man Kam To, New Territories. It is currently zoned as mainly in Agriculture ("AGR"), and minor parts in Green Belt ("GB"), Government, Institution or Community ("G/IC") under the Approved Man Kam To (MKT) Outline Zoning Plan (OZP) No. S/NE-MKT/4 (the OZP). The location of Application Site is shown in **Figure 1.1**.
- 1.1.2 The Applicant proposes amendments to rezone the Application Site with a sizeable site area of about 125,863m² (Development site area of about 102,461m²) into an Innovation and Technology Hub with Ancillary Facilities (the "Indicative Scheme"), subject to a non-domestic gross floor area (GFA) of 365,180m², which consists of R&D Centre with 268,780m² GFA and Data Centre with 86,400m² GFA to nurture the development of I&T industry, as well as a Commercial Centre with 9,276m² to support the daily needs of the working and living population. A kindergarten of 724m² will be provided on the ground floor of Ancillary Dormitories. In addition, there will be a domestic GFA of 170,400m², which consists of Private Residential Blocks providing a total of 2,320 units together with a 3,500m² Clubhouse, and Ancillary Dormitories with 63,900m² which provide 1,392 units for the working population of R&D Centre.
- 1.1.3 Arup Hong Kong Limited (Arup) was commissioned to carry out a Traffic Impact Assessment (TIA) report in support of the Section 12A planning application for the proposed amendment of plan.

1.2 Objectives of this Report

1.2.1 The objective of the Study is to evaluate the potential traffic impact associated with the Proposed Innovation and Technology Hub at the Application Site.

1.3 Scope of Study

- 1.3.1 The tasks for this TIA study are outlined as follows:
 - Carry out traffic surveys at critical junctions to appreciate current traffic condition:
 - Update the inventory regarding traffic circulation patterns, traffic conditions, as well as the constraints of the existing road network in the vicinity;
 - Investigate the public transport in the vicinity;
 - Recommend the proposed internal transport facilities provisions;
 - Set up the reference scenario should there be no Indicative Scheme at the site location, i.e. reference scenario with the existing situation;
 - Assess the volume of traffic likely to be generated by the Indicative Scheme;
 - Compare and evaluate the likely traffic impact, if any, associated with the Indicative Scheme; and

• Assess future traffic condition, taking into account any future traffic growth, as well as the traffic generated by the Indicative Scheme and other planned/committed development, if any, to be built in the vicinity.

1.4 Structure of the Report

1.4.1 The structure of this TIA report is as follows:

<u>Chapter</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Aims</u>
1	Introduction	Provide project background and scope of the Study
2	Existing Traffic Condition	Review and appreciate the existing traffic condition
3	The Subject Development	Provide information of the Indicative Scheme
4	Traffic Impact Assessment	Illustrate the results of Traffic Impact Assessment
5	Conclusion	Summarize the findings of this Study

2 EXISTING TRAFFIC CONDITION

2.1 Site Characteristics

- 2.1.1 The Application Site is located in Zone with major part in Agriculture ("AGR"), and minor parts in Green Belt ("GB"), Government, Institution or Community ("G/IC") at Various Lots in D.D.82 & D.D.86, Man Kam To, New Territories.
- 2.1.2 The site boundary is surrounding existing Ta Ku Ling Ling Ying Public School and is bounded by existing Chow Tin Tsuen to the east and Lin Ma Hang Road to the north. **Figure 1.1** shows the location and the environs of the Application Site.

2.2 Existing Road Network

- 2.2.1 Some major roads in the vicinity of the Application Site are listed as follows:
 - Lin Ma Hang Road is a rural road connecting Man Kam To Road at western end and Shan Tsui Village Road at eastern end. It is in single-two carriageway configuration for the section between Man Kam To Road and Ping Yuen River and the section between Ping Che Road and Tsung Yuen Ha, and in form of a single-track access road with passing bays for the remaining section.
 - Man Kam To Road is a rural road in single-three carriageway configuration which consists of two lanes in Northbound and one lane in Southbound. It connects Jockey Club Road at southern end and Boundary (Man Kam To Control Point) at northern end.
 - Ping Che Road is a district distributor in single-two carriageway configuration which connects Sha Tau Kok Road at southern end and Lin Ma Hang Road at northern end.
 - Heung Yuen Wai Highway is a Rural Trunk Road in dual two-lane carriageway configuration connecting the Fanling Highway and the Heung Yuen Wai Boundary Control Point (Heung Yuen Wai BCP).

2.3 Existing Road Improvement Works Under Construction

- 2.3.1 Road works under construction currently in the vicinity of the Application Site are identified as follows:
 - Widening Part of Lin Ma Hang Road (Man Kam To Road to Ping Yuen River)
 under CEDD project number 5758CL

The proposed road works are required to serve the anticipated traffic demand induced by the future development of innovation and technology (I&T) and related purposes at Sandy Ridge, which include widening of a section of the existing Lin Ma Hang Road of about 1.4 kilometres to a 7.3-m-wide carriageway with footpaths. The road works are anticipated to be completed in December 2022.

Site Formation and Associated Infrastructural Works for Development of Columbarium, Crematorium and Related Facilities at Sandy Ridge Cemetery

(https://www.cedd.gov.hk/eng/our-projects/major-projects/index-id-73.html)

 Widening of western section of Lin Ma Hang Road between Ping Yuen River and Ping Che Road – under HyD PWP Item 863TH

Upon the opening up of the Frontier Closed Area, the estimated traffic demand will exceed the capacity of the concerned road section. The proposed road works include (a) widening of a section of Lin Ma Hang Road of approximately 750m long between Ping Yuen River and Ping Che Road to a single two-lane carriageway with a 2m wide footpath on both sides, (b) construction of a vehicular bridge for EB traffic of approximately 70m long and 8.3m wide across Ping Yuen River and (c) a slope structure would be constructed due to the level difference of Lin Ma Hang Road eastbound and westbound carriageway between River Ganges Pumping Station and Ping Yuen River. The road works are anticipated to be completed in August 2023.

Legislative Council Panel on Transport, 863TH – Widening of Western Section of Lin Ma Hang Road Between Ping Yuen River and Ping Che Road, LC Paper No. CB(4)288/18-19(05)
(https://www.legco.gov.hk/yr18-19/english/panels/tp/papers/tp20181214cb4-288-5-e.pdf)

 Advance Site Formation and Engineering Infrastructure Works at Kwu Tung North (KTN) and Fanling North (FLN) New Development Area (NDA) – under CEDD project number 7747CL

The project is part of the First Phase of the KTN and FLN NDA Development, which include (a) construction of an approximately 2 km long dual two-lane Fanling Bypass Eastern Section between Shek Wu San Tsuen North and Lung Yeuk Tau comprising viaduct, at-grade road and underpass sections, (b) construction of Lung Yeuk Tau Interchange connecting Fanling Bypass Eastern Section with existing Sha Tau Kok Road – Lung Yeuk Tau, (c) construction of an approximately 2 km long dual two-lane Fanling Bypass Eastern Section between Shung Him Tong and Kau Lung Hang mainly on viaducts with two long span overbridges across the existing East Rail Line and (d) construction of local roads for First Phase Development within the KTN and FLN NDA. The Fanling Bypass Eastern Section is anticipated to be completed in Mid 2025, while the remaining road works are anticipated to be completed in Early 2026.

Advance Site Formation and Engineering Infrastructure Works at Kwu Tung North and Fanling North New Development Areas

(https://www.cedd.gov.hk/eng/our-projects/major-projects/index-id-36.html)

2.3.2 The corresponding Gazette Plans are attached in **Appendix A**.

2.4 Existing Traffic Performance

2.4.1 To appreciate the existing traffic conditions, comprehensive classified traffic counts were conducted at the following identified key junctions and road links in the vicinity of the Application Site. Locations of these surveyed junctions and road links are listed below and shown in **Figure 2.1** to **Figure 2.4**.

Identified Key Junctions:

J 1	- Lin Ma Hang Road / Man Kam To Road	(Priority)
J2	- Lin Ma Hang Road / Ping Che Road	(Priority)
J3	- Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	(Roundabout)
J4	- Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	(Priority)
J5	- Sha Tau Kok Road / Ping Che Road	(Roundabout)
J6	- Sha Tau Kok Road / Lau Shui Heung Road	(Roundabout)
J7	- Sha Tau Kok Road / Lung Ma Road	(Roundabout)
J8	- Sha Tau Kok Road / Sui Wan Road	(Signalised)
J9	- Man Kam To Road / Kong Nga Po Road	(Priority)
J10	- Jockey Club Road / Po Wan Road	(Signalised)
J11	- Jockey Club Road / Tin Ping Road	(Signalised)
J12	- Po Shek Wu Road / Jockey Club Road	(Roundabout)
J13	- Po Shek Wu Road / Po Wan Road	(Signalised)
J14	- Po Shek Wu Road / Choi Yuen Road	(Signalised)
J15	- Lin Ma Hnag Road / Proposed Access Road	(Signalised)
J16	- Sha Tau Kok Road / Fanling Bypass	(Roundabout)
J17	- Man Kam To Road / Fanling Bypass	(Roundabout)
J18	- Man Kam To Road / Road L4	(Signalised)
J19	- Sha Tau Kok Road / Luen On Street	(Signalised)
J20	- Sha Tau Kok Road / Fan Leng Lau Road	(Signalised)
J21	- Sha Tau Kok Road / Jockey Club Road	(Roundabout)
J22	- Sha Tau Kok Road / San Wan Road	(Roundabout)
J23	- San Wan Road / Fanling Station Road	(Signalised)
<mark>J24</mark>	- Jockey Club Road / So Kwun Po Road	(Signalised)
J25	- Jockey Club Road / Lung Sum Avenue	(Signalised)

Identified Key Road Links:

- L1 Lin Ma Hang Road (near Man Kam To Road junction)
- L2 Lin Ma Hang Road (near Ping Che Road junction)
- L3 Lung Shan Tunnel (Fanling Highway Sha Tau Kok Road)
- L4 Fanling Highway (at the south of Lung Shan Tunnel)
- L5 Sha Tau Kok Road (Sui Wan Road Ma Sik Road)
- L6 Jockey Club Road (Tin Ping Road Po Shek Wu Road)
- L7 Po Shek Wu Road (Po Wan Road Choi Yuen Road)
- L8 Fanling Highway (at the west of Po Shek Wu Road Interchange)
- L9 Proposed Access Road
- 2.4.2 The counts were undertaken on typical weekdays during the periods 07:00-10:00 and 17:00-20:00 in May 2023.

- 2.4.3 The AM and PM peak hours were found to be 08:00-09:00 and 17:30-18:30 respectively. The observed traffic flows during these peak hours are adjusted accordingly and presented in **Figure 2.5** to **Figure 2.7**.
- 2.4.4 Junction capacity analysis was carried out at the identified key junctions in the vicinity of the Application Site. Results of the capacity assessment are shown in **Table 2.3.1** below.

Table 2.3.1 Year 2023 Key Junction Performance

	Inneties	Tyma	Performance (1)		
	Junction	Туре	AM	PM	
J1	Lin Ma Hang Road / Man Kam To Road	Priority	0.29	0.27	
J2	Lin Ma Hang Road / Ping Che Road	Priority	0.40	0.41	
Ј3	Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	Roundabout	0.21	0.19	
J4	Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	Priority	0.15	0.10	
J5	Sha Tau Kok Road / Ping Che Road	Roundabout	0.41	0.46	
J6	Sha Tau Kok Road / Lau Shui Heung Road	Roundabout	0.35	0.38	
J7	Sha Tau Kok Road / Lung Ma Road	Roundabout	0.45	0.43	
Ј8	Sha Tau Kok Road / Sui Wan Road	Signalised	41%	49%	
J9	Man Kam To Road / Kong Nga Po Road	Priority	0.30	0.32	
J10	Jockey Club Road / Po Wan Road	Signalised	53%	66%	
J11	Jockey Club Road / Tin Ping Road	Signalised	66%	87%	
J12	Po Shek Wu Road / Jockey Club Road	Roundabout	0.44	0.43	
J13	Po Shek Wu Road / Po Wan Road	Signalised	43%	23%	
J14	Po Shek Wu Road / Choi Yuen Road	Signalised	36%	42%	
J15	Lin Ma Hnag Road / Proposed Access Road	Signalised			
J16	Sha Tau Kok Road / Fanling Bypass	Roundabout	N.	A	
J17	Man Kam To Road / Fanling Bypass	Roundabout	IN.	A.	
J18	Man Kam To Road / Road L4	Signalised			
J19	Sha Tau Kok Road / Luen On Street	Signalised	65%	74%	
J20	Sha Tau Kok Road / Fan Leng Lau Road	Signalised	33%	34%	
J21	Sha Tau Kok Road / Jockey Club Road	Roundabout	0.53	0.57	
J22	Sha Tau Kok Road / San Wan Road	Roundabout	0.39	0.42	
J23	San Wan Road / Fanling Station Road	Signalised	22%	22%	
J24	Jockey Club Road / So Kwun Po Road	Signalised	<mark>66%</mark>	<mark>57%</mark>	
J25	Jockey Club Road / Lung Sum Avenue	Signalised	<mark>44%</mark>	<mark>39%</mark>	

- (1) Figures shown represent "Reserve Capacity" (RC) in % for signalized junctions and "Design Flow Capacity" (DFC) ratio for roundabouts and priority junctions.
- 2.4.5 Results of the analysis indicate that the identified key junctions in the vicinity of the Application Site are currently operating with ample capacity during both AM and PM peak hours in Year 2023.

2.4.6 The road link capacity assessment has also been carried out to examine the volume to capacity (V/C) ratio of the assessed road links. Results of the road link assessment are shown in **Table 2.3.2** below.

Table 2.3.2 Year 2023 Key Link Performance

		- 401	e 2.3.2 Year 2023	Key Link P			L D C		(2)
		Т				Link Performance (2)			
	Link	Type Configurat	Configuration	n Direction	Capacity	AM		PM	
			S			Flow (3)	V/C	Flow (3)	V/C
L1	Lin Ma Hang Road (near Man Kam To Road junction)	RR	6.75m wide Single two-lane carriageway	Two-way	1,160	410	0.36	375	0.33
L2	Lin Ma Hang Road (near Ping Che Road junction)	RR	3.5m wide single-track access road with passing bays	Two-way	600	490	0.82	455	0.76
L3	Lung Shan Tunnel (Fanling Highway	RT	Dual two-lane	NB	3,000	885	0.3	780	0.26
L 3	- Sha Tau Kok Road)		carriageway	SB	3,000	685	0.23	625	0.21
1.4	Fanling Highway (at the south of	EX	Dual four-lane	NB	8,200	6,065	0.74	5,360	0.66
L4	Lung Shan Tunnel)	LA	carriageway	SB	8,200	5,745	0.71	5,230	0.64
15	Sha Tau Kok Road	RR	Dual two-lane	NB	2,800	1,345	0.49	1,420	0.51
Lo	L5 (Lung Ma Road – Sui Wan Road)		carriageway	SB	2,800	1,310	0.47	1,550	0.56
L6	Jockey Club Road (Tin Ping Road –	PD	Dual two-lane	NB	2,800	1,080	0.39	960	0.35
LO	Po Shek Wu Road)	ΓD	carriageway	SB	2,800	1,240	0.45	1,190	0.43
L7	Po Shek Wu Road (Po Wan Road –	PD	Dual two-lane	NB	2,800	1,295	0.47	1,255	0.45
L/	Choi Yuen Road – Choi Yuen Road)	Pυ	carriageway	SB	2,800	1,460	0.53	1,585	0.57
10	Fanling Highway (at the west of Po	EV	Dual three-lane	EB	6,100	4,970	0.82	4,710	0.78
L8	Shek Wu Road Interchange)	EX	carriageway	WB	6,100	4,950	0.82	4,275	0.71
L9	Proposed Access Road	-	10.5m wide Single two-lane carriageway	Two-way	1,800		N.A.		

Notes:

2.4.7 Results of the analysis indicate that the performance of identified key road links in the vicinity of the Application Site are considered acceptable during both AM and PM peak hours in Year 2023.

 $^{(1) \}quad Abbreviation: EX-Expressway; PD-Primary\ Distributor;\ RR-Rural\ Road;\ RT-Rural\ Trunk\ Road$

⁽²⁾ A V/C ratio below 1.0 is considered acceptable. A V/C ratio above 1.0 indicates the onset of mild congestion and a V/C ratio between 1.0 and 1.2 would indicate a manageable degree of congestion. A V/C ratio above 1.2 indicates the onset of more serious congestion.

⁽³⁾ Figures are rounded to the nearest 5.

2.5 Existing Public Transport Facilities

- 2.5.1 Currently, the Application Site is only directly served by GMB Route 59K and 59S operating along Lin Ma Hang Road, which is the major feeder service between Sheung Shui Station and Lin Ma Hang / Heung Yuen Wai BCP, serving the residents of private residential developments in the vicinity and the border-crossing passengers.
- 2.5.2 Existing public transport facilities in the vicinity of the Application Site are illustrated in **Figure 2.8** and summarised in **Table 2.4.1** below.

Table 2.4.1 Existing public transport facilities in the vicinity of the Application Site

Route No.	Origin / Destination	Peak Hour Headway (mins)					
Green Min	Green Minibus Services						
59K	Sheung Shui Station – Lin Ma Hang	15 - 30					
59S	Sheung Shui Station – Heung Yuen Wai BCP	3 - 8					

- 2.5.3 In summary, the Application Site is only served by limited existing public transport services.
- 2.5.4 To improve the accessibility of the Application Site, it is proposed to provide public transport feeder services and long-haul services with sufficient transport facilities in appropriate locations for the Indicative Scheme in order to minimise the impact to the existing public transport services. Details are further discussed in **Section 4.8**.

3 THE INDICATIVE SCHEME

3.1 Development Schedule

- 3.1.1 The Applicant intends to redevelop the site into Innovation and Technology Hub together with residential, commercial and I&T use.
- 3.1.2 The Indicative Scheme is envisaged to be completed by Year 2028.
- 3.1.3 The proposed development schedule of Indicative Scheme is summarized in **Table**3.1, and the master layout plan, preliminary layout plans for basement levels and section plans are presented in **Figure 3.1** to **Figure 3.5** respectively.

Flat Mix **Development GFA Type** Site Area (m²) (m^2) No. of Blocks | Flat Size | No. of Flats Office (R&D Centre) 268,780 Data Centre 86,400 Non-Domestic 9,276 Commercial Centre 6-classroom Kindergarten 724 $\sim 26m^2$ 532 $\sim 33 \text{m}^2$ 1,016 106,500 **Private Housing** 5 102,461 $\sim 43 \text{m}^2$ 482 $\sim 77 \text{m}^2$ 290 Domestic $\sim 26 \text{m}^2$ 336 $\sim 33 \text{ m}^2$ 660 3 **Ancillary Dormitories** 63,900 $\sim 43 \text{m}^2$ 222 $\sim 77 \text{m}^2$ 174 3,500 (2) Club House

Table 3.1 Development Schedule

Notes:

3.2 Proposed Self-containment Arrangement

- 3.2.1 Ancillary Dormitories would be provided for application by employees of the I&T Hub (including R&D Centres and Data Centres) to achieve the Self-containment Arrangement. Flats with size $< 40\text{m}^2$ will be assigned as one-person units while flats with size $> 40\text{m}^2$ will be assigned as family units.
- The walking distance and time between AD 1 and R&D 1 is anticipated to be the longest among the Ancillary Dormitories group and Office Developments group, with walking distance of approx. 500m and time of approx. 7 minutes respectively, which is considered a walkable condition and hence appropriate for self-containment assumption.
- 3.2.3 With the self-containment arrangement, it is anticipated that the employees living in Dormitories will commute within the Application Site during weekday peak period. The associated parking demand as well as external trip generation and attraction would be low. Therefore, low-end parking provision rate and lower limit trip rate are adopted for one-person units, to avoid over-provision of parking spaces and over-estimation of external trips.

⁽¹⁾ Club House is proposed to be exempted from GFA calculation.

3.2.4 Taking into consideration of family members of the employees living in family units, high-end parking provision rate and mean trip rate are adopted for family units for conservative assessment approach.

3.3 Proposed Vehicular and Pedestrian Access Arrangement

3.3.1 The Application Site is located at the south of Lin Ma Hang Road near Ping Yuen River. Currently, there is no vehicular access and footpath connecting between the Application Site and the external road network.

Proposed Vehicular Access Road and Footpath

In order to provide vehicular and pedestrian access to the Application Site, the existing access road of River Ganges Pumping Station and its Substation is proposed to be widened and extended. A new standard single two-lane carriageway in width of minimum 10.5m with 2.5m-wide footpath on both sides is proposed connecting the Application Site and Lin Ma Hang Road ("Access Road"), with access point relocation of River Ganges Pumping Station and its Substation.

Proposed Signalized Junction of Lin Ma Hang Road / Access Road

- 3.3.3 In addition, signalized junction of Lin Ma Hang Road / Access Road is proposed to cater for the anticipated traffic demand arising from the Indicative Scheme.
- 3.3.4 Access Road will be further widened at junction approaches for providing additional traffic lanes to ensure the sufficient junction capacity. Despite the local road widening of Access Road, the vehicular accesses of River Ganges Pumping Station and its Substation will be maintained.
- It is proposed to modify the road markings of Lin Ma Hang Road westbound carriageway to provide two traffic lanes at junction. Moreover, to ensure the junction operational performance, further widening of Lin Ma Hang Road eastbound carriageway (* without beyond the Frontier Closed Area Boundary) under the current road works by HyD PWP Item 863TH is also proposed. The slope structure in the middle of Lin Ma Hang Road carriageway between River Ganges Pumping Station and Ping Yuen River constructed under the same road works is proposed to be rearranged to facilitate the right-turn movements from the Access Road to Lin Ma Hang Road Eastbound and right-turn movement from Lin Ma Hang Road Eastbound to the Access Road.
- The proposed junction layout and swept path analysis are illustrated in **Figure 3.6** to **Figure 3.9**. The major ingress and egress routes for vehicular traffic approaching and leaving the Application Site are illustrated in **Figure 3.10** and **Figure 3.11** respectively.

3.4 Internal Transport Facilities Provision

- 3.4.1 The internal transport facilities provision for the Indicative Scheme will be provided in accordance with the high-end requirements of Hong Kong Planning Standards and Guidelines (HKPSG) and TD's Departmental Circular No. 6/2012 Standards for Goods Vehicle Parking and Loading/Unloading for Data Centres (TD Circular No. 6/2012).
- 3.4.2 The internal transport facilities provision for the Indicative Scheme are summarized in **Table 3.4.1** to **Table 3.4.6**.

Table 3.4.1 HKPSG Required Internal Transport Provision for the Proposed Office Development (R&D Centre)

Type of	Facilities	cilities HKPSG Requirement		HKPSG Required Provision		
Development			Low-end	High-end	Provision	
	Private Car Parking	Private Car (5m (L) x 2.5m (W) x 2.4m (H)) For the first 15000m ² GFA: 1 car space per 150 – 200 m ² GFA; Above 15000m ² GFA: 1 car space per 200 – 300 m ² GFA	921 (incl. accessible car parking space)	1369 (incl. accessible car parking space)	1369	
		Accessible Car Parking (5m (L) x 3.5m (W) x 2.4m (H))	- 6	6		
		6 spaces for total number of car parking spaces above 450	U			
Office (R & D	Motorcycle	Motorcycle (2.4m (L) x 1m (W) x 2.4m (H))	47	137	137 HGV: 88 LGV: 47	
Centre)	Parking	5 to 10% of the total provision for private cars with respect to each type of development should be provided				
Total GFA (m ²) 268,780		$1\ loading/unloading$ bay for goods vehicles for every $2000-3000\ m^2,$ or part thereof, GFA		135		
200,700	L/UL Bay	TOTAL				
		LGV Loading/Unloading (7m (L) x 3.5m (W) x 3.6m (H))	59	88		
		HGV Loading/Unloading (11m (L) x 3.5m (W) x 4.7m (H))	31	47		
	Lay-by for	Taxi/Private Car (5m (L) x 2.5m (W) x 2.4m (H))	14		14	
	Taxis and Private Cars	For sites of at least 5000m² net site area, 1 picking up/setting down lay-by for taxis and private cars for every 20000m², or part thereof, GFA.		14		

Table 3.4.2 HKPSG / TD Circular No. 6/2012 Required Internal Transport Provision for the Proposed Data Centre

Type of Development	Facilities	HKPSG / TD Circular No. 6/2012 Requirement	HKPSG Required Provision		Proposed Provision
Development			Low-end	High-end	Provision
	Private Car Parking (1)	Private Car (5m (L) x 2.5m (W) x 2.4m (H)) 1 car space per 600 – 750 m ² GFA	116 (incl. accessible car parking space)	144 (incl. accessible car parking space)	144 (incl. accessible car parking
		Accessible Car Parking (5m (L) x 3.5m (W) x 2.4m (H))	2	2	space)
		2 spaces for 51-150 total number of car parking spaces	2	2	
	Motorcycle	Motorcycle (2.4m (L) x 1m (W) x 2.4m (H))	17	15	15
	Parking (1)	5 to 10% of the total provision for private cars with respect to each type of development should be provided			
Data Centre		For the first 20,000m ² GFA: 1 no. per 3,400 – 3,800 m ² GFA; Above 20,000m ² GFA: 1 no. per 5500 – 6100m ² GFA		18	
m ² GFA		TOTAL			
86,400	L/UL Bay	Loading/Unloading bays are to be provided as such: 60% for loading / unloading and 40% for parking; 65% are for LGV and 35% are for HGV			LGV: 12 HGV: 6
		LGV Loading/Unloading (7m (L) x 3.5m (W) x 3.6m (H))	12	12	
		For L/UL	7	7	113 / 1 0
		For Parking	5	5	
		HGV Loading/Unloading (11m (L) x 3.5m (W) x 4.7m (H))	5	6	
		For L/UL	3	4	
		For Parking	2	2	
	Lay-by for Taxis and Private Cars	Taxi/Private Car (5m (L) x 2.5m (W) x 2.4m (H)) -	-	-	2 (3)

- (1) In accordance with HKPSG requirements.
- (2) In accordance with TD's Circular No. 6/2012 Standards for Goods Vehicle Parking and Loading/Unloading for Data Centres.
- (3) There is no requirement of lay-by for taxis and private cars for Data Centre under HKPSG nor TD Circular No. 6/2012, lay-by provision is recommended to cater for operational need.

Table 3.4.3 HKPSG Required Internal Transport Provision for the Proposed Commercial Centre

Type of Development	Facilities	HKPSG Requirement	HKPSG Prov	Required ision	Proposed Provision
Development			Low-end	High-end	TTOVISION
		Private Car (5m (L) x 2.5m (W) x 2.4m (H))	31	62	
	Private Car Parking	1 car space per 150 - 300 m ² GFA	(incl. accessible car parking space)	(incl. accessible car parking space)	62 (incl. accessible car parking space)
		Accessible Car Parking (5m (L) x 3.5m (W) x 2.4m (H))	1	2	
Commercial		1 space for total number of car parking spaces below 50			
Centre		2 spaces for 51-150 total number of car parking spaces			
m ² GFA		Motorcycle (2.4m (L) x 1m (W) x 2.4m (H))			
9,406	Motorcycle	5 to 10% of the total provision for private cars with respect to each type of development should be provided		7	7
		1 loading/unloading bay for goods vehicles for every $800 - 1200 \text{ m}^2$, or part thereof, GFA		12	LGV: 8
	L/UL Bay	TOTAL			
	·	LGV Loading/Unloading (7m (L) x 3.5m (W) x 3.6m (H))	6	8	HGV: 4
		HGV Loading/Unloading (11m (L) x 3.5m (W) x 4.7m (H))	2	4	

Table 3.4.4 HKPSG Required Internal Transport Provision for the Proposed Kindergarten

Type of Development	Facilities	HKPSG Requirement	HKPSG Required Provision		Proposed Provision
Development			Low-end	High-end	FTOVISION
		Private Car (5m (L) x 2.5m (W) x 2.4m (H))	0	2	
	Private Car Parking	0 to 1 car parking space per 4 to 6 classrooms	car	(incl. accessible car parking space)	2
Kindergarten		Accessible Car Parking (5m (L) x 3.5m (W) x 2.4m (H))		1	
No. of		1 space for 1-50 total number of car parking spaces			
Classrooms	Lay-by for Taxis and Private Cars Lay-by for School Buses	Private Car/Taxi (5m (L) x 3.5m (W) x 2.4m (H))			
6		1 lay-by for taxis and private cars for every 5 to 8 classrooms	1	2	2
		School Bus (12m (L) x 3.5m (W) x 3.8m (H)) (OR mini-bus/nanny van (7m (L) x 3m (W) x 3.3m (H)))	2 (5)		
		A minimum of 2 lay-bys for school buses (OR substituted by 5 lay-bys of size 3m x 7m for mini-bus/nanny van which can provide a total number of seats equivalent to that provided by 2 large school buses)		2 (5)	2

Table 3.4.5 HKPSG Required Internal Transport Provision for the Proposed Residential Development

Type of Development	Facilities			HKPSG Requirement	•	HKPSG	Required ision	Proposed Provision
Development							High-end	FTOVISION
		Private Car (Residentia	l) (5m (L) x 2.5m (W) x 2.4m (I	H))	293	513	
		Global Parking Standard (GPS) 1 car space per 4-7 flats			(incl. accessible car	(incl. accessible car parking		
		FS≤40 0.5 40 <fs≤70 1.2<="" td=""><td>parking</td><td></td></fs≤70>	parking					
				40 <fs≤70< td=""><td>1.2</td><td>space)</td><td>space)</td><td></td></fs≤70<>	1.2	space)	space)	
		Demand Adjustment	Flat Size (FS) (m ²	70 <fs≤100< td=""><td>2.4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></fs≤100<>	2.4			
		Ratio (R1)	GFA)	100 <fs≤130< td=""><td>4.1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></fs≤130<>	4.1			
				130 <fs≤160< td=""><td>5.5</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></fs≤160<>	5.5			
				FS>160	7			
		Accessibility	Within	a 500m-radius of rail station	0.75			
Private		Adjustment Ratio (R2)	Outside	Outside a 500m-radius of rail station 1				538
Housing		Development		0.00 <pr<1.00< td=""><td>1.3</td><td></td><td></td><td>(incl.</td></pr<1.00<>	1.3			(incl.
No. of Flats	Private Car Parking				1.00 <pr<2.00< td=""><td>1.1</td><td></td><td></td><td>visitor parking</td></pr<2.00<>	1.1		
		Intensity Adjustment	Plot Ratio (PR)	2.00 <pr≤5.00< td=""><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td rowspan="2">space & accessible</td></pr≤5.00<>	1			space & accessible
FS≤40m ² : 1,548		Ratio (R3)		5.00 <pr≤8.00< td=""><td>0.9</td><td></td><td></td></pr≤8.00<>	0.9			
1,346				PR>8.00	0.75			car parking
40m ² < FS < 70m ² :		Parking Requirement = GPS x R1 x R2 x R3						space)
482		Private Car (Visitors) (5m (L) x 2.5m (W) x 2.4m (H))						
$70\text{m}^2 < \text{FS}$		5 visitor spaces per block in addition to the recommendations, or as determined by the Authority			25	25		
<100m ² : 290		Accessible Car Parking (5m (L) x 3.5m (W) x 2.4m (H))			4	6		
		4 spaces for 251-350 total number of car parking spaces						
No. of Blocks		6 spaces for to)					
						318	538	
		TOTAL Priv	ate Car Pa	rking (5m (L) x 2.5m (W) x 2.4	(incl. accessible car parking space)	(incl. accessible car parking space)		
	Motorcycle	Motorcycle (2	2.4m (L) x	1m (W) x 2.4m (H))				
	Parking	1 motorcycle parking space per 100-150 flats excluding non-residential elements			16	24	24	
		HGV Loadin	g/Unloadir	ng (11m (L) x 3.5m (W) x 4.7m	(H))			
	L/UL Bay	Minimum of 1 loading/unloading bay for goods vehicles within the site for every 800 flats or part thereof, subject to a minimum of 1 bay for each housing block or as determined by the Authority			5	5	5	

Table 3.4.6 HKPSG Required Internal Transport Provision for the Proposed Ancillary Dormitories

Type of Development	Facilities			rnal Transport Provision for the IKPSG Requirement		HKPSG	Required ision	Proposed Provision			
Development						Low-end	High-end	TTOVISION			
		Private Car (Private Car (Residential) (5m (L) x 2.5m (W) x 2.4m (H))								
		Global Parking Standard (GPS) 1 car space per 4-7 flats			<u>Unit</u> 72	<u>Unit</u> 125					
				FS≤40	0.5	<u>Family</u>	<u>Family</u>				
						l D 1		40 <fs≤70< td=""><td>1.2</td><td><u>Unit</u> 97</td><td><u>Unit</u> 171</td><td></td></fs≤70<>	1.2	<u>Unit</u> 97	<u>Unit</u> 171
		Demand Adjustment	Flat Size (FS) (m ²	70 <fs≤100< td=""><td>2.4</td><td><i>)</i></td><td>1/1</td><td></td></fs≤100<>	2.4	<i>)</i>	1/1				
		Ratio (R1)	GFA)	100 <fs≤130< td=""><td>4.1</td><td><u>Total</u> 169</td><td><u>Total</u> 296</td><td></td></fs≤130<>	4.1	<u>Total</u> 169	<u>Total</u> 296				
				130 <fs≤160< td=""><td>5.5</td><td>(incl.</td><td>(incl.</td><td></td></fs≤160<>	5.5	(incl.	(incl.				
				FS>160	7	accessible car parking	accessible				
		Accessibility Adjustment	Within	a 500m-radius of rail station	0.75	space)	car parking space)				
		Ratio (R2)	Outside	a 500m-radius of rail station	1			258 ⁽¹⁾			
Ancillary				0.00 <pr≤1.00< td=""><td>1.3</td><td></td><td></td><td>(incl.</td></pr≤1.00<>	1.3			(incl.			
Dormitories	Private Car Parking Intensity Adjustmen Ratio (R3)			Development		1.00 <pr≤2.00< td=""><td>1.1</td><td></td><td></td><td>visitor</td></pr≤2.00<>	1.1			visitor	
No. of Flats ⁽¹⁾		L Cai	Plot Ratio	2.00 <pr≤5.00< td=""><td>1</td><td></td><td></td><td rowspan="2">parking space & accessible</td></pr≤5.00<>	1			parking space & accessible			
FS≤40m ² :		Ratio (R3)	(PR)	5.00 <pr≤8.00< td=""><td>0.9</td><td></td><td></td></pr≤8.00<>	0.9						
996				PR>8.00	0.75			car parking			
$40\text{m}^2 < \text{FS}$		F	Parking Req	uirement = GPS x R1 x R2 x R3	1			space)			
<70m ² :		Private Car (Private Car (Visitors) (5m (L) x 2.5m (W) x 2.4m (H))								
222			5 visitor spaces per block in addition to the recommendations, or as determined by the Authority			15	15				
70m ² < FS <100m ² :		Accessible Car Parking (5m (L) x 3.5m (W) x 2.4m (H))									
174		3 spaces for 151-250 total number of car parking spaces			3	4					
No. of Blocks		4 spaces for 25	spaces for 251-350 total number of car parking spaces								
3						184	311				
		TOTAL Priva	FOTAL Private Car Parking (5m (L) x 2.5m (W) x 2.4m (H))				(incl. accessible car parking space)				
		Motorcycle (2	2.4m (L) x	1m (W) x 2.4m (H))		Single Flat	Single Flat				
	Motorcycle Parking (1)	1 motorcycle pelements	1 motorcycle parking space per 100-150 flats excluding non-residential			Family Flat 3	10 Family Flat 4	11 ⁽¹⁾			
		HGV Loading	HGV Loading/Unloading (11m (L) x 3.5m (W) x 4.7m (H))								
	L/UL Bay	Minimum of 1 loading/unloading bay for goods vehicles within the site for every 800 flats or part thereof, subject to a minimum of 1 bay for each housing block or as determined by the Authority				3	3	3			

⁽¹⁾ As referred to the self-containment arrangement in Section 3.2

3.4.3 The proposed total provision of internal transport facilities of the Indicative Scheme is summarized in **Table 3.4.7** below.

Table 3.4.7 Summary of Proposed Total Internal Transport Facilities Provision

Facilities (L x W H)	Development Use	Proposed Provision
	Office (R&D Centre)	1,369
	Data Centre	144
	Commercial Centre	62
Private Car Parking Space	Kindergarten	2
(5m x 3.5m x 2.4m)	Private Housing	538
	Ancillary Dormitories	258
	Total (incl. visitor parking space & accessible car parking space)	<mark>2,373</mark>
	Office (R&D Centre)	6
	Data Centre	2
	Commercial Centre	2
Accessible Car Parking Space (5m x 3.5m x 2.4m)	Kindergarten	1
(Sin A 5.5in A 2.7in)	Private Housing	6
	Ancillary Dormitories	3
	Total	20
	Office (R&D Centre)	137
	Data Centre	15
Motorcycle Parking Space	Commercial Centre	7
(2.4 m x 1 m x 2.4 m)	Private Housing	24
	Ancillary Dormitories	11
	Total	194
	Office (R&D Centre)	88
LGV Loading/Unloading Bay	Data Centre	12
$(7m \times 3.5m \times 3.6m)$	Commercial Centre	8
	Total	108
	Office (R&D Centre)	47
	Data Centre	6
HGV Loading/Unloading Bay	Commercial Centre	4
$(11m \times 3.5m \times 4.7m)$	Private Housing	5
	Ancillary Dormitories	3
	Total	65
	Office (R&D Centre)	14
Lay-by for Taxis and Private	Data Centre	2
Cars (5m x 3.5m x 2.4m)	Kindergarten	2
,	Total	18
Lay-by for School Buses	Kindergarten	2
$(12m \times 3.5m \times 3.8m)$	Total	2

3.4.4 The proposed internal transport facilities for the Indicative Scheme will be self-contained within the respective site boundary, located on ground floor and basement parking floors of the Indicative Scheme.

Private Car Parking Space Provision

3.4.5 A total of 2,373 nos. private car parking spaces (including 20 nos. accessible car parking spaces) as per HKPSG high-end requirements (except one-person unit of Ancillary Dormitories which adopted HKPSG low-end requirements) will be provided in the basement levels, which will be accessed via the car-ramp system of basement of corresponding type of development.

Accessible Car Parking Provision

3.4.6 A total of 20 nos. accessible car parking spaces (part of the 2,358 private car parking spaces), as per HKPSG high-end requirements will be provided in the basement levels, which will be accessed via the car-ramp system of basement of corresponding type of development.

Motorcycle Parking Space Provision

3.4.7 A total of 194 nos. motorcycle parking spaces as per HKPSG high-end requirements will be provided in the basement levels, which will be accessed via the car-ramp system of basement of corresponding type of development.

Loading / Unloading Bay Provision

3.4.8 A total of 108 nos. loading/unloading bays for LGV and 65 nos. loading/unloading bays for HGV as per HKPSG high-end requirement and recommended provision will be provided in both the basement levels and ground floors of corresponding type of development.

Lay-by Provision for Taxis and Private Cars

3.4.9 A total of 18 nos. lay-bys for taxis/private cars as per HKPSG high-end requirement and recommended provision will be provided on ground floor of corresponding type of development.

Lay-by Provision for School Buses

3.4.10 A total of 2 nos. lay-bys for school buses as per HKPSG high-end requirement will be provided on ground floor of corresponding School.

4 TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

4.1 Trip Generation and Attraction of Indicative Scheme

Data Centre

4.1.1 To establish appropriate trip generation and attraction rates for Data Centre of the Indicative Scheme, trip generation survey has been conducted on typical weekdays at various existing data centre developments as summarised in **Table 4.1.1**.

Table 4.1.1 Peak Hour Trip Generation and Attraction at the Surveyed Data Centres

Danalanna	4	AM I	Peak	PM 1	Peak
Developme	ent	Generation	Attraction	Generation	Attraction
NTT Hong Kong Financial Data Centre at 6 Chun Kwang St,	Observed Trips (pcu/hr)	34.1	27.7	17.95	8.1
Tseung Kwan O (70,000 m ² GFA)	Trip Rate (pcu/hr/100 sqm GFA)	0.049	0.040	0.026	0.012
iTech Tower 1 at 28 Pak Tin Par Street, Tsuen Wan	Observed Trips (pcu/hr)	2.1	1	2	1
(17,652m ² GFA)	Trip Rate (pcu/hr/100 sqm GFA)	0.012	0.006	0.011	0.006
iTech Tower 2 at 54-56 Ta Chuen Ping Street, Kwai Chung	Observed Trips (pcu/hr)	2.5	3.5	2	0
(9,125m ² GFA)	Trip Rate (pcu/hr/100 sqm GFA)	0.027	0.038	0.022	0.000
NTT Hong Kong Tai Po Data Centre at 2 Dai Hei Street, Tai	Observed Trips (pcu/hr)	9	6.1	7.1	13
Po (19,700 m ² GFA)	Trip Rate (pcu/hr/100 sqm GFA)	0.046	0.031	0.036	0.066

4.1.2 For conservative assessment, the highest of the rates above were adopted for applying to Data Centre of the Indicative Scheme, as shown in **Table 4.1.2** below.

Other types of Developments

- 4.1.3 The likely amount of traffic generation and attraction associated with the Indicative Scheme, except Data Centre, was calculated based on the mean values of 'Traffic Rates for Residential Development at 95% Confidence Level' and 'Traffic Rates for Non-residential Development at 95% Confidence Level' adopted in the TPDM Vol. 1 Table 1 and Table 2.
- 4.1.4 Public transport feeder service with ancillary transport facilities in appropriate locations, including terminating facilities and en-route bus stops, has been proposed to/from the railway stations and bus interchange as discussed in **Section 4.8**. It is anticipated that the feeder service is significant to enhance the convenience for residents/ employees using public transport services. The Indicative Scheme would be well-served by public transport services to cater for the effect of "remote site". It is hence considered that "Mean" value is appropriate to be adopted. The adopted rates are shown in **Table 4.1.2** below.

Table 4.1.2 Adopted Trip Generation and Attraction Rates of the Indicative Scheme

C		Commonant	AM	Peak	PM Peak		
Sources		Component	Generation	Attraction	Generation	Attraction	
In-house surveys	Data Ce	entre (pcu/hr/100 sqm GFA)	0.049	0.040	0.036	0.066	
		Lower Limit, Average Flat Size 40sqm (pcu/flat/hr)		0.0213	0.0196	0.0263	
	Housing	Mean, Average Flat Size 50sqm (pcu/flat/hr)	0.0622	0.0426	0.0297	0.0401	
TPDM Vol. 1		Mean, Average Flat Size 60sqm (pcu/flat/hr)	0.0718	0.0425	0.0286	0.0370	
		Mean, Average Flat Size 80sqm (pcu/flat/hr)	0.1058	0.0605	0.0426	0.0590	
	Office, I	Mean (pcu/hr/100 sqm GFA)	0.1703	0.2452	0.1573	0.1175	
	Retail, N	Mean (pcu/hr/100 sqm GFA)	0.2296	0.2434	0.3100	0.3563	

- 4.1.5 The peak traffic arriving and leaving the kindergarten are generally observed and occurred before school start time (i.e. 8am) and school finish time (i.e. 5pm) which will not overlap with the daily commuting AM and PM peak hours. For conservative approach, nominal school-related traffic flows 10 pcu/hr have been considered and superimposed on the traffic forecast for the same daily commuting AM and PM peak hours for assessment purpose.
- 4.1.6 The associated traffic generation and attraction for the Indicative Scheme are summarised in **Table 4.1.3**.

Table 4.1.3 Traffic Generation and Attraction of the Indicative Scheme (pcu/hr)

Turns of Davidson and	AM	Peak	PM 1	Peak	
Type of Development	Generation	Attraction	Generation	Attraction	
Office (R&D Centre)	305	439	282	211	
Data Centre	43	35	32	58	
Commercial Centre	22	23	29	34	
Kindergarten	10	10	10	10	
Private Housing	177	104	71	93	
Ancillary Dormitories (1)	65	42	34	46	
Additional bus trips (2)	50	<mark>50</mark>	<mark>50</mark>	<mark>50</mark>	
Total	<mark>672</mark>	703	508	502	

- (1) As referred to the self-containment arrangement in Section 3.2
- (2) Based on the existing bus enhancement proposal by double-decked bus as discussed in Section 4.9
- 4.1.7 As indicated in table above, the total trips would be around 1,375 pcu/hr and 1,010 pcu/hr (two-way) during the AM and PM peak periods respectively.

4.2 Two-Tier Transport Model

- 4.2.1 The Indicative Scheme is targeted for completion in Year 2028. In order to assess the traffic impact of the development-related traffic on the adjacent road network, Year 2031 (i.e., 3 years after completion) is adopted as the design year of the study.
- In view of the large population intake and the significant forecasted traffic generation and attraction of the Indicative Scheme, two levels of transport models are adopted. The Strategic Transport Model (STM) is at the upper tier. At the lower tier, it contains the Local Area Traffic Model (LATM).

Strategic Transport Model Structure

- 4.2.3 The STM is a link-based transport model which produces transport demand forecasts at strategic and inter-district levels. It is mainly to estimate the transport demand of the district-to-district movements by different private and public transport modes with respect to the infrastructures of the whole territory.
- 4.2.4 The STM follows the conventional 4-step modelling approach, comprising trip generation, trip distribution, modal split and trip assignment. The model produces passenger and vehicular flows on the transport network system by time periods of the day. This model offers the advantage to reflect the traffic demand forecasts especially the mode choice with respect to the fundamental assumptions such as the socio-economic and infrastructures.
- 4.2.5 The strategic and inter-district vehicular demand from the STM forms the primary input to the LATM.

Local Area Traffic Model Structure

- 4.2.6 The LATM is a junction-based assignment model which stimulates the local area traffic demand at intra-district level. With the incorporation of local area junction characteristics, the LATM is capable of estimating the junction delay and traffic queuing for route choice in assigning the traffic demand in local areas.
- 4.2.7 The development of LATM adopts the same approach as TD's 2019-based Base District Traffic Model (BDTM) with forecast year of 2031. The LATM is a peak hour trip assignment model which contains two components: (i) the "trip matrix" which specifies the number of AM peak/ PM peak hour trips from zone i to zone j; and (ii) the "network" which specifies the physical structure of the road links and junctions etc. upon which trips take place. Both the matrix and network are fed into a "route choice" model which allocates trips to "routes" through the network through the model assignment process.
- 4.2.8 There are three types of vehicles represented in the LATM. They are Private Vehicles (PV), Goods Vehicles (GV) and road-based public transport (PT) services. PV and GV are fed into the model in form of trip matrices, while PT vehicles are fixed route services and pre-loaded to the network.
- 4.2.9 The LATM matrices are developed from the cordoned matrices extracted from the STM, with the same LATM coverage of the model area. The compatibility between the STM and the LATM is ensured by the control of the external trip ends, which are essentially the link flows of major roads along the cordon. In other words, the LATM is consistent with the STM in terms of the socio-economic, transport infrastructure and road network assumptions.

- 4.2.10 The LATM matrices are developed from the cordoned matrices extracted from the STM, with the same LATM coverage of the model area. The compatibility between the STM and the LATM is ensured by the control of the external trip ends, which are essentially the link flows of major roads along the cordon. In other words, the LATM is consistent with the STM in terms of the socio-economic, transport infrastructure and road network assumptions.
- 4.2.11 Evaluations of link and junction performance for the Traffic Impact Assessment will be conducted based on the traffic forecast result from LATM.

Model Validation

4.2.12 As the road network and traffic flow in 2019-based BDTM are only validated to base Year 2019, the LATM has been further validated to latest traffic condition taking into account the latest traffic aids, junction layouts and method of control in the study area.

4.3 Planned/ Committed Developments in North District

- 4.3.1 In addition to the development flow, the traffic generated and attracted by adjacent major planned/committed developments which would anticipatedly induce traffic implication on the identified key junctions/ road links have been taken into account for the traffic forecast.
- 4.3.2 Under the 2019-based BDTM, the major planned / committed developments incorporated in design year 2031 BDTM trip matrices are listed in **Table 4.3.1**.

Table 4.3.1 Planned / Committed Developments in North District under 2019-based BDTM

	Type of Development	Ref. Index in BDTM
Y/03// 14 N	Various Lots in D.D. 51, D.D. 83, D.D. 95 and D.D. 96 and Adjoining Government Land in Fanling North and Kwu Tung North, New Territories	P18-5-2
KTN/ FLN NDA	CDA site Hang Tau Tai Po, Kwu Tung South (Y/NE-KTS/13)	P19-5-9 & P19-5-11
	CDA site to the west of Hang Tau Road, Kwu Tung South (Y/NE-KTS/15)	P19-5-3
	Sheung Shui Areas 4 and 30	HN10 & HN11
Public /	Ching Ho Estate Extension (Phase 4)	HN21
Subsidised	Po Shek Wu Road	HN12
Housing	Pak Wo Road (A/FSS/254)	B19-5-5
	Queen's Hill Extension	HN37
Private	Residential Development at Ma Sik Road, Area 18, Fanling Sheung Shui Town Lot No. 262 (<i>Private Housing</i>)	P19-5-10
Housing	Ling Hill (Y/FSS/18)	P19-5-8
Commercial	1 Lun Fat Street	B18-5-7

4.3.3 Apart from the major planned / committed developments incorporated in the design year 2031 BDTM trip matrices, the following major planned / committed developments have been further incorporated into the traffic forecast and summarized in **Table 4.3.2** below.

Table 4.3.2 Planned / Committed Developments in North District

	Type of Development	Tentative Completion Year
	"CDA(2)" Kam Hang Road, Kwu Tung South (Y/NE-KTS/14)	2025
KTN/ FLN	Yin Kong CDA (Y/KTN/2)	2026
NDA	"CDA(1)" Lot 2579 in D.D. 92, Kam Hang Road (A/NE-KTS/506)	2027
	Fanling Area 15 East Phase 1 & 2 (No. A/FLN/28) (1)	2025/26
	Jockey Club Road	2025/26
Public /	Fanling Area 48	2029
Subsidised	Ching Hiu Road	2028/29
Housing	Choi Shun Street	2029/30
	San Wan Road	2026/27
	Fanling Area 17 Site A	2031/32
Traditional Housing	"Pok Oi Sing Ping Village" at Ping Che Road, Ta Kwu Ling (No. A/NE-TKL/692)	2024
	1 Lun Fat Street (No. A/FSS/282) (2)	2025
D • •	Fanling Area 40 (Y/FSS/13)	2027/28
Private Housing	Sheung Shui Lot 2 RP (Oi Yuen) (Y/FSS/19)	2028
Housing	"R(A)12" at Ma Sik Road (No. A/FSS/294) (3)	2029
	Fanling Area 17 Sites B1 and B2	2030/31
	North District Hospital Extension	2028
	New Territories East Cultural Centre	2027/28
Others	Community Health Centre cum Social Welfare Facilities at Pak Wo Road	2024
	Social Welfare Facility (Residential Care Home for the Elderly) and Flat (A/FSS/288)	2031
	Kong Nga Po Police Training Facilities	2026/27

Notes:

- (1) Same site with Planned Development Ref. Index "P18-5-2" incorporated in BDTM. Only additional trip generation/attraction due to the increased nos. of flats from this application are further included in the traffic forecast
- (2) Same site with Planned Development Ref. Index "B18-5-7" incorporated in BDTM. Only additional trip generation/attraction due to the additional land use of private residential development with 119 nos. of flats from this application are further included in the traffic forecast
- (3) Same site with Planned Development Ref. Index "P19-5-8" incorporated in BDTM. Only additional trip generation/attraction due to the increased nos. of flats from this application are further included in the traffic forecast

4.4 Planned/ Committed Junction Improvement Schemes in North District

4.4.1 As North District is undergoing numerous planned large-scale developments, apart from the ongoing road improvements works as aforementioned in **Chapter 2.3**, transportation infrastructures have been planned and anticipated to be completed before the completion of the Indicative Scheme. Associated Road/Junction Improvement works to be completed beyond May 2023 which would anticipatedly induce traffic implication on the identified key junctions/ road links have been taken into account for the traffic forecast and summarised in **Table 4.4.1**.

Table 4.4.1 Planned/ Committed Infrastructures/ Junction Improvement Schemes in North District

		Description	Proposed by Project	Tentative Completion Year
Transports Infrastructures	(Source: https: projects/index - Constructi - Widening Interchang - Provision (Po Wan F Section) V	on Fanling Bypass Western Section of Fanling Highways between Chau Tau and Po Shek Wu ge from dual-three lane to dual-four lane of Po Shek Wu Road Flyover linking Po Shek Wu Road Road – Choi Yuen Road) and Fanling Highway (Kwu Tung VB of local roads for Remaining Phase Development within	KTN/ FLN NDA	Before 2031
	Po Shek Wu Road/ Po Wan Road (J13)	 Lane arrangement of Po Shek Wu Road southbound to be revised for allowing straight-ahead traffic to use three traffic lanes Lane arrangement of Po Wan Road eastbound to be revised for allowing right-turn traffic to use two traffic lanes Land arrangement of Po Shek Wu Road northbound to be revised for allowing left-turn traffic to use two traffic lanes Local widening of Po Wan Road westbound from 1 to 2 lanes 	Kong Nga Po Sheung Shui Areas 4 and 30	Completed
	Po Shek Wu Road/ Choi	oad/ Choi - Po Shek Wu Road Interchange Improvement which		2023 (not yet completed)
Junction Improvement	Yuen Road (J14)	provides a flyover to allow the right turning traffic from Po Shek Wu Road SB to Fanling Highway WB to bypass the existing Po Shek Wu Road Interchange - Entry arm of Po Shek Wu Road SB would be narrowed from 5 lanes to 4 lanes	KTN/ FLN NDA	2029
Ŝchemes	Jockey Club Road/ So Kwun Po Road (J24)	 Lane arrangement of Jockey Club Road northbound to be revised for allowing left turn traffic to use two traffic lanes Method-of-control to be revised for minimising/optimising the intergreen time Lane arrangement of Ma Sik Road southbound to be revised for allowing three traffic lanes for vehicles to travel straight ahead Local widening of So Kwun Po Road southbound from 2 to 3 lanes 	KTN/ FLN NDA	2023 (not yet completed)
		 Local widening with one additional straight-ahead traffic lane on So Kwun Po Road northbound Local widening of Ma Sik Road northbound from 2 to 3 lanes 	Sheung Shui Areas 4 and 30	
	Jockey Club Road/ Lung Sum Avenue (J25)	 Local widening with one additional straight-ahead traffic lane on Jockey Club Road eastbound Local widening with one additional straight-ahead traffic lane on Lung Sum Avenue northbound 	<mark>Kong Nga</mark> Po	Completed

4.4.2 The corresponding discussion paper of the planned/ committed junction improvement schemes is attached in **Appendix B**.

4.5 Hong Kong Major Transport Infrastructure Development Blueprint

- 4.5.1 The Government has promulgated the "Hong Kong Major Transport Infrastructure Development Blueprint" (The Blueprint) in December 2023 with a view to meeting the city's long-term transport and logistics needs up to 2046 and beyond. One of the proposals included in The Blueprint is the additional "Two Railways & One Major Road", which is related to North District and comprises the Northern Link Eastern Extension (NOLE), the Northeast New Territories Line (NENTL), and the Northern Metropolis Highway (New Territories North New Town Section).
- 4.5.2 NOLE will extend the Northern Link eastward from Kwu Tung Station to Ping Che and is planned connect to NENTL at its terminal. Based on the preliminary alignment illustrated in The Blueprint, NOLE will pass by the southern edge of the Applicate Site without encroaching its boundary. Hence, it is anticipated that the Indicative Scheme will not have interface issue with NOLE, subject to the finalised design of NOLE.
- 4.5.3 On the other hand, with the consideration that there is no information about the station location and the operation year of NOLE, the traffic and transport impact have been assessed with the assumption that NOLE is not yet available at the time of population intake of the Indicative Scheme for conservative approach.

4.6 Assessment Scenarios

4.6.1 To evaluate the traffic impact likely to be induced by the traffic associated with the Indicative Scheme, two scenarios are analysed and compared. **Scenario 1** is the Reference Scenario (without the Indicative Scheme) in Year 2031. **Scenario 2** is the Design Scenario (with the Indicative Scheme) in Year 2031.

Scenario 1

Year 2031 Reference Scenario

= Adjusted Year 2031 Two-Tier Transport Model traffic flows

Plus traffic generations of major planned/committed developments in the vicinity not incorporated in 2019-based BDTM

Scenario 2

Year 2031 Design Scenario

= Year 2031 Reference Scenario

Plus trip generation and attraction associated with the Indicative Scheme as indicated in **Table 4.1.3**

4.6.2 The forecasted traffic flows for the above two scenarios are presented in **Figure 4.6**.

4.7 Junction Capacity Assessment

4.7.1 Junction capacity assessment was carried out at the identified key junctions for Year 2031 Reference and Design Scenarios. Assessment results are summarized in **Table 4.7.1** below. The detailed junction calculation sheets are attached in **Appendix C**.

Table 4.7.1 Year 2031 Future Junction Performance

				Perform	ance (1)	
	Junction	Type	2031 Re	eference	2031 I	Design
			AM	PM	AM	PM
J1	Lin Ma Hang Road / Man Kam To Road	Priority	0.39	0.47	0.87	0.82
J2	Lin Ma Hang Road / Ping Che Road	Priority	0.57	<mark>0.68</mark>	1.26	1.09
J3	Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	Roundabout	0.30	0.31	0.46	0.42
J4	Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	Priority	0.24	0.18	0.53	0.36
J5	Sha Tau Kok Road / Ping Che Road	Roundabout	0.53	<mark>0.58</mark>	0.62	0.64
J6	Sha Tau Kok Road / Lau Shui Heung Road	Roundabout	0.48	<mark>0.49</mark>	0.54	0.53
J7	Sha Tau Kok Road / Lung Ma Road	Roundabout	<mark>0.56</mark>	<mark>0.64</mark>	0.59	<mark>0.67</mark>
J8	Sha Tau Kok Road / Sui Wan Road	Signalised	<mark>6%</mark>	17%	<mark>1%</mark>	<mark>11%</mark>
J9	Man Kam To Road / Kong Nga Po Road	Priority	0.49	<mark>0.53</mark>	0.63	<mark>0.60</mark>
J10	Jockey Club Road / Po Wan Road	Signalised	<mark>51%</mark>	<mark>46%</mark>	<mark>26%</mark>	<mark>28%</mark>
J11	Jockey Club Road / Tin Ping Road	Signalised	<mark>52%</mark>	<mark>53%</mark>	28%	<mark>39%</mark>
J12	Po Shek Wu Road / Jockey Club Road	Roundabout	0.52	<mark>0.53</mark>	<mark>0.64</mark>	0.62
J13	Po Shek Wu Road / Po Wan Road (2)	Signalised	<mark>32%</mark>	<mark>29%</mark>	<mark>10%</mark>	<mark>16%</mark>
J14	Po Shek Wu Road / Choi Yuen Road (2)	Signalised	<mark>33%</mark>	<mark>38%</mark>	21%	31%
J15	Lin Ma Hnag Road / Proposed Access Road	Signalised	_	_	<mark>28%</mark>	<mark>49%</mark>
J16	Sha Tau Kok Road / Fanling Bypass	Roundabout	<mark>0.56</mark>	<mark>0.55</mark>	0.59	0.59
J17	Man Kam To Road / Fanling Bypass	Roundabout	<mark>0.56</mark>	<mark>0.58</mark>	0.73	0.70
J18	Man Kam To Road / Road L4	Signalised	<mark>58%</mark>	<mark>67%</mark>	<mark>32%</mark>	<mark>44%</mark>
J19	Sha Tau Kok Road / Luen On Street	Signalised	<mark>37%</mark>	<mark>39%</mark>	<mark>30%</mark>	<mark>33%</mark>
J20	Sha Tau Kok Road / Fan Leng Lau Road	Signalised	31%	<mark>28%</mark>	<mark>29%</mark>	<mark>26%</mark>
J21	Sha Tau Kok Road / Jockey Club Road	Roundabout	0.59	<mark>0.65</mark>	0.62	<mark>0.67</mark>
J22	Sha Tau Kok Road / San Wan Road	Roundabout	0.45	0.47	0.47	0.49
J23	San Wan Road / Fanling Station Road	Signalised	<mark>10%</mark>	10%	<mark>7%</mark>	<mark>8%</mark>
J24	Jockey Club Road / So Kwun Po Road	Signalised	<mark>33%</mark>	<mark>36%</mark>	31%	34%
J25	Jockey Club Road / Lung Sum Avenue	Signalised	<mark>39%</mark>	32%	<mark>36%</mark>	<mark>29%</mark>

Notes:

- 4.7.2 The results revealed that all the identified key junctions would operate within capacity with the Indicative Scheme in Year 2031, except J1, J2, J8, J13 and J23.
- 4.7.3 Considering that the junction capacity for junction J1 Lin Ma Hang Road / Man Kam To Road would be operated near capacity during AM peak period under Year 2031 Design Scenario, J2 Lin Ma Hang Road / Ping Che Road would be overloaded during both AM and PM peak period under Year 2031 Design Scenario, J8 Sha Tau Kok Road / Sui Wan Road would be operated near capacity during AM peak period under both Year 2031 Reference and Design Scenario as well as during PM peak period under Year 2031 Design Scenario, J13 Po Shek Wu Road / Po Wan Road would be operated near capacity during AM peak period under Year 2031 Design Scenario, and J23 San Wan Road / Fanling Station Road would be operated near capacity during both AM and PM peak period under both Year 2031 Reference and Design Scenario, improvement proposals have been explored to improve the performance of the junctions.

<mark>J1 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Man Kam To Road</mark>

4.7.4 Under the existing junction arrangement, Lin Ma Hang Road is currently operated as the minor arm of the priority junction with right and left turning traffic share the same single lane for queuing.

⁽¹⁾ Figures shown represent "Reserve Capacity" (RC) in % for signalized junctions and "Design Flow Capacity" (DFC) ratio for roundabouts and priority junctions.

⁽²⁾ With implementation of infrastructures/ junction improvement works as discussed in Section 2.3/4.4

It is considered that right turning traffic has a longer average queuing time than left turning traffic to leave the minor arm as right turning traffic requires to wait for major stream traffic of Man Kam To Road both bounds while left turning traffic requires to wait for major arm traffic of Man Kam To Road southbound only. It may cause unnecessary delay for left turning traffic which is anticipated much more significant than right turning traffic upon the commissioning of the Indicative Scheme. As a result, it is proposed to provide a flare lane to allow right and left turning traffic queuing at separate lanes, as presented in **Figure 4.7** with corresponding swept path analysis presented in **Figure 4.8**.

J2 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Ping Che Road

- 4.7.6 Under the existing junction arrangement, Lin Ma Hang Road is currently operated as the minor arm of the priority junction.
- 4.7.7 Upon the commissioning of the Indicative Scheme, it is anticipated that traffic flow on Lin Ma Hang Road will become the major traffic movement of this junction. Therefore, it is proposed to modify the junction configuration by classifying Lin Ma Hang Road and Ping Che Road as the major arm and the minor arm of the junction respectively as presented in **Figure 4.9** to suit the future traffic pattern, with corresponding swept path analysis presented in **Figure 4.10**.

J8 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Sui Wan Road

- 4.7.8 Under the existing Method of Control arrangement (MOC), there is one exclusive stage for right-turn movement from Sha Tau Kok Road NB to Sui Wan Road EB, which limit the green time for straight-ahead movement along Sha Tau Kok Road.
- 4.7.9 Upon the commissioning of the Indicative Scheme as well as the Queen's Hill Extension, it is anticipated that straight-ahead traffic flow along Sha Tau Kok Road will be more significant of this junction. Therefore, it is proposed to improve the junction by, (1) banning of right-turn movements at Sui Wan Road WB, (2) banning of left-turn movements at Sui Wan Road EB, (3) banning of right-turn movements at both Sha Tau Kok Road NB and SB, (4) road marking modification of far-side traffic lane of approaching arm of Sha Tau Kok Road SB to provide a new straight-ahead traffic lane, and (5) road marking modification of Sha Tau Kok Road NB far-side traffic lane and rearrangement of central divider/ traffic island of Sha Tau Kok Road near the concerned junction J8 to provide a new traffic lane of leaving arm of Sha Tau Kok Road SB with approx. 50m weaving length. The proposed junction improvement scheme with proposed MOC is presented in Figure 4.11.
- 4.7.10 Affected traffic would use J7 Sha Tau Kok Road/ Lung Ma Road Roundabout and J16 Future Sha Tau Kok Road / Fanling Bypass Roundabout for resuming to Sui Wan Road and Sha Tau Kok Road. In view of the detoured traffic volume and travelling distance, the resultant traffic diversion is considered immaterial.

J13 - Po Shek Wu Road / Po Wan Road

4.7.11 Alternatively, local widening for exit arm of Po Shek Wu Road NB to allow straight-ahead traffic to use three lanes is proposed. With the consideration that left-turn traffic is much less significant than straight-ahead traffic, it is proposed to rearrange the lane movement to fit in the aforementioned local widening, such that nearside lane will be shared by left-turn traffic and straight-ahead traffic, while 2nd and 3rd lane will allow straight-ahead traffic only.

- 4.7.12 Furthermore, subsequent to the implementation of local widening of exit arm of Po Shek Wu Road SB, local widening of entry arm of Po Shek Wu Road SB is further proposed such that there would be three exclusive lanes for straight-ahead traffic and one exclusive lanes for left-turn traffic.
- 4.7.13 The proposed junction improvement scheme is presented in **Figure 4.12**.

J23 - San Wan Road / Fanling Station Road

- 4.7.14 Under the existing junction arrangement, the nearside lane from San Wan Road EB is exclusively for left-turn traffic. As the corresponding exit arm is only an access road to Cheung Wah Estate, the left-turn traffic flow volume is significantly low and such lane arrangement is not optimised. With the consideration that both straight-ahead traffic and right-turn traffic are the major traffic movement for San Wan Road EB, it is proposed to maintain the existing lane arrangement for right-turn traffic but share the nearside lane for straight-ahead traffic. Lane warning line road marking is further proposed to guide the straight-ahead movement to enhance the vehicular safety. The proposed junction improvement scheme is presented in Figure 4.13. corresponding swept path analysis at the junction is presented in Figure 4.14.
- 4.7.15 With the proposed junction improvement / modification, the junction J2, J7, J8, J13, J16 and J23 have been reassessed and the corresponding junction performance is summarized in **Table 4.7.2** below. The detailed junction calculation sheets for the proposed junction improvement schemes are attached in **Appendix D**.

Table 4.7.2 Year 2031 Future Junction Performance – With Junction Improvement / Modification

			2031 Design Performance (1)					
	Junction	Туре		Junction vement	With Junction Improvement			
			AM	AM	PM	PM		
J1	Lin Ma Hang Road / Man Kam To Road	Priority	0.87	0.82	0.84	0.80		
J2	Lin Ma Hang Road / Ping Che Road	Priority	1.26	1.09	0.71	<mark>0.65</mark>		
J7	Sha Tau Kok Road / Lung Ma Road (2)	Roundabout	0.59	<mark>0.67</mark>	0.62	<mark>0.71</mark>		
J8	Sha Tau Kok Road / Sui Wan Road	Signalised	1%	<mark>11%</mark>	<mark>28%</mark>	<mark>29%</mark>		
J13	Po Shek Wu Road / Po Wan Road	Signalised	10%	<mark>16%</mark>	<mark>28%</mark>	<mark>26%</mark>		
J16	J16 Sha Tau Kok Road / Fanling Bypass (2)		<mark>0.59</mark>	<mark>0.59</mark>	<mark>0.61</mark>	<mark>0.60</mark>		
J23	San Wan Road / Fanling Station Road	Signalised	<mark>7%</mark>	<mark>8%</mark>	<mark>24%</mark>	<mark>24%</mark>		

- 4.7.16 The above results revealed that under the Design Scenario in Year 2031, the DFC of J1 would be improved from 0.87 to 0.84 and 0.82 to 0.80 during AM peak and PM peak periods respectively, the DFC of J2 would be improved from 1.26 to 0.71 and 1.09 to 0.65 during AM peak and PM peak periods respectively, the RC of J8 would be improved from 1% to 28% and 11% to 29% during AM peak and PM peak periods respectively, the RC of J13 would be improved from 10% to 28% and 16% to 26% during AM peak and PM peak periods respectively, and the RC of J23 would be improved from 7% to 24% and 8% to 24% during AM peak and PM peak periods respectively.
- 4.7.17 On the other hand, due to the diverted traffic by the proposed junction modification of J8, the DFC of J7 would be slightly increase from 0.59 to 0.62 and 0.67 to 0.71 during AM peak and PM peak periods respectively, while the DFC of J16 would be slightly increase from 0.59 to 0.61 and 0.59 to 0.60 during AM peak and PM

⁽¹⁾ Figures shown represent "Reserve Capacity" (RC) in % for signalized junctions and "Design Flow Capacity" (DFC) ratio for priority junctions.

⁽²⁾ With the proposed junction improvement of J8

- peak periods respectively. It is hence anticipated that the traffic implication to J7 and J16 associated with the proposed junction modification of J8 is immaterial.
- 4.7.18 With the above improvement proposal, it is anticipated that the performance of junction J1, J2, J8, J13 and J23 would be enhanced, and all junctions would be operated within capacity with the Indicative Scheme in Year 2031.

4.8 Link Capacity Assessment

4.8.1 Key road links within the study area are identified and assessed in both Reference and Design scenarios in Design Year 2031. Assessment results are summarised in **Table 4.8.1** below.

Link Performance (2) 2031 Reference 2031 Design Type Link Configuration | Direction | Capacity **AM PM** AMPM Flow Flow Flow Flow V/C V/C V/C V/C (3) (3) (3) (3) Lin Ma Hang Road 7.3m wide L1 (near Man Kam To RR Single two-lane Two-way 1,500 545 0.37555 0.371,240 0.83 1,070 0.72Road junction) (4) carriageway Lin Ma Hang Road 7.3m wide L2 <mark>700</mark> 0.47710 0.481,420 0.95 1.250 0.84(near Ping Che RR Single two-lane Two-way 1,500 Road junction) (4) carriageway Lung Shan Tunnel 3,000 1,380 0.46 980 0.33 1,550 0.52 1,075 0.36 NR Dual two-lane RT L3 (Fanling Highway carriageway 0.39 0.43 1,210 0.41 1,160 1,345 0.45 1,280 SB 3,000 Sha Tau Kok Road) Fanling Highway 6,145 NB 8.200 5.155 0.63 0.75 5,375 0.66 6.280 0.77Dual four-lane (at the south of FX L4 carriageway 7,840 6,625 <mark>7,660</mark> 0.946,470 0.790.96 0.81SB8,200 Lung Shan Tunnel) Sha Tau Kok Road NB 2,800 1,730 0.621,990 0.721,835 0.66 2,090 0.75 Dual two-lane L5 (Sui Wan Road -RR carriageway SB2,800 2,045 0.741,775 0.64 2,175 0.78 0.67Fanling Bypas) Jockey Club Road 1,320 NB 2,800 1,135 0.411,065 0.39 1,465 0.53 0.48Dual two-lane PD L6 (Tin Ping Road – carriageway 0.51 SB 2,800 1,370 0.491,415 0.61 Po Shek Wu Road) Po Shek Wu Road 1,700 0.61 1,655 0.60 1,995 0.721,860 0.67 NB 2,800 Dual two-lane (Po Wan Road -PD carriageway 1.985 0.712,100 0.752.250 0.81 2,300 0.83 SB 2,800 Choi Yuen Road) Fanling Highway 6,055 0.746,060 0.7<mark>4</mark> 6,320 0.786,230 0.76 EB 8,200 (at the west of Po Dual four-lane L8 EX Shek Wu Road carriageway 5,880 WB 8,200 0.720.61 6,120 0.75 5,160 0.634.975Interchange) (4) 10.5m wide Proposed Access L9 Single two-lane 1,800 1,380 0.771,010 0.57Two-way Road carriageway

Table 4.8.1 Year 2031 Future Link Performance

- (1) Abbreviation: EX Expressway; PD Primary Distributor; RR Rural Road; RT Rural Trunk Road
- (2) A V/C ratio below 1.0 is considered acceptable. A V/C ratio above 1.0 indicates the onset of mild congestion and a V/C ratio between 1.0 and 1.2 would indicate a manageable degree of congestion. A V/C ratio above 1.2 indicates the onset of more serious congestion.
- (3) Figures are rounded to the nearest 5.
- (4) With implementation of infrastructures/junction improvement works as discussed in Section 2.3/4.4
- 4.8.2 The above results revealed that all key road links assessed will be performing satisfactorily with spare capacity in both Reference and Design scenarios in Year 2031.

4.8.3 Similar to junction performance, due to the diverted traffic by the proposed junction modification of J8, L5 has been reassessed and the corresponding link performance is summarized in **Table 4.8.2** below.

Table 4.8.2 Year 2031 Future Link Performance – With Junction Improvement / Modification

						2031 Design Performance (2)							
Link		Туре	Configuration	Direction	Consoity	Without Junction Improvement				With Junction Improvement			
		(1)			Capacity	A]	AM PM		M	A	M	PM	
						Flow (3)	V/C	Flow (3)	V/C	Flow (3)	V/C	Flow (3)	V/C
	Sha Tau Kok Road (Sui Wan Road –	RR	Dual two-lane	NB	2,800	1,835	<mark>0.66</mark>	2,090	0.75	1,880	0.68	2,135	<mark>0.77</mark>
	Fanling Bypas)	KK	carriageway	SB	2,800	2,175	0.78	1,855	0.67	2,220	0.80	1,900	0.68

Notes:

- (1) Abbreviation: EX Expressway; PD Primary Distributor; RR Rural Road; RT Rural Trunk Road
- (2) A V/C ratio below 1.0 is considered acceptable. A V/C ratio above 1.0 indicates the onset of mild congestion and a V/C ratio between 1.0 and 1.2 would indicate a manageable degree of congestion. A V/C ratio above 1.2 indicates the onset of more serious congestion.
- (3) Figures are rounded to the nearest 5.
- 4.8.4 The above results revealed that the V/C ratio of Sha Tau Kok Road (Sui Wan Road Fanling Bypas) Northbound would be slightly increase from 0.66 to 0.68 and 0.75 to 0.77 during AM peak and PM peak periods respectively, while the V/C ratio of Sha Tau Kok Road (Sui Wan Road Fanling Bypass) Southbound would be slightly increase from 0.78 to 0.80 and 0.67 to 0.68 during AM peak and PM peak periods respectively. It is hence anticipated that the traffic implication to L5 associated with the proposed junction modification of J8 is immaterial.

4.9 Public Transport Assessment

4.9.1 The anticipated population of the Private Housing and family units of the ancillary dormitories of the Indicative Scheme is about 6,264 and 1,070 respectively. According to "Travel Characteristics Survey (TCS) 2011" published by Transport Department, the daily mechanised trip rate is 1.83 trips per person, while both morning and evening peak hour accounted for about 12% of the daily trips. It is hence estimated that the Indicative Scheme would generate a total of 1,611 passengers / hour (i.e., $7,334 \times 1.83 \times 0.12$) during the morning peak hour. For conservative approach, a factor of 1.2 is further applied on the peak hour trip generation (i.e., $1,611 \times 1.2 = 1,934$) which deems sufficient to consider the unforeseen growth of peak hour trip generation. The anticipated passenger trips generated in the peak hour is summarized in **Table 4.9.1**.

Table 4.9.1 Passenger Trips Generated from Indicative Scheme in the Morning Peak Hour

Development Parameters				
No. of private residential units & family units in dormitories (1)	2,716 flats			
Population (2)	7,334			
Morning / Evening Peak Hours Trip Generation	1,933 pax/hr			

- (1) Assuming single flats in dormitories will not generate / attract trips to external road network during daily commuting peaks as discussed in Section 3.2
- (2) Average domestic household size of 2.7 is assumed based on the 2021 Population Census in North District.
- 4.9.2 The modal split for residents in North District extracted from Table B203 and C204 under District Council District "North" from 2021 Population Census published by Census and Statistics Department is summarised in **Table 4.9.2**.

Table 4.9.2 Main Mode of Transport to Place of Study and Work in North District

Mode of Transport	Place of Study (from B203)	Place of Work (from C204)	Total	
_	Persons	Persons	Persons	%
MTR (Local line)	12,118	46,153	58,271	39.0%
Bus	8,238	22,781	31,019	21.0%
On foot only	12,822	11,285	24,107	16.0%
School bus	4,145	-	4,145	3.0%
Public light bus	3,541	7,802	11,343	8.0%
Private car/ Passenger van	3,400	7,887	11,287	7.5%
Company bus/ van	-	3,002	3,002	2.0%
MTR (Light Rail)	-	-	-	-
Taxi	214	711	925	0.5%
Residential coach service	489	580	1,069	0.5%
Ferry/ Vessel	-	18	18	0.0%
Others	888	3,212	4,100	2.5%
Total	45,855	103,431	149,286	100%

- 4.9.3 With the consideration of the locality of the Application Site, it is assumed that company bus/van, ferry/vessel are not the available for the residents of the Indicative Scheme, and the associated passenger trips will be evenly distributed into MTR and bus.
- 4.9.4 On the other hand, in order to minimise the disturbance of the residents from private residential developments in the vicinity as well as the border crossing passengers using the existing GMB 59K and 59S services, it is assumed that public light bus is also not available for the residents of the Indicative Scheme, with the consideration that service enhancement of GMB is not efficient due to its low carrying capacity. The associated passenger trips will be distributed into bus. The adjusted modal split for the Indicative Scheme is summarized in **Table 4.9.3**.

Table 4.9.3 Adjusted Modal Split for the Indicative Scheme

Owiginal Bassansan	Adjusted Modal Split for the Indicative Scheme								
Original Passenger Trip at North District	MTR (Local line)	Bus	School bus	Taxi	Residential coach service	Private car/ Passenger van	On foot only	Others	Total
MTR (Local line)	58,271								58,271
Franchised Bus		31,019							31,019
On foot only							24,107		24,107
School bus			4,145						4,145
Public light bus		11,343							11,343
Private car/ Passenger van						11,287			11,287
Company bus/ van	1,501	1,501							3,002
MTR (Light Rail)	-	-							-
Taxi				925					925
Residential coach service					1,069				1,069
Ferry/ Vessel	9	9							18
Others								4,100	4,100
Total	59,781	43,872	4,145	925	1,069	11,287	24,107	4,100	149,286
Proportion	40.0%	30.0%	3.0%	0.5%	0.5%	7.5%	16.0%	2.5%	100.0%

4.9.5 With respect to the adjusted modal split above, the associated passenger demand from Indicative Scheme in peak hour is estimated in **Table 4.9.4**.

Mode of Transport	Proportion	Passenger Demand from Indicative Scheme (pax/hr)		
MTR (Local line)	40.0%	773	1 252	
Franchised Bus	30.0%	580	1,253	
School bus	3.0%	58		
Taxi	0.5%	10		
Residential coach service	0.5%	10		
Private car/ Passenger van	7.5%	145		
On foot only	16.0%	309		
Others	2.5%	48		
Total	100%	1,933		

- Although there is no existing franchised bus route operating along the section of Lin Ma Hang Road outside the Application Site, currently there are KMB 73K and KMB 79K operating along Man Kam To Road and Ping Che Road respectively, which are anticipated the major ingress and egress vehicular routes of the Application Site connecting MTR stations and major Bus-Bus Interchange (BBI) in Sheung Shui and Fanling. In order to avoid duplication of public transport services in terms of routings and to better utilise the existing bus resources, the Applicant proposes to extend the services of KMB 73K and KMB 79K to the Application Site instead of introducing new franchised bus routes.
- 4.9.7 The proposed routings of KMB 73K and KMB 79K are illustrated in **Figure 4.15** and **Figure 4.16** respectively. The proposed bus service extension would act as feeder services which not only cater for MTR passenger demand, but also cater for long-haul bus passenger demand from the Indicative Scheme, by interchanging with existing long-haul bus routes in Sheung Shui BBI and Fanling Station BBI.
- 4.9.8 With the consideration that the one-way travel distance of the proposed routing of KMB 79K (approx. 18 km) is more than double of that of KMB 73K (approx. 8 km), it is anticipated that the journey time of KMB 73K would be shorter by more than half accordingly such that the MTR and long-haul bus passengers induced by the Indicative Scheme would prefer KMB 73K over KMB 79K. For technical assessment purposes, it is assumed that 2/3 of them would take KMB 73K (i.e. 1,253 x 2/3 = 835) and remaining 1/3 (1,253 835 = 418) would take KMB 79K.
- 4.9.9 To identify if there are sufficient spare capacity to cope with the additional passenger demand induced by the Indicative Scheme, current occupancy of KMB 73K and KMB 79K at identified critical bus stops during morning and evening peak periods are surveyed and summarised from **Table 4.9.5** to **Table 4.9.8**, including Sheung Shui Terminus and Fung Kai No.1 Secondary School for KMB 73K, Luen Wo Hui Bus Terminus and Fanling Station for KMB 79K.
- 4.9.10 With the consideration of the location of the Application Site and the methodology of the public transport demand forecast by the Indicative Scheme, it is anticipated that the estimated passengers by the Indicative Scheme would be towards Sheung Shui bound and Man Kam To/Ta Kwu Ling bound during morning peak and evening peak respectively, hence current occupancy of KMB 73K and KMB 79K were only surveyed in one-way direction during respective peak period.

Table 4.9.5 Observed Bus Occupancy of KMB 73K at Sheung Shui Terminus

		Sheung Shui Bound				Man Kam To Bound			
Hour	No. of Bus Trips	Total Capacity*	Total Passengers	Occupancy	No. of Bus Trips	Total Capacity*	Total Passengers	Occupancy	
0700 - 0800	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>225</mark>	<mark>36</mark>	<mark>16%</mark>					
0800 - 0900	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>225</mark>	<mark>32</mark>	<mark>14%</mark>		N.	A.		
0900 - 1000	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>225</mark>	14	<mark>6%</mark>					
1700 – 1800					<mark>3</mark>	225	<mark>60</mark>	<mark>27%</mark>	
1800 - 1900		N.	A.		<mark>3</mark>	<mark>225</mark>	<mark>59</mark>	<mark>26%</mark>	
1900 - 2000					<mark>3</mark>	<mark>225</mark>	<mark>69</mark>	<mark>31%</mark>	

Note:

Table 4.9.6 Observed Bus Occupancy of KMB 73K at Fung Kai No.1 Secondary School

	Sheung Shui Bound				Man Kam To Bound			
Hour	No. of Bus Trips		Total Passengers	Occupancy	No. of Bus Trips	Total Capacity*	Total Passengers	Occupancy
0700 - 0800	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>225</mark>	105	<mark>47%</mark>				
0800 - 0900	3	<mark>225</mark>	<mark>95</mark>	<mark>42%</mark>	N.A.			
0900 - 1000	3	<mark>225</mark>	<mark>41</mark>	18%				
1700 - 1800					<mark>3</mark>	225	<mark>75</mark>	<mark>33%</mark>
1800 - 1900		N.	. <mark>A.</mark>		<mark>3</mark>	225	<mark>87</mark>	<mark>39%</mark>
1900 - 2000					<mark>3</mark>	<mark>225</mark>	102	<mark>45%</mark>

Note:

Table 4.9.7 Observed Bus Occupancy of KMB 79K at Luen Wo Hui Bus Terminus

	Sheung Shui Bound				Ta Kwu Ling Bound				
Hour	No. of Bus Trips		Total Passengers	Occupancy	No. of Bus Trips	Total Capacity*	Total Passengers	Occupancy	
0700 - 0800	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>360</mark>	135	38%					
0800 - 0900	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>360</mark>	81	23%	N.A.				
0900 - 1000	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>360</mark>	107	<mark>30%</mark>					
1700 – 1800					2	240	<mark>94</mark>	<mark>39%</mark>	
1800 - 1900		N.	A.		<mark>2</mark>	<mark>240</mark>	162	<mark>68%</mark>	
1900 - 2000					3	<mark>360</mark>	155	<mark>43%</mark>	

Note:

Table 4.9.8 Observed Bus Occupancy of KMB 79K at Fanling Station

		Sheung Sl	<mark>hui Bound</mark>		Ta Kwu Ling Bound			
Hour	No. of Bus Trips		Total Passengers	Occupancy	No. of Bus Trips	Total Capacity*	Total Passengers	Occupancy
0700 - 0800	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>360</mark>	<mark>96</mark>	<mark>27%</mark>				
0800 - 0900	<mark>3</mark>	<mark>360</mark>	<mark>76</mark>	<mark>21%</mark>		N.	A.	
0900 - 1000	3	<mark>360</mark>	<mark>74</mark>	<mark>21%</mark>				
1700 – 1800					<mark>3</mark>	<mark>360</mark>	82	<mark>23%</mark>
<u>1800 – 1900</u>		N.	A.		<mark>3</mark>	<mark>360</mark>	<mark>84</mark>	<mark>23%</mark>
1900 - 2000					<mark>3</mark>	<mark>360</mark>	172	<mark>48%</mark>

Note:

^{*} Assumed Bus Capacity is 75 passengers per vehicle as single-decked buses are employed

^{*} Assumed Bus Capacity is 75 passengers per vehicle as single-decked buses are employed

^{*} Assumed Bus Capacity is 120 passengers per vehicle as double-decked buses are employed

^{*} Assumed Bus Capacity is 120 passengers per vehicle as double-decked buses are employed

It is considered that the usage of franchised buses is hugely related to planned population and employment within its catchment area. Reference was hence made to 2019-based Territorial Population and Employment Data Matrix (TPEDM) published by Planning Department. **Table 4.9.9** and **Table 4.9.10** below summarize the estimated and projected population and employment data in 2019, 2026 and 2031 as well as the respective annual average growth rate of Planning Data District (PDD) "Fanling/Sheung Shui" and Sub-region "NENT" which is formed by a number of PDDs, including Fanling/Sheung Shui, Tai Po, Ma On Shan, Sha Tin and Other Area in NENT.

Table 4.9.9 Annual Average Growth Rate of Fanling/Sheung Shui by TPEDM

	2019 Estimates	2026 Projection	2031 Projection	Annual Growth Rate from 2019 to 2031
Population	258,300	274,100	352,350	2.62%
Employment	<mark>64,100</mark>	<mark>66,650</mark>	<mark>79,400</mark>	1.80%
TOTAL	322,400	340,750	431,750	<mark>2.46%</mark>

Table 4.9.10 Annual Average Growth Rate of NENT by TPEDM

	2019 Estimates	2026 Projection	2031 Projection	Annual Growth Rate from 2019 to 2031
Population	1,316,700	1,431,950	1,547,650	1.36%
Employment	421,000	411,500	438,000	<mark>0.33%</mark>
TOTAL	1,737,700	1,843,450	1,985,650	1.12%

- 4.9.12 From the above tables, the average annual growth rate determined from Fanling/Sheung Shui in TPEDM ranges from 1.80% to 2.62% p.a. and that from NENT in TPEDM ranges from 0.33% to 1.36% p.a.. For conservative assessment purpose, the highest growth factor (i.e. +2.62% p.a.) would be applied to the observed highest nos. of franchised bus passengers to forecast the franchised bus passenger demand in Design Year 2031.
- As indicated in **Table 4.9.5** to **Table 4.9.8**, the highest usage of Sheung Shui bound during morning peak and Man Kam To/Ta Kwu Ling bound during evening peak for KMB 73K was 105 pax/hr and 102 pax/hr respectively, while that for KMB 79K was 135 pax/hr and 172 pax/hr respectively. By adopting the growth rate of +2.62% p.a. into the observed highest nos. of passengers, the estimated passengers demand of KMB 73K and KMB 79K in Year 2031 were summarised in **Table 4.9.11.**

Table 4.9.11 Estimated Passenger Demand of KMB 73K and KMB 79K in Year 2031

Bus Route	Peak Period	Direction	2023 Observed Peak Franchised Bus Passenger Demand (pax/hr)	2031 Reference Peak Franchised Bus Passenger Demand (pax/hr)	Additional Public Transport demand by Indicative Scheme (pax/hr)	2031 Design Peak Franchised Bus Passenger Demand (pax/hr)
KMB	AM	Sheung Shui	105	<mark>126</mark>	<mark>835</mark>	<mark>961</mark>
73K	<mark>PM</mark>	Man Kam To	102	122	<mark>835</mark>	<mark>957</mark>
KMB	AM	Sheung Shui	135	<mark>162</mark>	<mark>418</mark>	<mark>580</mark>
<mark>79K</mark>	<mark>PM</mark>	Ta Kwu Ling	172	<mark>206</mark>	<mark>418</mark>	<mark>624</mark>

4.9.14 Based on the above table, it is anticipated that there would be insufficient spare capacity for both KMB 73K and KMB 79K under their respective existing headway. Hence, it is proposed to enhance the service by employing double-

decked bus instead of single-decked bus for KMB 73K and increasing the frequency for both KMB 73K and KMB 79K during morning and evening peak period with the corresponding occupancy as summarised in **Table 4.9.12**. The proposed fleet size associated with the bus enhancement proposal are summarised in **Table 4.9.13**.

Table 4.9.12 Proposed Bus Enhancement and associated occupancy in Year 2031

Bus Route	Peak Period	Direction	during	Proposed Frequency during peak hour (mins)	Proposed No. of Bus Trips during peak hour (bus trips/hr)	Total Capacity* (pax/hr)	2031 Design Peak Franchised Bus Passenger Demand (pax/hr)	Occupancy
KMB	AM	Sheung Shui	15 - 30	<mark>4 - 6</mark>	12	1,440	<mark>961</mark>	<mark>67%</mark>
73K	PM	Man Kam To	<mark>20 - 25</mark>	<mark>4 - 6</mark>	12	1,440	<mark>957</mark>	<mark>66%</mark>
KMB	AM	Sheung Shui	15 - 30	<mark>6 - 9</mark>	8	<mark>960</mark>	<mark>580</mark>	<mark>60%</mark>
<mark>79K</mark>	PM	Ta Kwu Ling	<mark>25 - 30</mark>	<mark>6 - 9</mark>	8	<mark>960</mark>	<mark>624</mark>	<mark>65%</mark>

Note:

Table 4.9.13 Proposed Fleet Size associated with the Bus Enhancement Proposal

	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D) (=(B)/(C))	(E)
Bus	Proposed Average	Estimated One-way Traveling	Observed	Estimated	$(=(D)/(A) \times 2)$
Route	Frequency during	Distance under the Proposed	Average speed	One-way Journey	Proposed Fleet
	peak hour (mins)	Service Extension (km)	<mark>(km/h)</mark>	Time (mins)	<mark>Size</mark>
KMB 73K	(4+6) / 2 = 5	8	<mark>16</mark>	<mark>30</mark>	12
KMB 79K	(6+9) / 2 = 7.5	18	13.5	<mark>80</mark>	22

- 4.9.15 With the proposed bus enhancement of KMB 73K and KMB 79K, it is anticipated that there would be sufficient spare capacities to accommodate the additional passenger demand induced by the Indicative Scheme during morning and evening peak period in year 2031. The associated bus trips have also been distributed into the road network and incorporated into the traffic forecast.
- 4.9.16 Besides, it is proposed to provide transport interchange with 1 no. bus drop-off bay, 4 nos. bus pick-up bays and 12 nos. stacking bays for the proposed existing bus service enhancement underneath the R&D Centre 2, together with taxi stand to accommodate 5 nos. NT taxi and 5 nos. urban taxi and in accordance with TPDM requirement. as illustrated in **Figure 4.17**.
- 4.9.17 Charging-enabling facilities for each bus bay (2.5m(L) x 1.5m(W) x 2.6m(H)) and 4 nos. taxi (2 nos. NT taxi & 2 no. urban taxi, 2.5m(L) x 1.5m(W)) in accordance with EPD requirement, as well as a 237.5m² (47.5m(L) x 5m(W)) integrated structure of staff ancillary facilities for bus operators and passenger facilities such as kiosks and toilets in accordance with TPDM requirement has also been incorporated in the proposed transport interchange.
- 4.9.18 Furthermore, two sets of en-route bus stops would be provided outside the Residential Area and Data Centre in order to enhance the efficiency of the proposed feeder services and long-haul services. It is hence anticipated that the accessibility of the Indicative Scheme is considered acceptable, and the Indicative Scheme would not impose adverse impact to existing PT services.
- 4.9.19 The swept path analysis of 12.8m long bus manoeuvring along the proposed signalized junction of Lin Ma Hang Road / Proposed Access Road is presented

Assumed Bus Capacity is 120 passengers per vehicle

- from **Figure 3.7** to **Figure 3.9**, while the swept path analysis of 12.8m long bus manoeuvring between the proposed transport interchange and the en-route bus stops is presented in **Figure 4.18**.
- 4.9.20 On the other hand, the swept path analysis of 12.8m long bus manoeuvring along each bus bay and stacking bay is presented from **Figure 4.19** to **Figure 4.23**, while the swept path analysis of 5m long taxi manoeuvring along the taxi stand is presented in **Figure 4.24**.

4.10 Railway Assessment

- 4.10.1 According to the Press Releases dated 6 Nov 2024, from the National Day Golden Week to Chung Yeung Festival in 2024, the weekday patronage for the critical link of East Rail Line (EAL) from 8am to 10am (Tai Wai to Kowloon Tong) and from 5pm to 7pm (Kowloon Tong to Tai Wai) was about 70,100 and 65,600 respectively. [Source: https://www.info.gov.hk/gia/general/202411/06/P2024110600173.htm?fontSize=1]
- 4.10.2 From the above statistic and assuming a factor of 1.2 for conservative approach, it could be estimated that the hourly patronage during morning and evening peak would be $70,100 / 2 \times 1.2 = 42,060$ and $65,600 / 2 \times 1.2 = 39,360$ respectively.
- 4.10.3 Similar to franchised buses, it is considered that the usage of EAL is hugely related to planned population and employment within its catchment area, hence the highest growth factor (i.e. +2.62% p.a.) as discussed in Section 4.9.10 and Section 4.9.11 would be applied to the Year 2024 recorded patronage to forecast railway demand in Design Year 2031 for conservative assessment purpose.
- 4.10.4 The forecasted hourly patronage for the critical link of EAL during morning and evening peak in 2031 would be $42,060 \times (1+2.62\%)^{(2031-2024)} = 50,412$ passengers and $39,360 \times (1+2.62\%)^{(2031-2024)} = 47,176$ passengers respectively.
- 4.10.5 According to MTR website, the carrying capacity of EAL during peak period is 62,500 passengers per hour per direction. Assuming no increase in carrying capacity, the forecasted usage during morning and evening peak hour in 2031 would be 50,412 / 62,500 = 81% and 47,176 / 62,500 = 75%, which indicates that there would still be ample capacity of 1 81% = 19% and 1 75% = 25% respectively. [Source: https://www.mtr.com.hk/en/corporate/operations/detail_worldclass.html]
- As derived in **Table 4.9.5**, the anticipated MTR passenger induced by the Indicative Scheme would be 773 passengers per hour per direction, which is equivalent to about 1.24% (773 / 62,500) of existing carrying capacity only. With the identified ample capacity of EAL 19% and 25% during morning and evening peak hour, it can be concluded that the MTR passenger demand induced by the Indicative Scheme could be properly catered by EAL and thus no adverse railway impact would be induced by the Indicative Scheme.

5 CONCLUSION

5.1 Summary

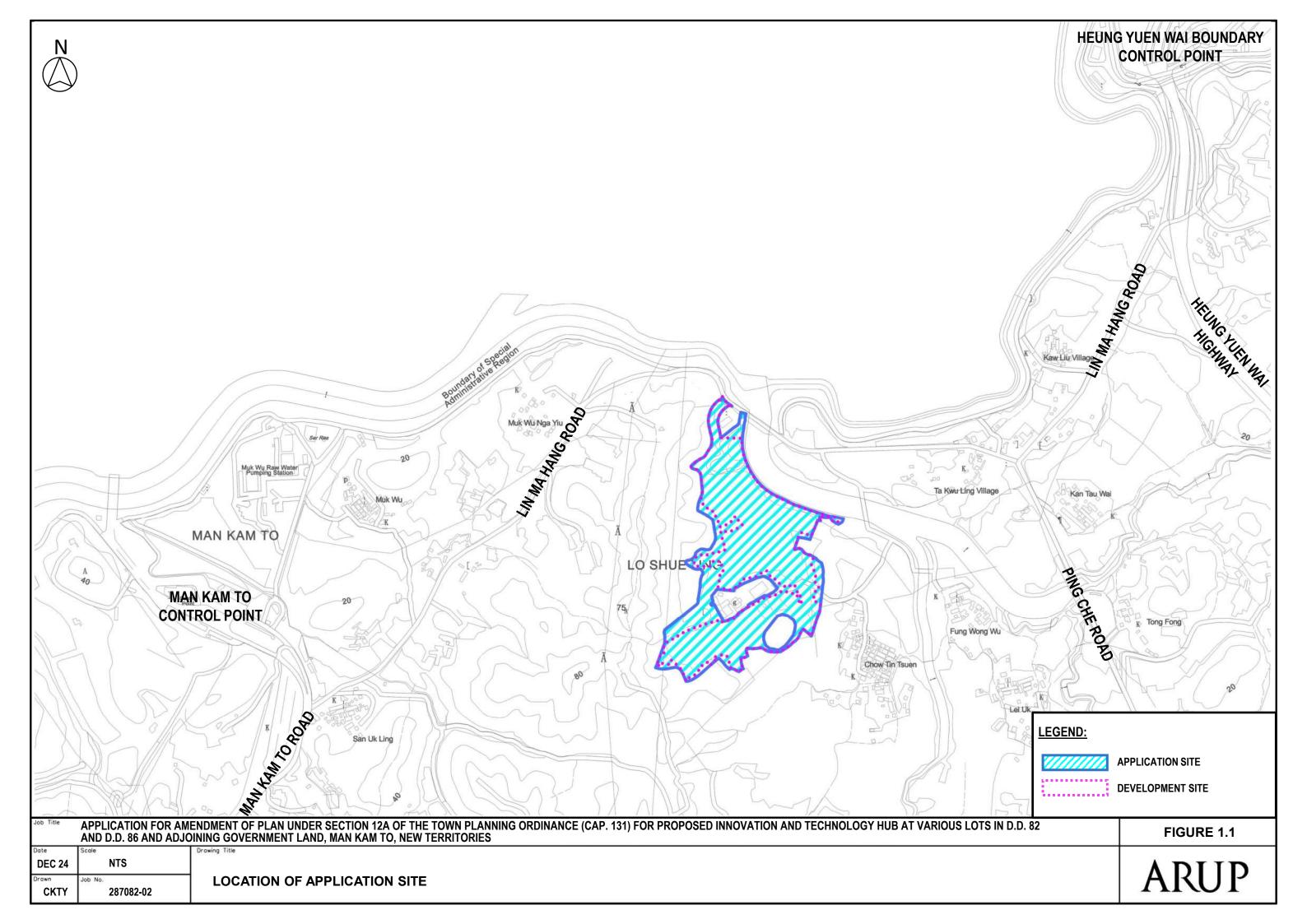
- 5.1.1 The Application Site is located in Zone with major part in Agriculture ("AGR"), and minor parts in Green Belt ("GB"), Government, Institution or Community ("G/IC") at Various Lots in D.D.82 & D.D.86, Man Kam To, New Territories.
- 5.1.2 The Applicant proposes amendments to rezone the Application Site with a sizeable site area of about 125,863m² (Development site area of about 102,461m²) into an Innovation and Technology Hub with Ancillary Facilities (the "Indicative Scheme"), subject to a non-domestic gross floor area (GFA) of 365,180m², which consists of R&D Centre with 268,780m² GFA and Data Centre with 86,400m² GFA to nurture the development of I&T industry, as well as a Commercial Centre with 9,276m² to support the daily needs of the working and living population. A kindergarten of 724m² will be provided on the ground floor of Ancillary Dormitories. In addition, there will be a domestic GFA of 170,400m², which consists of Private Residential Blocks providing a total of 2,320 units together with a 3,500m² Clubhouse, and Ancillary Dormitories with 63,900m² which provide 1,392 units for the working population of R&D Centre.
- 5.1.3 A Traffic Impact Assessment (TIA) study was carried out to evaluate the likely traffic impact associated with the Indicative Scheme, in support of the S12A planning application for proposed amendment of plan.
- 5.1.4 This TIA is to examine the impact of traffic induced by the Indicative Scheme on the existing and planned road networks, in particular with respect to the performances of the affected junctions in the vicinity; and present the findings on related traffic and transport issues. Any deficiency would be identified, and improvement proposal would be recommended as necessary to resolve any foreseeable problem from the deficiencies.
- 5.1.5 The proposed provision of internal transport facilities for the subject development is in full compliance with the HKPSG and TD Circular No. 6/2012 requirements, as well as with reference to project with similar use. The proposed internal transport facilities will be provided on ground floor and basement parking floors.
- In order to assess the future traffic impacts associated with the Proposed Development in year 2031, two levels of transport models are adopted, with the Strategic Transport Model (STM) as the upper tier and the Local Area Traffic Model (LATM) as the lower tier. The STM is a link-based transport model which produces transport demand forecasts at strategic and inter-district levels, while the LATM is a junction-based assignment model which stimulates the local area traffic demand at intra-district level based on the latest available 2019-based Base District Traffic Model (BDTM) no. NTE1 which covers Northeast New Territories area (purchased from Transport Department). The LATM has been further validated to latest traffic condition taking into account the latest traffic aids, junction layouts and method of control in the study area.
- 5.1.7 Traffic impact assessment scenarios were set up to evaluate the associated traffic impact likely to be induced by the Indicative Scheme. **Scenario 1** is the Reference

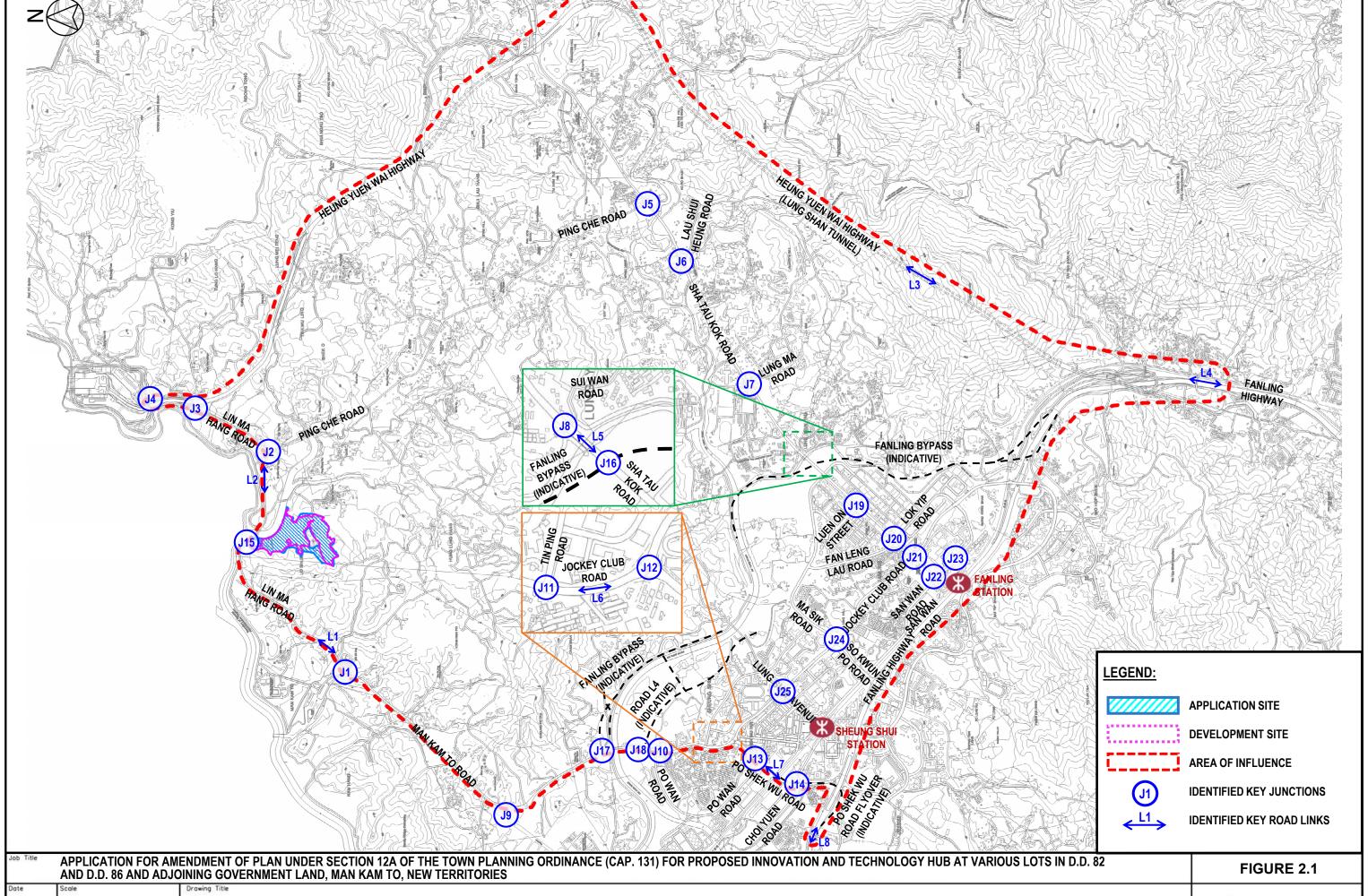
- Scenario (without the Indicative Scheme) in Year 2031. **Scenario 2** is the Design Scenario (with the Indicative Scheme) in 2031.
- 5.1.8 The junction assessment results revealed that all identified key junctions would operate within capacity with the Indicative Scheme in Year 2031, except J1 Lin Ma Hang Road / Man Kam To Road, J2 Lin Ma Hang Road / Ping Che Road, J8 Sha Tau Kok Road / Sui Wan Road, J13 Po Shek Wu Road / Po Wan Road, and J23 San Wan Road / Fanling Station Road.
- 5.1.9 With the proposed junction improvement at J1, J2, J8, J13 and J23, it is anticipated that the implication to the road network with the Indicative Scheme would be minimal.
- 5.1.10 The road link assessment results revealed that all identified key road links assessed will be performing satisfactorily with spare capacity in both Reference and Design scenarios in Year 2031.
- The Applicant proposes to enhance the existing bus services of KMB 73K and KMB 79K by employing double-decked bus instead of single-decked bus for KMB 73K and increasing the frequency for both KMB 73K and KMB 79K during morning and evening peak period, together with transport interchange with 1 no. bus drop-off bay, 4 nos. bus pick-up bays and 12 nos. stacking bays as well as 1 no. taxi stand underneath the R&D Centre 2, and two sets of en-route bus stops outside Residential Area and Data Centre in order to enhance the efficiency of the proposed existing bus service enhancement. It is hence anticipated that the accessibility of the Indicative Scheme is considered acceptable, and the Indicative Scheme would not impose adverse impact to existing PT services.

5.2 Conclusion

5.2.1 It could be concluded that the Indicative Scheme will not impose adverse traffic impact on the surrounding road network, and thus is feasible from the traffic engineering point of view.

Figures





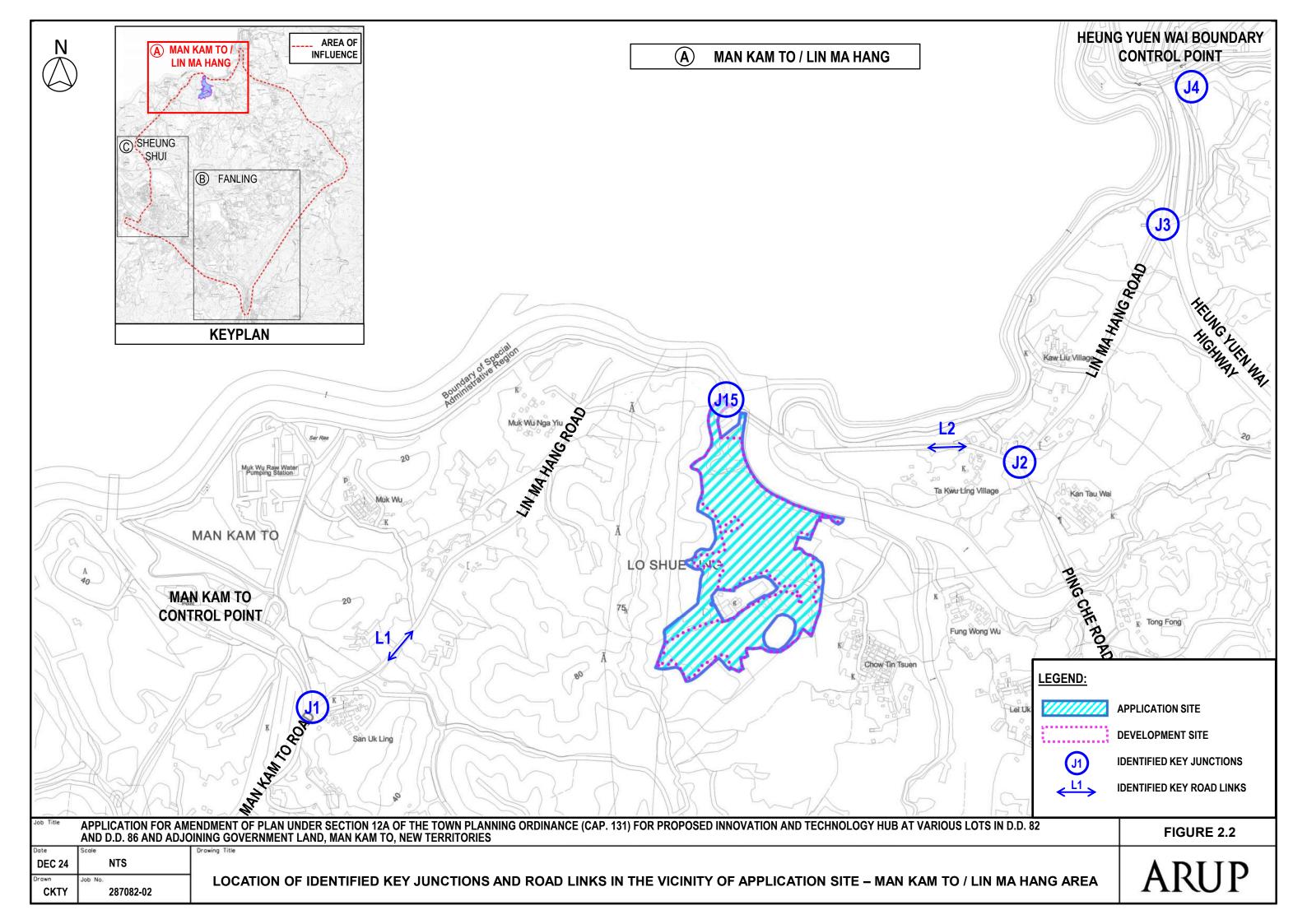
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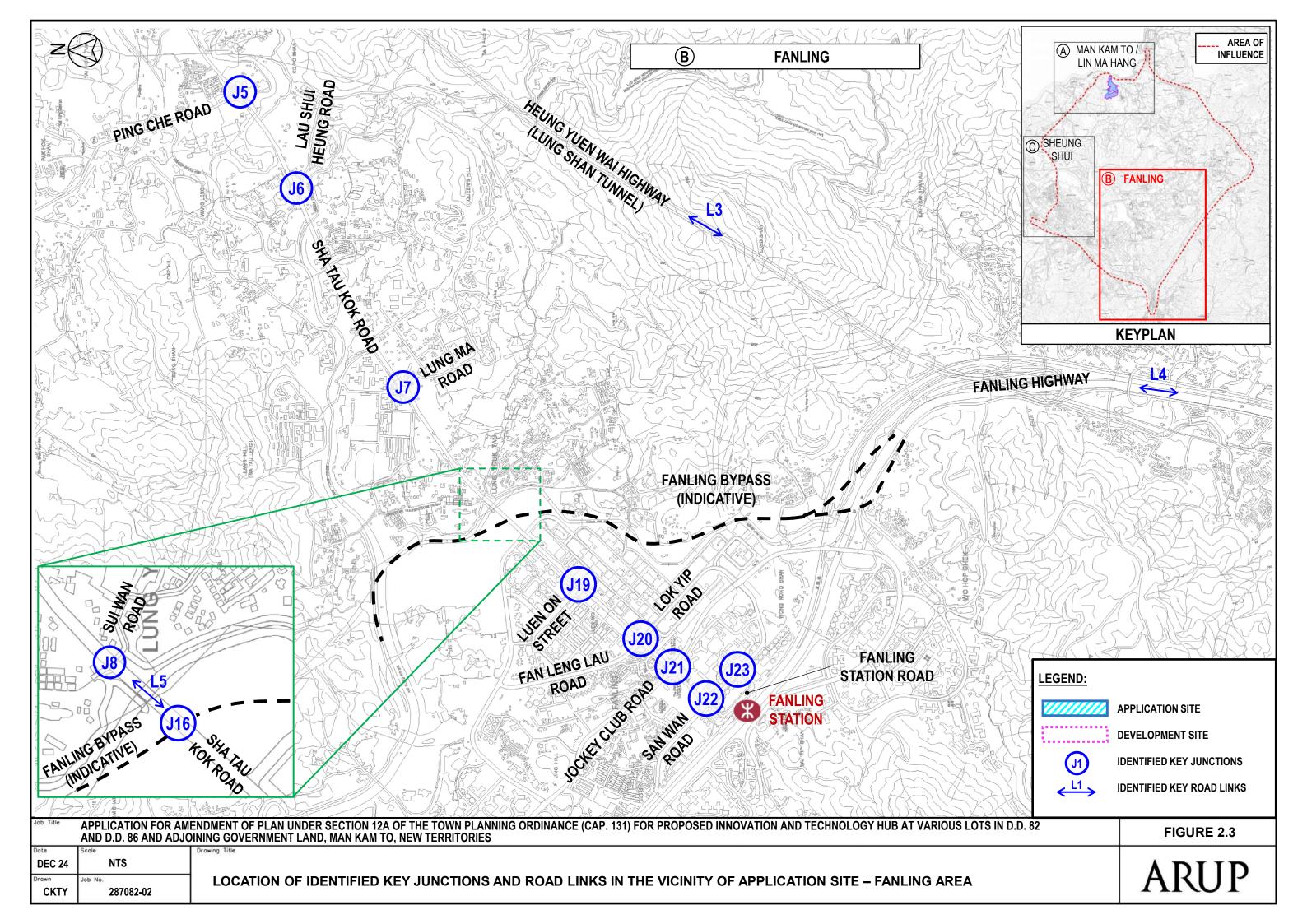
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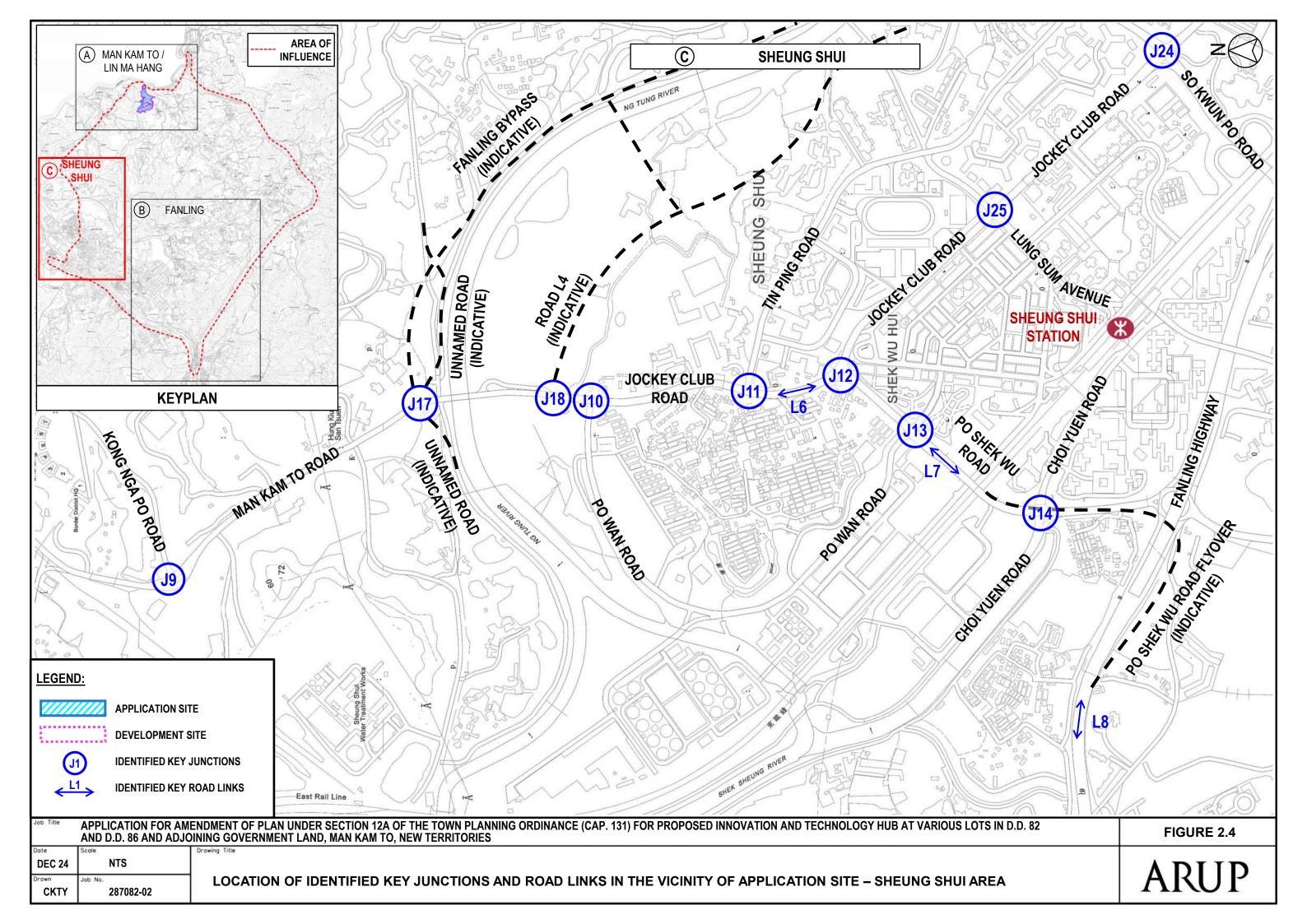
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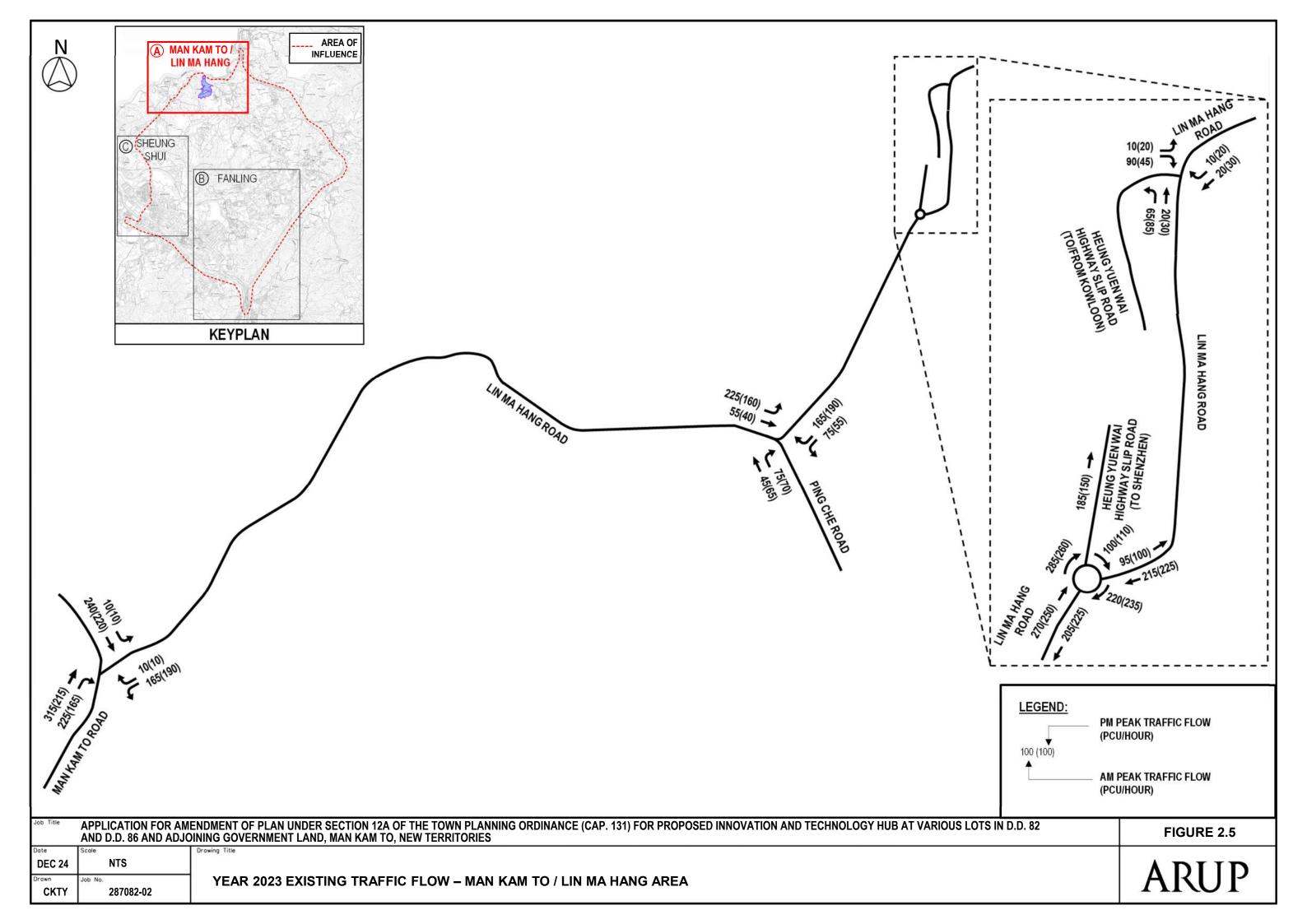
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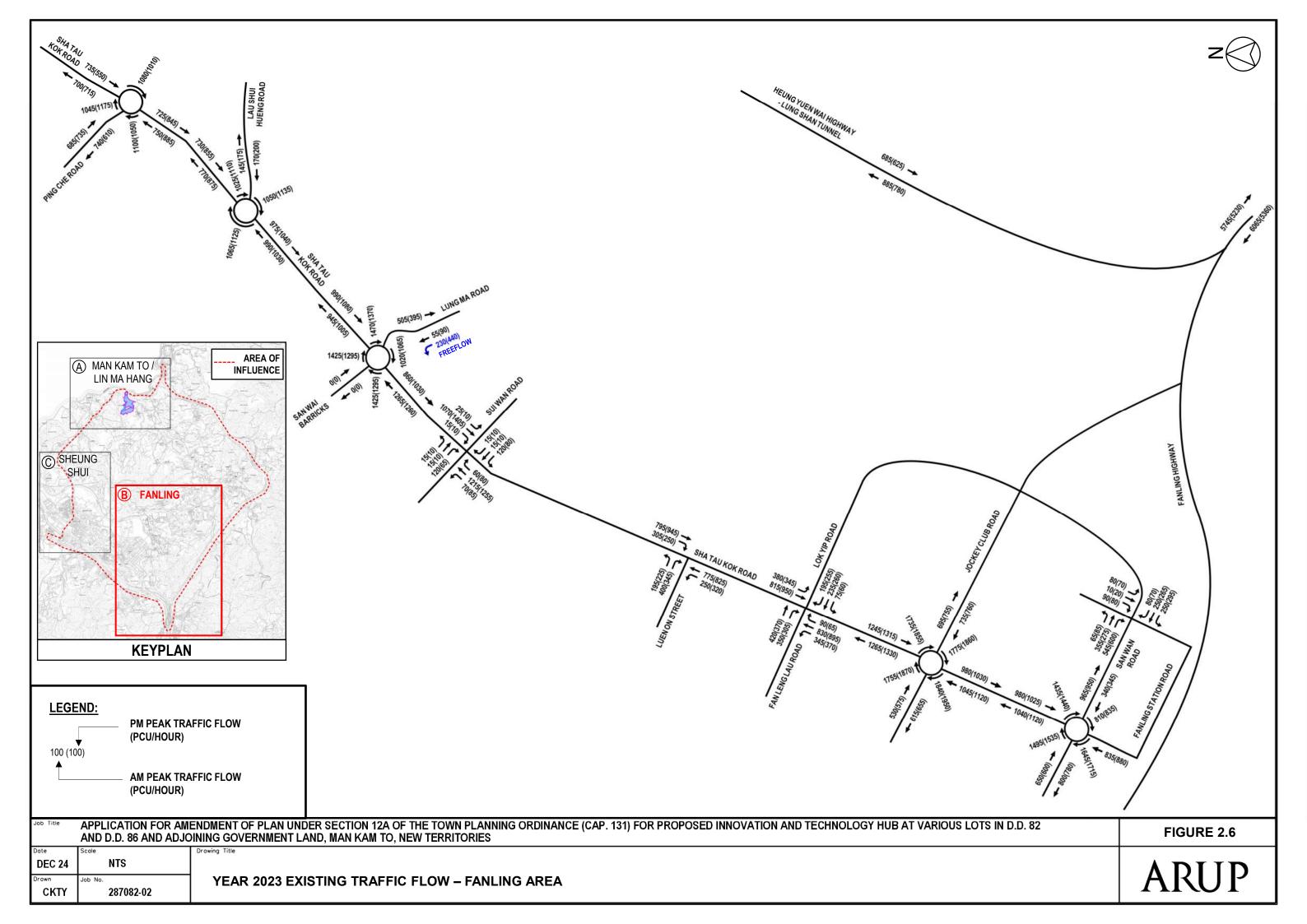
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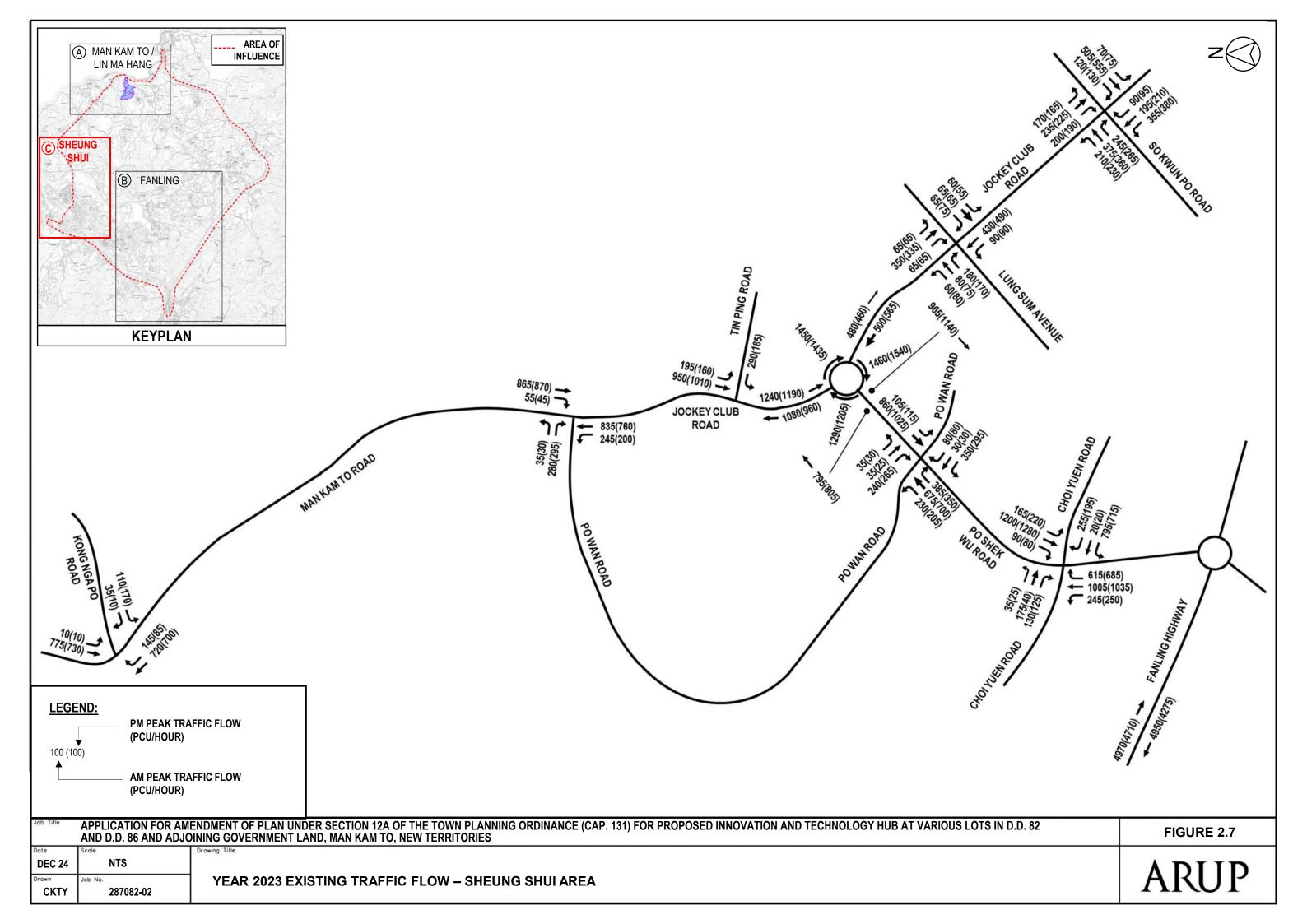


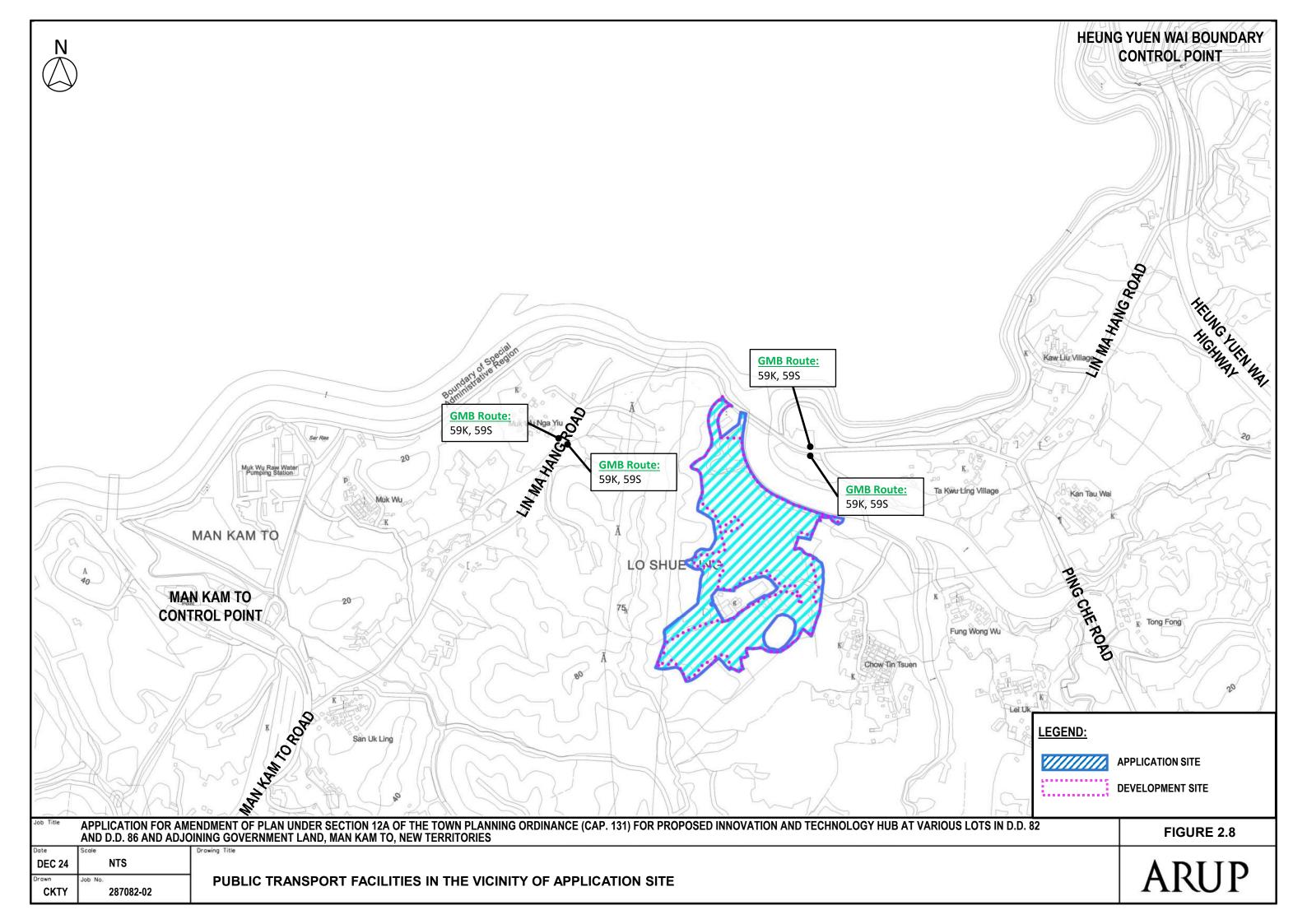


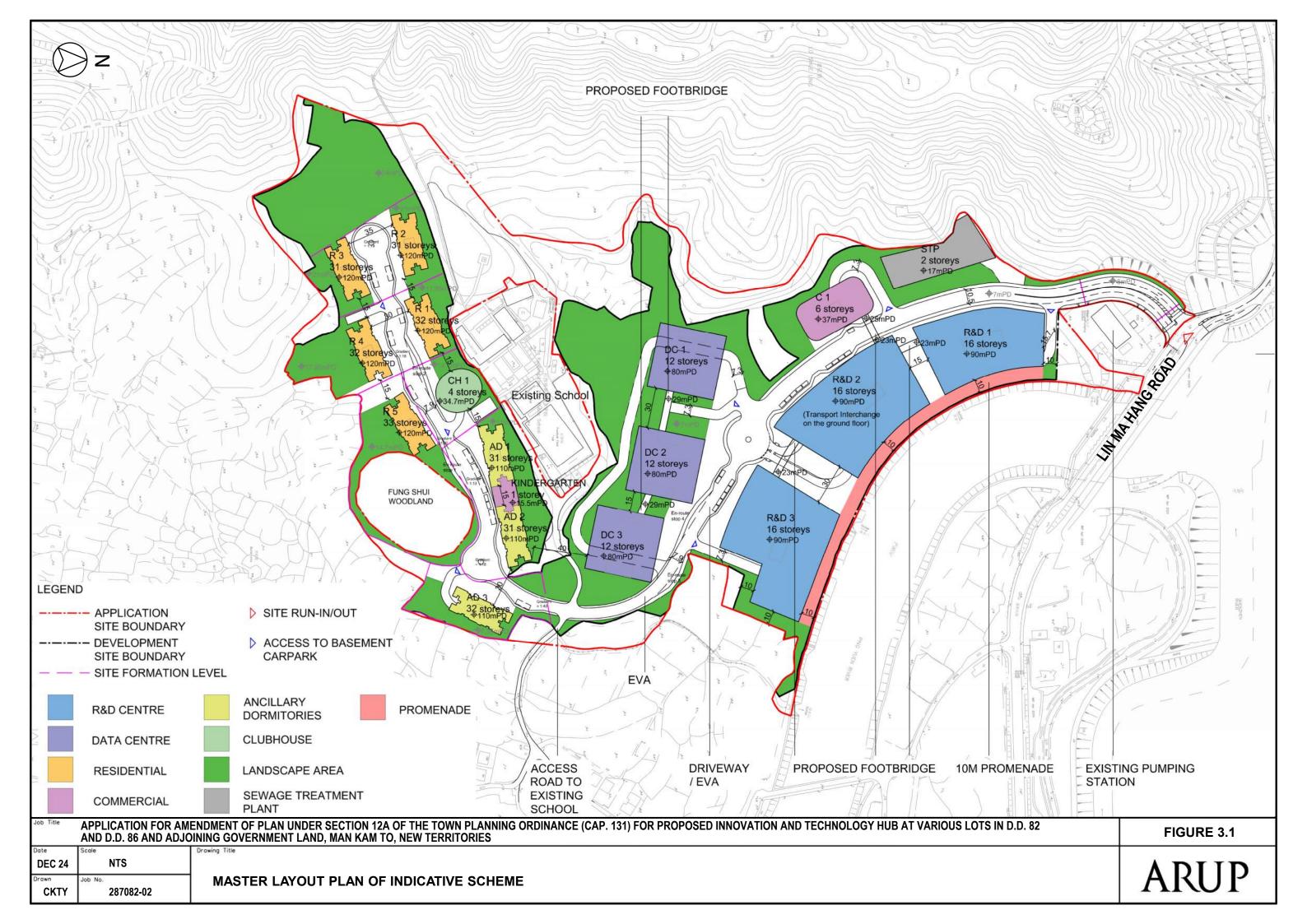


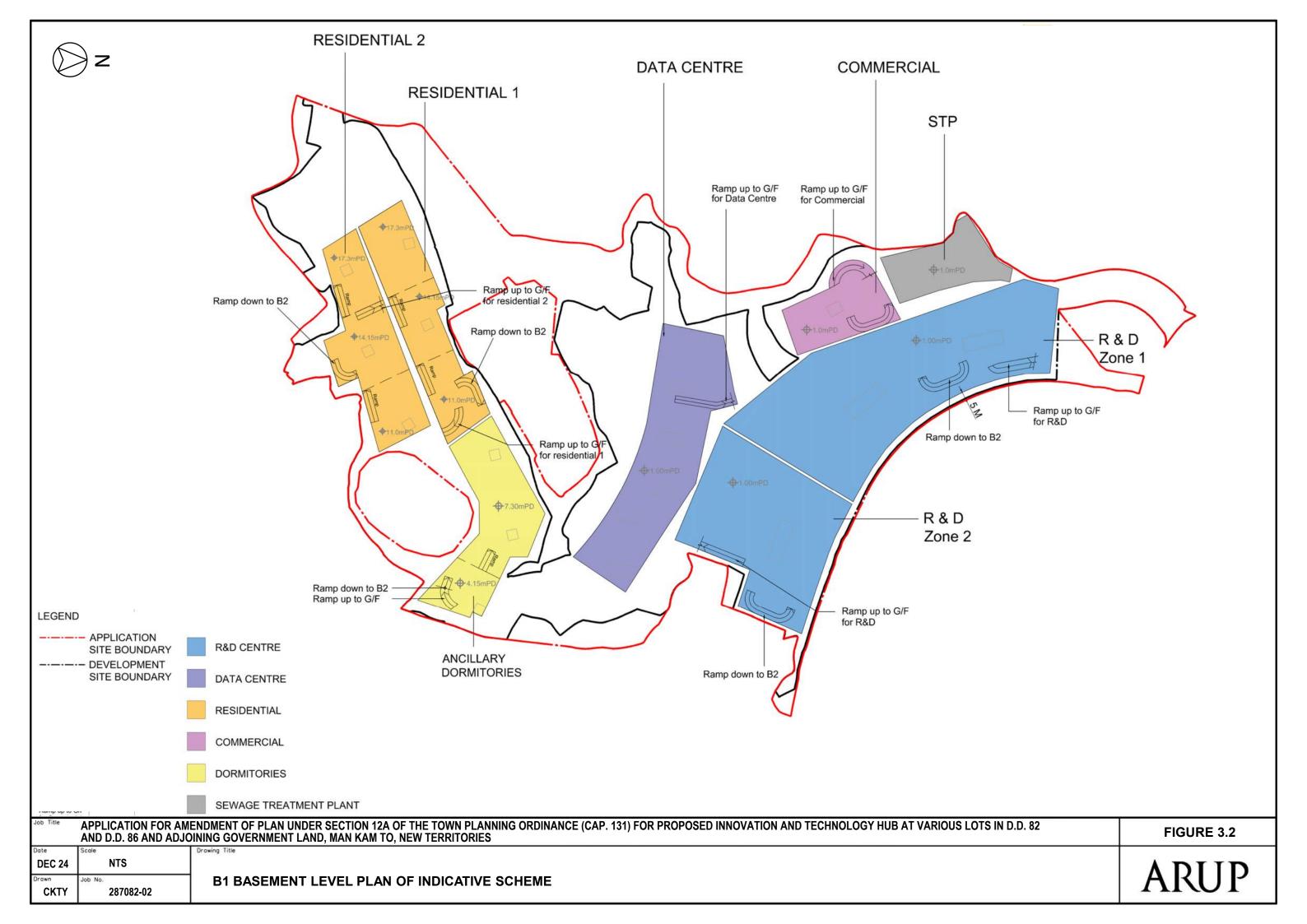


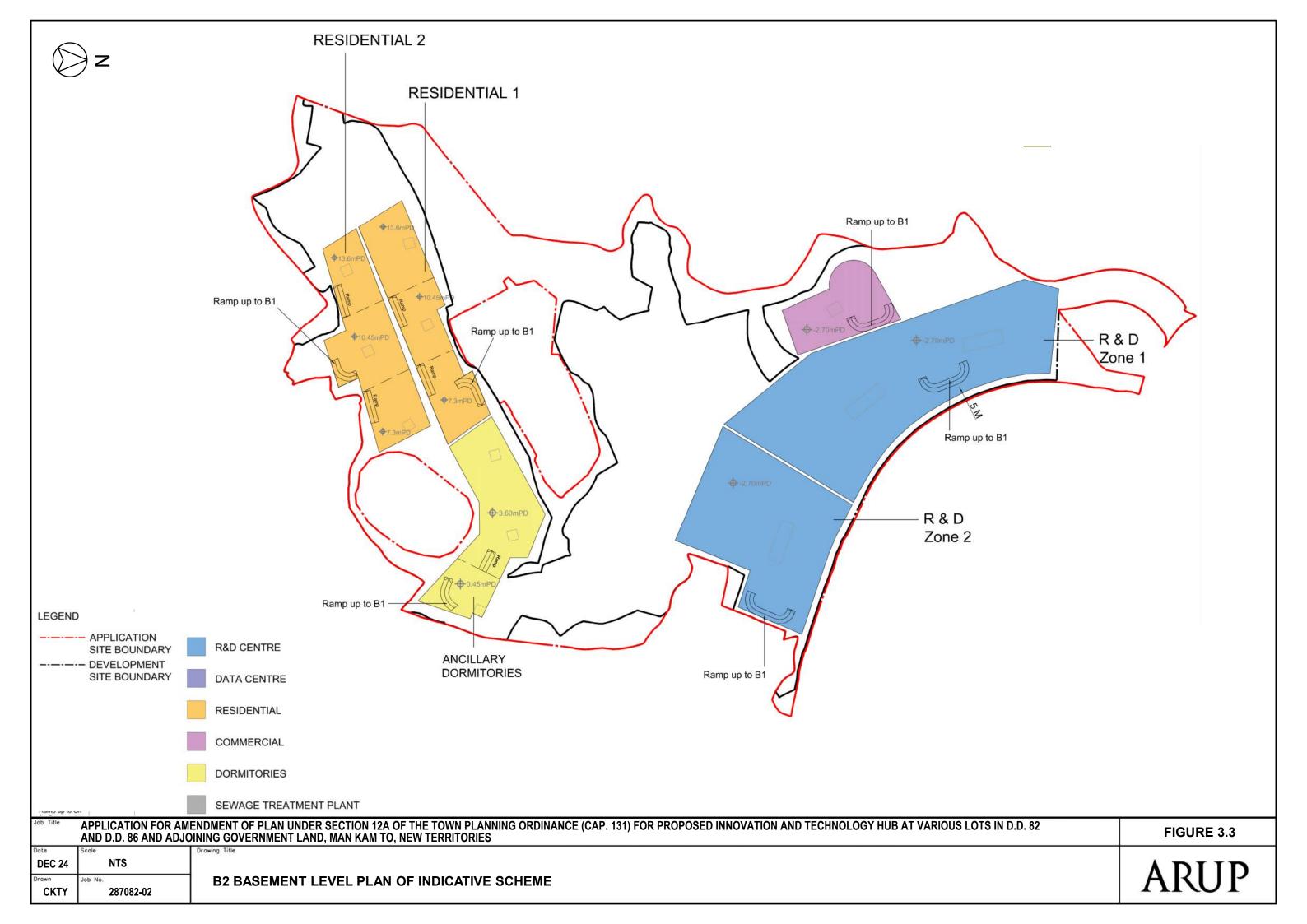


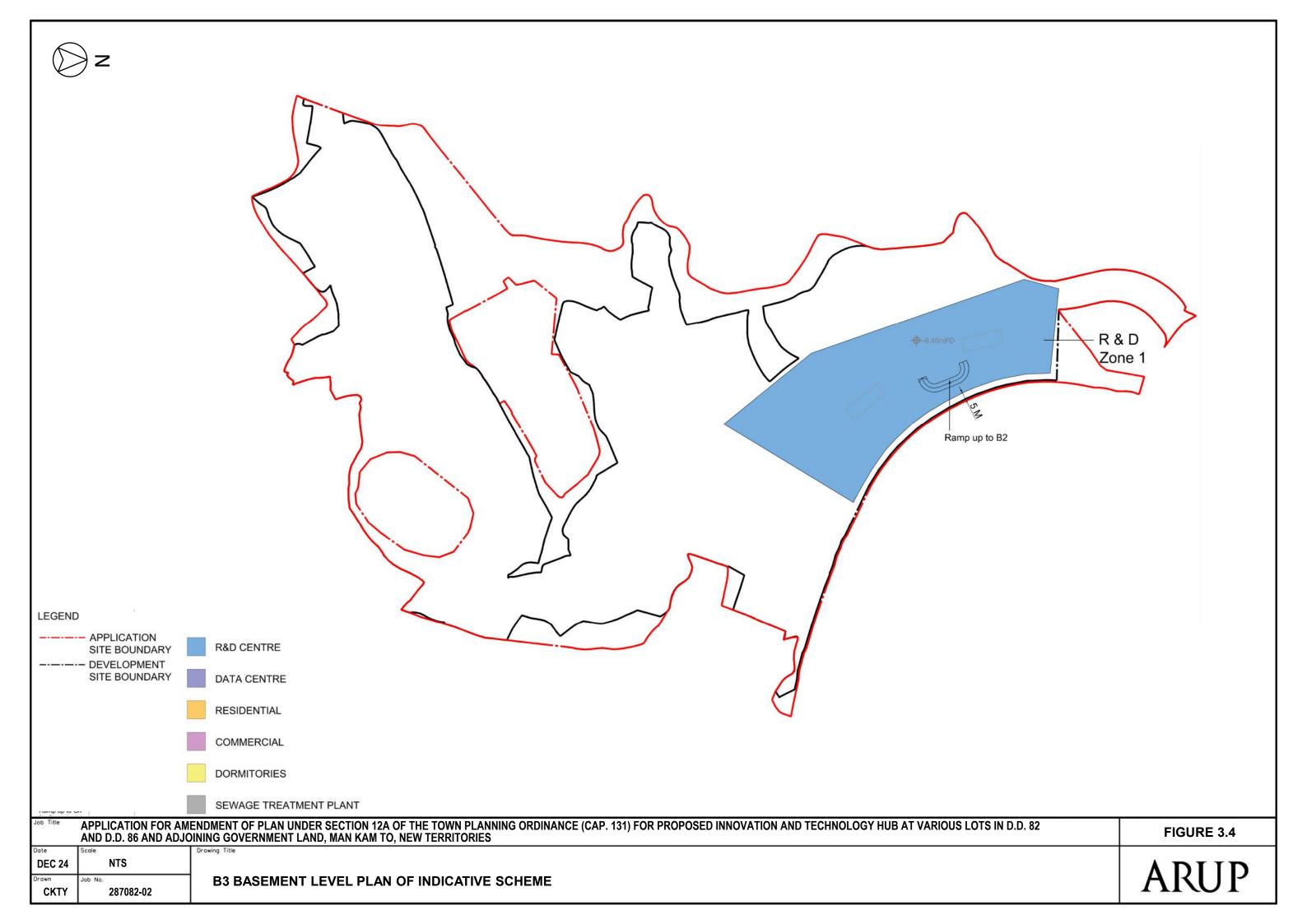


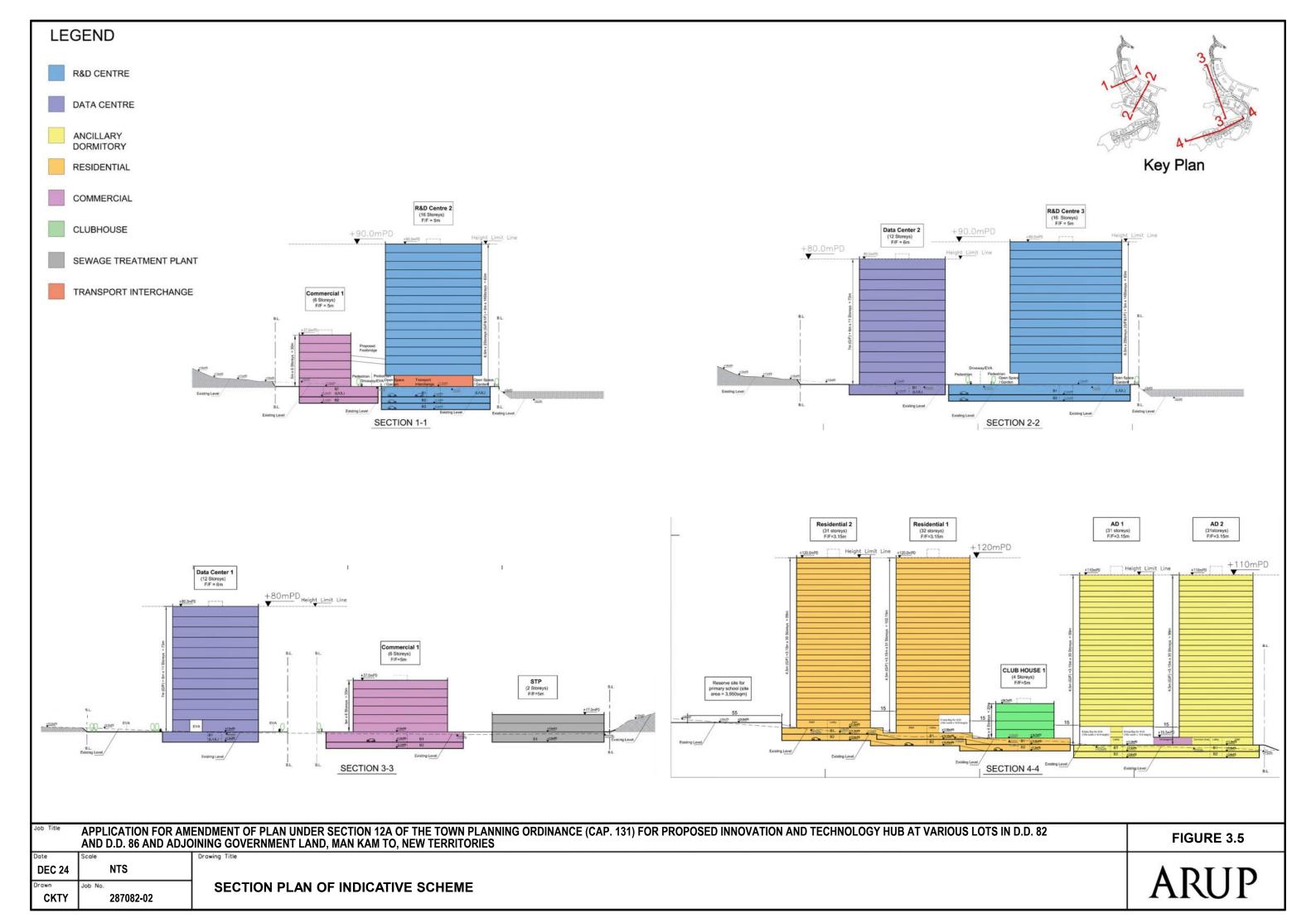


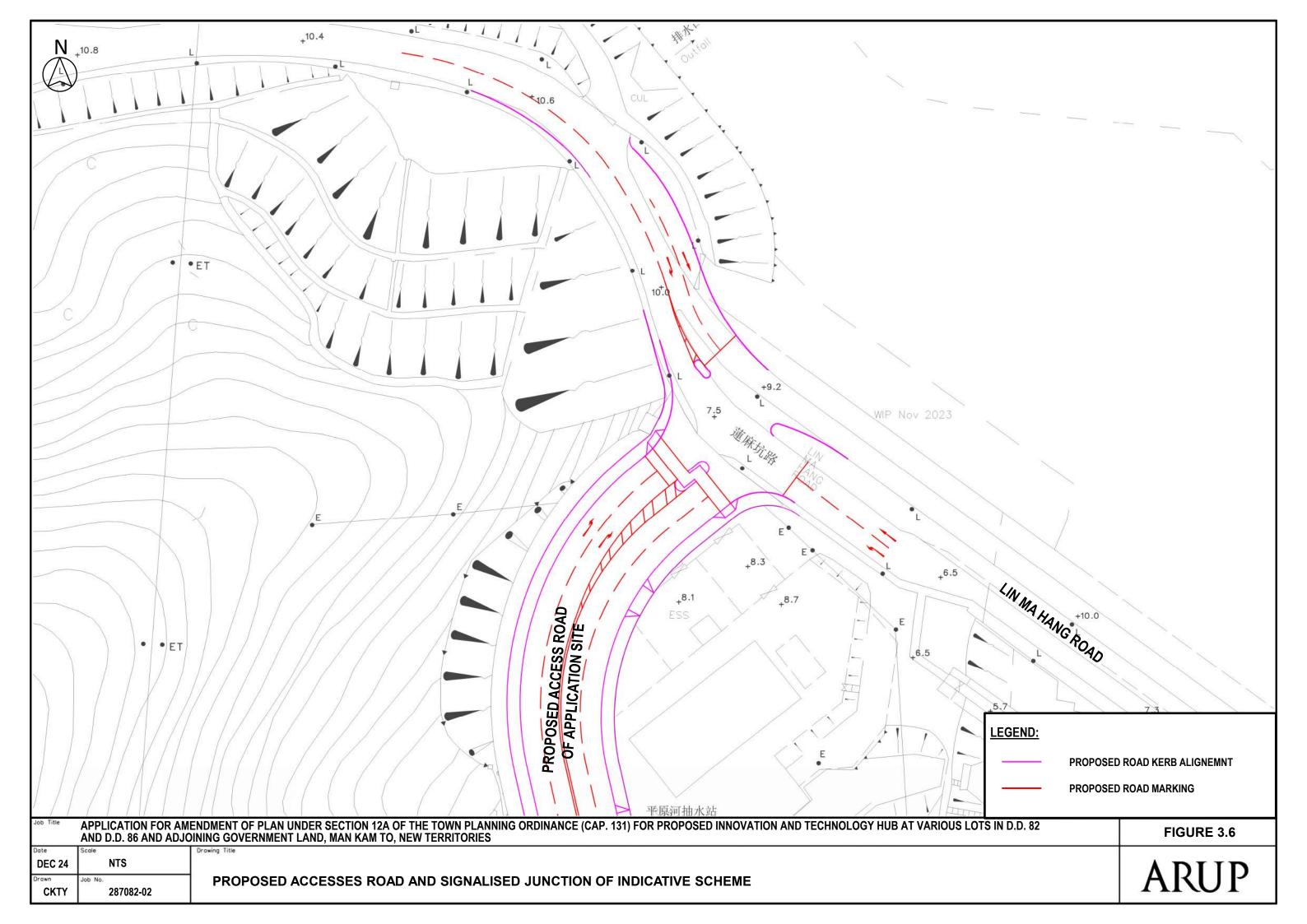


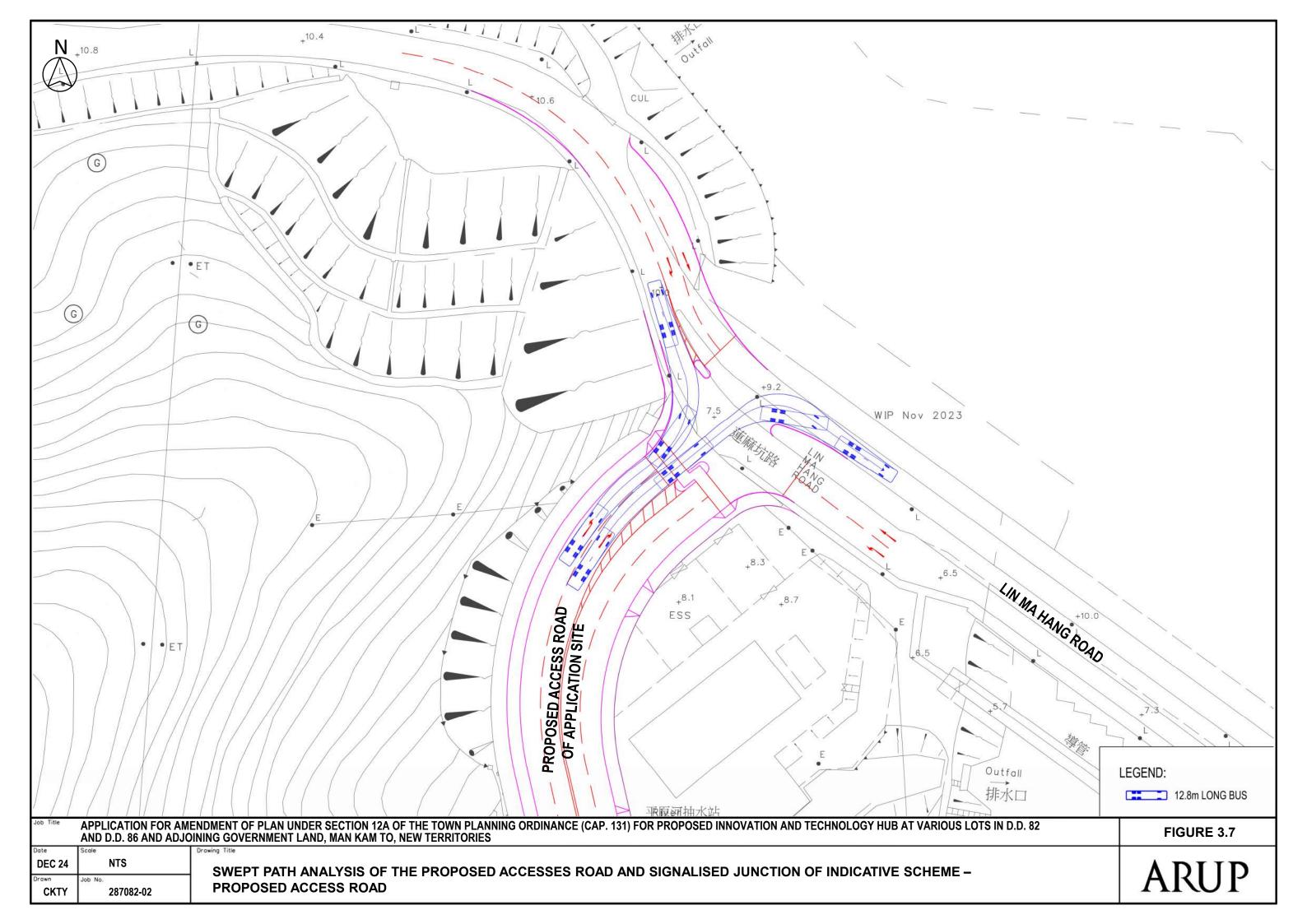


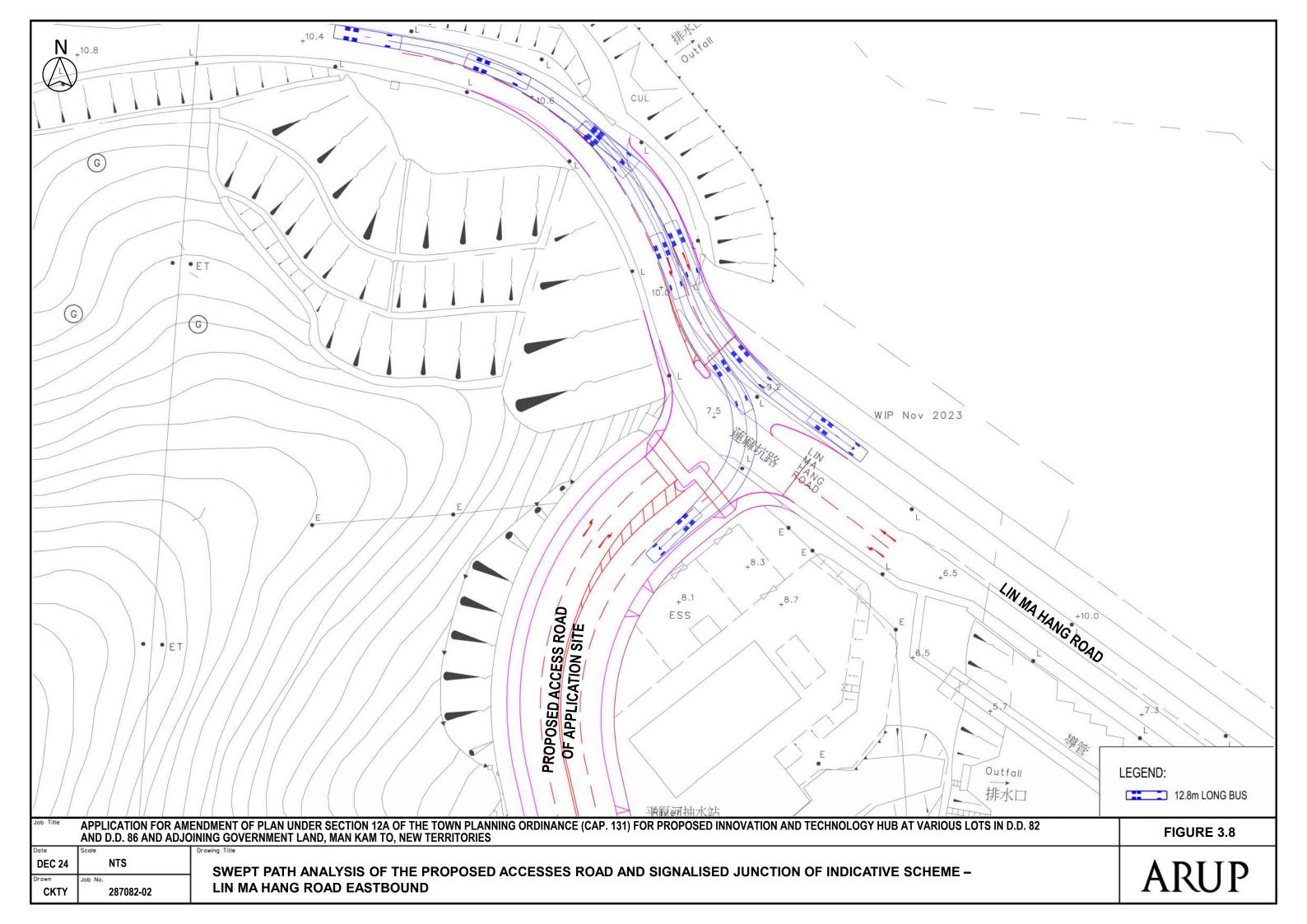


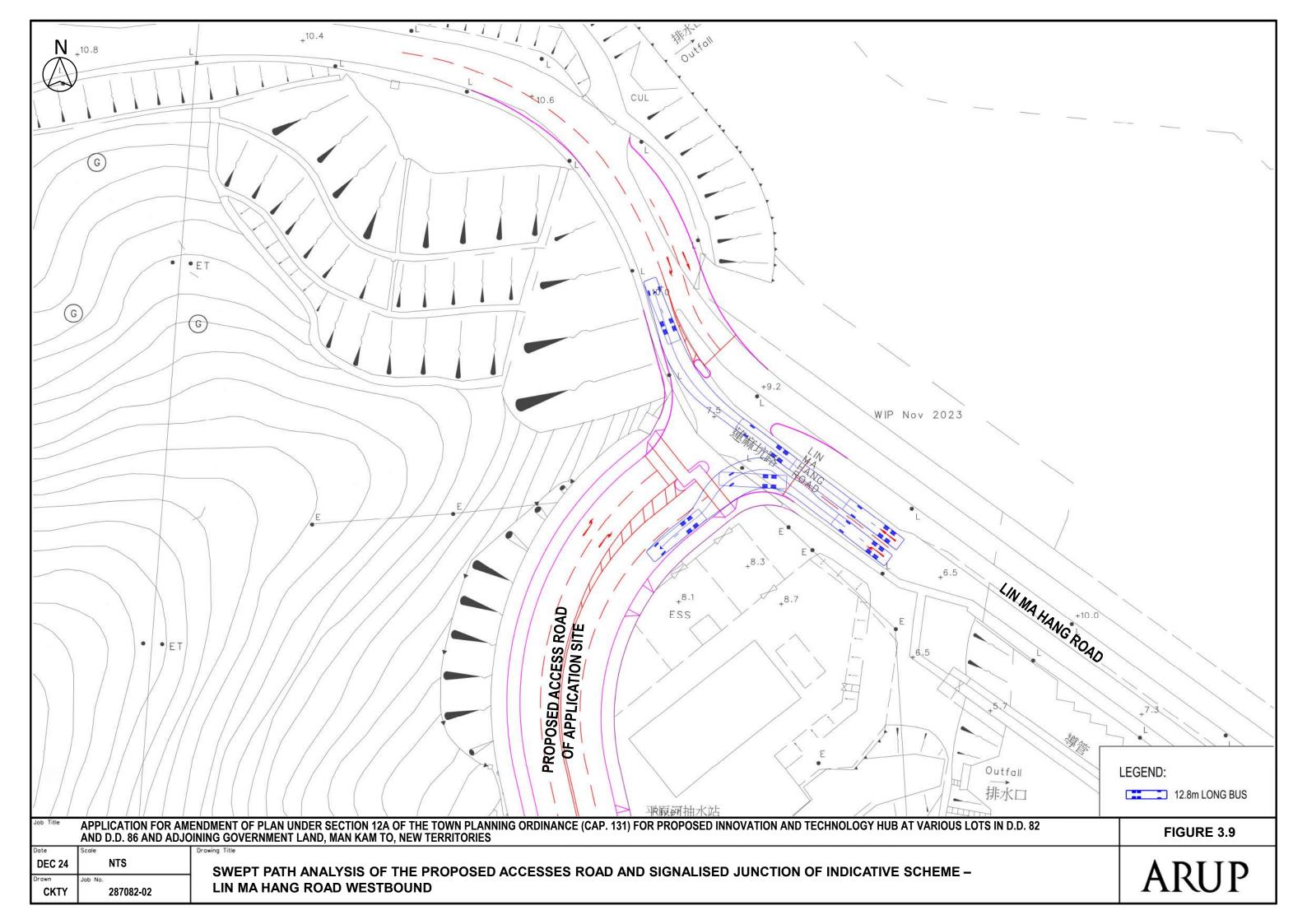


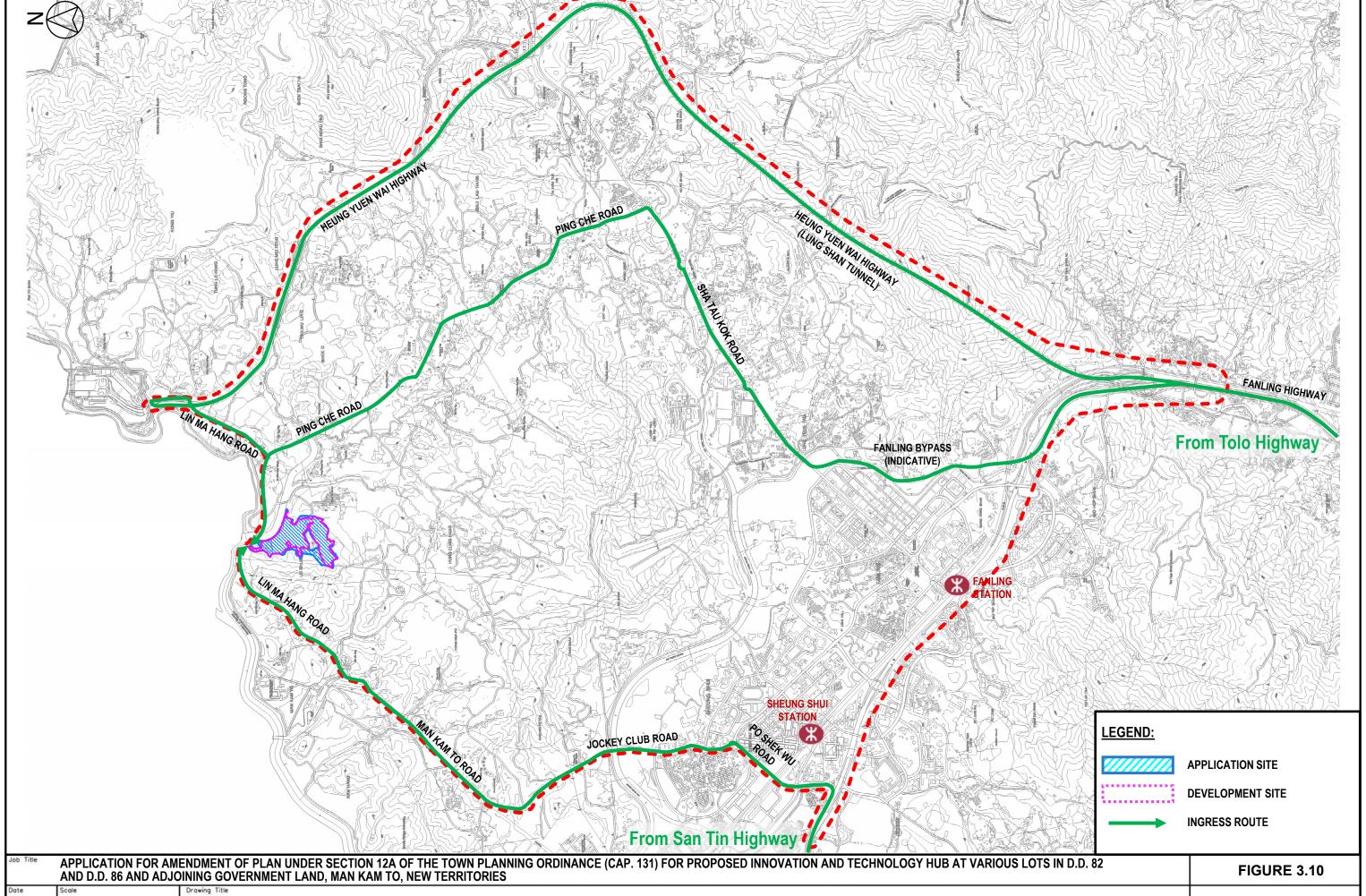






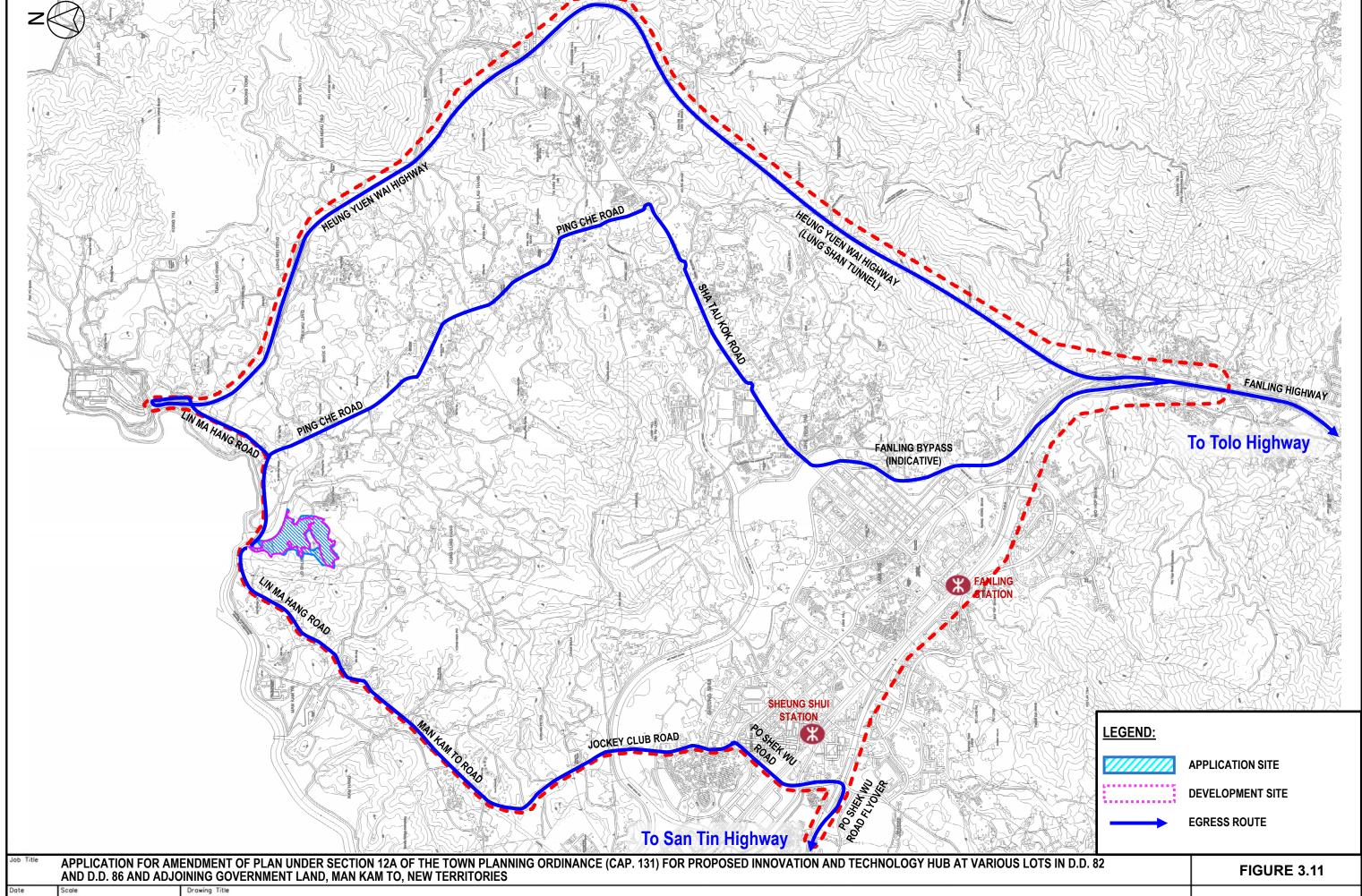






DEC 24 NTS MAJOR INGRESS VEHICULAR ROUTES OF INDICATIVE SCHEME CKTY 287082-02

ARUP



MAJOR EGRESS VEHICULAR ROUTES OF INDICATIVE SCHEME

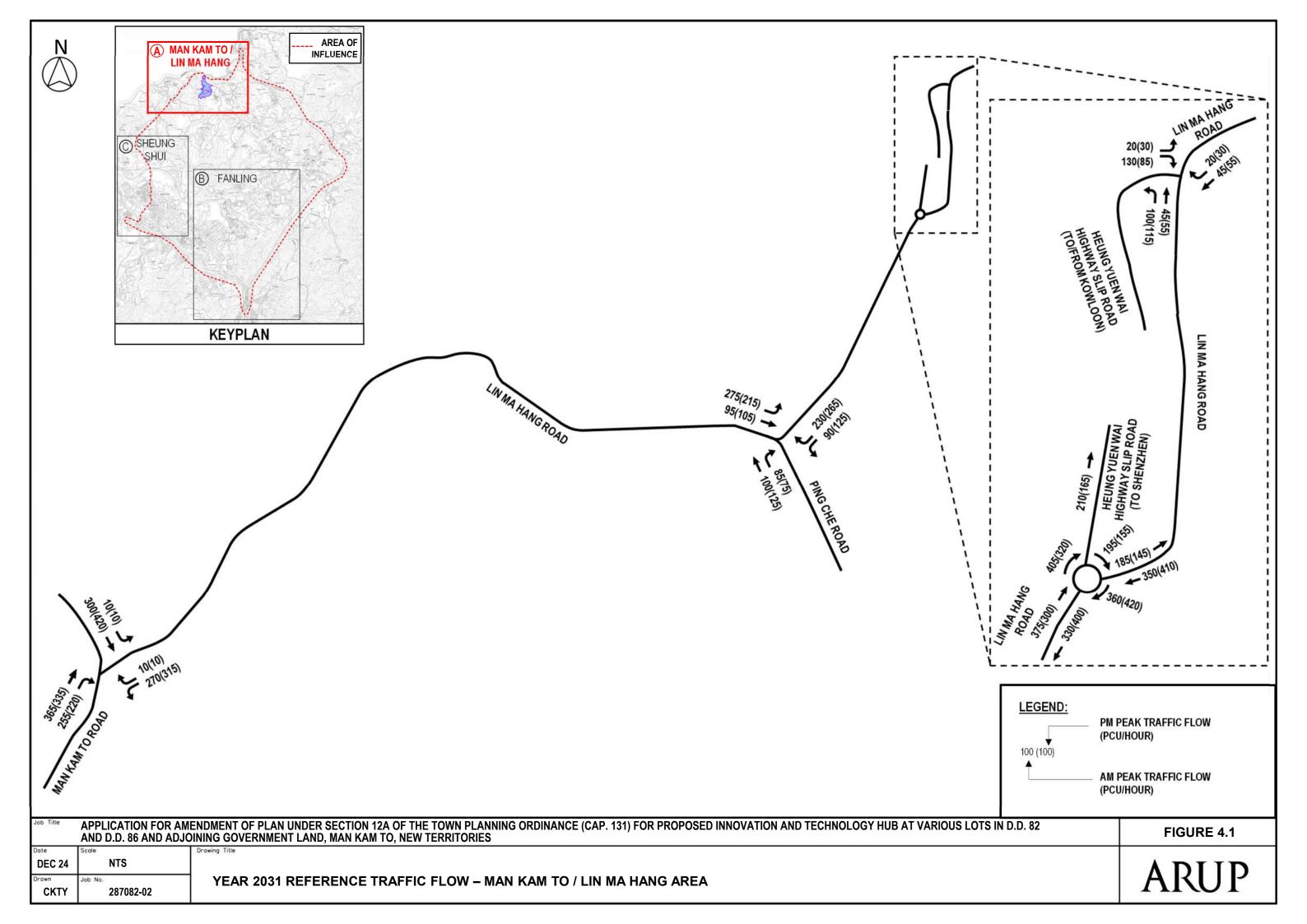
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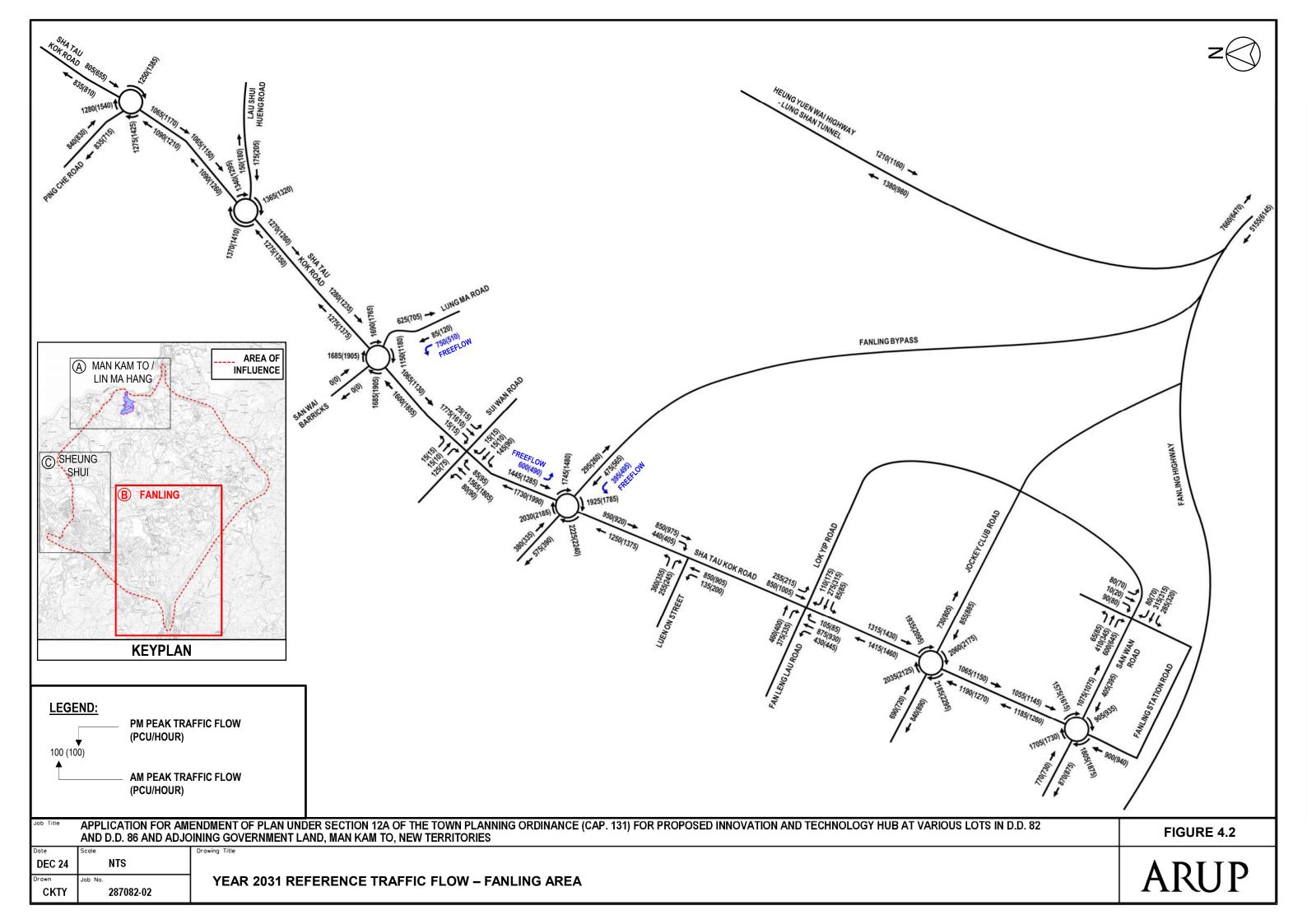
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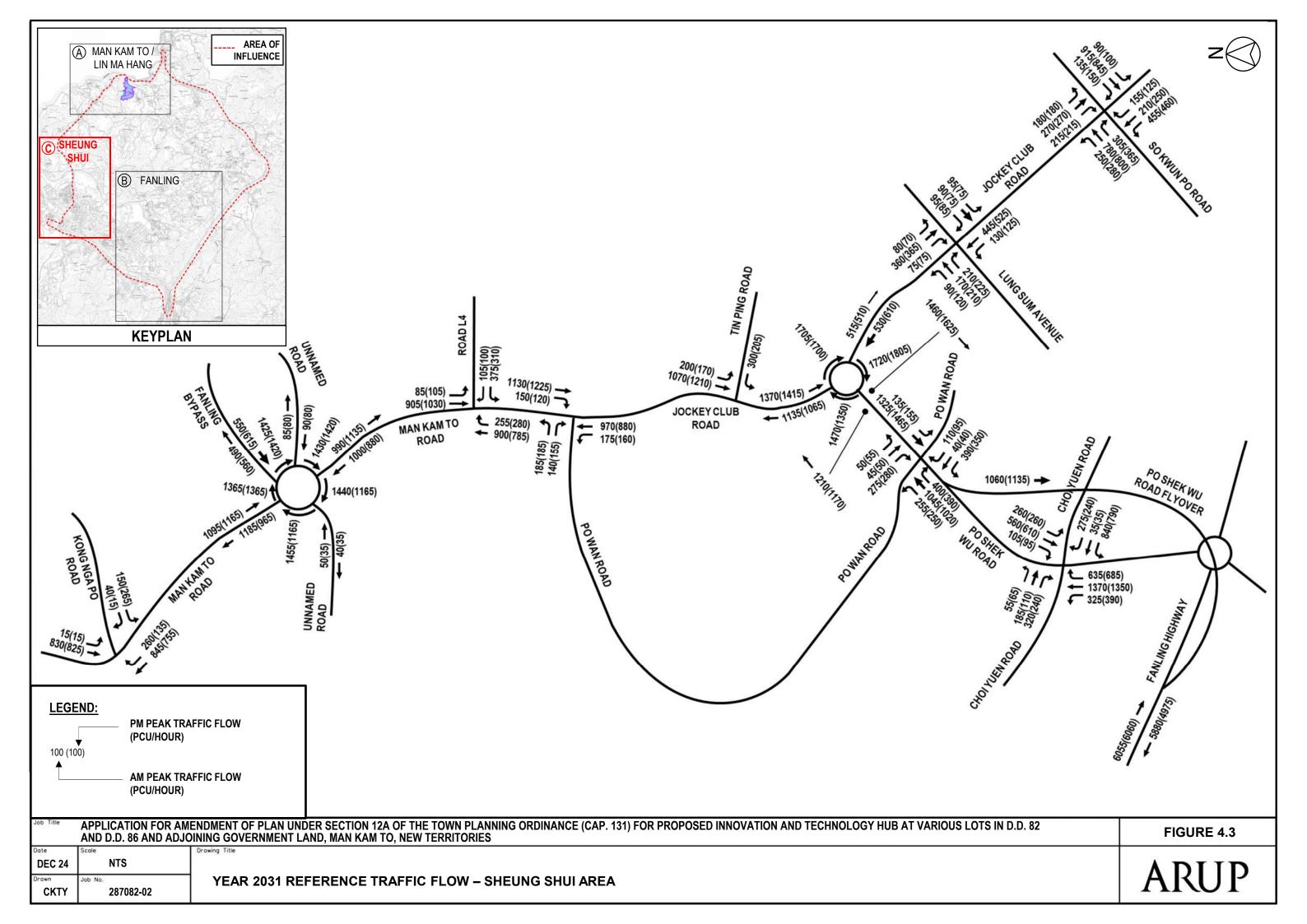
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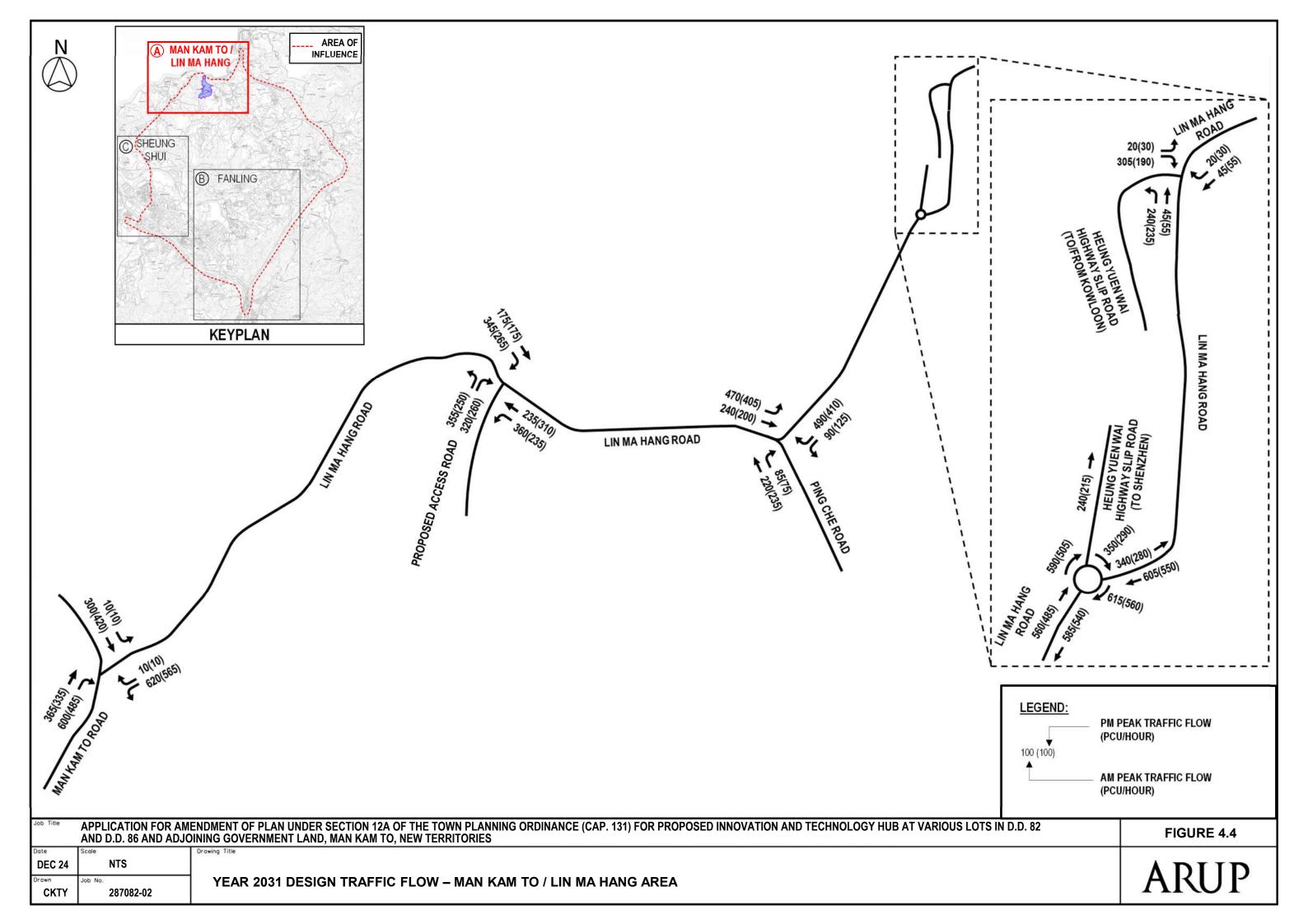
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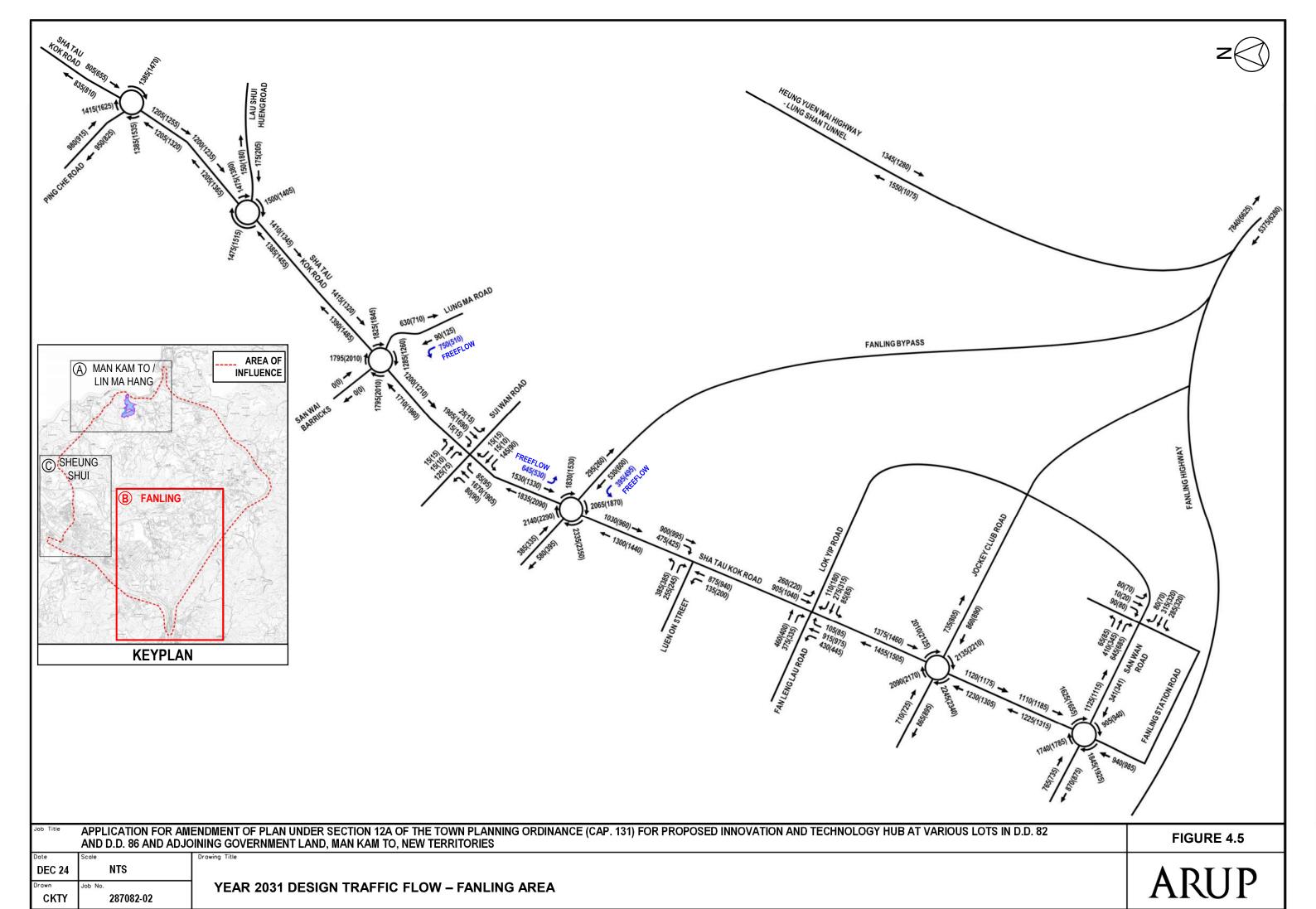
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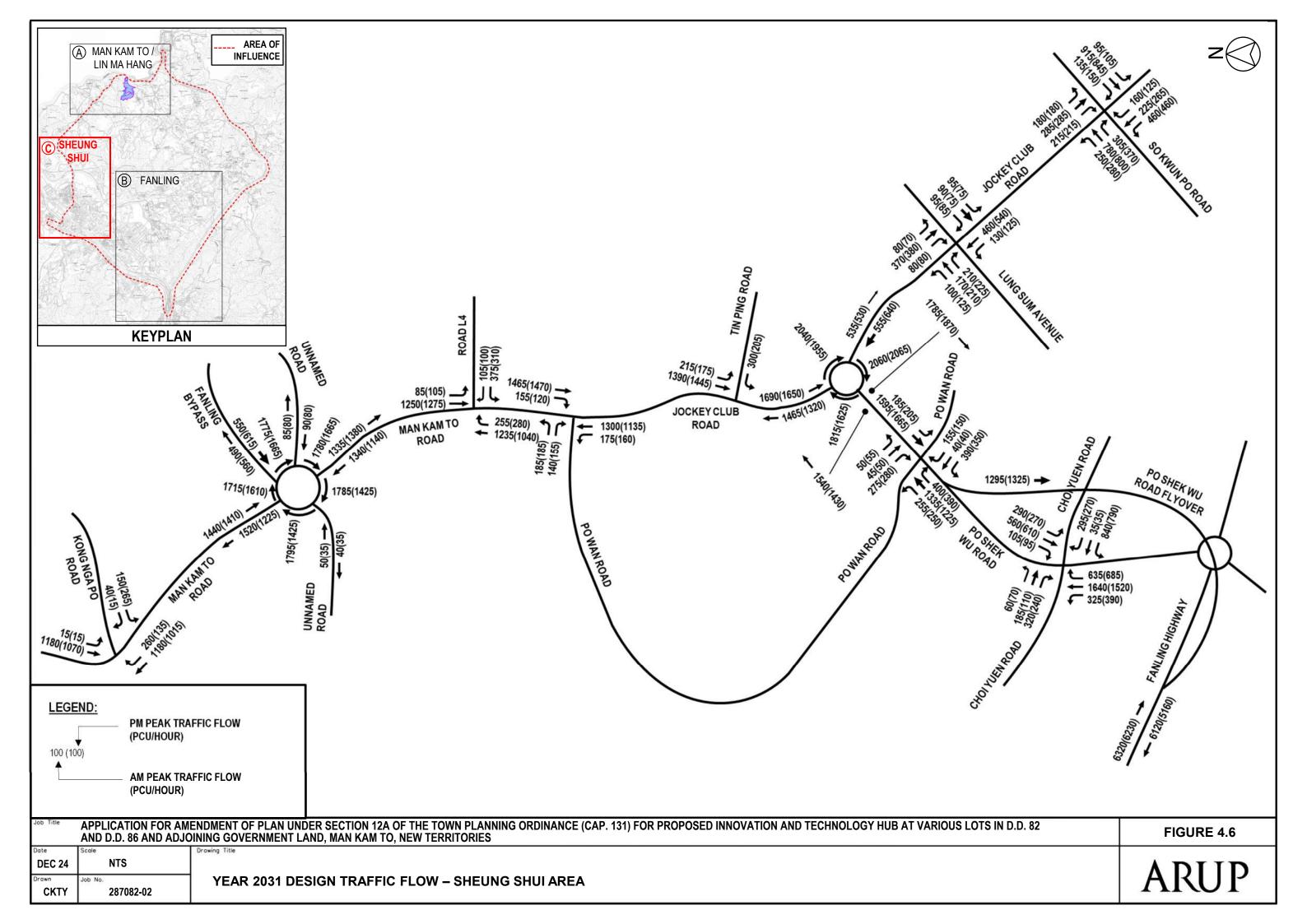


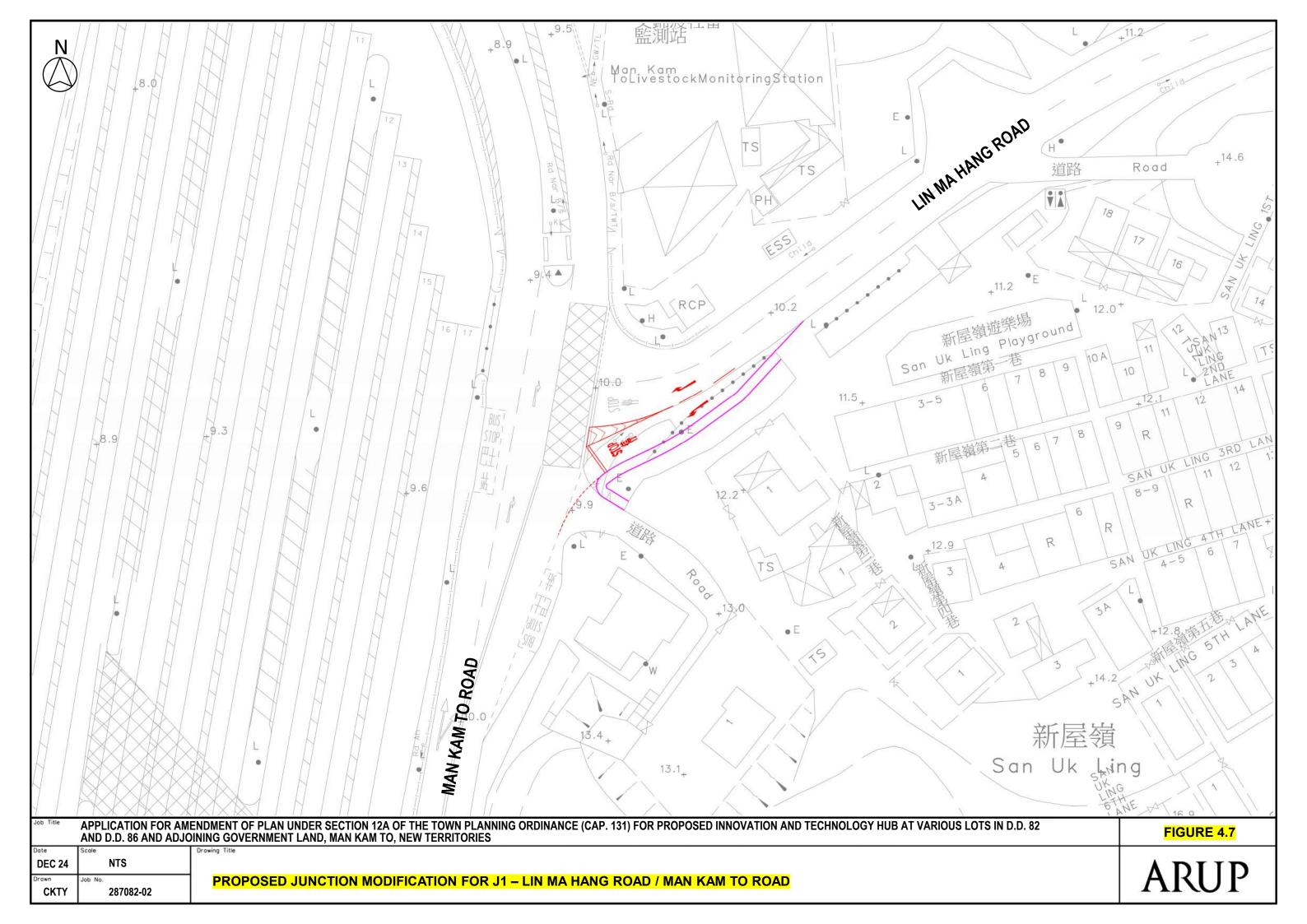


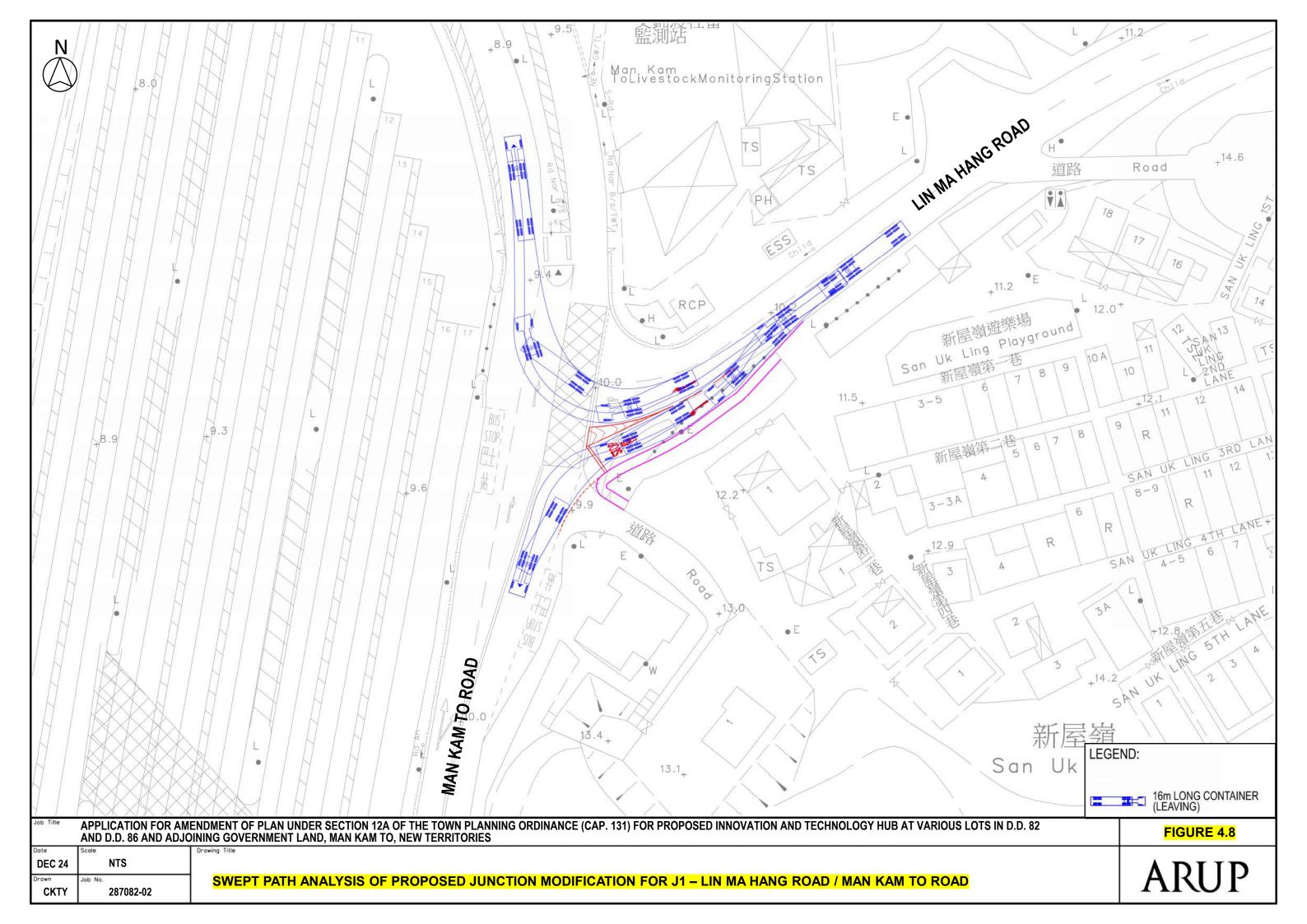


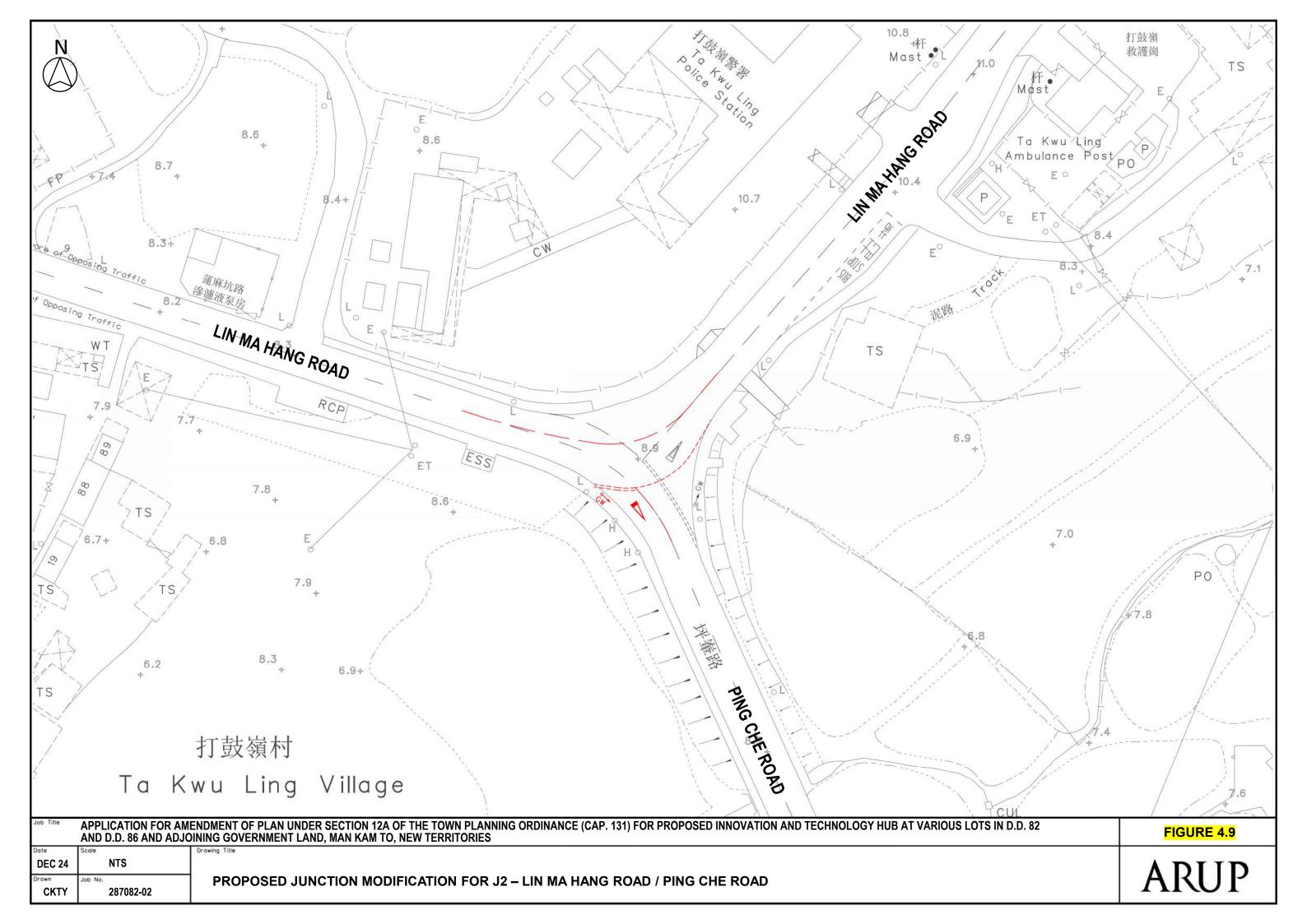


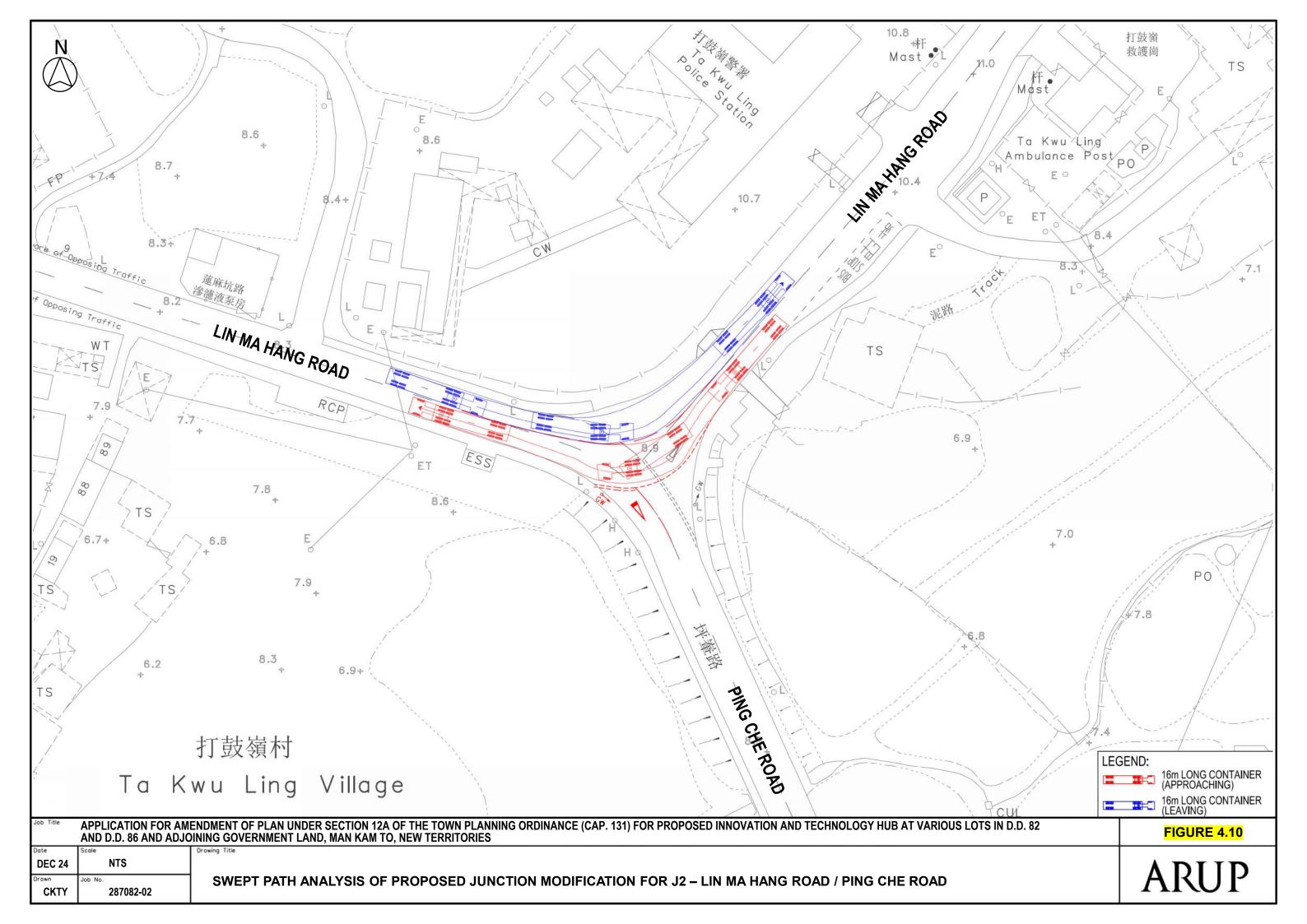


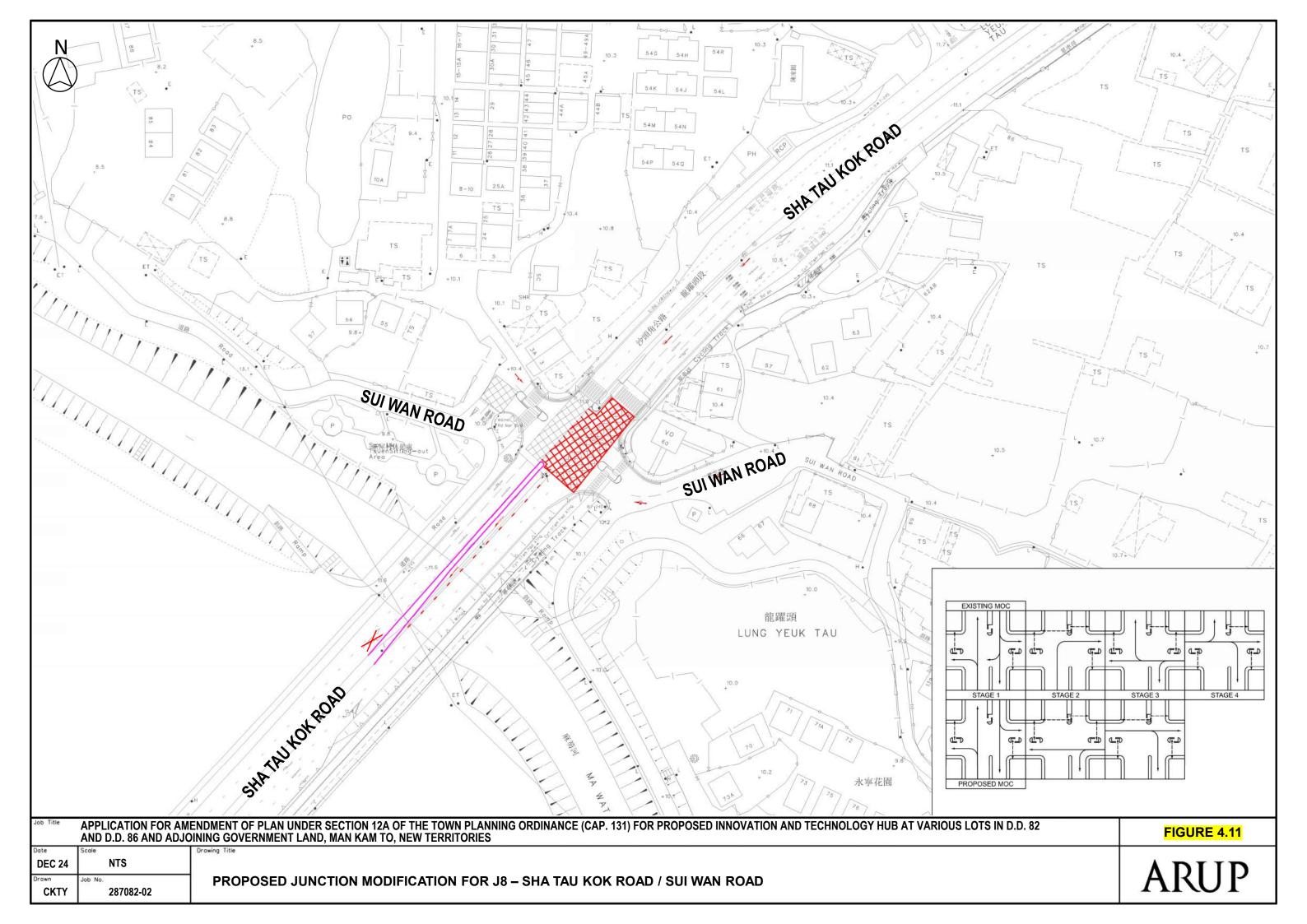


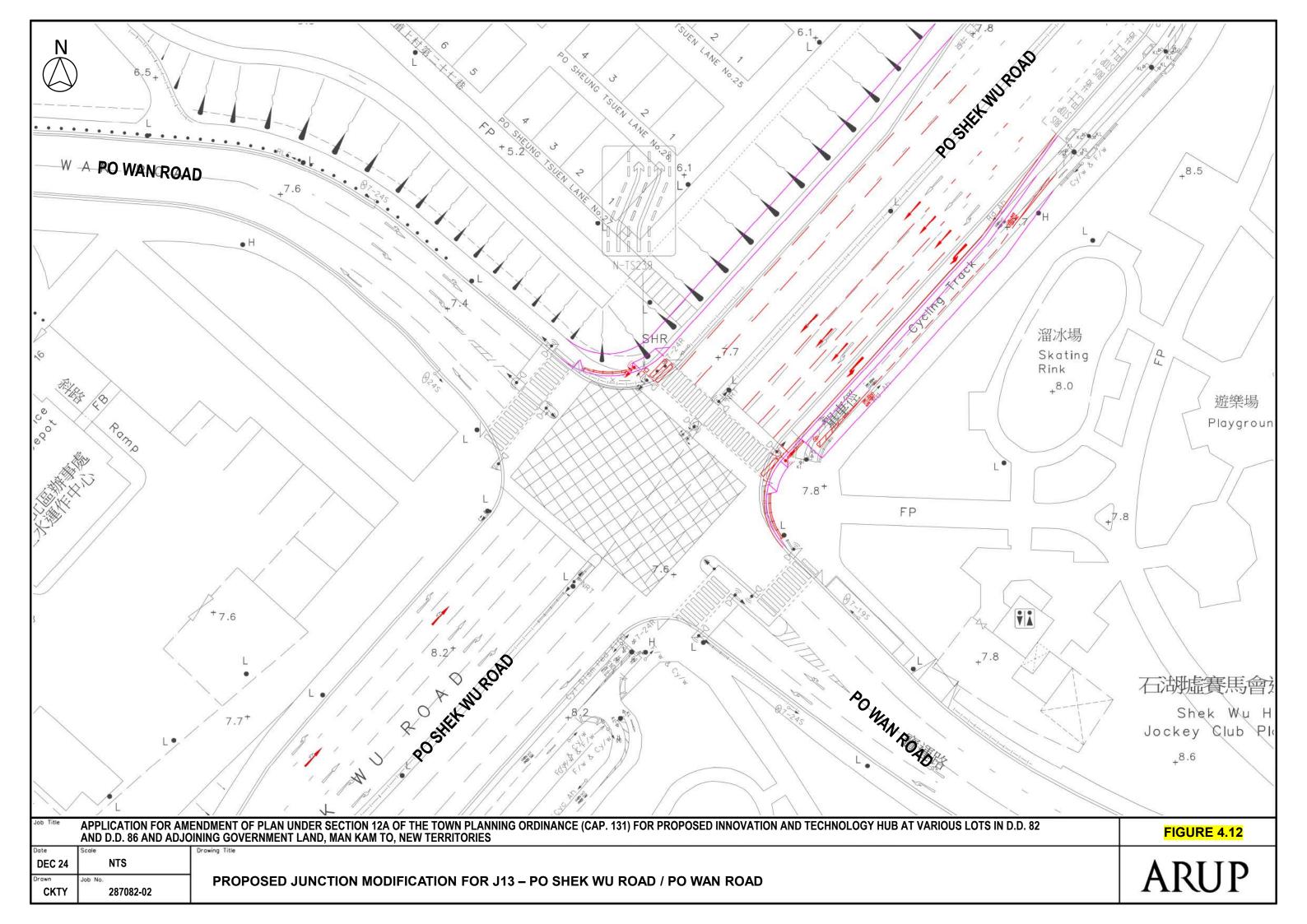


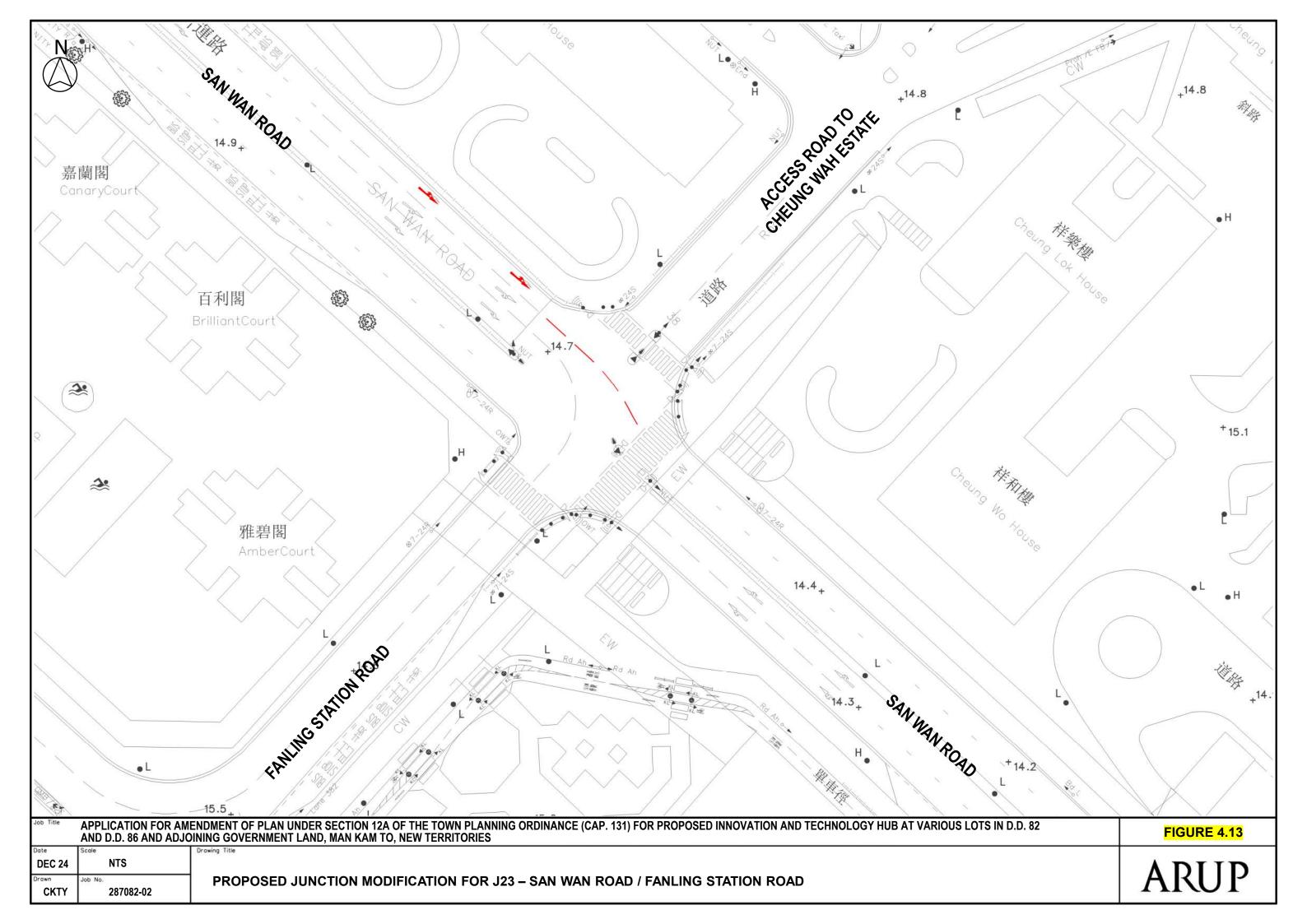


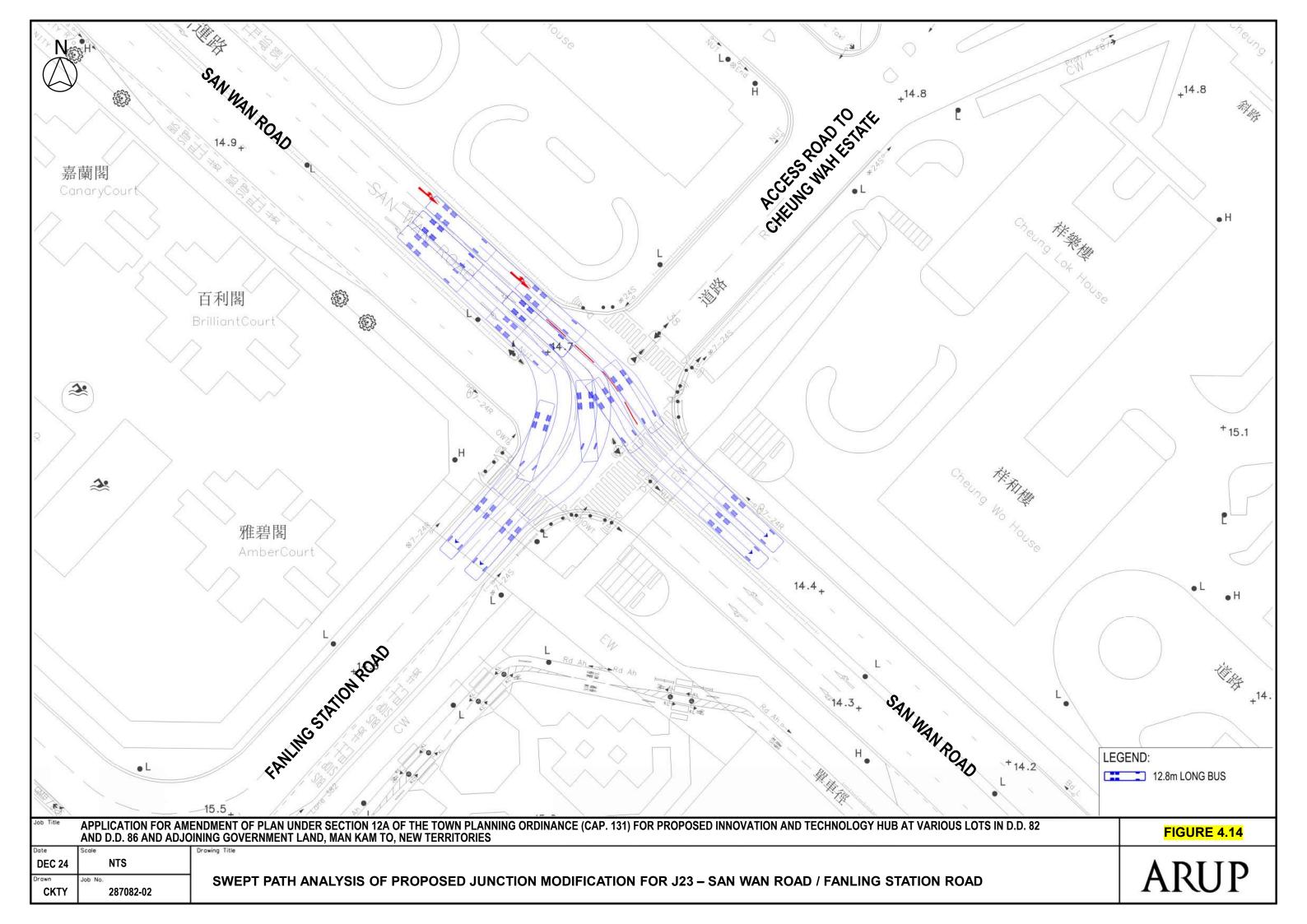


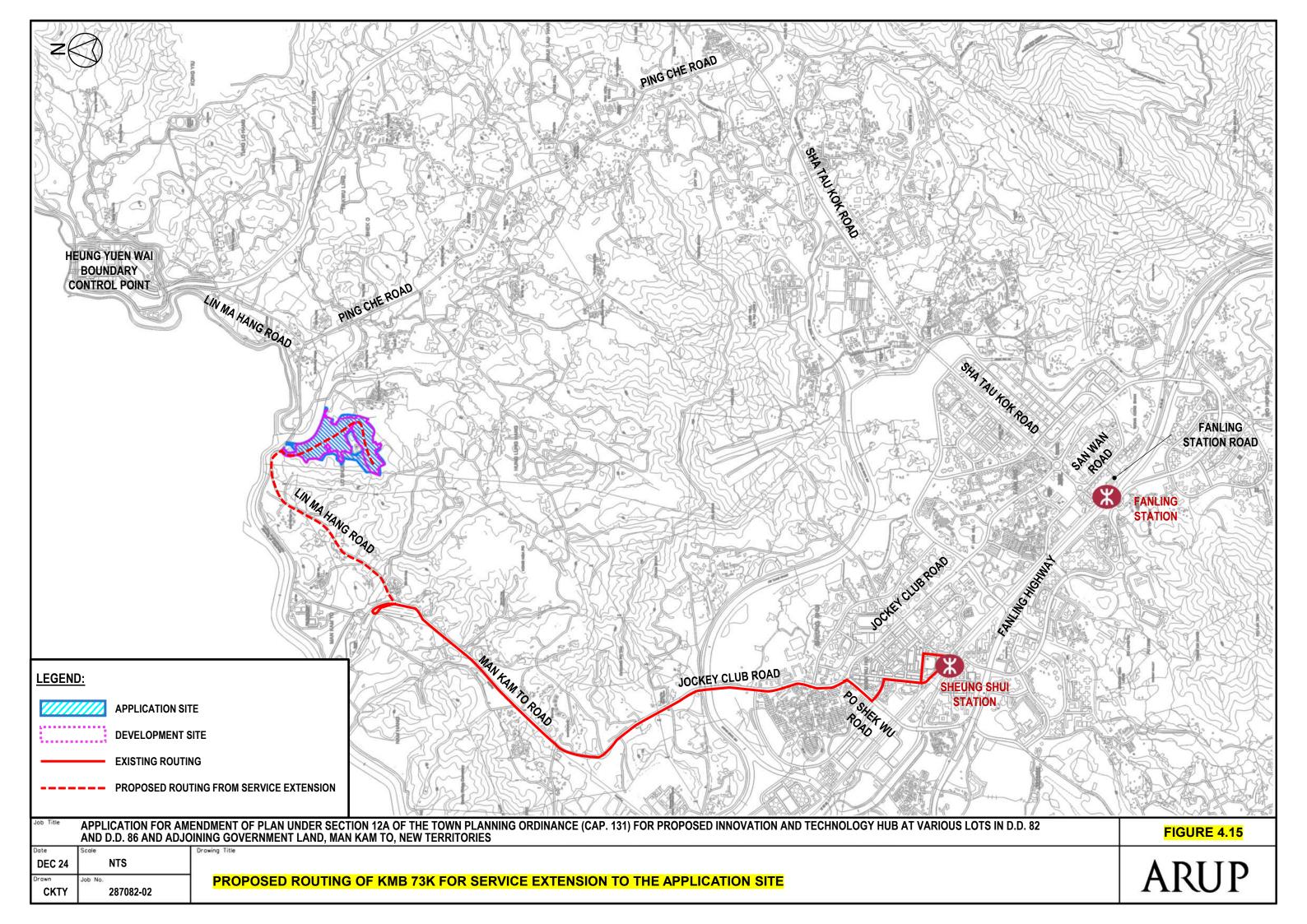


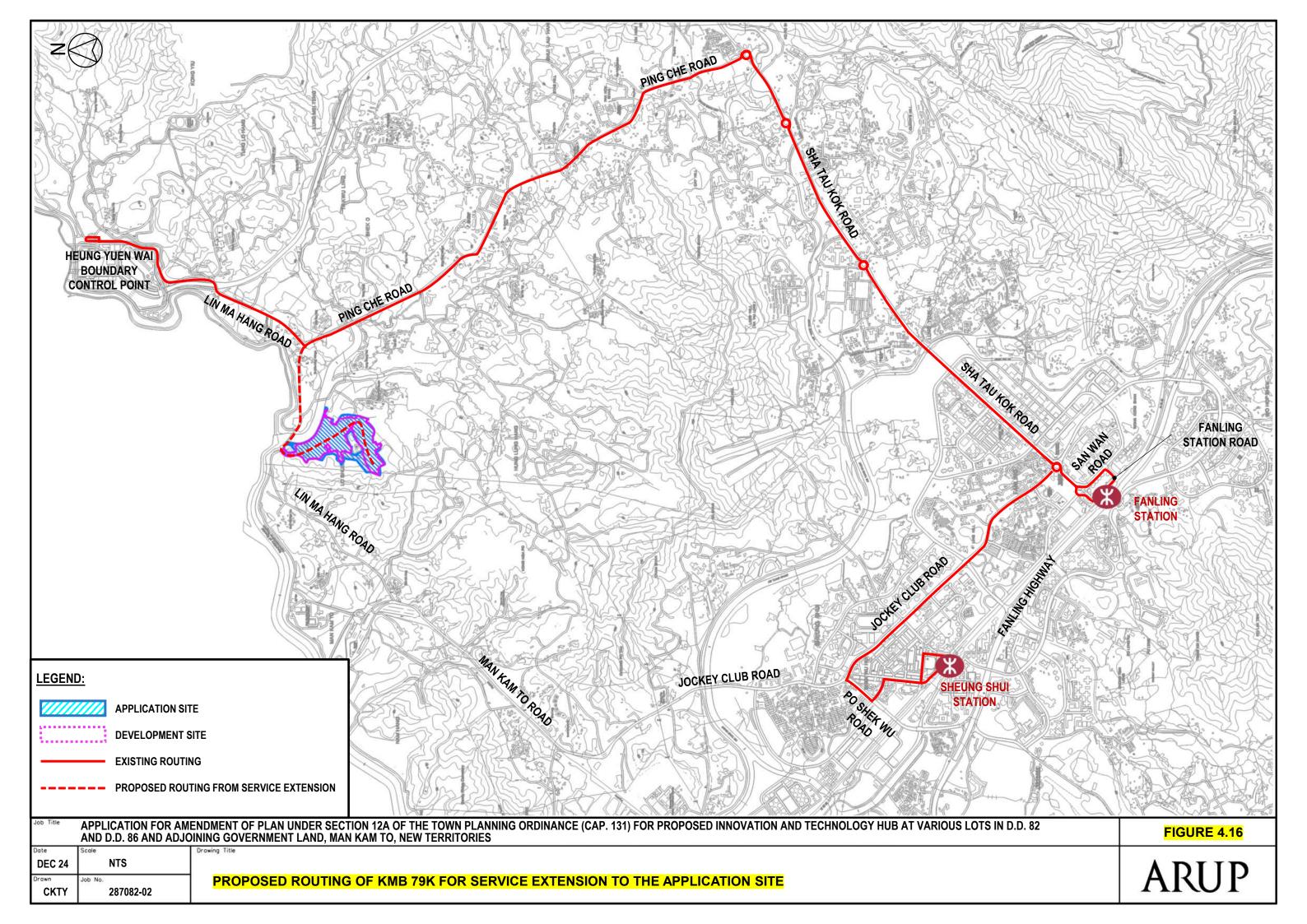


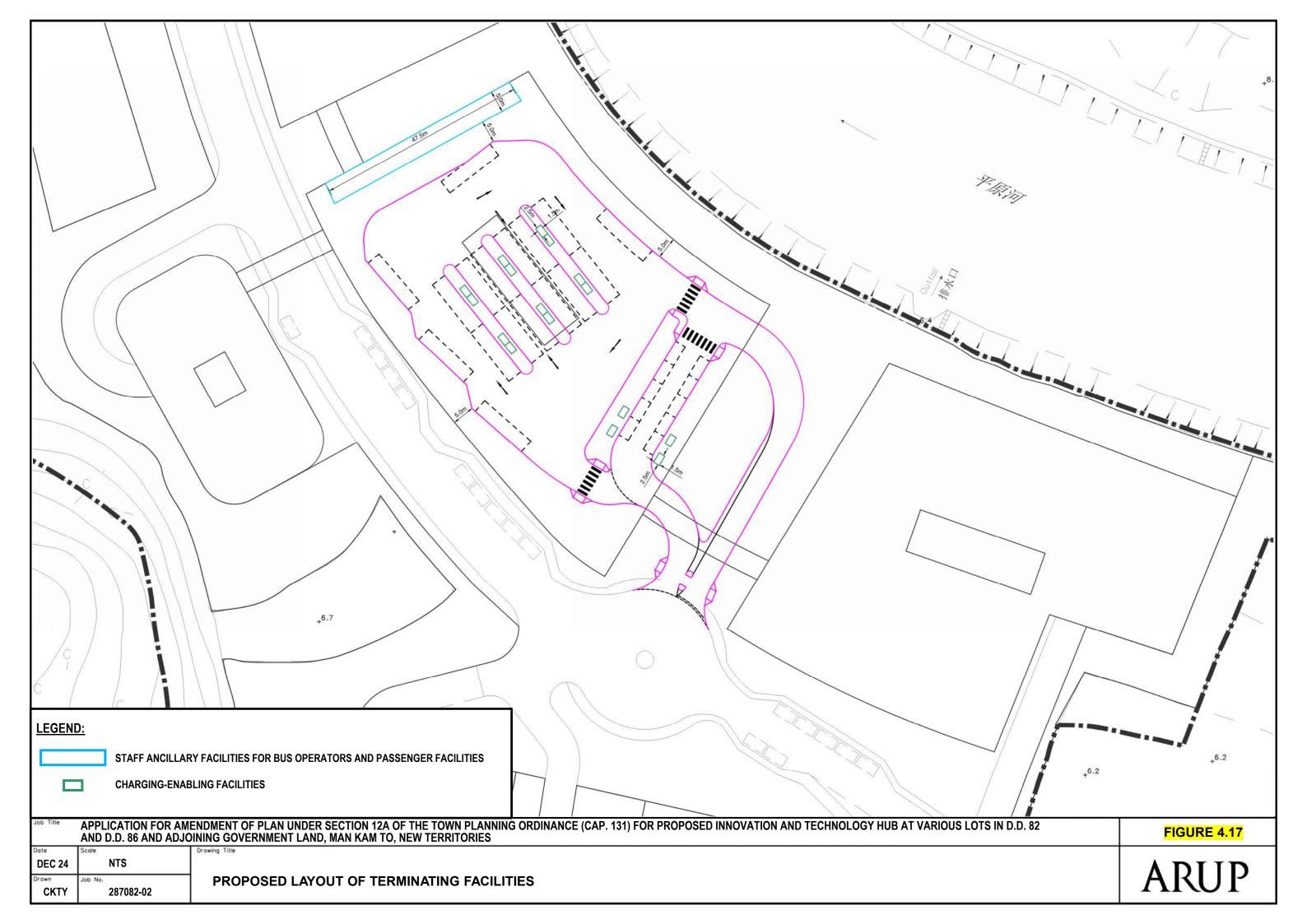


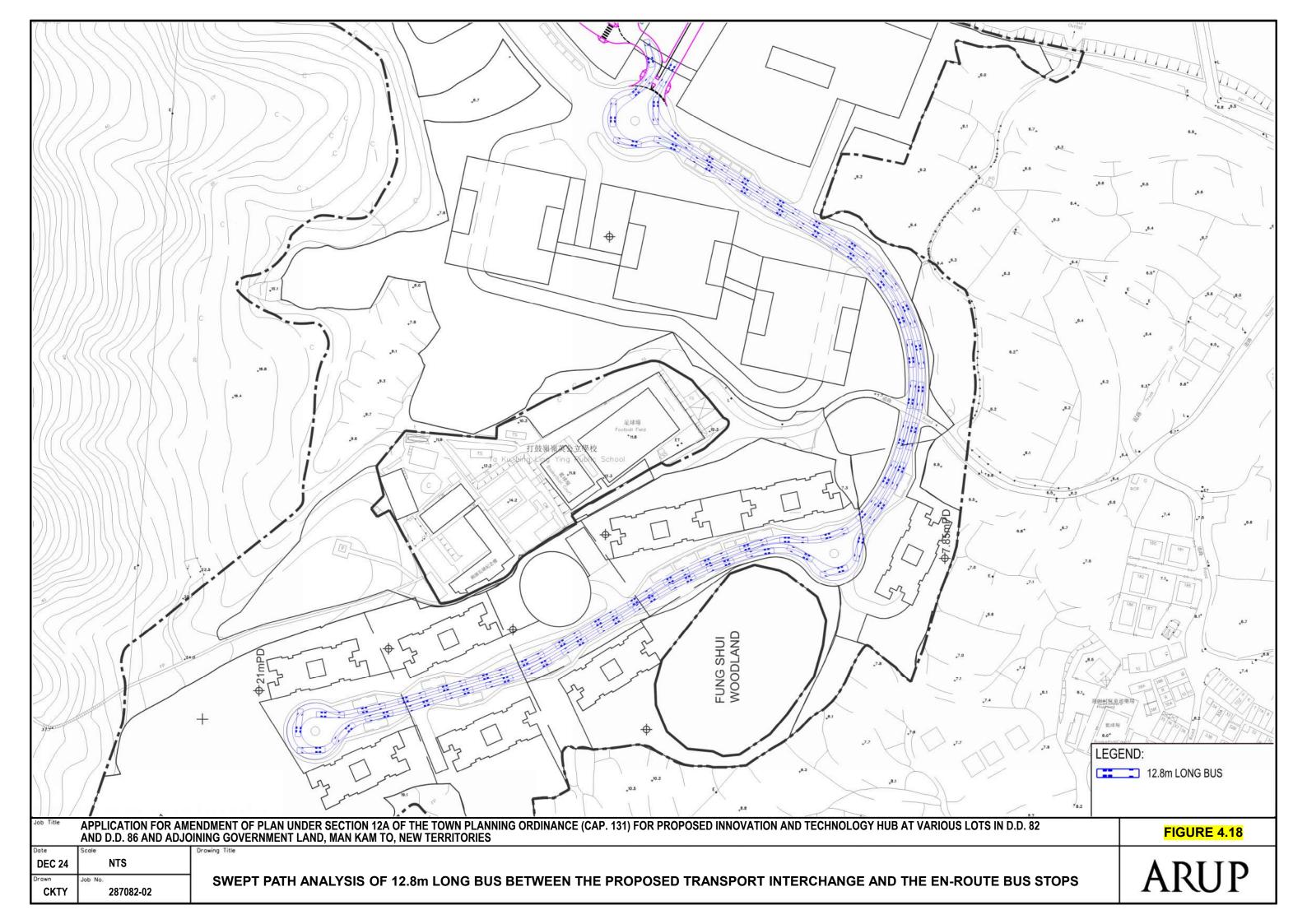


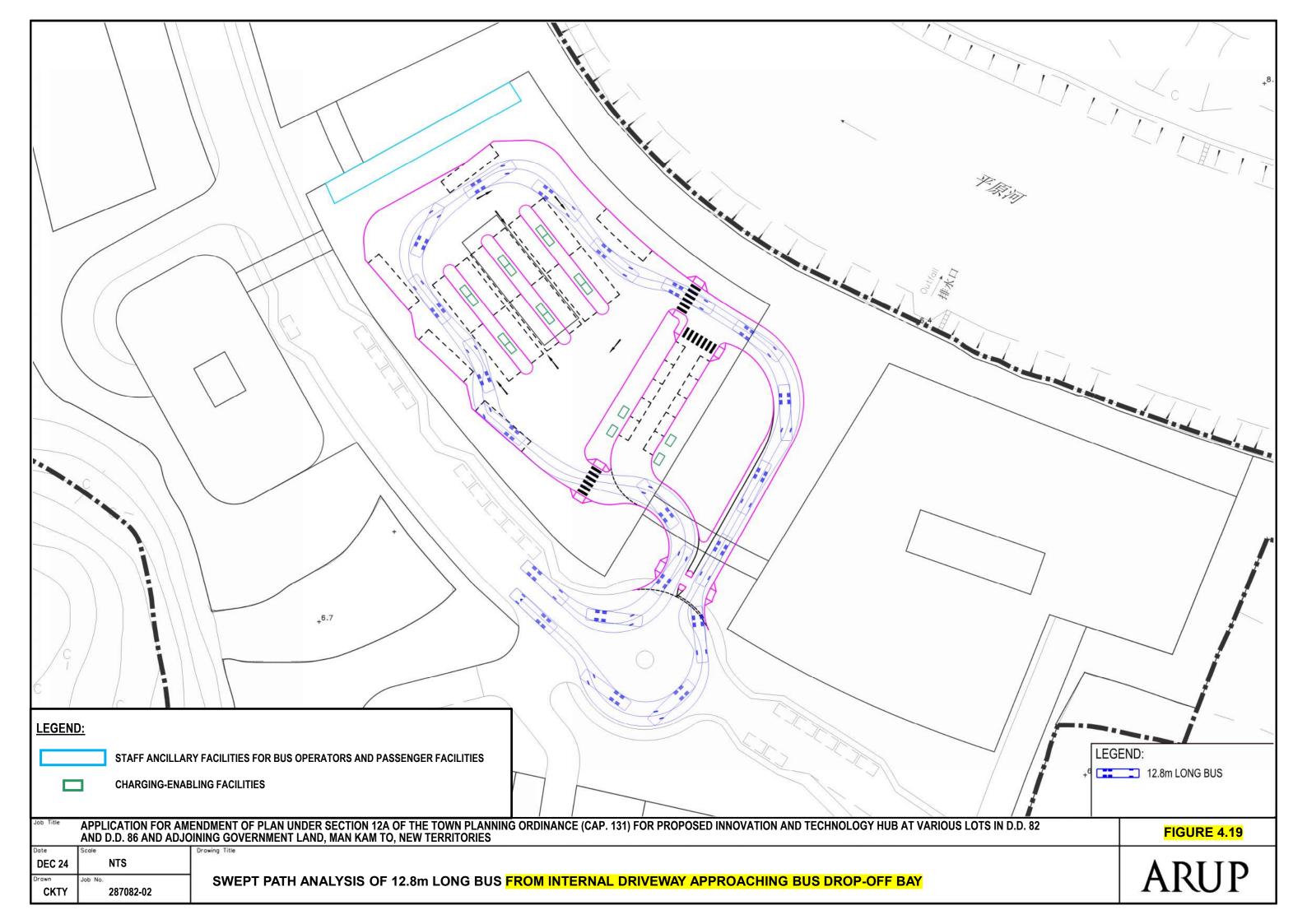


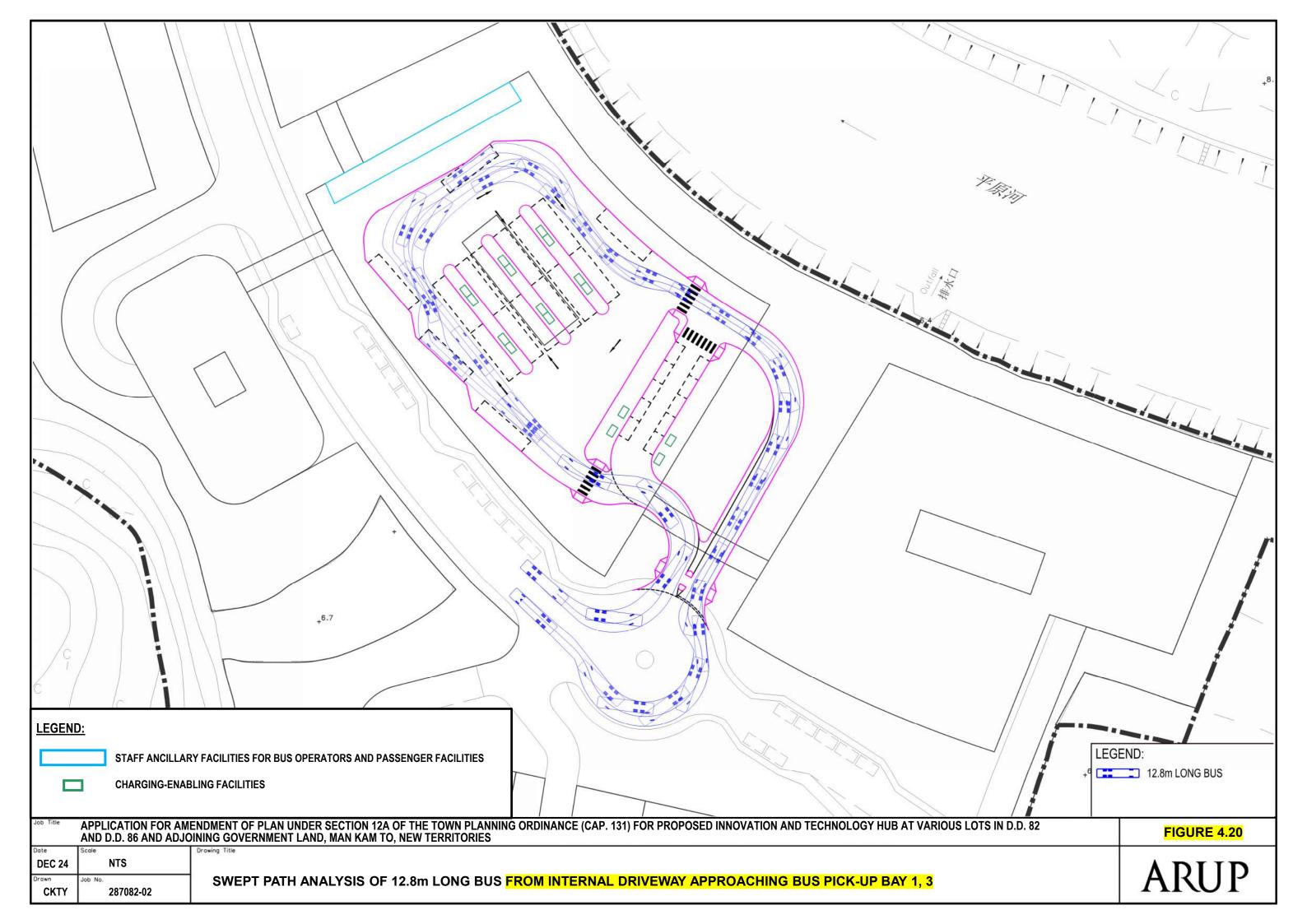


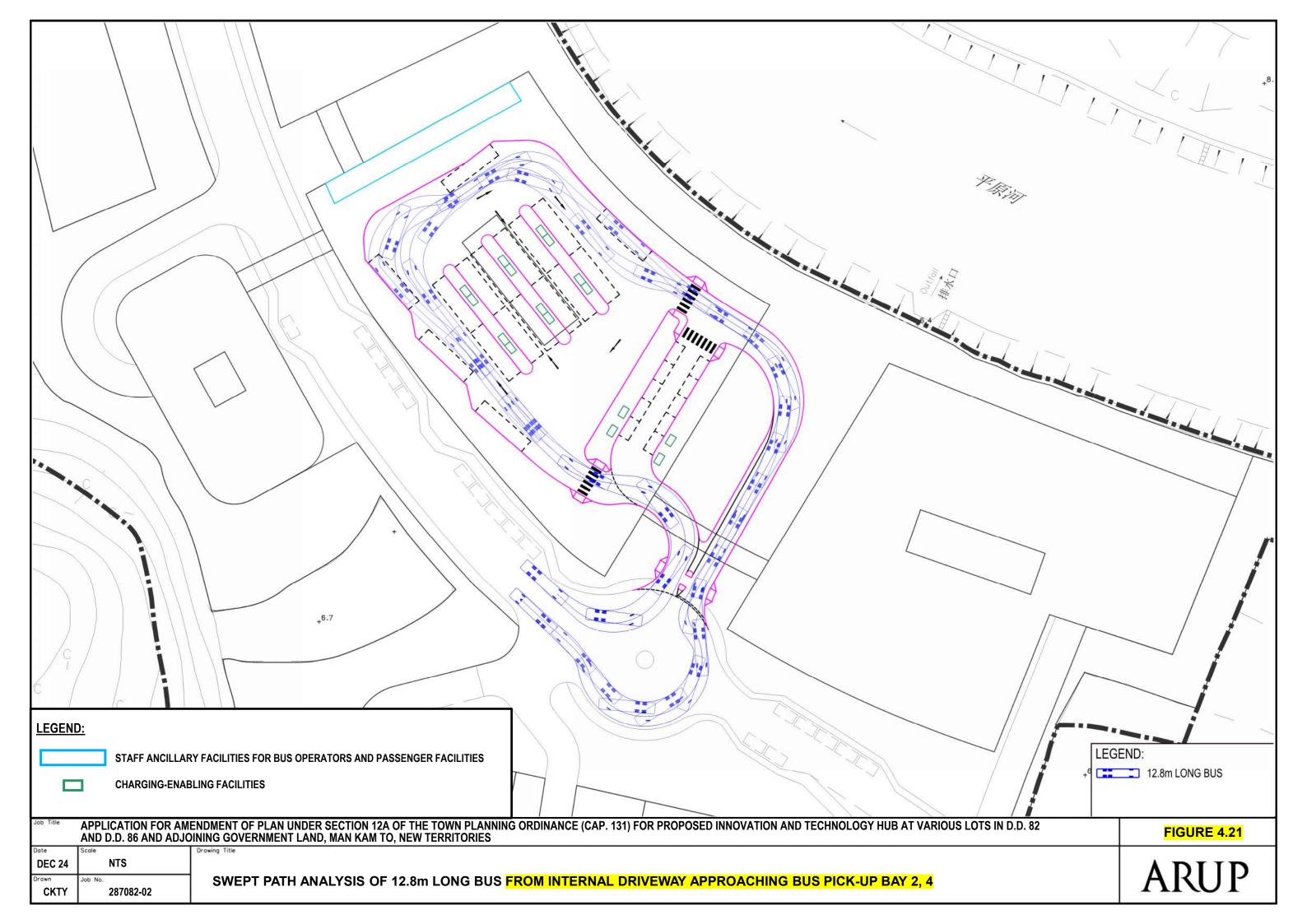


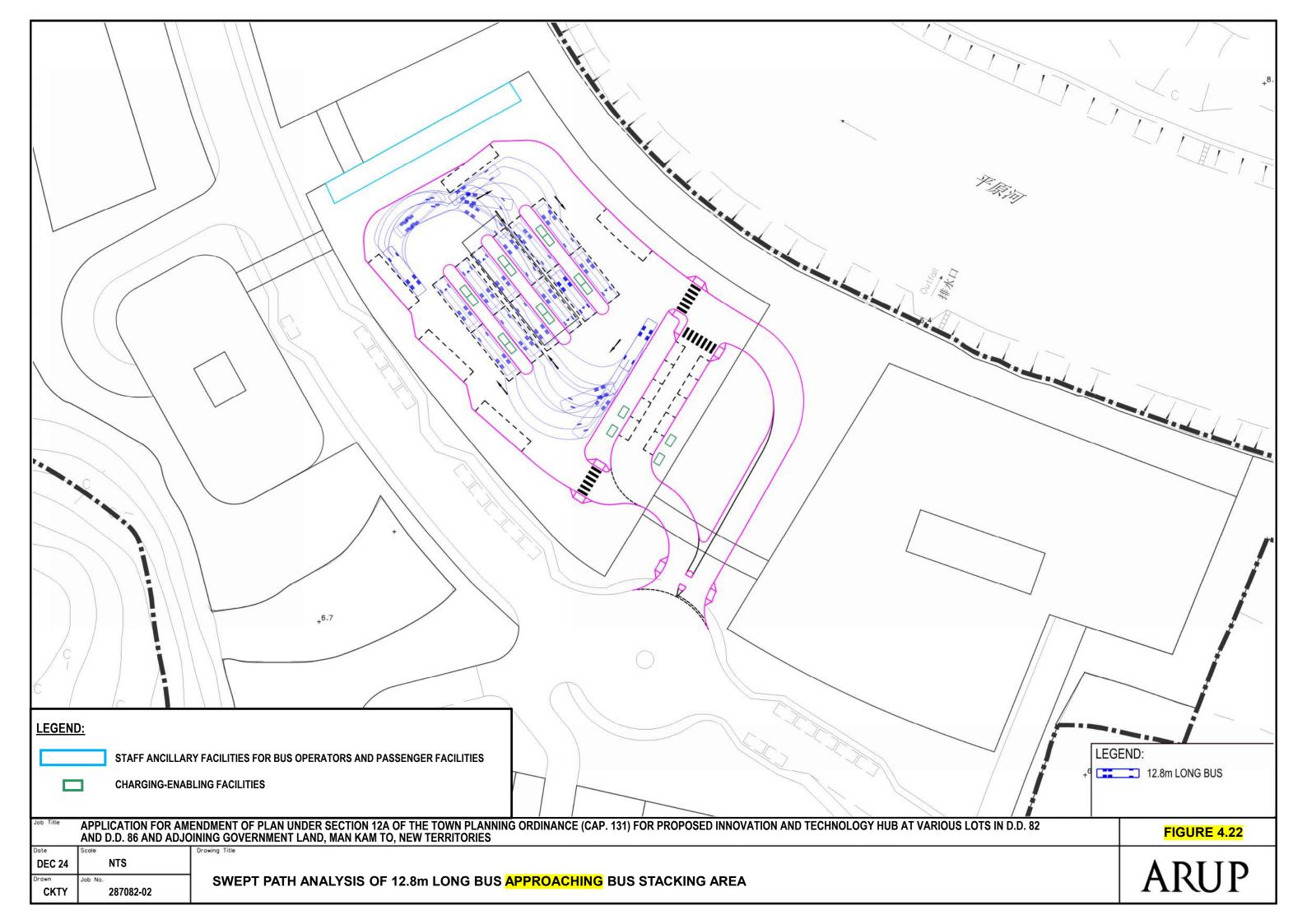


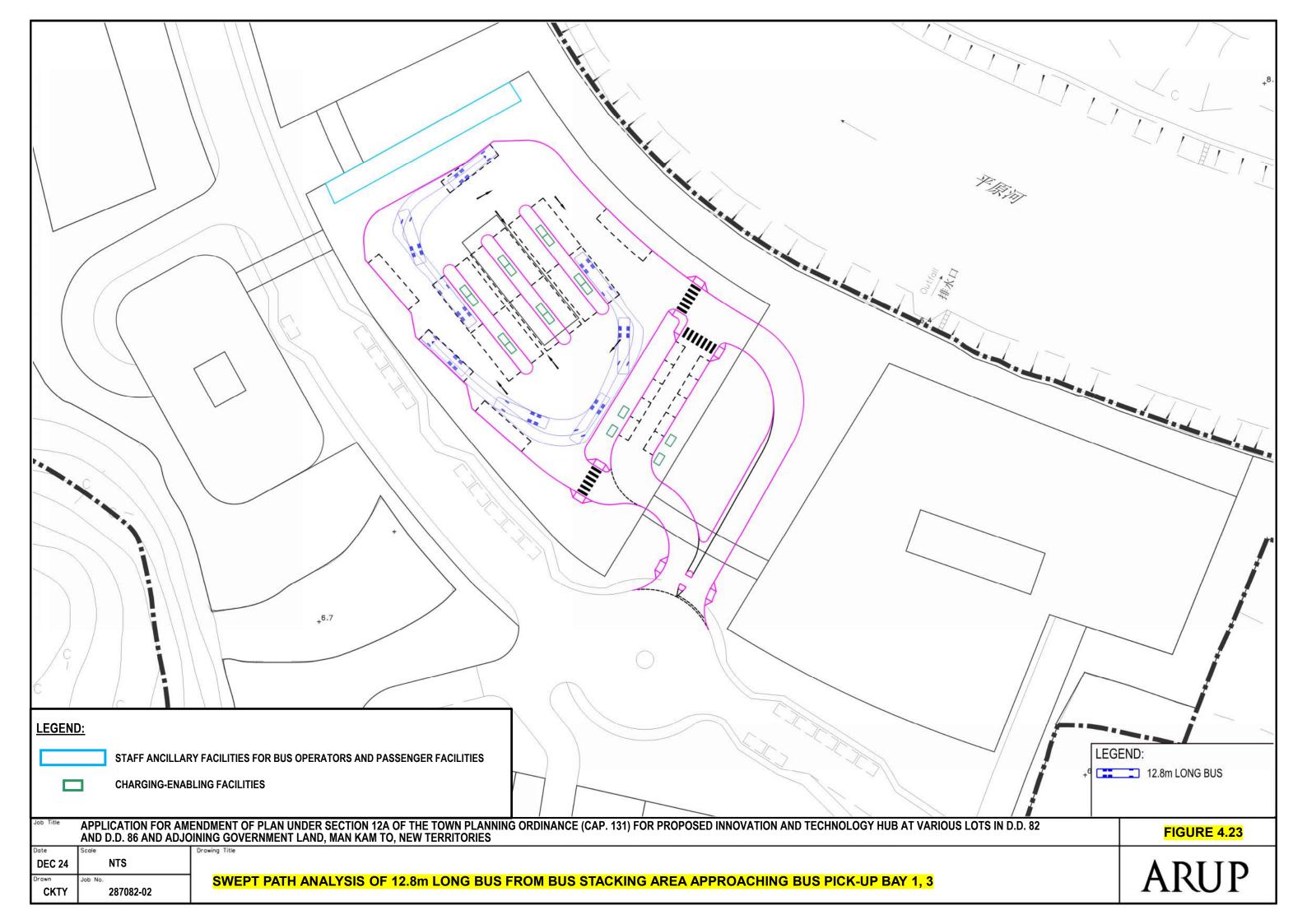


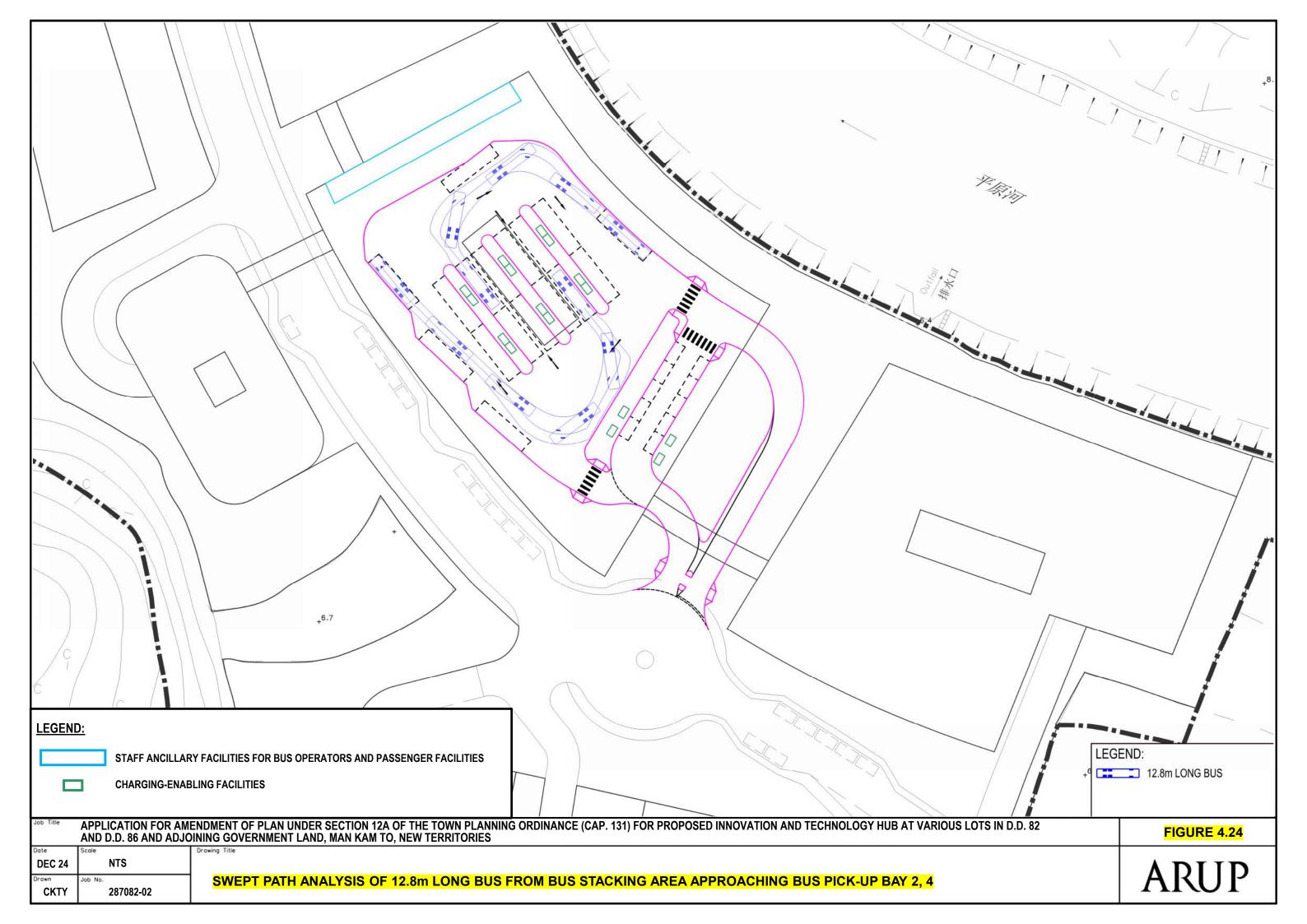


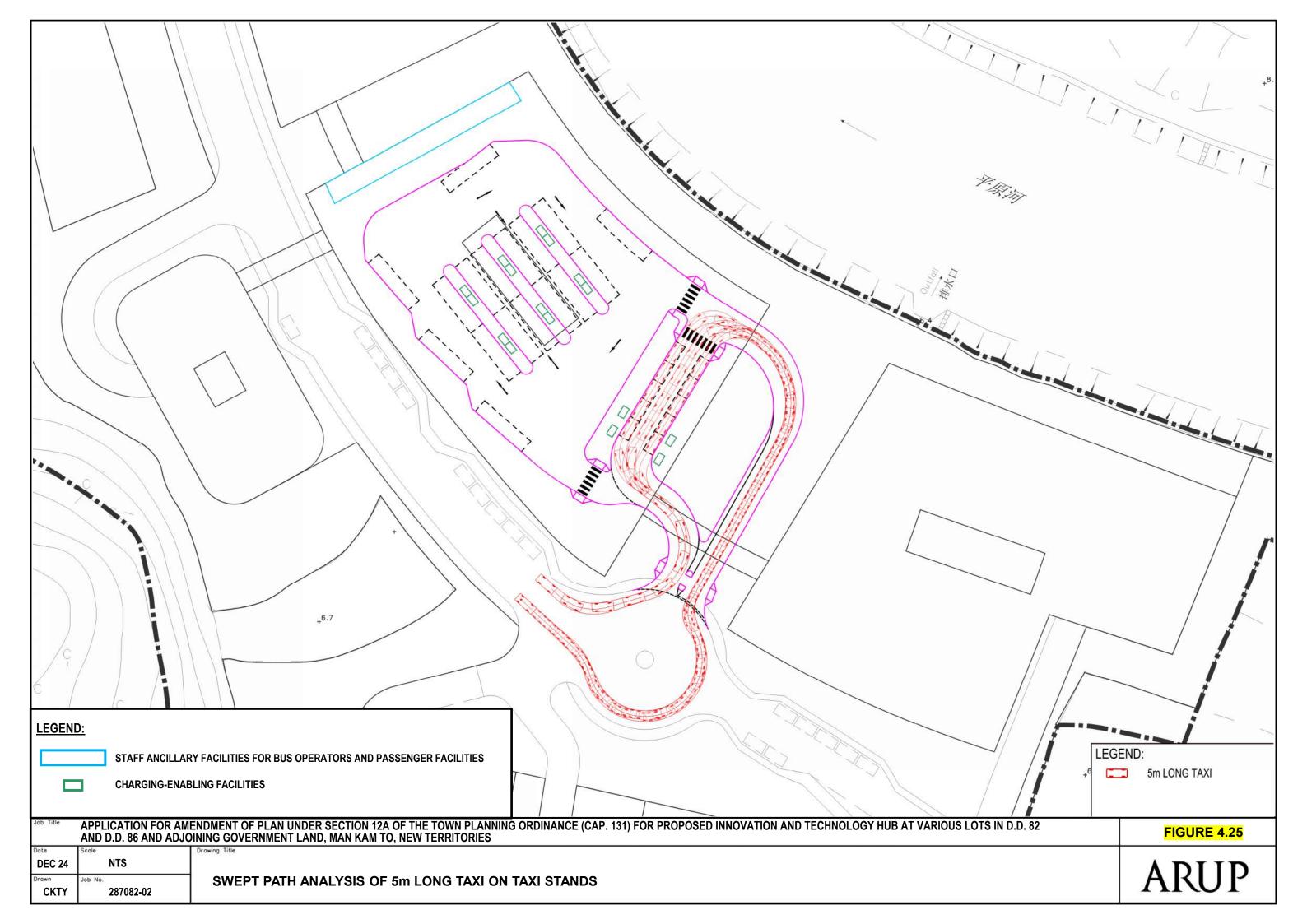






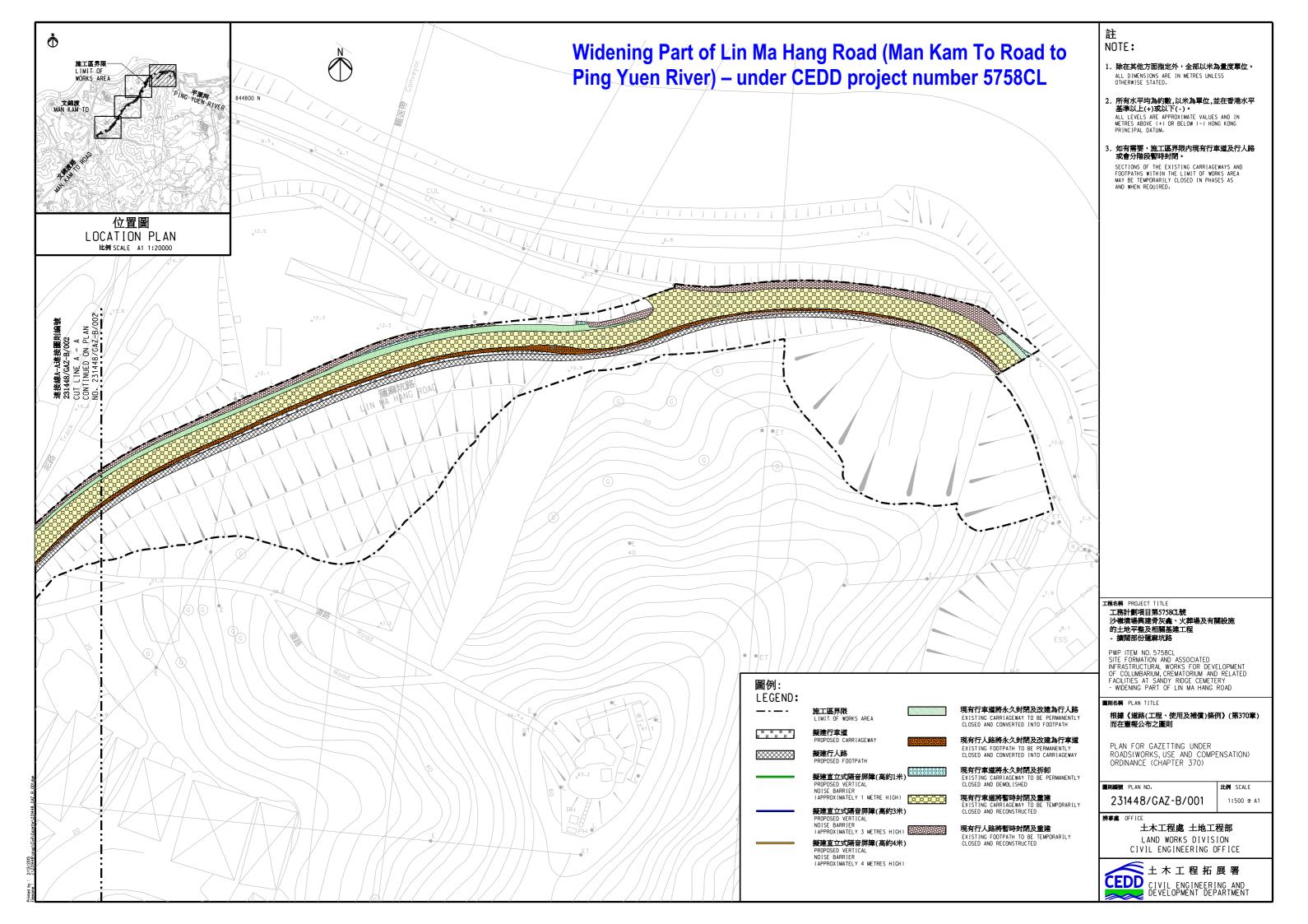


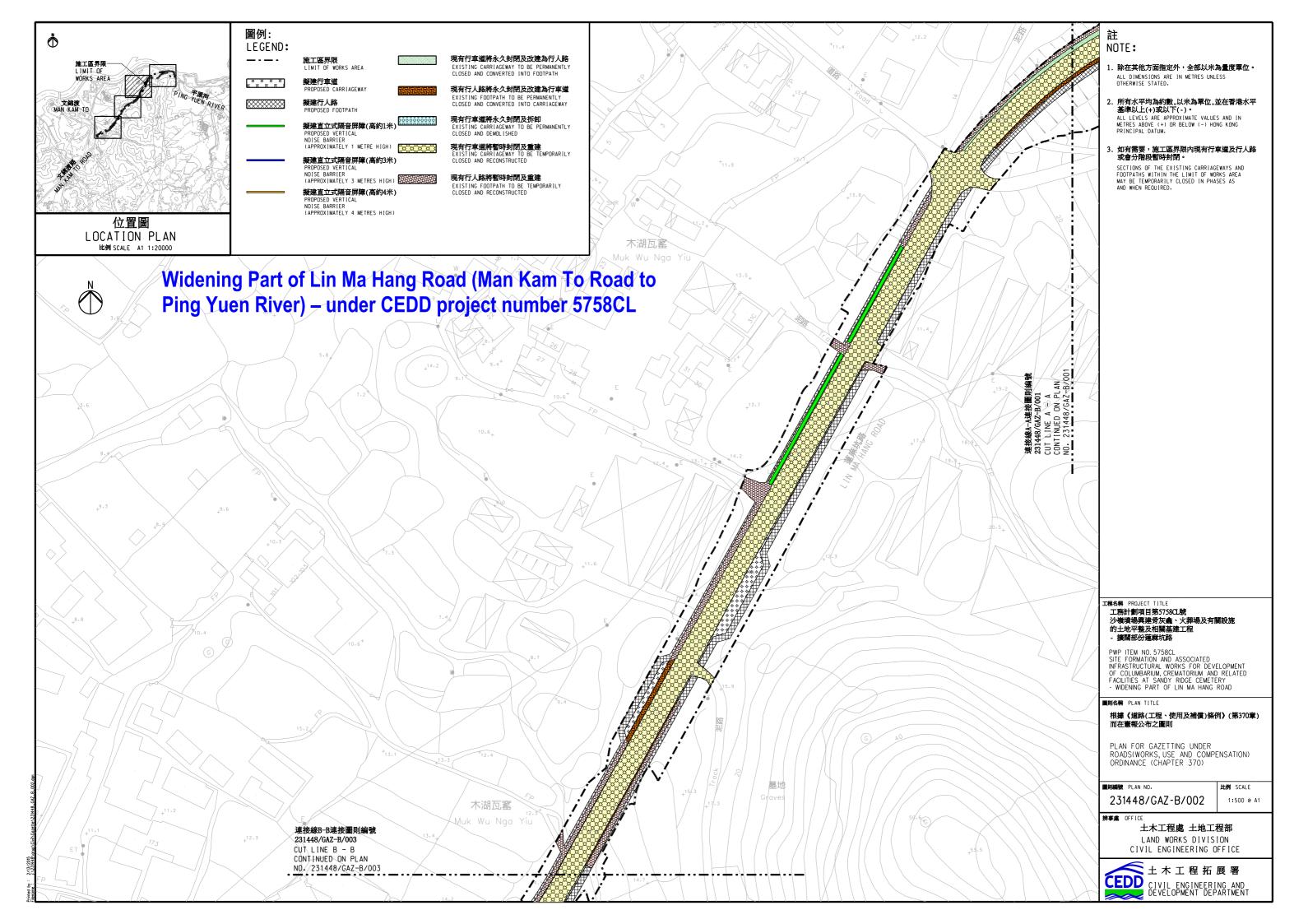


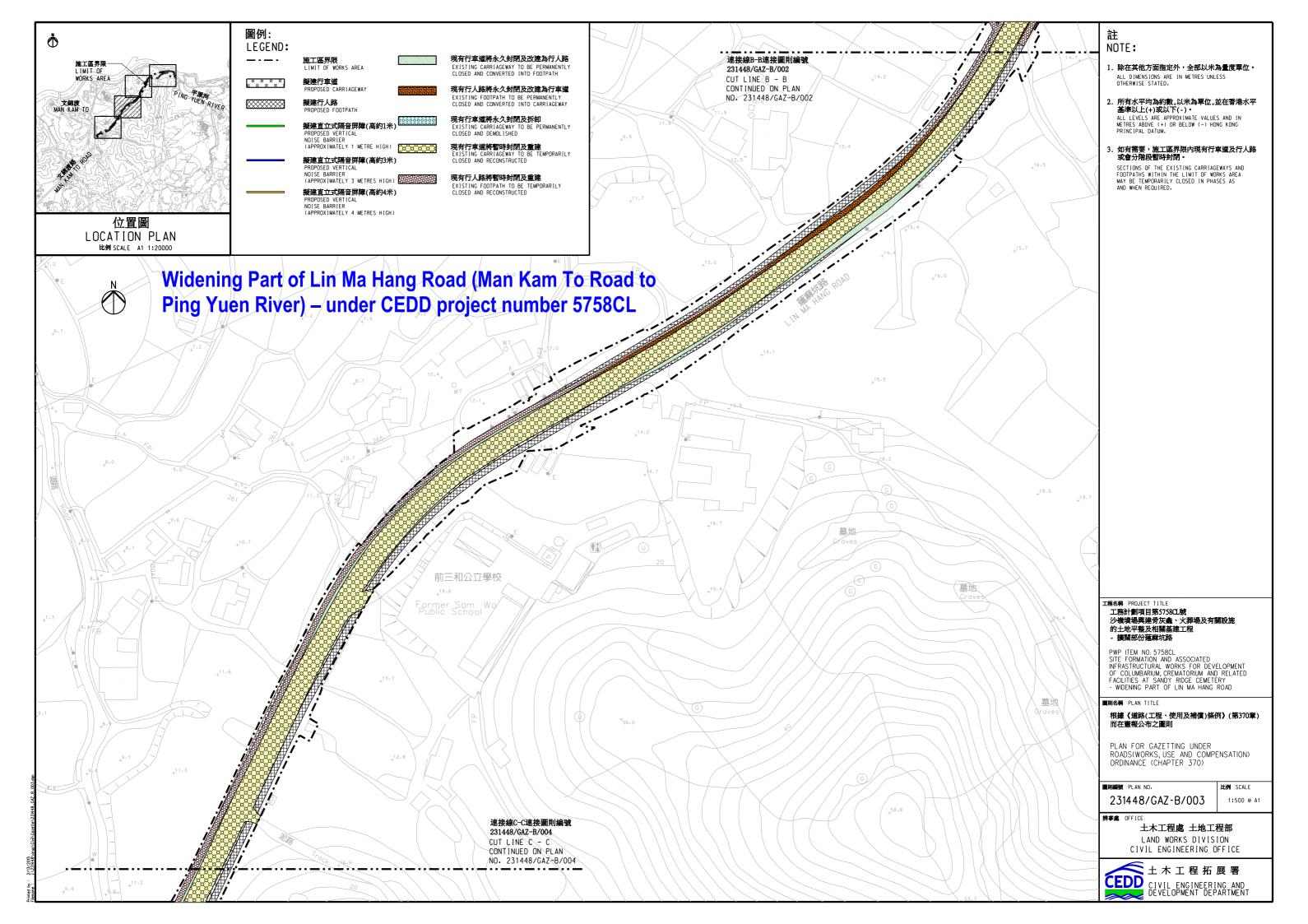


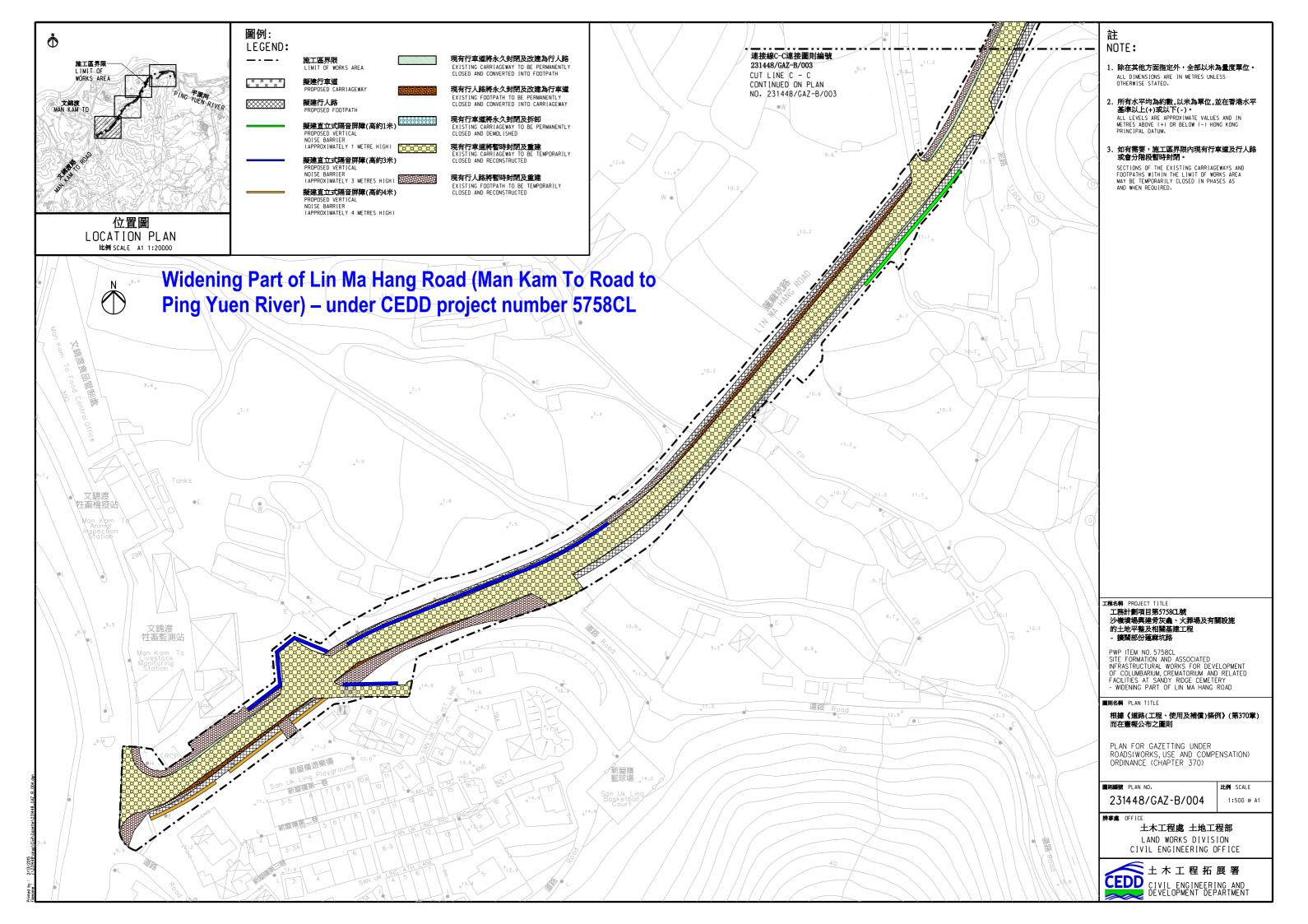
Appendix A

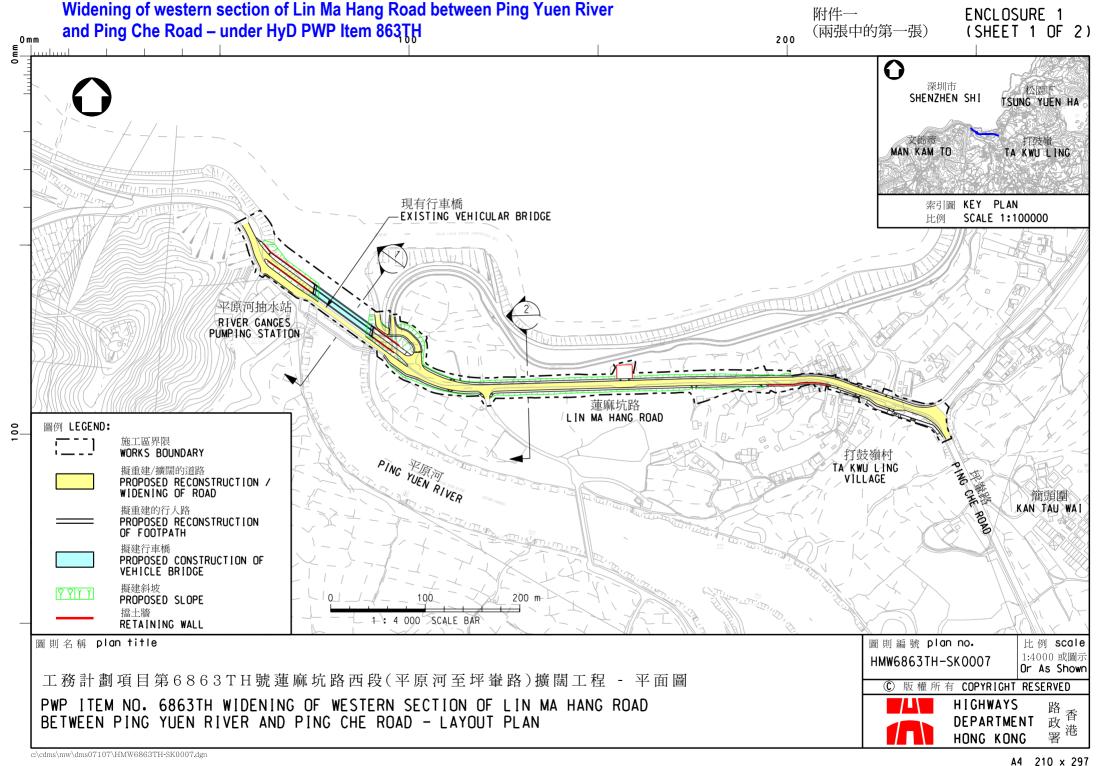
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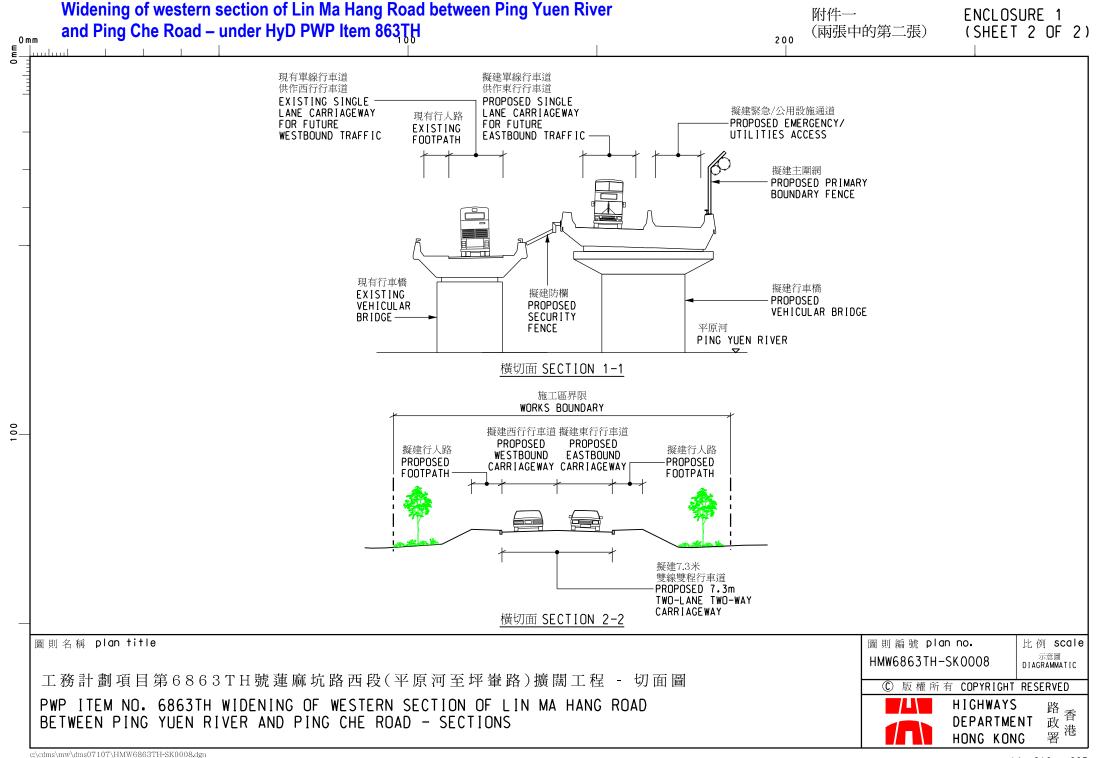


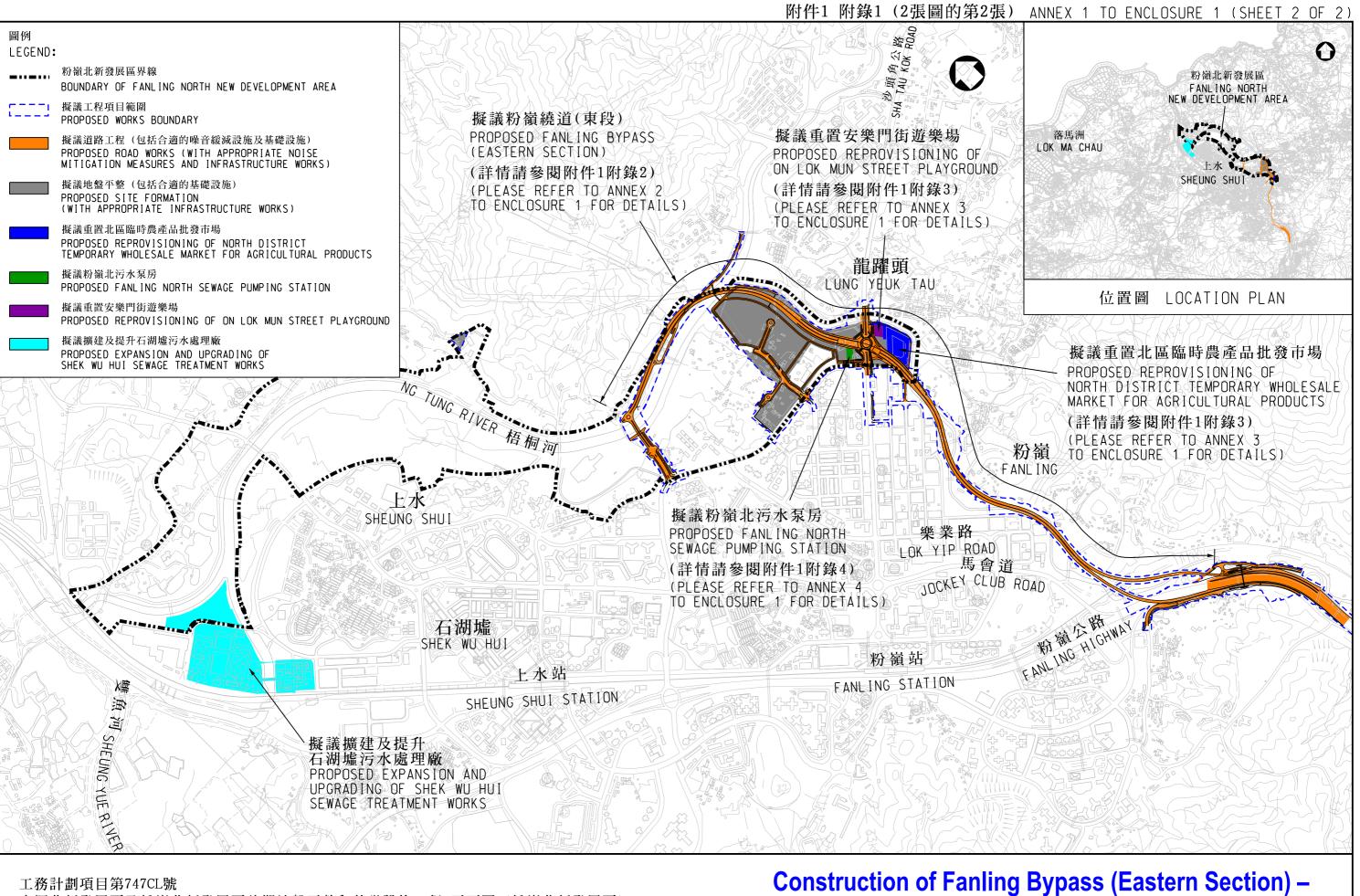












工務計劃項目第747CL號

古洞北新發展區及粉嶺北新發展區前期地盤平整和基礎設施工程-平面圖(粉嶺北新發展區)

PWP ITEM NO. 747CL

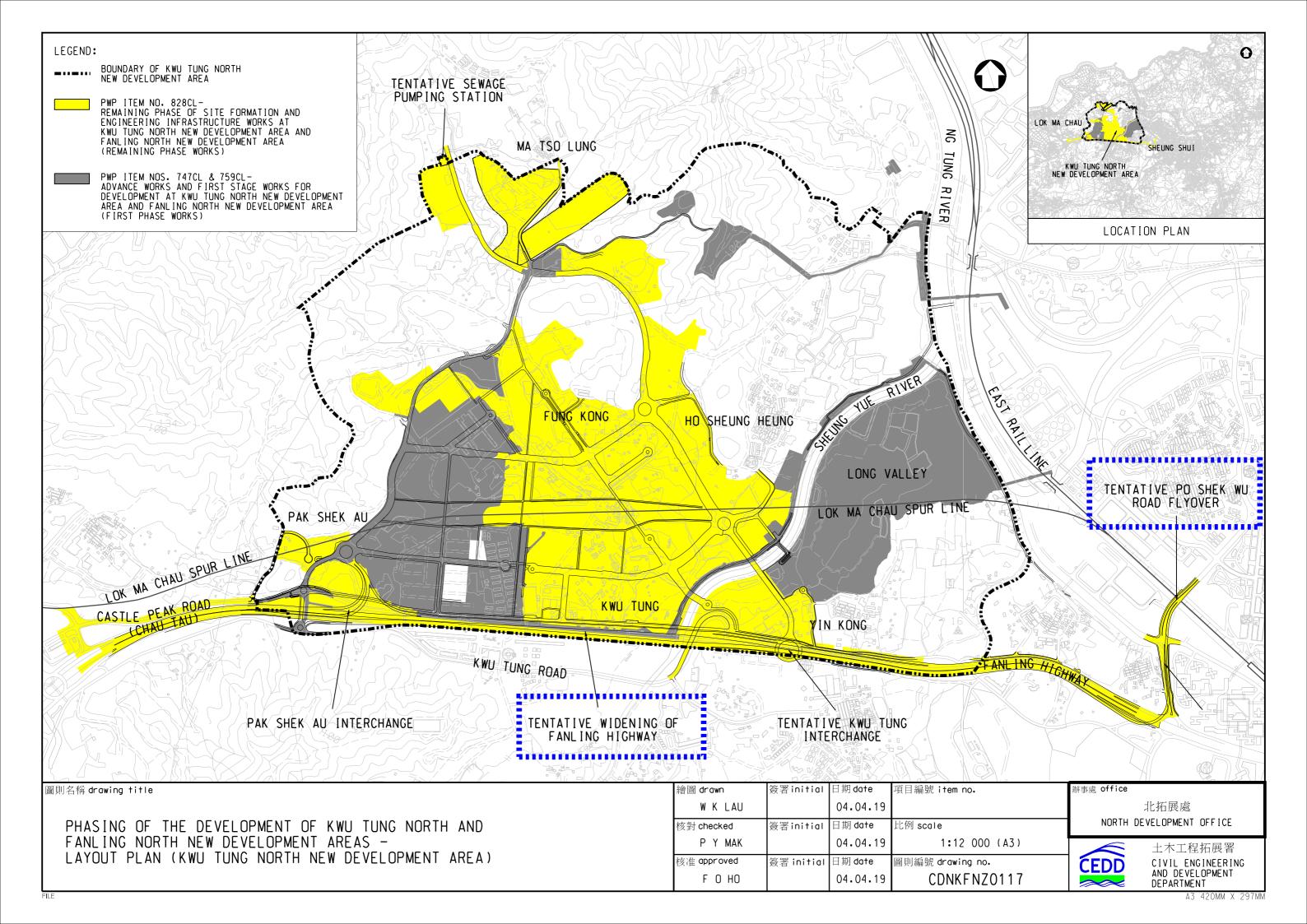
ADVANCE SITE FORMATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE WORKS FOR KWU TUNG NORTH NEW DEVELOPMENT AREA AND FANLING NORTH NEW DEVELOPMENT AREA-LAYOUT PLAN (FANLING NORTH NEW DEVELOPMENT AREA)

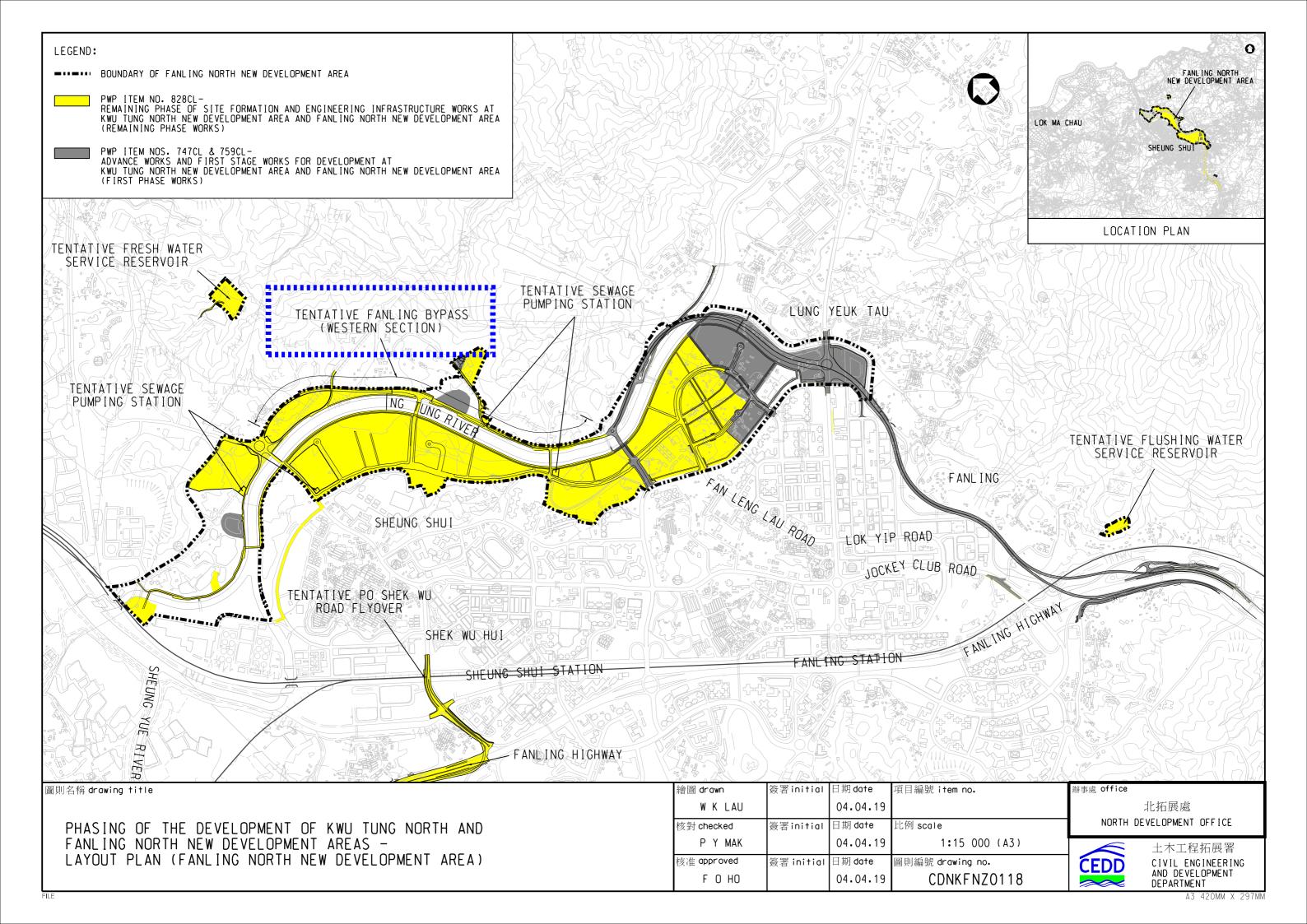
A3 420MM X 297MM

under CEDD project number 7747CL

Appendix B

Planned / Committed Infrastructures in North District





Summary of Junction Improvement Schemes

	Junction	Description	Proposed by Project	Anticipated Implementation Schedule	Plan No.
J2	Po Shek Wu Road/ Po Wan Road	 Lane arrangement of Po Shek Wu Road southbound to be revised for allowing straight-ahead traffic to use three traffic lanes Lane arrangement of Po Wan Road eastbound to be revised for allowing right-turn traffic to use two traffic lanes 	Kong Nga Po	2023	H-6b
J3		 Land arrangement of Po Shek Wu Road northbound to be revised for allowing left-turn traffic to use two traffic lanes Local widening of Po Wan Road westbound from 1 to 2 lanes 	Sheung Shui Areas 4 and 30 (junction improvement works to be incorporated in Kong Nga Po project)	2023	H-6b H-6c H-6d
Ј3	Po Shek Wu Road/ Choi Yuen Road	- Lane arrangement of Choi Yuen Road westbound to be revised for providing two left-turn lanes	Queen's Hill	Completed	Н-6с
		- Local widening of Po Shek Wu Road northbound to allow straight-ahead traffic to use three traffic lanes	Kong Nga Po	2023	H-6d
		 Po Shek Wu Road Interchange Improvement which provides a flyover to allow the right turning traffic from Po Shek Wu Road southbound to Fanling Highway westbound to bypass the existing Po Shek Wu Road Interchange Po Shek Wu Road southbound would be narrowed from 5 lanes to 4 lanes 	Kwu Tung North and Fanling North New Development Area (NDA)	2029	Н-бе

	Junction	Description	Proposed by Project	Anticipated Implementation Schedule	Plan No.
J5	Jockey Club Road/ Lung Sum Avenue	 Lane arrangement of Lung Sum Avenue northbound/southbound to be revised for allowing straight-ahead traffic to use two traffic lanes Widening Lung Sum Avenue northbound by narrowing the central median of Lung Sum Avenue 	Queen's Hill	2021	H-6g H-6h
		 Local widening with one additional straight-ahead traffic lane on Jockey Club Road eastbound Local widening with one additional straight-ahead traffic lane on Lung Sum Avenue northbound 	Kong Nga Po	2023	H-6g
J6	Jockey Club Road/ So Kwun Po Road	 Lane arrangement of Jockey Club Road northbound to be revised for allowing left turn traffic to use two traffic lanes Method-of-control to be revised for minimising/optimising the intergreen time Lane arrangement of Ma Sik Road southbound to be revised for allowing three traffic lanes for vehicles to travel straight ahead Local widening of So Kwun Po Road southbound from 2 to 3 lanes 	Kwu Tung North and Fanling NDA	2023	H-6h

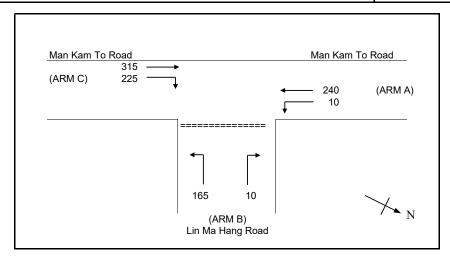
- 3 -

	Junction	Description	Proposed by Project	Anticipated Implementation Schedule	Plan No.
		 Local widening with one additional straight-ahead traffic lane on So Kwun Po Road northbound Local widening of Ma Sik Road northbound from 2 to 3 lanes 	Sheung Shui Areas 4 and 30 (junction improvement works to be incorporated in Kwu Tung North and Fanling NDA project)	2023	H-6h
J7	So Kwun Po Road Interchange	 Local widening of southbound approach arm of So Kwun Po Road for a smoother entrance to the elevated roundabout 	Queen's Hill	2021	H-6i
		- New infrastructure to connect the northern and southern side of Fanling Highway	Subject to further study	n.a	n.a.
J8	Po Shek Wu Road Interchange	- Local widening of southbound approach arm of Po Shek Wu Road to 10m to have two traffic lanes when approaching the roundabout	Queen's Hill	2021	Н-6ј
		- Local widening of the entry arm of Fanling Highway westbound slip road from existing two lanes to three lanes	Kong Nga Po	2023	H-6k
		- Local widening section of southbound of Po Shek Wu Road between Choi Yuen Road and Po Shek Wu Road Interchange	Sheung Shui Areas 4 and 30	2023/24	H-61
		- Po Shek Wu Road Interchange Improvement which provides a flyover to allow the right turning traffic from Po Shek Wu Road southbound to Fanling Highway westbound to bypass the existing Po Shek Wu Road Interchange	Kwu Tung North and Fanling NDA	2029	Н-бе

Appendix C

Junction Calculation Sheets

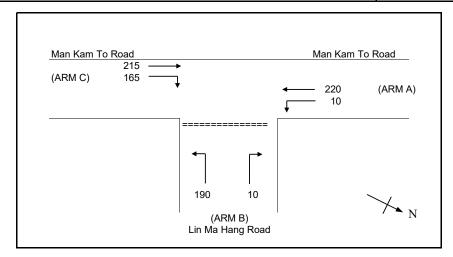
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J1 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Man Kam To Road	J1_2023_EXT_AM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



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NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
           =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

OMETRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FAC	CTORS:	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)				
W = 12.50 (metres)	D =	1.04	Q b-a = 487	DFC b-a = 0.02
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E =	1.08	Q b-c = 753	DFC b-c = 0.22
q a-b = 10 (pcu/hr)	F =	1.11	Q c-b = 767	DFC c-b = 0.29
q a-c = 240 (pcu/hr)	Y =	0.57	Q b-ac = 730	DFC b-ac = 0.24
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)			TOTAL FLOW = 965 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 5.00 (metres)				
Vr c-b = 100 (metres)				
q c-a = 315 (pcu/hr)				
q c-b = 225 (pcu/hr)				
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)				CRITICAL DFC = 0.29
W b-a = 4.50 (metres)				
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)				
VI b-a = 80 (metres)				
Vr b-a = 125 (metres)				
Vr b-c = 125 (metres)				
q b-a = 10 (pcu/hr)				
q b-c = 165 (pcu/hr)				

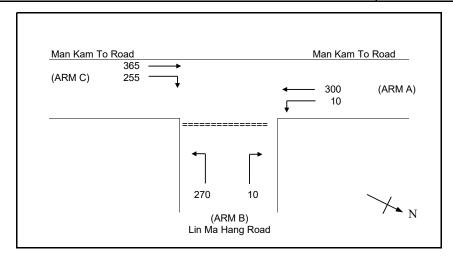
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J1 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Man Kam To Road	J1_2023_EXT_PM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
       W b-a =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

OMETRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTO	ORS:	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)				
W = 12.50 (metres)	D =	1.04	Q b-a = 524	DFC b-a = 0.02
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E =	1.08	Q b-c = 758	DFC b-c = 0.25
q a-b = 10 (pcu/hr)	F =	1.11	Q c-b = 772	DFC c-b = 0.21
q a-c = 220 (pcu/hr)	Υ =	0.57	Q b-ac = 741	DFC b-ac = 0.27
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)			TOTAL FLOW = 810 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 5.00 (metres)			,	
Vr c-b = 100 (metres)				
q c-a = 215 (pcu/hr)				
q c-b = 165 (pcu/hr)				
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)				CRITICAL DFC = 0.27
W b-a = 4.50 (metres)				
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)				
VI b-a = 80 (metres)				
Vr b-a = 125 (metres)				
Vr b-c = 125 (metres)				
q b-a = 10 (pcu/hr)				
q b-c = 190 (pcu/hr)				

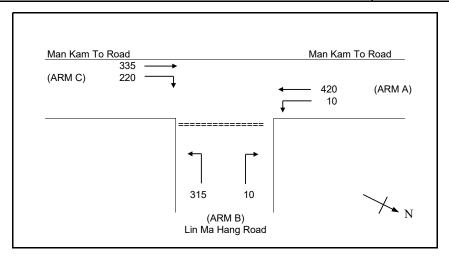
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J1 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Man Kam To Road	J1_2031_REF_AM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



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NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
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       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
       W b-a =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
            =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

DMETRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS :	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 12.50 (metres)	D = 1.04	Q b-a = 458	DFC b-a = 0.03
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 1.08	Q b-c = 740	DFC b-c = 0.37
q a-b = 10 (pcu/hr)	F = 1.11	Q c-b = 753	DFC c-b = 0.34
q a-c = 300 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.57	Q b-ac = 724	DFC b-ac = 0.39
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 1210 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 5.00 (metres)			
Vr c-b = 100 (metres)			
q c-a = 365 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 255 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.39
W b-a = 4.50 (metres)			
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)			
VI b-a = 80 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 125 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 125 (metres)			
q b-a = 10 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 270 (pcu/hr)			

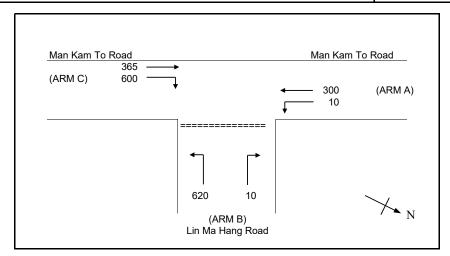
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J1 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Man Kam To Road	J1_2031_REF_PM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



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NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
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       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
       W b-a =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
           =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
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EOMETRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS:	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 12.50 (metres)	D = 1.04	Q b-a = 447	DFC b-a = 0.03
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 1.08	Q b-c = 713	DFC b-c = 0.45
q a-b = 10 (pcu/hr)	F = 1.11	Q c-b = 726	DFC c-b = 0.31
q a-c = 420 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.57	Q b-ac = 700	DFC b-ac = 0.47
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 1310 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 5.00 (metres)		,	
Vr c-b = 100 (metres)			
q c-a = 335 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 220 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.47
W b-a = 4.50 (metres)			
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)			
VI b-a = 80 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 125 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 125 (metres)			
q b-a = 10 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 315 (pcu/hr)			

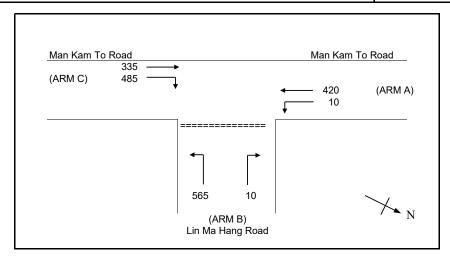
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J1 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Man Kam To Road	J1_2031_DES_AM	DATE:	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



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NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

OMETRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FA	CTORS :	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)				
W = 12.50 (metres)	D =	1.04	Q b-a = 352	DFC b-a = 0.03
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E =	1.08	Q b-c = 740	DFC b-c = 0.84
q a-b = 10 (pcu/hr)	F =	1.11	Q c-b = 753	DFC c-b = 0.80
q a-c = 300 (pcu/hr)	Y =	0.57	Q b-ac = 727	DFC b-ac = 0.87
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)			TOTAL FLOW = 1905 (PCU/HR)
W c-b = 5.00 (metres)				
Vr c-b = 100 (metres)				
q c-a = 365 (pcu/hr)				
q c-b = 600 (pcu/hr)				
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)				CRITICAL DFC = 0.87
W b-a = 4.50 (metres)				
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)				
VI b-a = 80 (metres)				
Vr b-a = 125 (metres)				
Vr b-c = 125 (metres)				
q b-a = 10 (pcu/hr)				
q b-c = 620 (pcu/hr)				

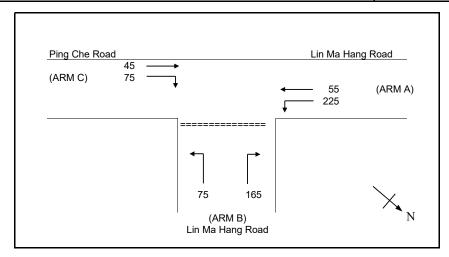
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J1 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Man Kam To Road	J1_2031_DES_PM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
           =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

METRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRI	C FAC	TORS:	THE CAPACITY OF MOVE	EMENT :	COMPARISION OF TO CAPACITY:	DESIGN	FLOW
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)								
W = 12.50 (metres)	D	=	1.04	Q b-a = 366		DFC b-a	=	0.03
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E		1.08	Q b-c = 713		DFC b-c	=	0.80
q a-b = 10 (pcu/hr)	F	=	1.11	Q c-b = 726		DFC c-b	=	0.67
q a-c = 420 (pcu/hr)	Υ	=	0.57	Q b-ac = 701		DFC b-ac	=	0.82
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)				TOTAL FLOW =	1825 (PCU/HR)			
W c-b = 5.00 (metres)								
Vr c-b = 100 (metres)								
q c-a = 335 (pcu/hr)								
q c-b = 485 (pcu/hr)								
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)						CRITICAL DFC	=	0.82
W b-a = 4.50 (metres)								
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)								
VI b-a = 80 (metres)								
Vr b-a = 125 (metres)								
Vr b-c = 125 (metres)								
q b-a = 10 (pcu/hr)								
q b-c = 565 (pcu/hr)								

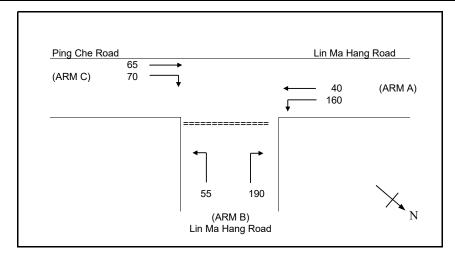
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J2 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Ping Che Road	J2_2023_EXT_AM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
       W b-a =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
           =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

METRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS :	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 7.00 (metres)	D = 1	Q b-a = 548	DFC b-a = 0.30
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 1.06	Q b-c = 748	DFC b-c = 0.10
q a-b = 225 (pcu/hr)	F = 0.95	Q c-b = 634	DFC c-b = 0.12
q a-c = 55 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.76	Q b-ac = 598	DFC b-ac = 0.40
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 640 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 3.30 (metres)			
Vr c-b = 100 (metres)			
q c-a = 45 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 75 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.40
W b-a = 3.50 (metres)			
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)			
VI b-a = 200 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 100 (metres)			
q b-a = 165 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 75 (pcu/hr)			

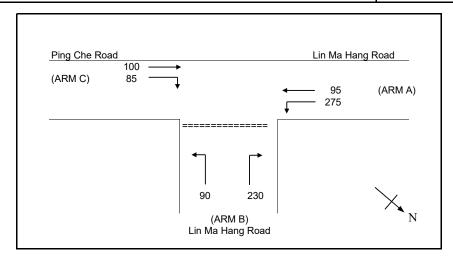
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J2 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Ping Che Road	J2_2023_EXT_PM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
       W b-a =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
           =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

DMETRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS :	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 7.00 (metres)	D = 1	Q b-a = 558	DFC b-a = 0.34
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 1.06	Q b-c = 760	DFC b-c = 0.07
q a-b = 160 (pcu/hr)	F = 0.95	Q c-b = 655	DFC c-b = 0.11
q a-c = 40 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.76	Q b-ac = 593	DFC b-ac = 0.41
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 580 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 3.30 (metres)		,	
Vr c-b = 100 (metres)			
q c-a = 65 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 70 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.41
W b-a = 3.50 (metres)			
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)			
VI b-a = 200 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 100 (metres)			
q b-a = 190 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 55 (pcu/hr)			

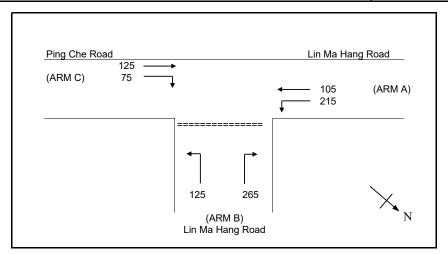
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J2 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Ping Che Road	J2_2031_REF_AM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
       W b-a =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
           =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

METRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS :	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEME	NT: COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 7.00 (metres)	D = 1	Q b-a = 518	DFC b-a = 0.45
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 1.06	Q b-c = 730	DFC b-c = 0.13
q a-b = 275 (pcu/hr)	F = 0.95	Q c-b = 611	DFC c-b = 0.14
q a-c = 95 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.76	Q b-ac = 564	DFC b-ac = 0.57
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 8	75 (PCU/HR)
W c-b = 3.30 (metres)			
Vr c-b = 100 (metres)			
q c-a = 100 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 85 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.57
W b-a = 3.50 (metres)			
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)			
VI b-a = 200 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 100 (metres)			
q b-a = 230 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 90 (pcu/hr)			

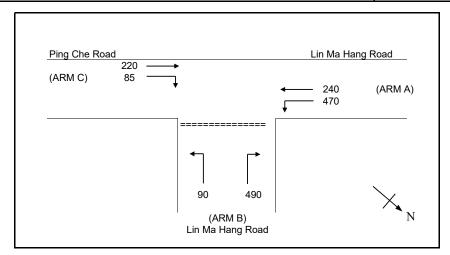
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J2 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Ping Che Road	J2_2031_REF_PM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
       W b-a =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

DMETRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS:	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 7.00 (metres)	D = 1	Q b-a = 522	DFC b-a = 0.51
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 1.06	Q b-c = 734	DFC b-c = 0.18
q a-b = 215 (pcu/hr)	F = 0.95	Q c-b = 624	DFC c-b = 0.13
q a-c = 105 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.76	Q b-ac = 575	DFC b-ac = 0.68
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 910 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 3.30 (metres)			
Vr c-b = 100 (metres)			
q c-a = 125 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 75 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.68
W b-a = 3.50 (metres)			
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)			
VI b-a = 200 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 100 (metres)			
q b-a = 265 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 125 (pcu/hr)			

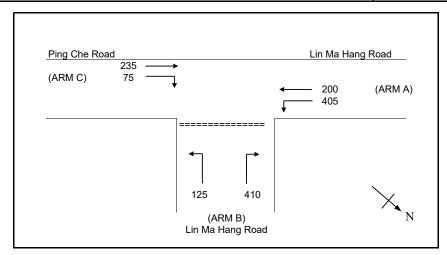
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J2 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Ping Che Road	J2_2031_DES_AM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
           =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

METRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS :	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 7.00 (metres)	D = 1	Q b-a = 436	DFC b-a = 1.13
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 1.06	Q b-c = 665	DFC b-c = 0.14
q a-b = 470 (pcu/hr)	F = 0.95	Q c-b = 521	DFC c-b = 0.17
q a-c = 240 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.76	Q b-ac = 461	DFC b-ac = 1.26
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 1595 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 3.30 (metres)			
Vr c-b = 100 (metres)			
q c-a = 220 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 85 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 1.26
W b-a = 3.50 (metres)			
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)			
VI b-a = 200 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 100 (metres)			
q b-a = 490 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 90 (pcu/hr)			

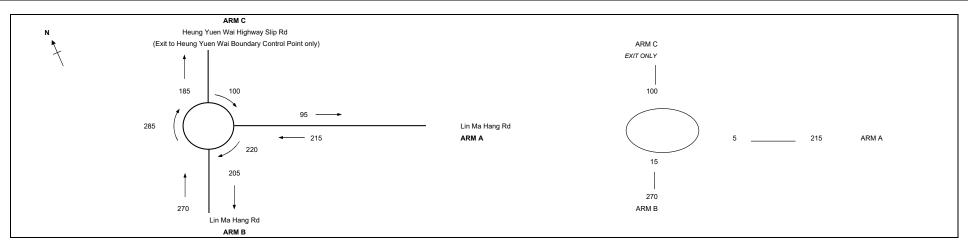
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J2 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Ping Che Road	J2_2031_DES_PM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
           =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

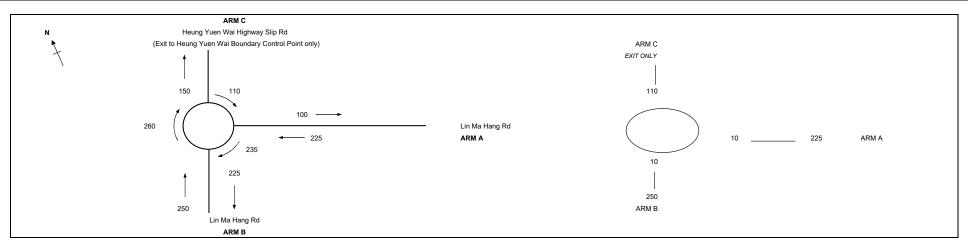
METRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS :	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 7.00 (metres)	D = 1	Q b-a = 456	DFC b-a = 0.90
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 1.06	Q b-c = 685	DFC b-c = 0.19
q a-b = 405 (pcu/hr)	F = 0.95	Q c-b = 549	DFC c-b = 0.14
q a-c = 200 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.76	Q b-ac = 495	DFC b-ac = 1.09
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 1450 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 3.30 (metres)			
Vr c-b = 100 (metres)			
q c-a = 235 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 75 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 1.09
W b-a = 3.50 (metres)			
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)			
VI b-a = 200 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 100 (metres)			
q b-a = 410 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 125 (pcu/hr)			

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION				
				PROJECT NO.	287082
J3 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	J3_2023_EXT_AM	DATE	16/12/2024		



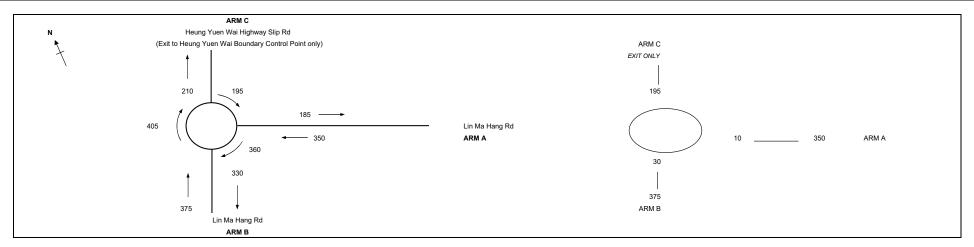
ARM		Α	В			
INPUT PAF	RAMETERS:					
V =	Approach half width (m)	3.65	3.65			
E =	Entry width (m)	4.00	4.00			
L =	Effective length of flare (m)	10	10			
R =	Entry radius (m)	100	45			
D =	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	25	25			
A =	Entry angle (degree)	10	15			
Q =	Entry flow (pcu/h)	215	270			
Qc =	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	5	15			
OUTPUT P	ARAMETERS:					
S =	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.06	0.06			
K =	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.11	1.08			
X2 =	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	3.96	3.96			
M =	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.03	0.03			
F =	303*X2	1201	1201			
Td =	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.49	1.49			
Fc =	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.56	0.56			
Qe =	K(F-Fc*Qc)	1329	1287	Total In Sum =	485	PCU
DFC =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.16	0.21	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.21	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION				
				PROJECT NO.	287082
J3 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	J3_2023_EXT_PM	DATE	16/12/2024		



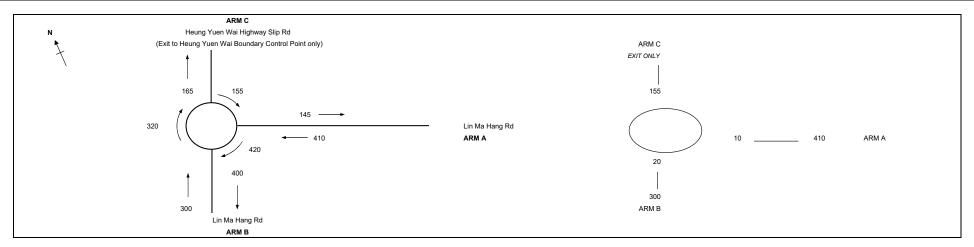
ARM		A	В			
NPUT PAF	RAMETERS:					
V =	Approach half width (m)	3.65	3.65			
F =	Entry width (m)	4.00	4.00			
L =	Effective length of flare (m)	10	10			
L – R =	• , ,	100				
R =	Entry radius (m)		45			
_	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	25	25			
A =	Entry angle (degree)	10	15			
Q =	Entry flow (pcu/h)	225	250			
Qc =	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	10	10			
OUTPUT P	ARAMETERS:					
S =	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.06	0.06			
K =	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.11	1.08			
X2 =	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	3.96	3.96			
M =	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.03	0.03			
F =	303*X2	1201	1201			
Td =	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.49	1.49			
Fc =	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.56	0.56			
Qe =	K(F-Fc*Qc)	1325	1290	Total In Sum =	475	PCU
DFC =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.17	0.19	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.19	
Di	Design now/Dapacity - Q/Qe	0.17	0.10	DEC of Childar Approach -	0.19	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION				
				PROJECT NO.	287082
J3 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	J3_2031_REF_AM	DATE	16/12/2024		



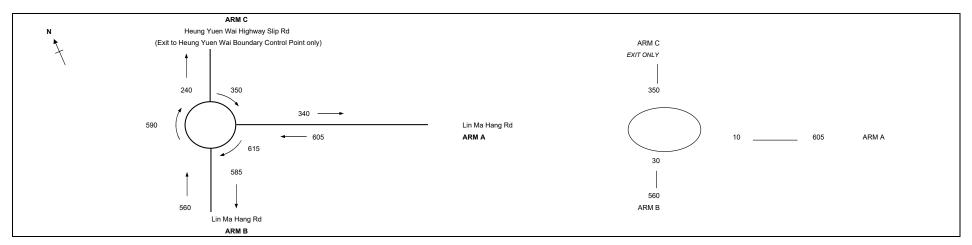
ARM		A	В			
NPUT PA	RAMETERS:					
V =	Approach half width (m)	3.65	3.65			
F =	Entry width (m)	4.00	4.00			
 L =	Effective length of flare (m)	10	10			
R =	• , ,	100				
	Entry radius (m)		45			
D =	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	25	25			
A =	Entry angle (degree)	10	15			
Q =	Entry flow (pcu/h)	350	375			
Qc =	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	10	30			
OUTPUT F	PARAMETERS:					
S =	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.06	0.06			
K =	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.11	1.08			
X2 =	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	3.96	3.96			
M =	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.03	0.03			
F =	303*X2	1201	1201			
Td =	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.49	1.49			
Fc =	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.56	0.56			
Qe =	K(F-Fc*Qc)	1325	1278	Total In Sum =	725	PCU
DFC =	Desire flaw/Carasity = 0/0a	0.07	0.30	DEC of Critical Assurance -	0.00	
II)E(; =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.27	0.30	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.30	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION				
				PROJECT NO.	287082
J3 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	J3_2031_REF_PM	DATE	16/12/2024		



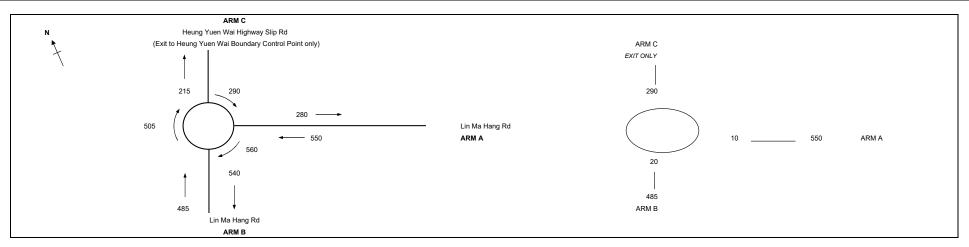
ARM		Α	В			
NPUT PAI	RAMETERS:					
V =	Approach half width (m)	3.65	3.65			
E =	Entry width (m)	4.00	4.00			
_ L =	Effective length of flare (m)	10	10			
R =	Entry radius (m)	100	45			
D =	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	25	25			
A =	Entry angle (degree)	10	15			
Q =	Entry flow (pcu/h)	410	300			
Qc =	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	10	20			
QC -	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/ff)	10	20			
OUTPUT F	ARAMETERS:					
s =	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.06	0.06			
K =	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.11	1.08			
X2 =	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	3.96	3.96			
M =	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.03	0.03			
F =	303*X2	1201	1201			
Td =	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.49	1.49			
Fc =	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.56	0.56			
Qe =	K(F-Fc*Qc)	1325	1284	Total In Sum =	710	PCU
DFC =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.31	0.24	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.31	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION				
				PROJECT NO.	287082
J3 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	J3_2031_DES_AM	DATE	16/12/2024		



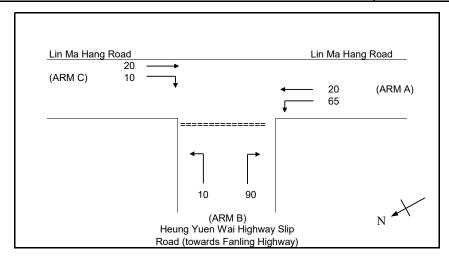
ARM		Α	В			
NPUT PAF	RAMETERS:					
V =	Approach half width (m)	3.65	3.65			
E =	Entry width (m)	4.00	4.00			
_ L =	Effective length of flare (m)	10	10			
R =	Entry radius (m)	100	45			
n =	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	25	25			
A =	Entry angle (degree)	10	15			
Q =	Entry flow (pcu/h)	605	560			
Qc =	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	10	30			
QC -	Circulating now across entry (peum)	10	30			
OUTPUT P	PARAMETERS:					
S =	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.06	0.06			
K =	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.11	1.08			
X2 =	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	3.96	3.96			
M =	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.03	0.03			
F =	303*X2	1201	1201			
Td =	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.49	1.49			
Fc =	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.56	0.56			
Qe =	K(F-Fc*Qc)	1325	1278	Total In Sum =	1165	PCU
	•					
DFC =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.46	0.44	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.46	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION				
				PROJECT NO.	287082
J3 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	J3_2031_DES_PM	DATE	16/12/2024		



ARM		Α	В			
INPUT PAF	RAMETERS:					
V =	Approach half width (m)	3.65	3.65			
E =	Entry width (m)	4.00	4.00			
L =	Effective length of flare (m)	10	10			
R =	Entry radius (m)	100	45			
D =	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	25	25			
A =	Entry angle (degree)	10	15			
Q =	Entry flow (pcu/h)	550	485			
Qc =	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	10	20			
OUTPUT P	ARAMETERS:					
S =	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.06	0.06			
K =	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.11	1.08			
X2 =	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	3.96	3.96			
M =	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.03	0.03			
F =	303*X2	1201	1201			
Td =	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.49	1.49			
Fc =	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.56	0.56			
Qe =	K(F-Fc*Qc)	1325	1284	Total In Sum =	1035	PCU
DFC =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.42	0.38	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.42	

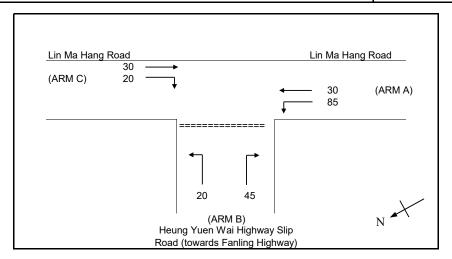
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J4 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	J4_2023_EXT_AM	DATE:	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
            =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

OMETRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS :	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 7.30 (metres)	D = 1.07	Q b-a = 652	DFC b-a = 0.14
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 1.11	Q b-c = 811	DFC b-c = 0.01
q a-b = 65 (pcu/hr)	F = 0.94	Q c-b = 676	DFC c-b = 0.01
q a-c = 20 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.75	Q b-ac = 665	DFC b-ac = 0.15
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 215 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 3.65 (metres)			
Vr c-b = 50 (metres)			
q c-a = 20 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 10 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.15
W b-a = 5.00 (metres)			
W b-c = 5.00 (metres)			
VI b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 100 (metres)			
q b-a = 90 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 10 (pcu/hr)			

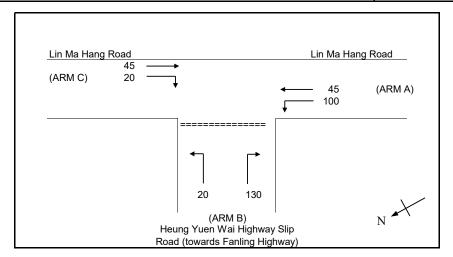
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J4 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	J4_2023_EXT_PM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



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NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
            =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

EOMETRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS:	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 7.30 (metres)	D = 1.07	Q b-a = 641	DFC b-a = 0.07
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 1.11	Q b-c = 805	DFC b-c = 0.02
q a-b = 85 (pcu/hr)	F = 0.94	Q c-b = 669	DFC c-b = 0.03
q a-c = 30 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.75	Q b-ac = 684	DFC b-ac = 0.10
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 230 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 3.65 (metres)			
Vr c-b = 50 (metres)			
q c-a = 30 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 20 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.10
W b-a = 5.00 (metres)			
W b-c = 5.00 (metres)			
VI b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 100 (metres)			
q b-a = 45 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 20 (pcu/hr)			

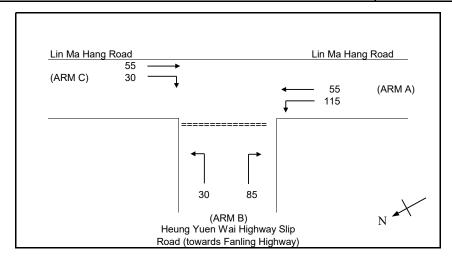
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J4 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	J4_2031_REF_AM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



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NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

EOMETRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS:	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 7.30 (metres)	D = 1.07	Q b-a = 632	DFC b-a = 0.21
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 1.11	Q b-c = 799	DFC b-c = 0.03
q a-b = 100 (pcu/hr)	F = 0.94	Q c-b = 661	DFC c-b = 0.04
q a-c = 45 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.75	Q b-ac = 650	DFC b-ac = 0.24
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 360 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 3.65 (metres)			
Vr c-b = 50 (metres)			
q c-a = 45 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 20 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.24
W b-a = 5.00 (metres)			
W b-c = 5.00 (metres)			
VI b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 100 (metres)			
q b-a = 130 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 20 (pcu/hr)			

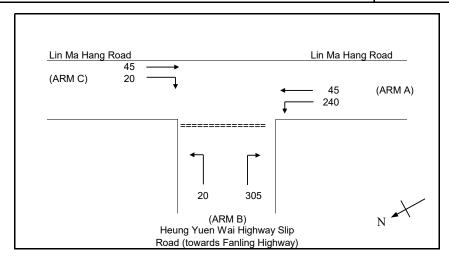
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J4 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	J4_2031_REF_PM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



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NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

METRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS:	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 7.30 (metres)	D = 1.07	Q b-a = 621	DFC b-a = 0.14
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 1.11	Q b-c = 794	DFC b-c = 0.04
q a-b = 115 (pcu/hr)	F = 0.94	Q c-b = 655	DFC c-b = 0.05
q a-c = 55 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.75	Q b-ac = 658	DFC b-ac = 0.18
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 370 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 3.65 (metres)			
Vr c-b = 50 (metres)			
q c-a = 55 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 30 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.18
W b-a = 5.00 (metres)			
W b-c = 5.00 (metres)			
VI b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 100 (metres)			
q b-a = 85 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 30 (pcu/hr)			

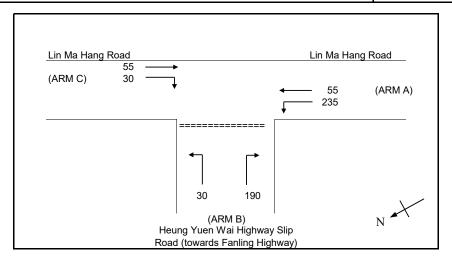
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J4 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	J4_2031_DES_AM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



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NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
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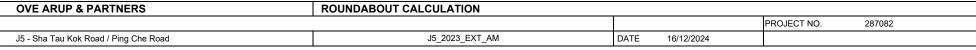
OMETRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS :	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 7.30 (metres)	D = 1.07	Q b-a = 615	DFC b-a = 0.50
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 1.11	Q b-c = 782	DFC b-c = 0.03
q a-b = 240 (pcu/hr)	F = 0.94	Q c-b = 625	DFC c-b = 0.04
q a-c = 45 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.75	Q b-ac = 623	DFC b-ac = 0.53
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 675 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 3.65 (metres)		,	
Vr c-b = 50 (metres)			
q c-a = 45 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 20 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.53
W b-a = 5.00 (metres)			
W b-c = 5.00 (metres)			
VI b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 100 (metres)			
q b-a = 305 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 20 (pcu/hr)			

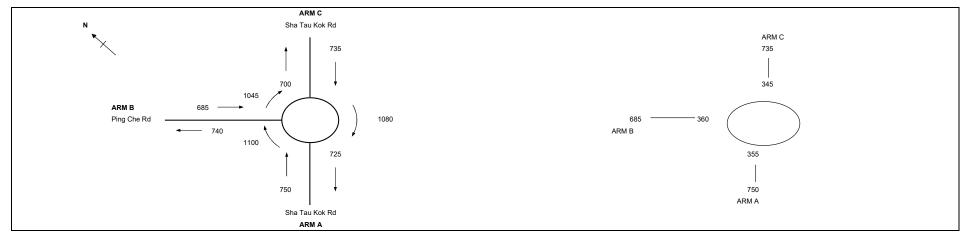
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J4 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Heung Yuen Wai Highway Slip Road	J4_2031_DES_PM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



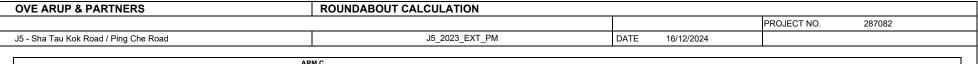
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NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

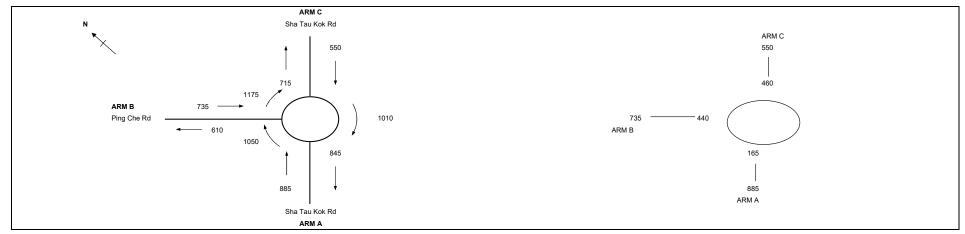
METRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS :	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 7.30 (metres)	D = 1.07	Q b-a = 607	DFC b-a = 0.32
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 1.11	Q b-c = 780	DFC b-c = 0.04
q a-b = 235 (pcu/hr)	F = 0.94	Q c-b = 624	DFC c-b = 0.05
q a-c = 55 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.75	Q b-ac = 626	DFC b-ac = 0.36
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 595 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 3.65 (metres)		,	
Vr c-b = 50 (metres)			
g c-a = 55 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 30 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.36
W b-a = 5.00 (metres)			
W b-c = 5.00 (metres)			
VI b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 100 (metres)			
q b-a = 190 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 30 (pcu/hr)			



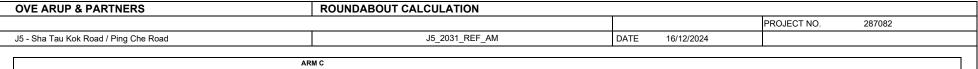


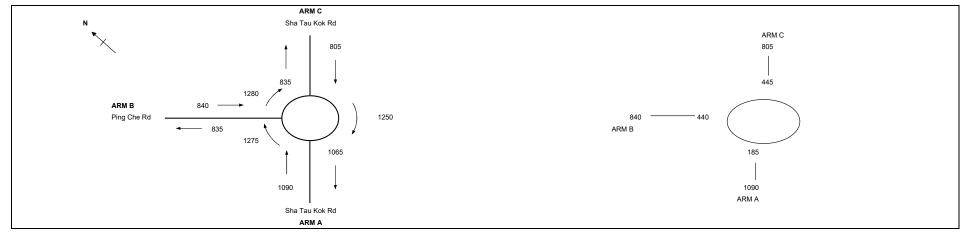
ARM			A	В	С			
INPU	PAR.	AMETERS:						
V	=	Approach half width (m)	7.30	5.50	7.30			
E	=	Entry width (m)	9.00	8.50	9.00			
L	=	Effective length of flare (m)	5	5	5			
R	=	Entry radius (m)	40	15	40			
D	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	50	50	50			
Α	=	Entry angle (degree)	20	40	25			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	750	685	735			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	355	360	345			
OUTF	UT PA	ARAMETERS:						
S	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.54	0.96	0.54			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.06	0.95	1.04			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.11	6.53	8.11			
M	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F	=	303*X2	2459	1978	2459			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.75	0.66	0.75			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2321	1651	2291	Total In Sum =	2170	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.32	0.41	0.32	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.41	



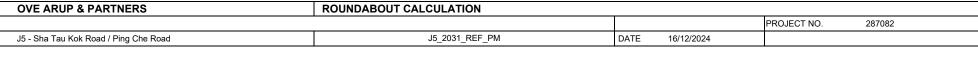


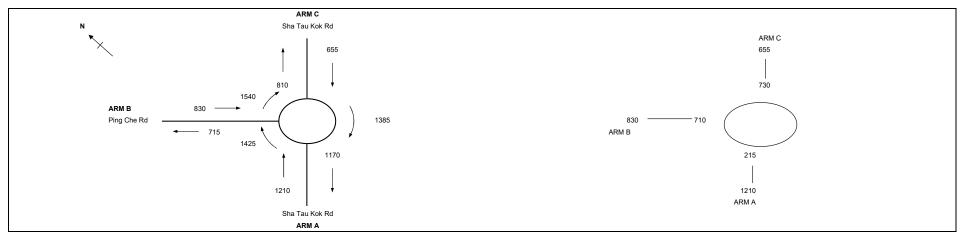
ARM			A	В	С			
INPU	T PAR.	AMETERS:						
V	=	Approach half width (m)	7.30	5.50	7.30			
E	=	Entry width (m)	9.00	8.50	9.00			
L	=	Effective length of flare (m)	5	5	5			
R	=	Entry radius (m)	40	15	40			
D	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	50	50	50			
Α	=	Entry angle (degree)	20	40	25			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	885	735	550			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	165	440	460			
OUTF	UT PA	ARAMETERS:						
S	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.54	0.96	0.54			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.06	0.95	1.04			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.11	6.53	8.11			
M	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F	=	303*X2	2459	1978	2459			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.75	0.66	0.75			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2473	1601	2201	Total In Sum =	2170	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.36	0.46	0.25	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.46	



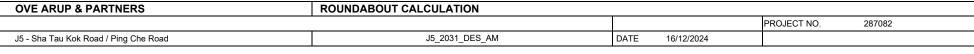


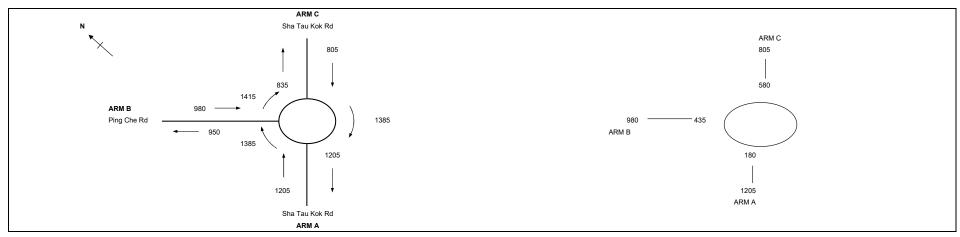
ARM			A	В	С			
INPU	T PAR	AMETERS:						
V	=	Approach half width (m)	7.30	5.50	7.30			
E	=	Entry width (m)	9.00	8.50	9.00			
L	=	Effective length of flare (m)	5	5	5			
R	=	Entry radius (m)	40	15	40			
D	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	50	50	50			
Α	=	Entry angle (degree)	20	40	25			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1090	840	805			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	185	440	445			
OUTF	UT PA	ARAMETERS:						
S	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.54	0.96	0.54			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.06	0.95	1.04			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.11	6.53	8.11			
M	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F	=	303*X2	2459	1978	2459			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.75	0.66	0.75			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2457	1601	2213	Total In Sum =	2735	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.45	0.53	0.37	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.53	



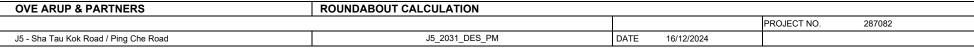


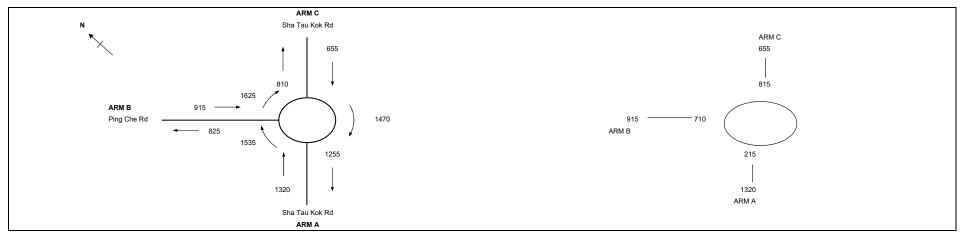
ARM		A	В	С			
INPUT PA	RAMETERS:						
V =	Approach half width (m)	7.30	5.50	7.30			
E =	Entry width (m)	9.00	8.50	9.00			
L =	Effective length of flare (m)	5	5	5			
R =	Entry radius (m)	40	15	40			
D =	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	50	50	50			
A =	Entry angle (degree)	20	40	25			
Q =	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1210	830	655			
Qc =	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	215	710	730			
OUTPUT	PARAMETERS:						
s =	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.54	0.96	0.54			
K =	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.06	0.95	1.04			
X2 =	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.11	6.53	8.11			
M =	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F =	303*X2	2459	1978	2459			
Td =	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc =	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.75	0.66	0.75			
Qe =	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2433	1431	1989	Total In Sum =	2695	PCU
DFC =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.50	0.58	0.33	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.58	





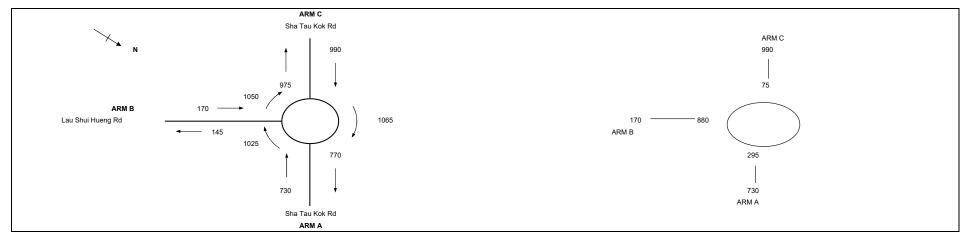
ARM			A	В	С			
INPU	PAR.	AMETERS:						
V	=	Approach half width (m)	7.30	5.50	7.30			
E	=	Entry width (m)	9.00	8.50	9.00			
L	=	Effective length of flare (m)	5	5	5			
R	=	Entry radius (m)	40	15	40			
D	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	50	50	50			
Α	=	Entry angle (degree)	20	40	25			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1205	980	805			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	180	435	580			
OUTF	UT PA	ARAMETERS:						
S	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.54	0.96	0.54			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.06	0.95	1.04			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.11	6.53	8.11			
M	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F	=	303*X2	2459	1978	2459			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.75	0.66	0.75			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2461	1604	2107	Total In Sum =	2990	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.49	0.62	0.39	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.62	





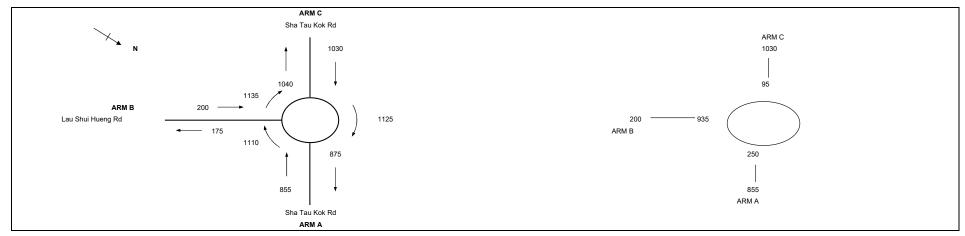
ARM		A	В	С			
INPUT PA	RAMETERS:						
V =	Approach half width (m)	7.30	5.50	7.30			
E =	Entry width (m)	9.00	8.50	9.00			
L =	Effective length of flare (m)	5	5	5			
R =	Entry radius (m)	40	15	40			
D =	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	50	50	50			
A =	Entry angle (degree)	20	40	25			
Q =	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1320	915	655			
Qc =	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	215	710	815			
	PARAMETERS:						
S =	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.54	0.96	0.54			
K =	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.06	0.95	1.04			
X2 =	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.11	6.53	8.11			
M =	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F =	303*X2	2459	1978	2459			
Td =	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc =	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.75	0.66	0.75			
Qe =	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2433	1431	1923	Total In Sum =	2890	PCU
DFC =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.55	0.64	0.35	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.64	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION				
				PROJECT NO.	287082
J6 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Lau Shui Heung Road	J6_2023_EXT_AM	DATE	16/12/2024		



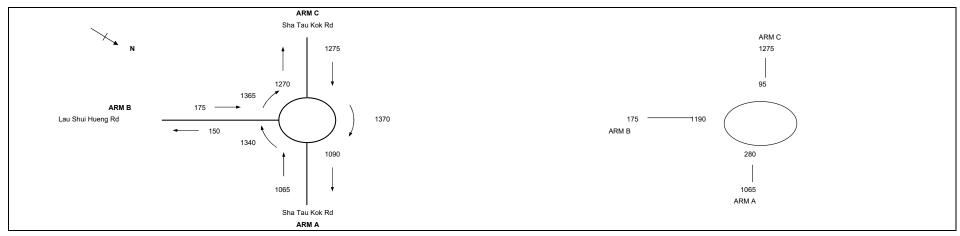
ARI	1		A	В	С			
INP	JT PAR	RAMETERS:						
V E L R D A	= = = = =	Approach half width (m) Entry width (m) Effective length of flare (m) Entry radius (m) Inscribed circle diameter (m) Entry angle (degree)	7.30 9.00 15 15 50 40	3.30 5.00 5 80 50 25	7.30 9.00 15 80 50			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	730	170	990			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	295	880	75			
OU		ARAMETERS:						
S	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.18	0.54	0.18			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	0.95	1.05	1.11			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.55	4.11	8.55			
M	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F	=	303*X2	2590	1247	2590			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.78	0.52	0.78	-		
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2240	829	2800	Total In Sum =	1890	PCU
DF	; =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.33	0.21	0.35	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.35	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION				
				PROJECT NO.	287082
J6 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Lau Shui Heung Road	J6_2023_EXT_PM	DATE	16/12/2024		

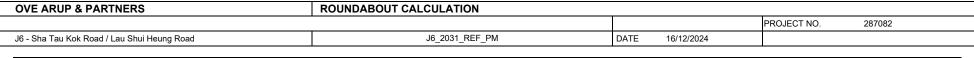


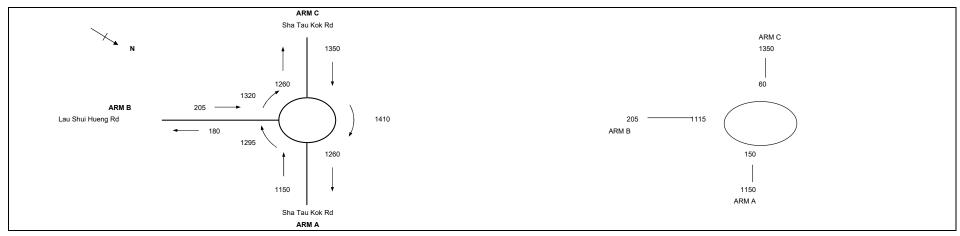
ARM			A	В	С			
INPUT	PAR.	AMETERS:						
E L R	= = = =	Approach half width (m) Entry width (m) Effective length of flare (m) Entry radius (m) Inscribed circle diameter (m)	7.30 9.00 15 15 50	3.30 5.00 5 80 50	7.30 9.00 15 80 50			
A Q	= = =	Entry angle (degree) Entry flow (pcu/h) Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	40 855 250	25 200 935	10 1030 95			
OUTP	UT PA	ARAMETERS:						
S	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.18	0.54	0.18			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	0.95	1.05	1.11			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.55	4.11	8.55			
M	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F	=	303*X2	2590	1247	2590			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.78	0.52	0.78			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2273	799	2783	Total In Sum =	2085	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.38	0.25	0.37	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.38	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION				
				PROJECT NO.	287082
J6 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Lau Shui Heung Road	J6_2031_REF_AM	DATE	16/12/2024		



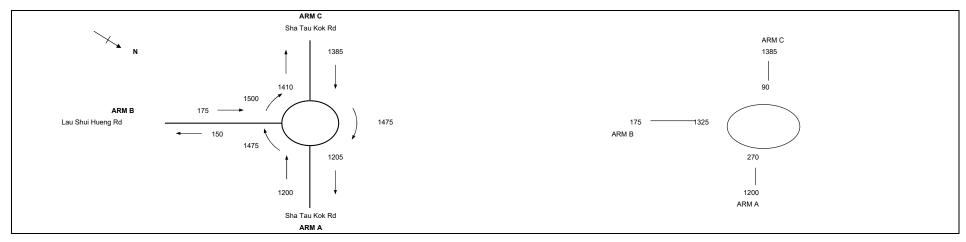
ARM	Α	В	С			
INPUT PARAMETERS:						
V = Approach half width (m)	7.30	3.30	7.30			
E = Entry width (m)	9.00	5.00	9.00			
L = Effective length of flare (m)	15	5	15			
R = Entry radius (m)	15	80	80			
D = Inscribed circle diameter (m)	50	50	50			
A = Entry angle (degree)	40	25	10			
Q = Entry flow (pcu/h)	1065	175	1275			
Qc = Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	280	1190	95			
OUTPUT PARAMETERS:						
S = Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.18	0.54	0.18			
K = 1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	0.95	1.05	1.11			
X2 = V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.55	4.11	8.55			
M = EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F = 303*X2	2590	1247	2590			
Td = 1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc = 0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.78	0.52	0.78			
$Qe = K(F-Fc^*Qc)$	2251	658	2783	Total In Sum =	2515	PCU
DFC = Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.48	0.27	0.46	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.48	



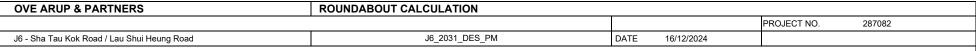


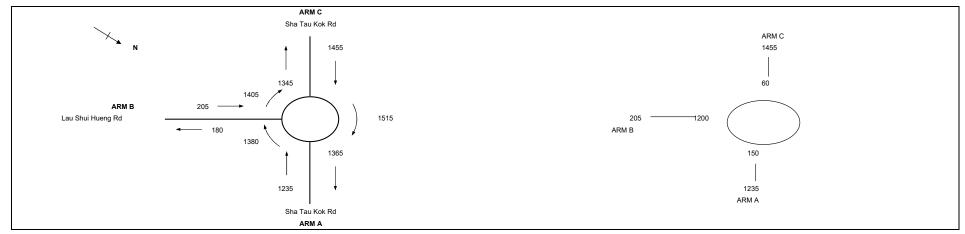
ARM		A	В	С			
NPUT PAR	RAMETERS:						
V =	Approach half width (m)	7.30	3.30	7.30			
E =	Entry width (m)	9.00	5.00	9.00			
_ L =	Effective length of flare (m)	15	5	15			
R =	Entry radius (m)	15	80	80			
D =	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	50	50	50			
A =	Entry angle (degree)	40	25	10			
Q =	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1150	205	1350			
Qc =	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	150	1115	60			
OUTPUT F	PARAMETERS:						
S =	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.18	0.54	0.18			
K =	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	0.95	1.05	1.11			
X2 =	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.55	4.11	8.55			
M =	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F =	303*X2	2590	1247	2590			
Td =	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc =	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.78	0.52	0.78			
Qe =	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2347	700	2813	Total In Sum =	2705	PCU
DFC =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.49	0.30	0.48	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.49	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION				
				PROJECT NO.	287082
J6 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Lau Shui Heung Road	J6_2031_DES_AM	DATE	16/12/2024		



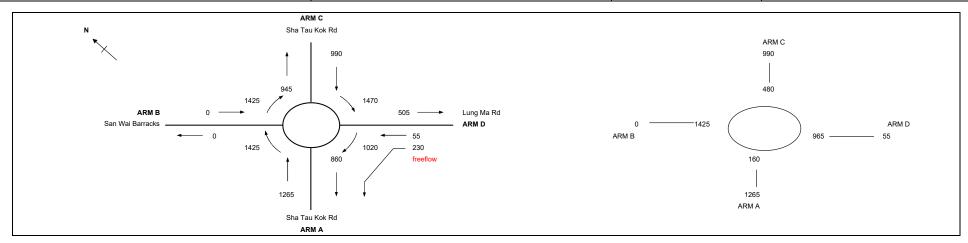
ARM		Α	В	С			
INPUT PA	ARAMETERS:						
V =	· +F· ()	7.30	3.30	7.30			
E =	Entry width (m)	9.00	5.00	9.00			
L =	Effective length of flare (m)	15	5	15			
R =	Entry radius (m)	15	80	80			
D =	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	50	50	50			
A =	Entry angle (degree)	40	25	10			
Q =	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1200	175	1385			
Qc =	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	270	1325	90			
	PARAMETERS:						
S =	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.18	0.54	0.18			
K =	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	0.95	1.05	1.11			
X2 =	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.55	4.11	8.55			
M =	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F =	303*X2	2590	1247	2590			
Td =	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc =	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.78	0.52	0.78			
Qe =	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2259	584	2787	Total In Sum =	2760	PCU
DFC =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.54	0.30	0.50	DFC of Critical App	proach = 0.54	
L							





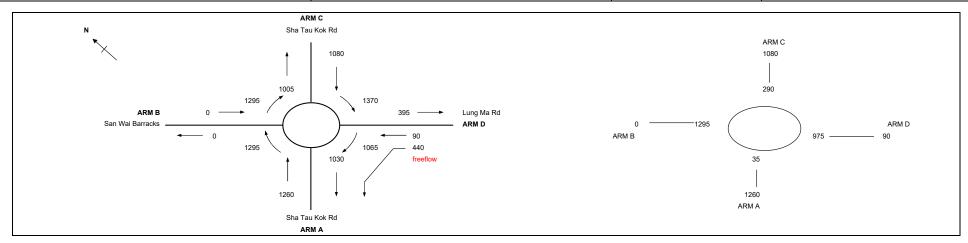
ARN	1		A	В	С			
INP	JT PAR	AMETERS:						
V E L R D	= = = = =	Approach half width (m) Entry width (m) Effective length of flare (m) Entry radius (m) Inscribed circle diameter (m) Entry angle (degree)	7.30 9.00 15 15 50 40	3.30 5.00 5 80 50 25	7.30 9.00 15 80 50			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1235	205	1455			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	150	1200	60			
OU ⁻	PUT P	ARAMETERS: Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.18	0.54	0.18			
ĸ	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	0.10	1.05	1.11			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.55	4.11	8.55			
М	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F	=	303*X2	2590	1247	2590			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.78	0.52	0.78			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2347	653	2813	Total In Sum =	2895	PCU
DFC	; =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.53	0.32	0.52	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.53	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION						
				PROJECT NO.	287082			
J7 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Lung Ma Road / San Wai Barracks	J7_2023_EXT_AM	DATE	16/12/2024					



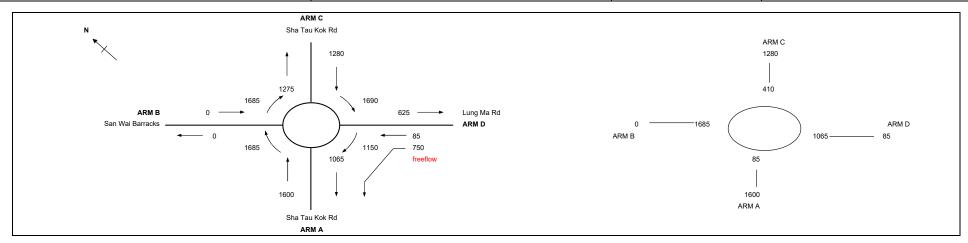
ARM			A	В	С	D			
INPU	T PAR	AMETERS:							
V E L R D	= = = = =	Approach half width (m) Entry width (m) Effective length of flare (m) Entry radius (m) Inscribed circle diameter (m) Entry angle (degree)	7.30 10.00 20 30 50 15	3.30 5.00 5 60 50	7.30 10.00 10 30 50 25	3.50 5.00 5 70 50			
Q Qc	=	Entry flow (pcu/h) Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	1265 160	0 1425	990 480	55 965			
OUTF	PUT PA	ARAMETERS:	0.00	0.54	0.40	0.40			
5	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L 1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	0.22 1.07	1.08	0.43 1.03	0.48 1.09			
X2 M	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	9.19 0.37	4.11 0.37	8.75 0.37	4.27 0.37			
E	_	EXP((D-60)/10) 303*X2	2783	1247	2651	1292			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.81	0.52	0.79	0.53			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2834	544	2349	847	Total In Sum =	2255	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.45	0.00	0.42	0.06	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.45	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION				
				PROJECT NO.	287082
J7 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Lung Ma Road / San Wai Barracks	J7_2023_EXT_PM	DATE	16/12/2024		



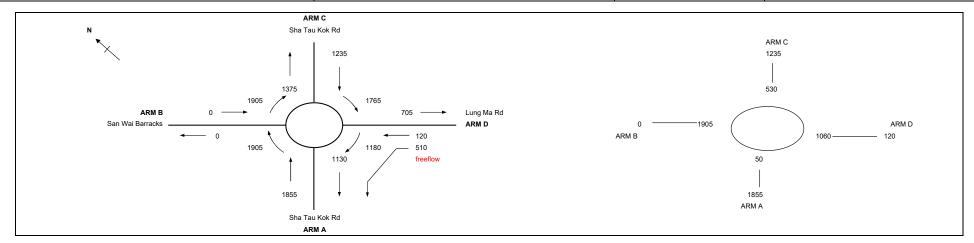
ARM			Α	В	С	D			
INPU	ΓPAR.	AMETERS:							
V E L R D	= = = = =	Approach half width (m) Entry width (m) Effective length of flare (m) Entry radius (m) Inscribed circle diameter (m) Entry angle (degree)	7.30 10.00 20 30 50 15	3.30 5.00 5 60 50 15	7.30 10.00 10 30 50 25	3.50 5.00 5 70 50			
Q Qc	= =	Entry flow (pcu/h) Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	1260 35	0 1295	1080 290	90 975			
OUTF		ARAMETERS:	0.00	0.54	0.40	0.40			
5	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.22 1.07	0.54 1.08	0.43 1.03	0.48 1.09			
X2 M	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05) V + ((E-V)/(1+2S)) EXP((D-60)/10)	9.19 0.37	4.11 0.37	8.75 0.37	4.27 0.37			
F	=	303*X2	2783	1247	2651	1292			
' Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.81	0.52	0.79	0.53			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2943	618	2504	842	Total In Sum =	2340	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.43	0.00	0.43	0.11	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.43	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION						
				PROJECT NO.	287082			
J7 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Lung Ma Road / San Wai Barracks	J7_2031_REF_AM	DATE	16/12/2024					



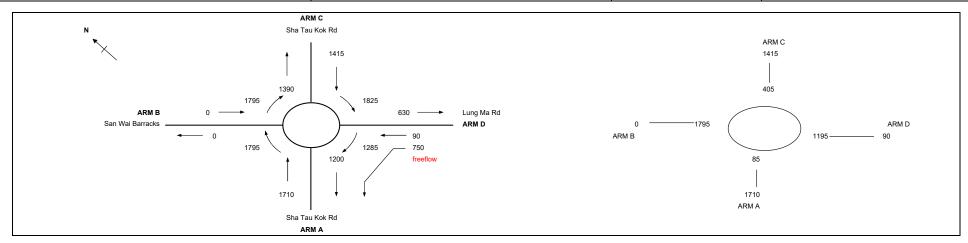
ARM			Α	В	С	D			
INPU	T PAR	AMETERS:							
V	=	Approach half width (m)	7.30	3.30	7.30	3.50			
E	=	Entry width (m)	10.00	5.00	10.00	5.00			
L	=	Effective length of flare (m)	20	5	10	5			
R	=	Entry radius (m)	30	60	30	70			
D	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	50	50	50	50			
Α	=	Entry angle (degree)	15	15	25	15			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1600	0	1280	85			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	85	1685	410	1065			
OUTF	UT PA	ARAMETERS:							
S	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.22	0.54	0.43	0.48			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.07	1.08	1.03	1.09			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	9.19	4.11	8.75	4.27			
M	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F	=	303*X2	2783	1247	2651	1292			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.81	0.52	0.79	0.53			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2900	397	2406	790	Total In Sum =	2880	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.56	0.00	0.54	0.11	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.56	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION						
			PROJECT NO.	287082			
J7 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Lung Ma Road / San Wai Barracks	J7_2031_REF_PM	DATE	16/12/2024				



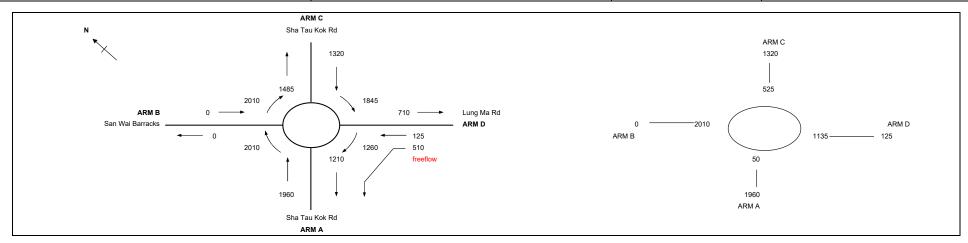
ARM		A	В	С	D			
INPUT PA	RAMETERS:							
V =	Approach half width (m)	7.30	3.30	7.30	3.50			
E =	Entry width (m)	10.00	5.00	10.00	5.00			
L =	Effective length of flare (m)	20	5	10	5			
R =	Entry radius (m)	30	60	30	70			
D =	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	50	50	50	50			
A =	Entry angle (degree)	15	15	25	15			
Q =	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1855	0	1235	120			
Qc =	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	50	1905	530	1060			
OUTPUT	PARAMETERS:							
s =	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.22	0.54	0.43	0.48			
K =	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.07	1.08	1.03	1.09			
X2 =	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	9.19	4.11	8.75	4.27			
M =	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F =	303*X2	2783	1247	2651	1292			
Td =	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc =	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.81	0.52	0.79	0.53			
Qe =	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2930	272	2308	793	Total In Sum =	3090	PCU
DFC =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.64	0.00	0.54	0.16	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.64	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION							
			PROJECT NO.	287082				
J7 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Lung Ma Road / San Wai Barracks	J7_2031_DES_AM	DATE	16/12/2024					

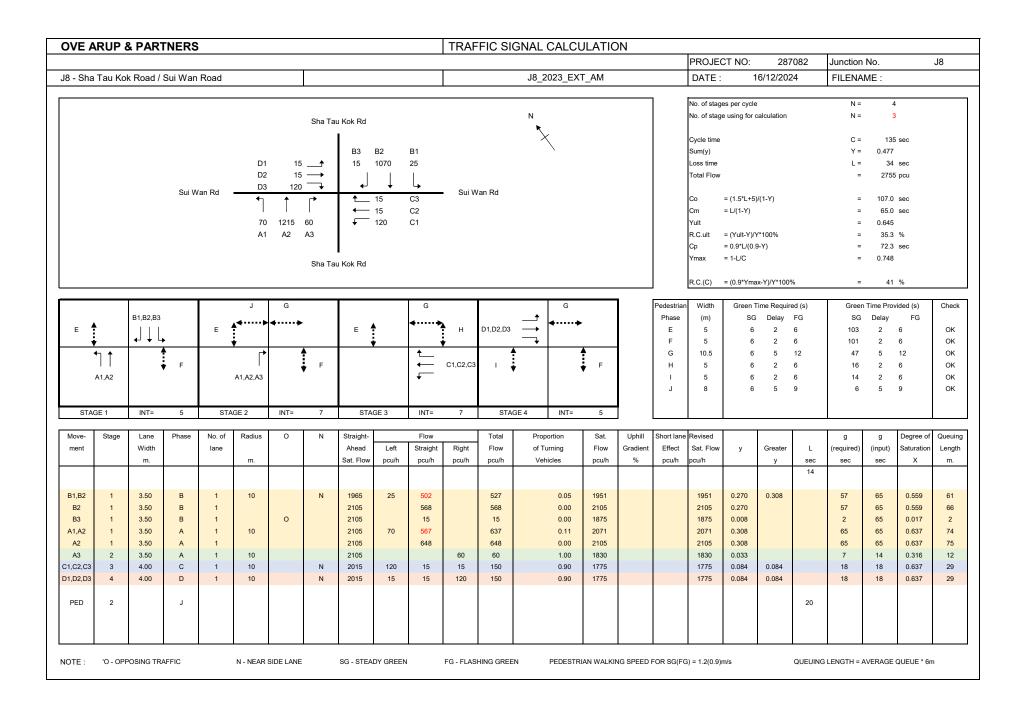


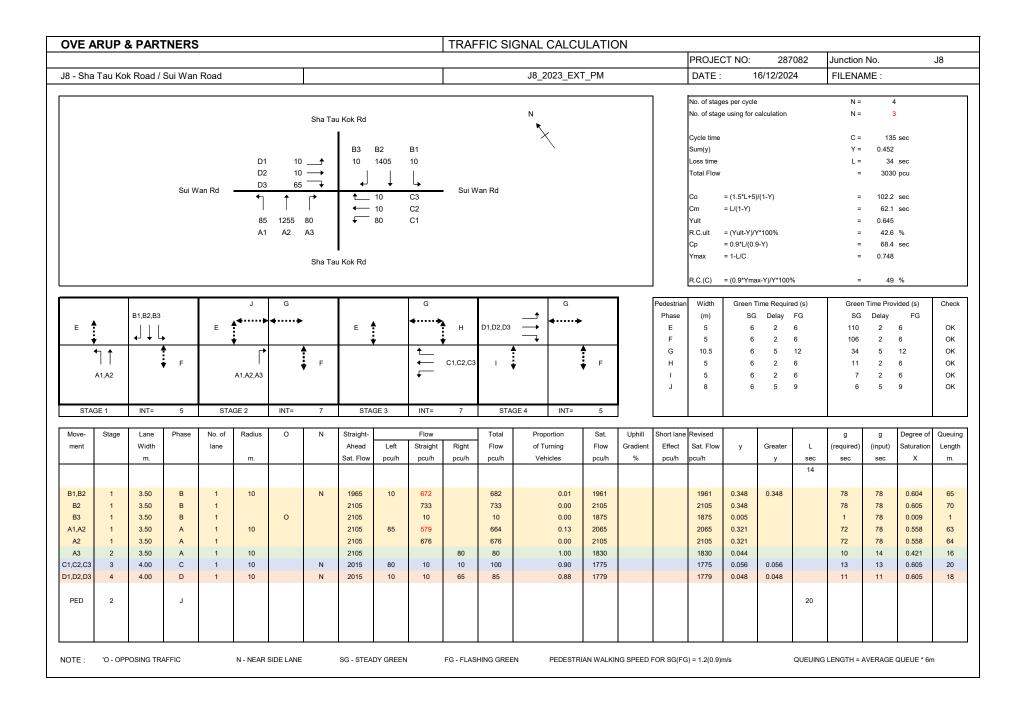
ARM			A	В	С	D			
INPUT	PAR	AMETERS:							
E L R	= = = =	Approach half width (m) Entry width (m) Effective length of flare (m) Entry radius (m) Inscribed circle diameter (m)	7.30 10.00 20 30 50	3.30 5.00 5 60 50	7.30 10.00 10 30 50	3.50 5.00 5 70			
Q	= = =	Entry angle (degree) Entry flow (pcu/h) Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	15 1710 85	15 0 1795	25 1415 405	15 90 1195			
OUTPL	JT PA	ARAMETERS:							
S	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.22	0.54	0.43	0.48			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.07	1.08	1.03	1.09			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	9.19	4.11	8.75	4.27			
M	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F	=	303*X2	2783	1247	2651	1292			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.81	0.52	0.79	0.53			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2900	334	2410	715	Total In Sum =	3125	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.59	0.00	0.59	0.13	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.59	

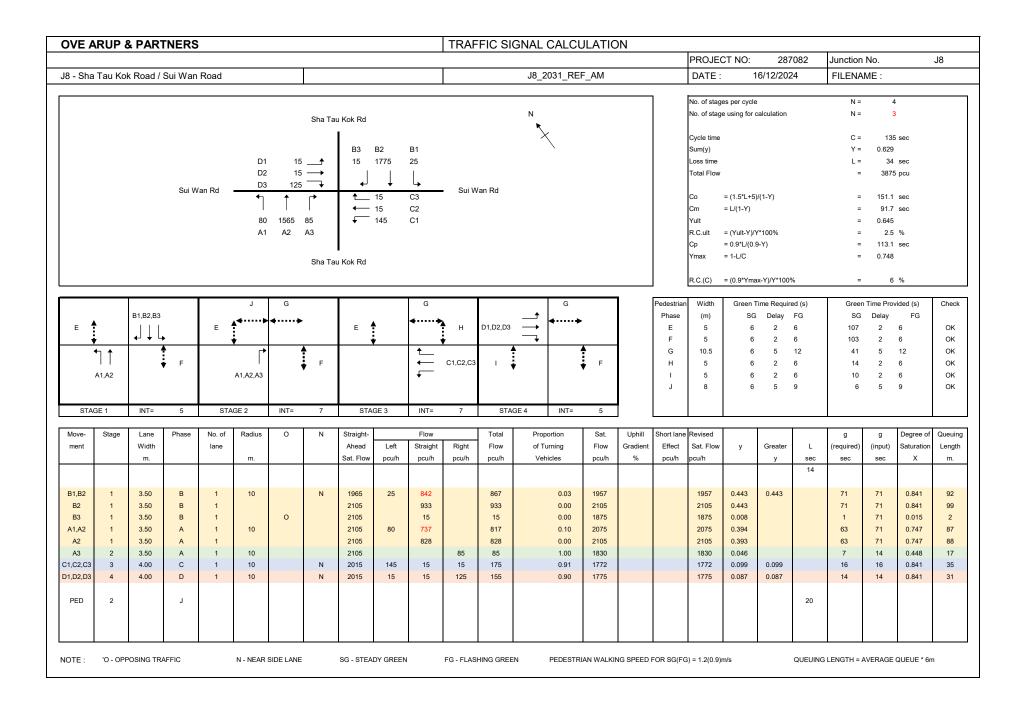
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION				
				PROJECT NO.	287082
J7 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Lung Ma Road / San Wai Barracks	J7_2031_DES_PM	DATE	16/12/2024		

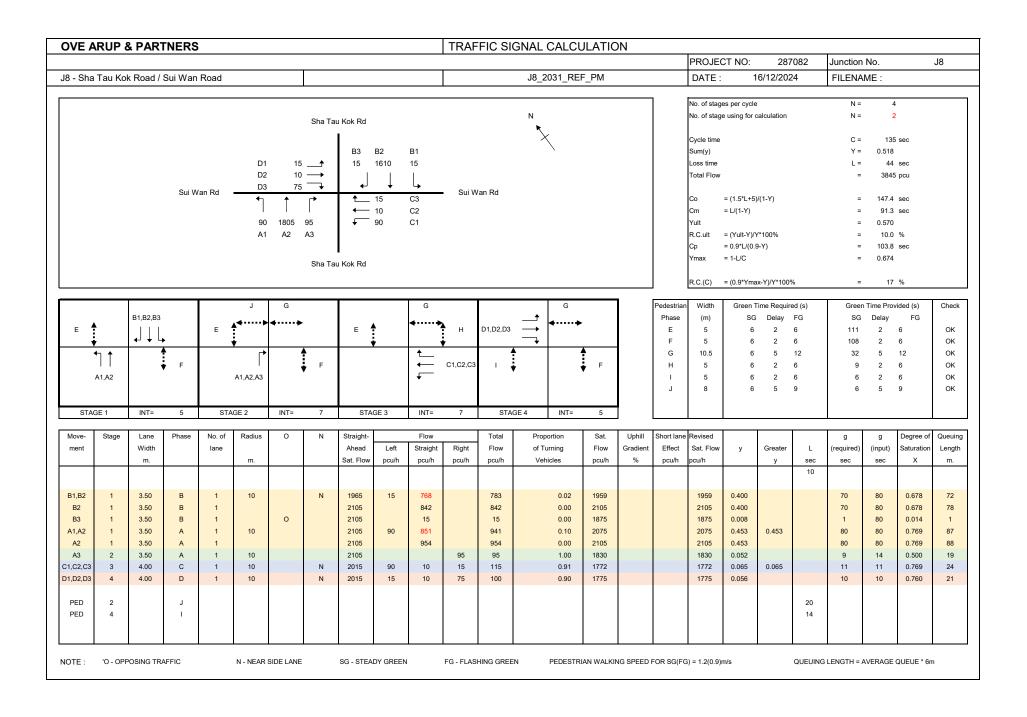


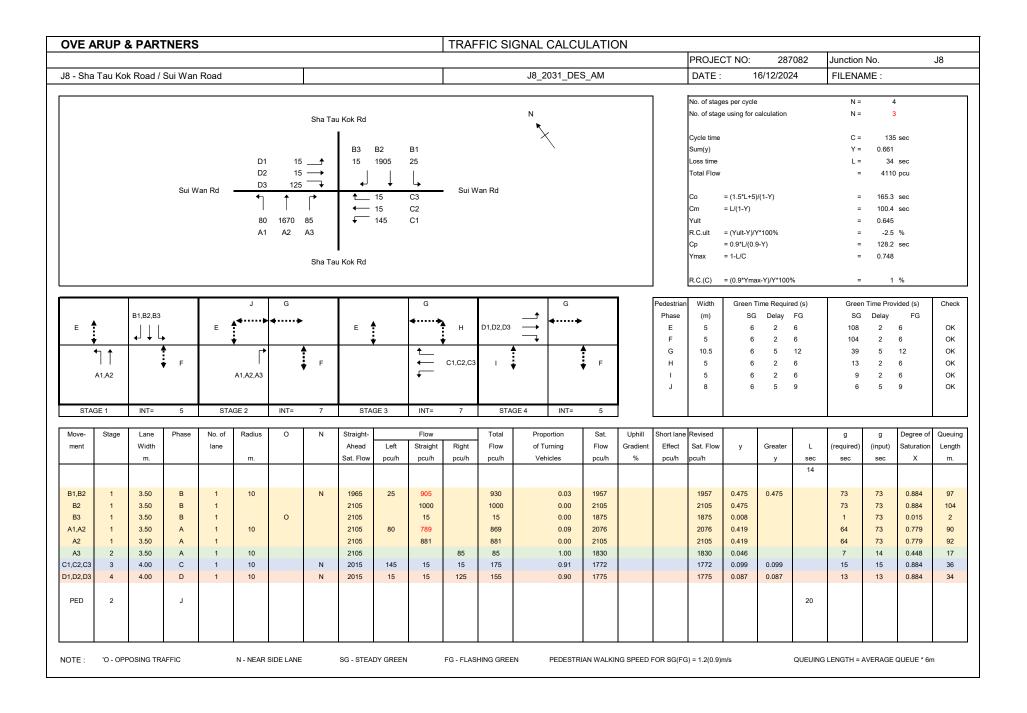
ARM			A	В	С	D			
INPU	T PAR.	AMETERS:							
V	=	Approach half width (m)	7.30	3.30	7.30	3.50			
E	=	Entry width (m)	10.00	5.00	10.00	5.00			
L	=	Effective length of flare (m)	20	5	10	5			
R	=	Entry radius (m)	30	60	30	70			
D	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	50	50	50	50			
Α	=	Entry angle (degree)	15	15	25	15			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1960	0	1320	125			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	50	2010	525	1135			
OUTF	UT PA	ARAMETERS:							
s	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.22	0.54	0.43	0.48			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.07	1.08	1.03	1.09			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	9.19	4.11	8.75	4.27			
M	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F	=	303*X2	2783	1247	2651	1292			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.81	0.52	0.79	0.53			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2930	213	2312	749	Total In Sum =	3280	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.67	0.00	0.58	0.17	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.67	

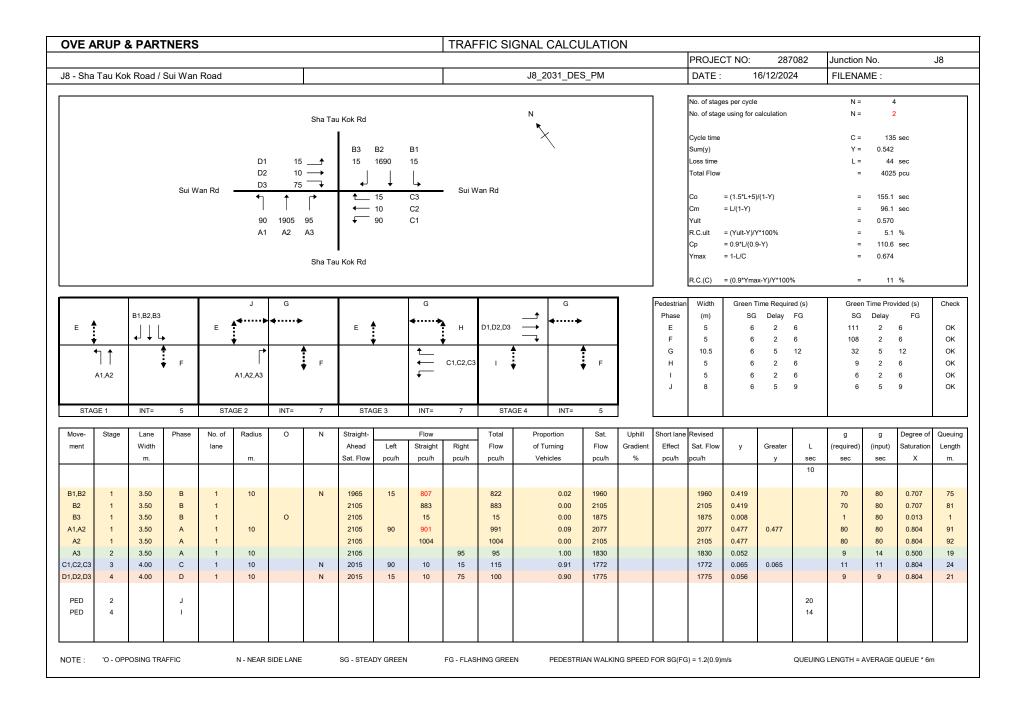




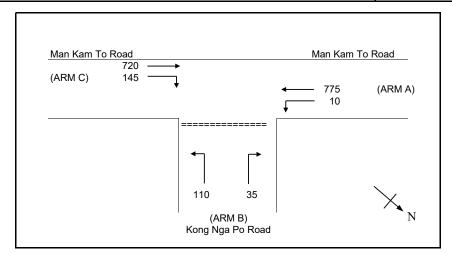








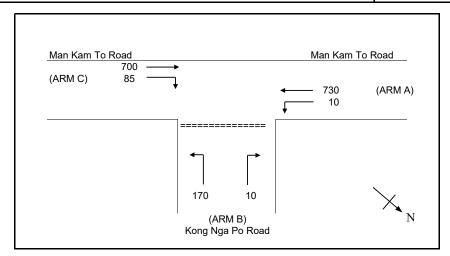
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J9 - Man Kam To Road / Kong Nga Po Road	J9_2023_EXT_AM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
           =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

OMETRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS	S: THE CAPACITY OF N	MOVEMENT:	COMPARISION OF D TO CAPACITY:	ESIGN FLOW
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)					
W = 11.00 (metres)	D = (0.94 Q b-a =	310	DFC b-a	= 0.11
W cr = 2.00 (metres)	E = 1	I.01 Q b-c =	576	DFC b-c	= 0.19
q a-b = 10 (pcu/hr)	F = (Q c-b = 0.97	549	DFC c-b	= 0.26
q a-c = 775 (pcu/hr)	Y = (0.62 Q b-ac =	477	DFC b-ac	= 0.30
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW	= 1795 (PCU/HR)		
W c-b = 4.00 (metres)					
Vr c-b = 50 (metres)					
q c-a = 720 (pcu/hr)					
q c-b = 145 (pcu/hr)					
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)				CRITICAL DFC	= 0.30
W b-a = 4.00 (metres)					
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)					
VI b-a = 100 (metres)					
Vr b-a = 50 (metres)					
Vr b-c = 50 (metres)					
q b-a = 35 (pcu/hr)					
q b-c = 110 (pcu/hr)					

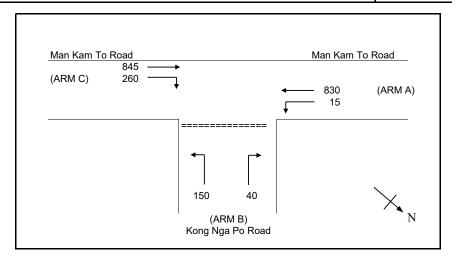
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J9 - Man Kam To Road / Kong Nga Po Road	J9_2023_EXT_PM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
            =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

DMETRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTO	ORS:	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)				
W = 11.00 (metres)	D =	0.94	Q b-a = 340	DFC b-a = 0.03
W cr = 2.00 (metres)	E =	1.01	Q b-c = 586	DFC b-c = 0.29
q a-b = 10 (pcu/hr)	F =	0.97	Q c-b = 559	DFC c-b = 0.15
q a-c = 730 (pcu/hr)	Y =	0.62	Q b-ac = 563	DFC b-ac = 0.32
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)			TOTAL FLOW = 1705 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 4.00 (metres)				
Vr c-b = 50 (metres)				
q c-a = 700 (pcu/hr)				
q c-b = 85 (pcu/hr)				
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)				CRITICAL DFC = 0.32
W b-a = 4.00 (metres)				
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)				
VI b-a = 100 (metres)				
Vr b-a = 50 (metres)				
Vr b-c = 50 (metres)				
q b-a = 10 (pcu/hr)				
q b-c = 170 (pcu/hr)				

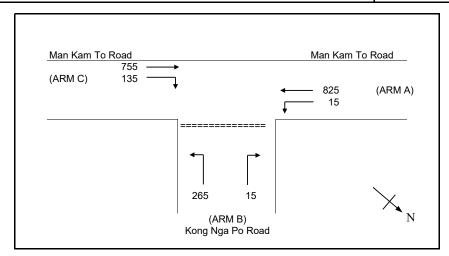
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J9 - Man Kam To Road / Kong Nga Po Road	J9_2031_REF_AM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
            =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

METRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS :	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 11.00 (metres)	D = 0.94	Q b-a = 246	DFC b-a = 0.17
W cr = 2.00 (metres)	E = 1.01	Q b-c = 563	DFC b-c = 0.27
q a-b = 15 (pcu/hr)	F = 0.97	Q c-b = 536	DFC c-b = 0.49
q a-c = 830 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.62	Q b-ac = 443	DFC b-ac = 0.43
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 2140 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 4.00 (metres)			
Vr c-b = 50 (metres)			
q c-a = 845 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 260 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.49
W b-a = 4.00 (metres)			
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)			
VI b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 50 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 50 (metres)			
q b-a = 40 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 150 (pcu/hr)			

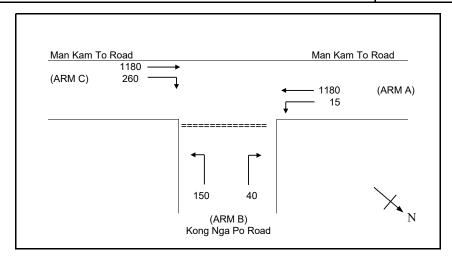
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J9 - Man Kam To Road / Kong Nga Po Road	J9_2031_REF_PM	DATE:	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
            =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

METRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS:	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 11.00 (metres)	D = 0.94	Q b-a = 297	DFC b-a = 0.06
W cr = 2.00 (metres)	E = 1.01	Q b-c = 564	DFC b-c = 0.47
q a-b = 15 (pcu/hr)	F = 0.97	Q c-b = 537	DFC c-b = 0.26
q a-c = 825 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.62	Q b-ac = 538	DFC b-ac = 0.53
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 2010 (F	PCU/HR)
W c-b = 4.00 (metres)			
Vr c-b = 50 (metres)			
q c-a = 755 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 135 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.53
W b-a = 4.00 (metres)			
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)			
VI b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 50 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 50 (metres)			
q b-a = 15 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 265 (pcu/hr)			

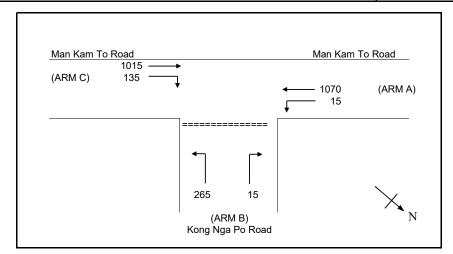
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J9 - Man Kam To Road / Kong Nga Po Road	J9_2031_DES_AM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
           =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

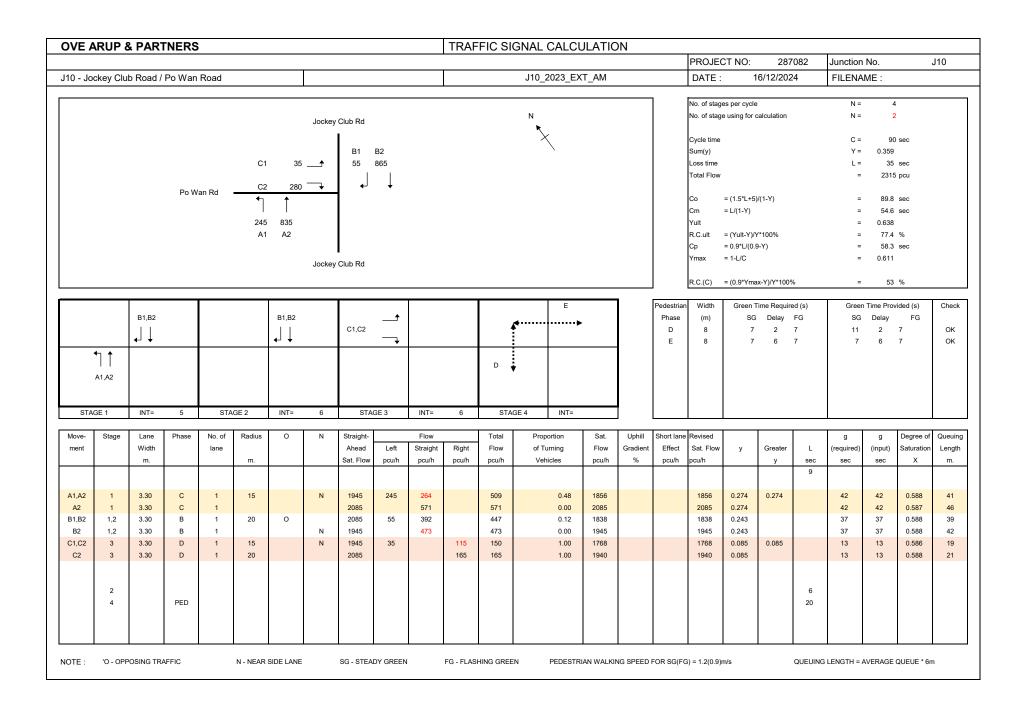
METRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS :	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 11.00 (metres)	D = 0.94	Q b-a = 127	DFC b-a = 0.32
W cr = 2.00 (metres)	E = 1.01	Q b-c = 483	DFC b-c = 0.32
q a-b = 15 (pcu/hr)	F = 0.97	Q c-b = 460	DFC c-b = 0.57
q a-c = 1180 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.62	Q b-ac = 304	DFC b-ac = 0.63
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 2825 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 4.00 (metres)			
Vr c-b = 50 (metres)			
q c-a = 1180 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 260 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.63
W b-a = 4.00 (metres)			
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)			
VI b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 50 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 50 (metres)			
q b-a = 40 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 150 (pcu/hr)			

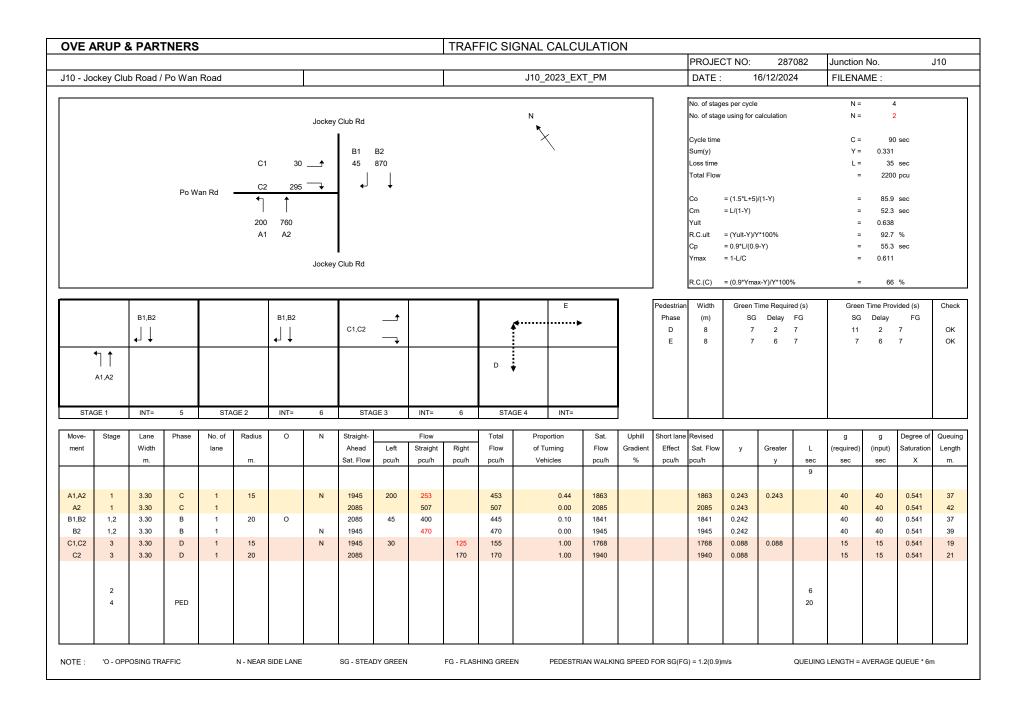
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION					
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:		
J9 - Man Kam To Road / Kong Nga Po Road	J9_2031_DES_PM	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :		

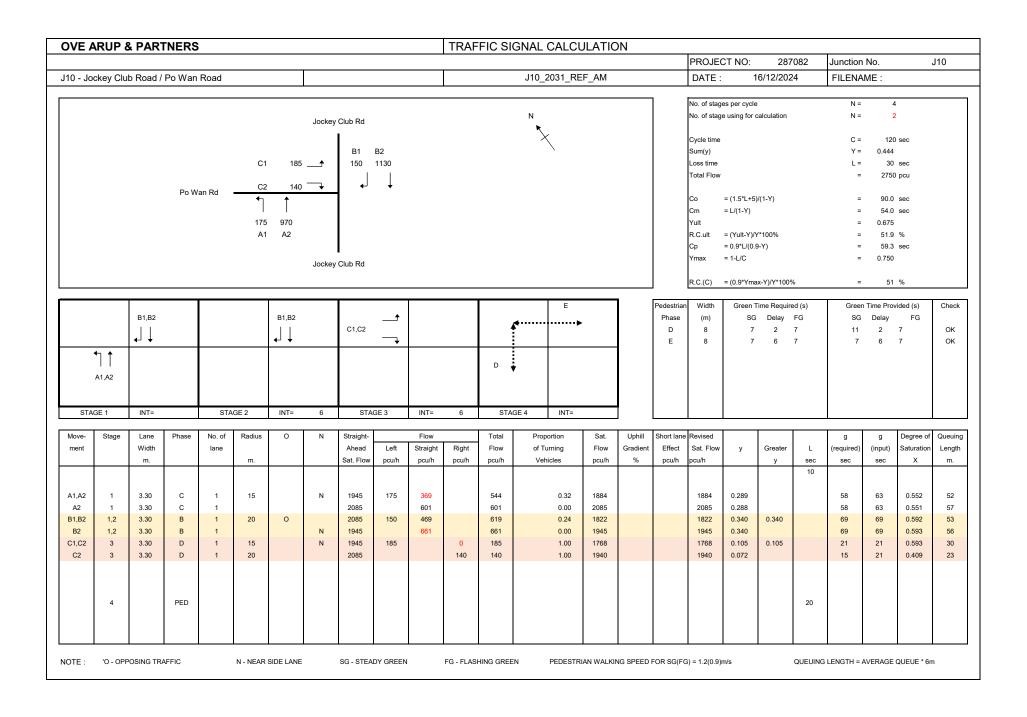


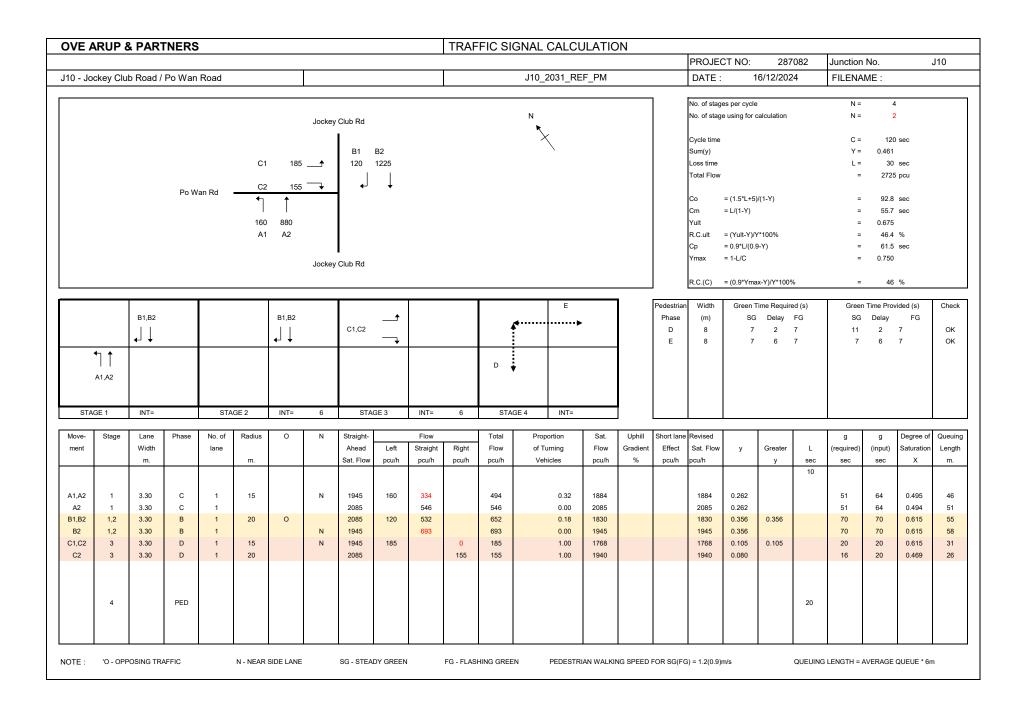
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NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
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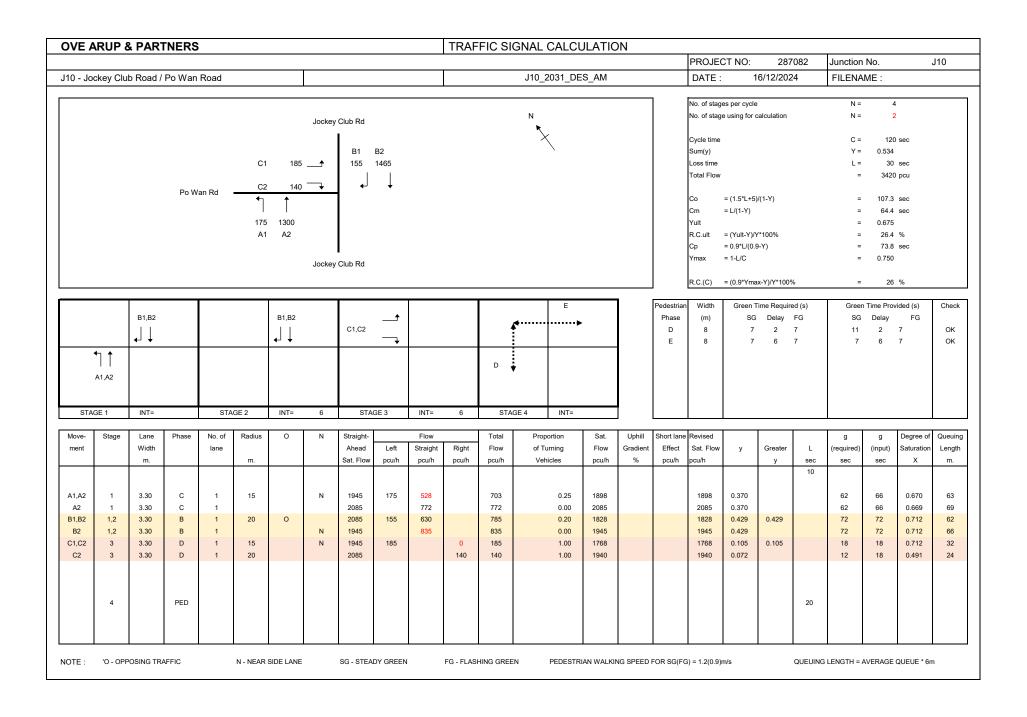
EOMETRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS:	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 11.00 (metres)	D = 0.94	Q b-a = 210	DFC b-a = 0.08
W cr = 2.00 (metres)	E = 1.01	Q b-c = 508	DFC b-c = 0.53
q a-b = 15 (pcu/hr)	F = 0.97	Q c-b = 484	DFC c-b = 0.28
q a-c = 1070 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.62	Q b-ac = 472	DFC b-ac = 0.60
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 2515 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 4.00 (metres)		,	
Vr c-b = 50 (metres)			
q c-a = 1015 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 135 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.60
W b-a = 4.00 (metres)			
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)			
VI b-a = 100 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 50 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 50 (metres)			
q b-a = 15 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 265 (pcu/hr)			

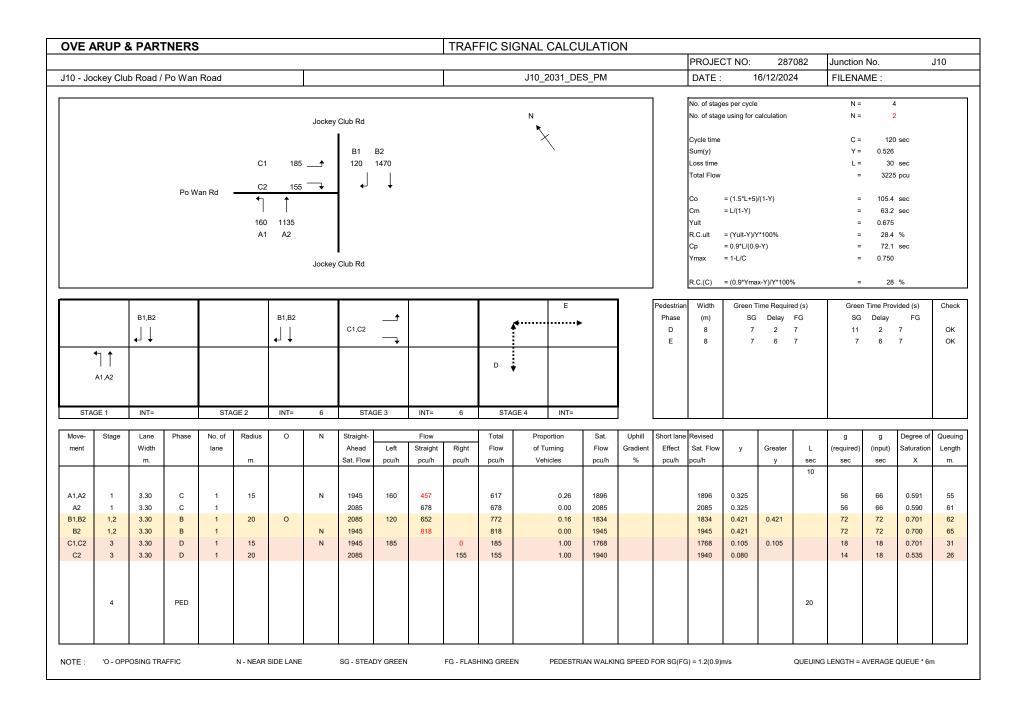


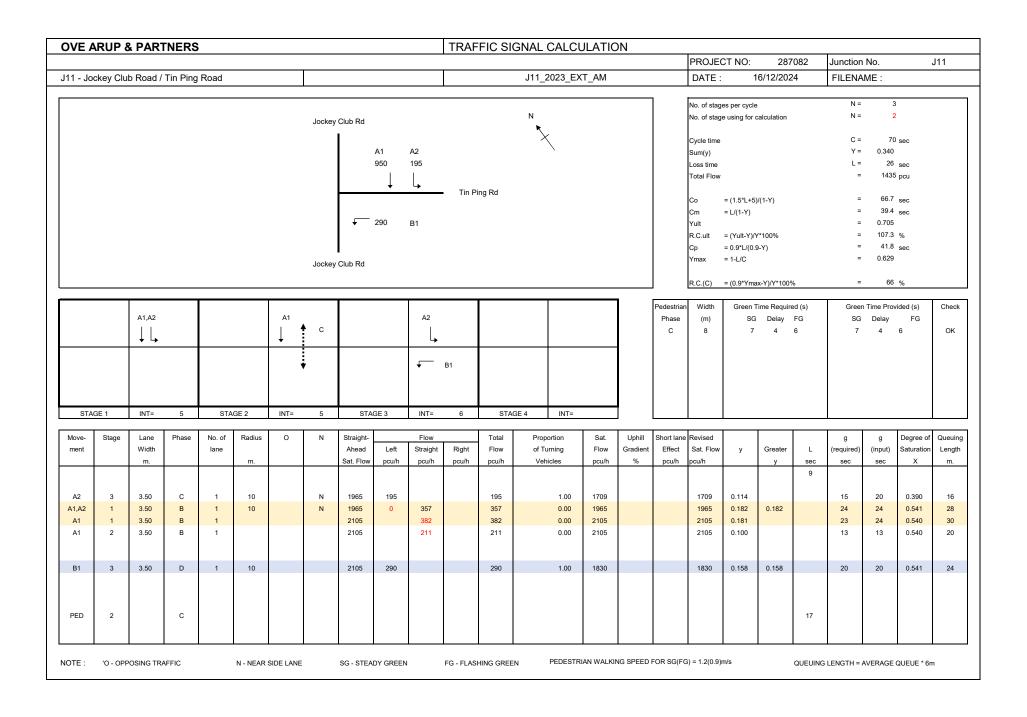


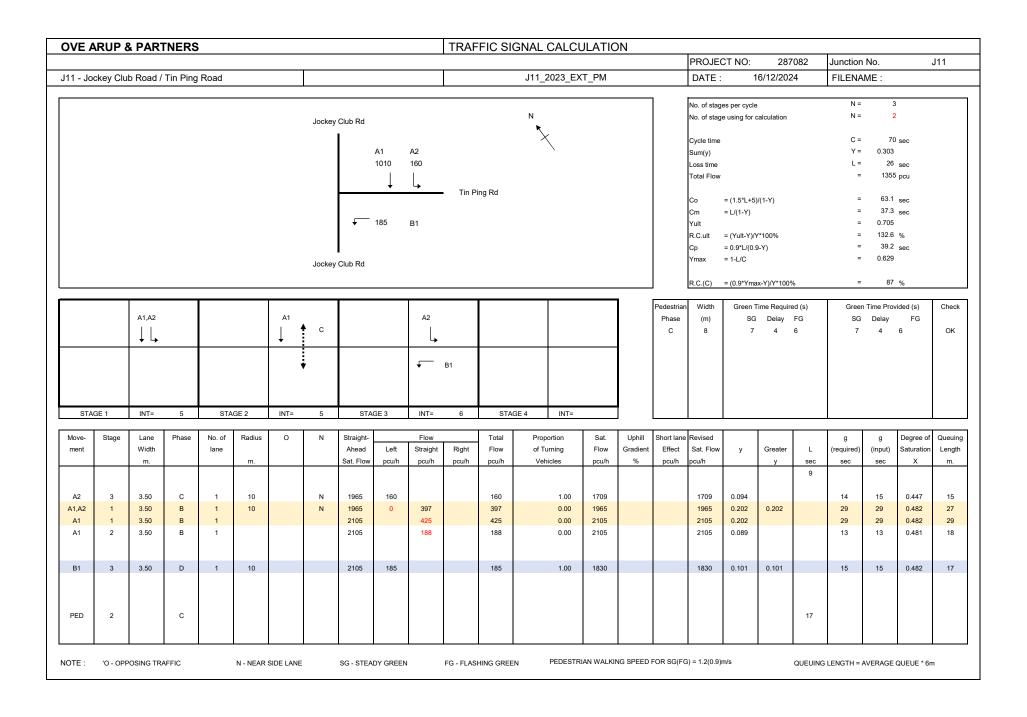


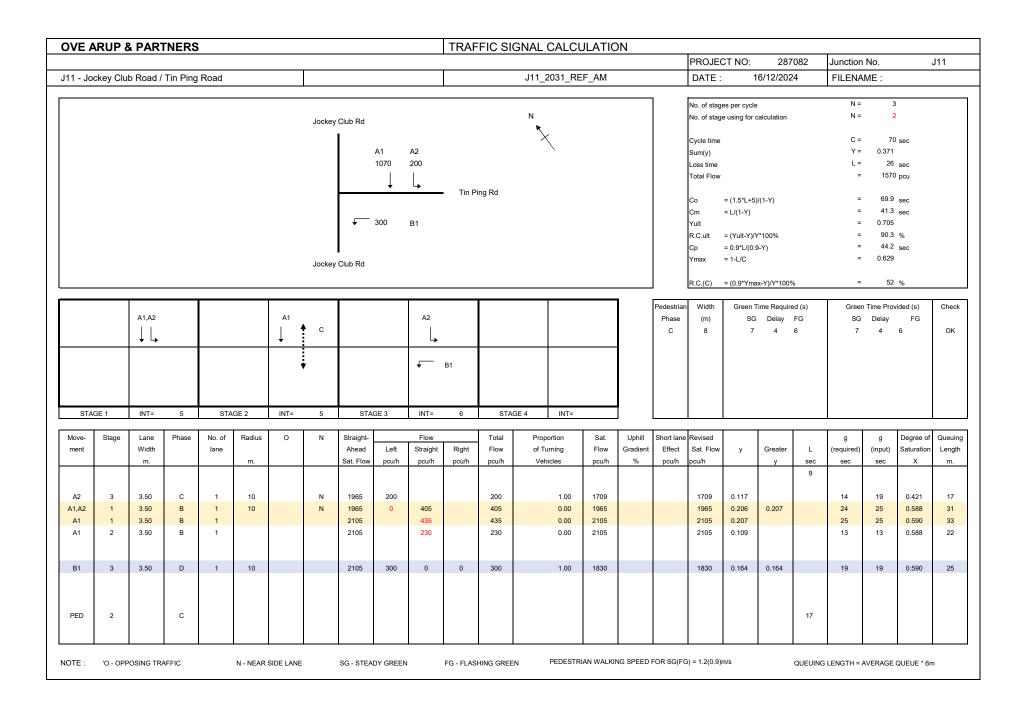


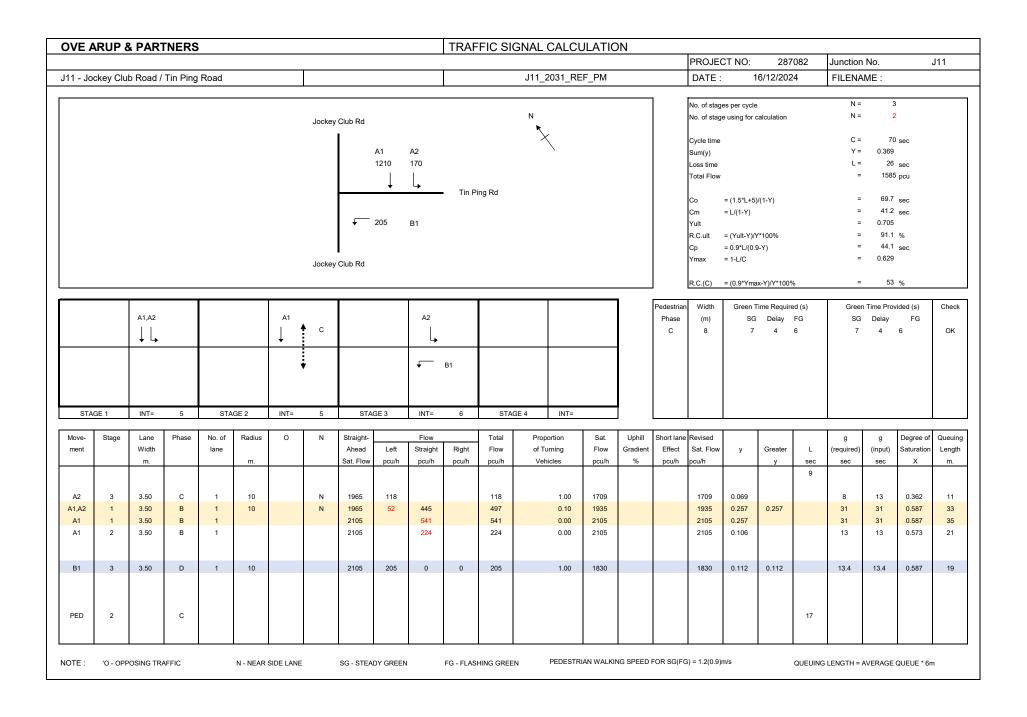


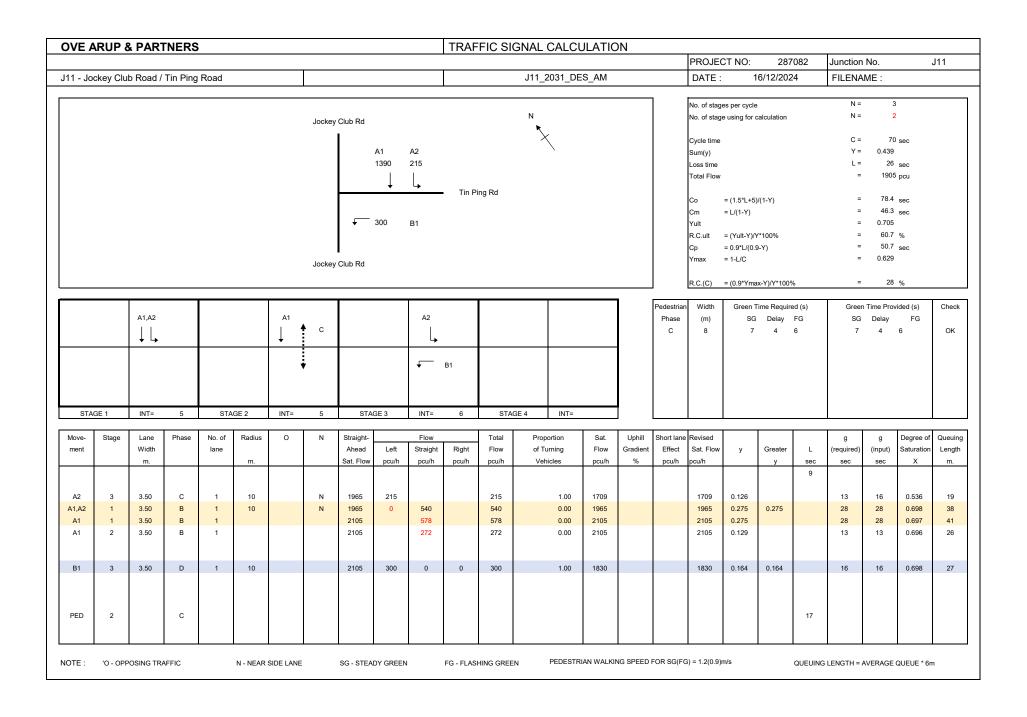


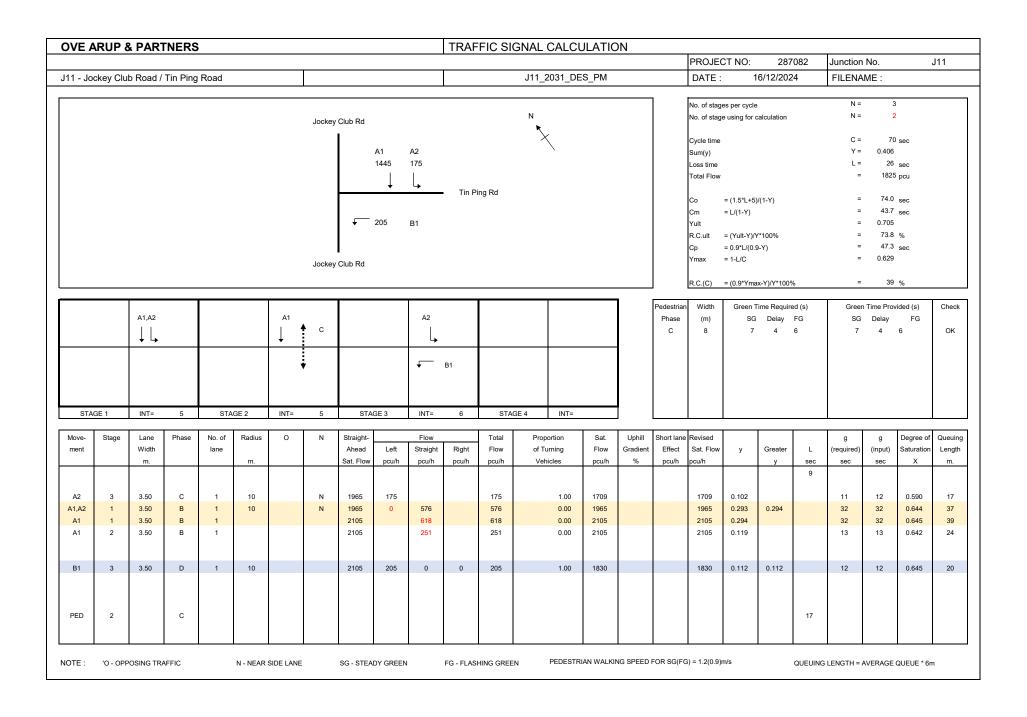




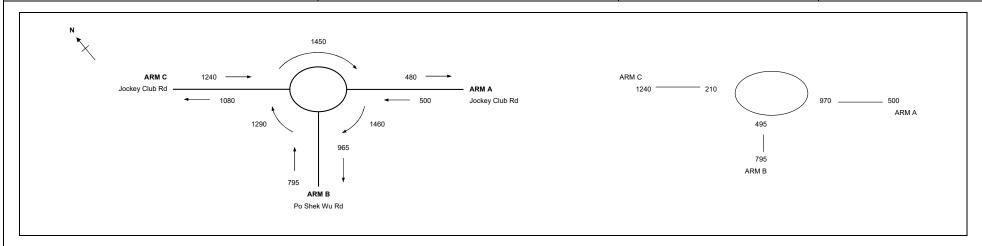






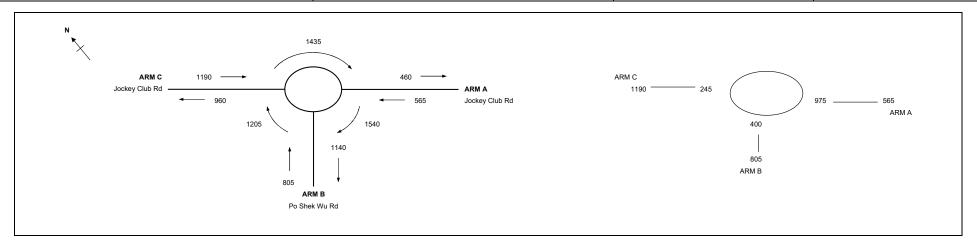


OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION						
	PROJECT NO. 28708					287082	
J12 - Po Shek Wu Road / Jockey Club Road	J12_2023_EXT_AM	DATE	16/12/2024				



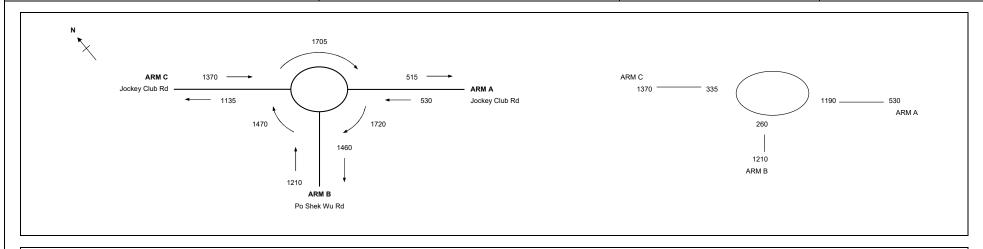
	A	В	С			
S:						
ch half width (m)	7.50	7.00	7.50			
dth (m)	10.50	10.50	10.00			
e length of flare (m)	10	10	10			
dius (m)	10	90	100			
d circle diameter (m)	40	40	40			
ngle (degree)	30	20	10			
ow (pcu/h)	500	795	1240			
ing flow across entry (pcu/h)	970	495	210			
RS:						
ess of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.48	0.56	0.40			
47(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	0.95	1.07	1.11			
V)/(1+2S))	9.03	8.65	8.89			
-60)/10)	0.14	0.14	0.14			
	2736	2621	2693			
1+M))	1.44	1.44	1.44			
(1+0.2*X2)	0.85	0.83	0.84			
Qc)	1819	2373	2790	Total In Sum =	2535	PCU
9	0.27	0.33	0.44	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.44	
Qc)	pacity = Q/Qe	1819	1819 2373	1819 2373 2790	1819 2373 2790 Total In Sum =	1819 2373 2790 Total In Sum = 2535

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION						
	PROJECT NO. 28708					287082	
J12 - Po Shek Wu Road / Jockey Club Road	J12_2023_EXT_PM	DATE	16/12/2024				



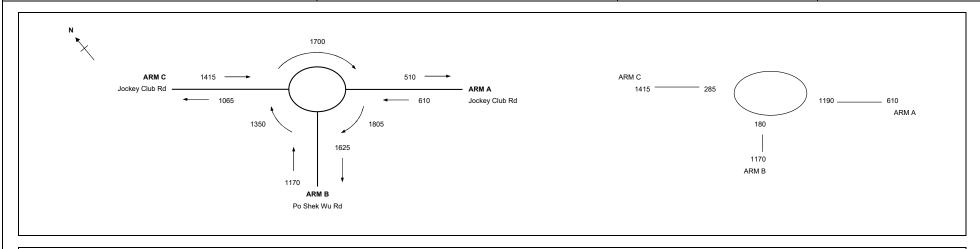
ARM		Α	В	С			
NPUT PAR	AMETERS:						
V =	Approach half width (m)	7.50	7.00	7.50			
E =	Entry width (m)	10.50	10.50	10.00			
L =	Effective length of flare (m)	10	10	10			
R =	Entry radius (m)	10	90	100			
D =	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	40	40	40			
A =	Entry angle (degree)	30	20	10			
Q =	Entry flow (pcu/h)	565	805	1190			
Qc =	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	975	400	245			
OUTPUT PA	ARAMETERS:						
S =	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.48	0.56	0.40			
K =	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	0.95	1.07	1.11			
X2 =	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	9.03	8.65	8.89			
M =	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.14	0.14	0.14			
F =	303*X2	2736	2621	2693			
Td =	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.44	1.44	1.44			
Fc =	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.85	0.83	0.84			
Qe =	K(F-Fc*Qc)	1815	2458	2757	Total In Sum =	2560	PCU
DFC =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.31	0.33	0.43	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.43	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION						
	PROJECT NO. 287082					287082	
J12 - Po Shek Wu Road / Jockey Club Road	J12_2031_REF_AM	DATE	16/12/2024				



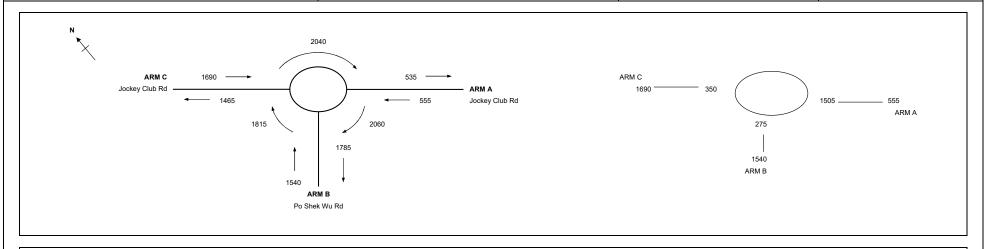
ARM		Α	В	С			
INPUT PAR	AMETERS:						
V =	Approach half width (m)	7.50	7.00	7.50			
E =	Entry width (m)	10.50	10.50	10.00			
L =	Effective length of flare (m)	10	10	10			
R =	Entry radius (m)	10	90	100			
D =	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	40	40	40			
A =	Entry angle (degree)	30	20	10			
Q =	Entry flow (pcu/h)	530	1210	1370			
Qc =	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	1190	260	335			
OUTPUT PA	ARAMETERS:						
S =	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.48	0.56	0.40			
K =	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	0.95	1.07	1.11			
X2 =	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	9.03	8.65	8.89			
M =	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.14	0.14	0.14			
F =	303*X2	2736	2621	2693			
Td =	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.44	1.44	1.44			
Fc =	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.85	0.83	0.84			
Qe =	K(F-Fc*Qc)	1642	2582	2674	Total In Sum =	3110	PCU
DFC =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.33	0.47	0.52	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.52	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION						
		PROJECT NO. 287082					
J12 - Po Shek Wu Road / Jockey Club Road	J12_2031_REF_PM	DATE	16/12/2024				



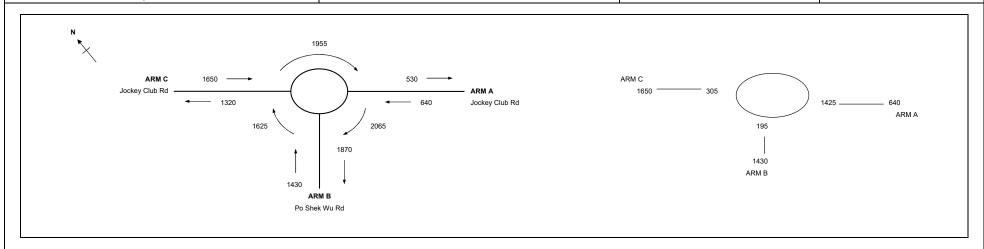
ARM			Α	В	С			
INPU	T PAR	AMETERS:						
V E L R D	= = = = =	Approach half width (m) Entry width (m) Effective length of flare (m) Entry radius (m) Inscribed circle diameter (m) Entry angle (degree)	7.50 10.50 10 10 40 30	7.00 10.50 10 90 40 20	7.50 10.00 10 100 40			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	610	1170	1415			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	1190	180	285			
OUTF S	PUT PA	ARAMETERS: Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.48	0.56	0.40			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	0.95	1.07	1.11			
X2 M	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S)) EXP((D-60)/10)	9.03 0.14	8.65 0.14	8.89 0.14			
F	=	303*X2	2736	2621	2693			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.44	1.44	1.44			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.85	0.83	0.84	Totally Owner	0405	BOUL
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	1642	2652	2720	Total In Sum =	3195	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.38	0.45	0.53	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.53	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION						
				PROJECT N	Ο.	287082	
J12 - Po Shek Wu Road / Jockey Club Road	J12_2031_DES_AM	DATE	16/12/2024				

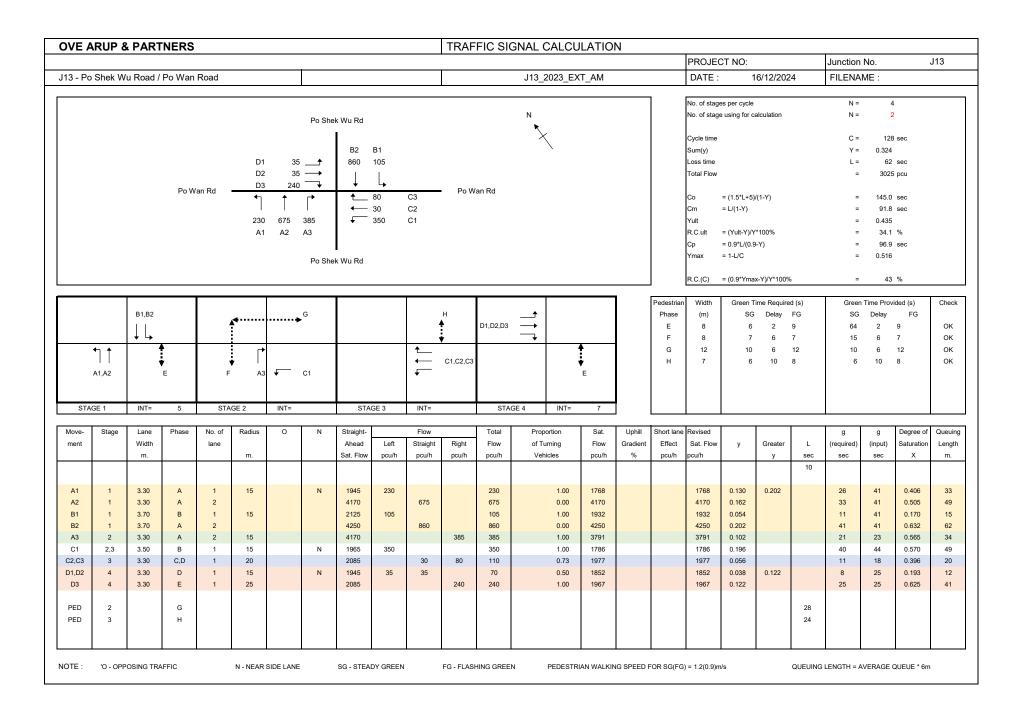


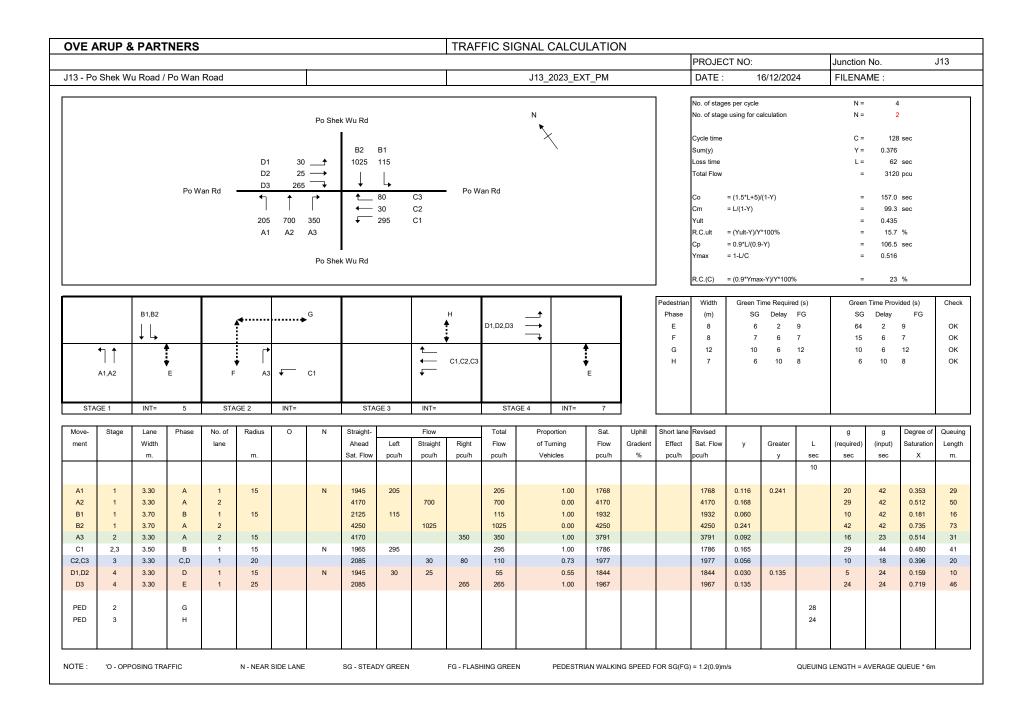
ARM			Α	В	С			
INPU	T PAR.	AMETERS:						
V E L R D	= = = = =	Approach half width (m) Entry width (m) Effective length of flare (m) Entry radius (m) Inscribed circle diameter (m) Entry angle (degree)	7.50 10.50 10 10 40 30	7.00 10.50 10 90 40 20	7.50 10.00 10 100 40			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	555	1540	1690			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	1505	275	350			
OUT S	PUT PA	ARAMETERS: Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.48	0.56	0.40			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	0.95	1.07	1.11			
X2 M	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S)) EXP((D-60)/10)	9.03 0.14	8.65 0.14	8.89 0.14			
F	=	303*X2	2736	2621	2693 1.44			
Td Fc	=	1+(0.5/(1+M)) 0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	1.44 0.85	1.44 0.83	0.84			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	1387	2568	2660	Total In Sum =	3785	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.41	0.60	0.64	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.64	

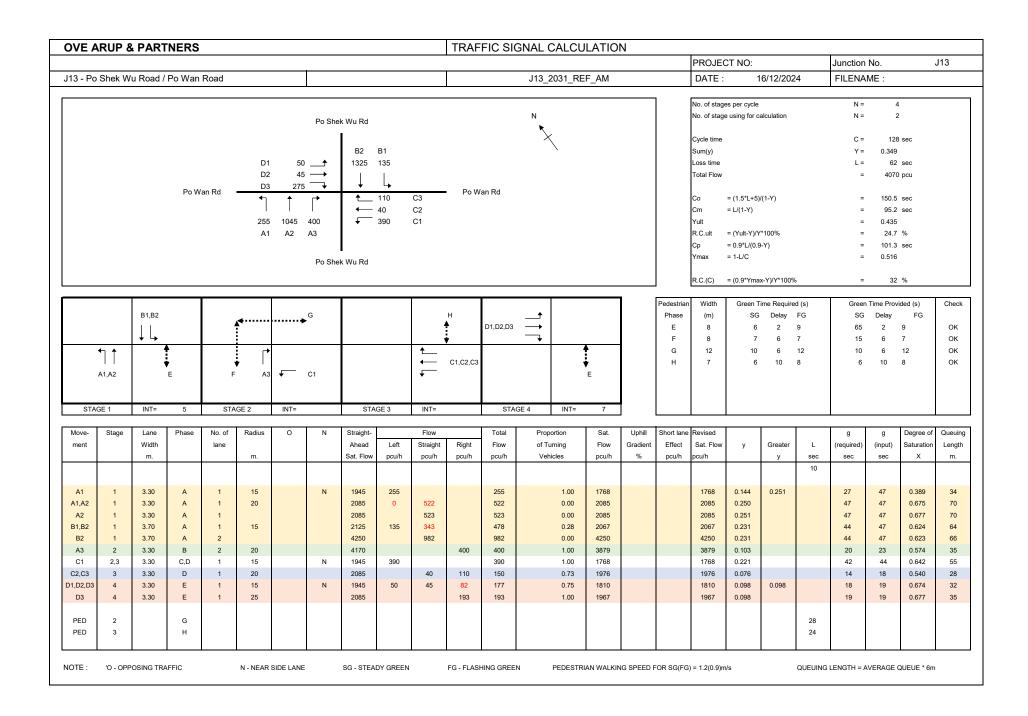
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION					
			PROJECT N	Ο.	287082	
J12 - Po Shek Wu Road / Jockey Club Road	J12_2031_DES_PM	DATE	16/12/2024			

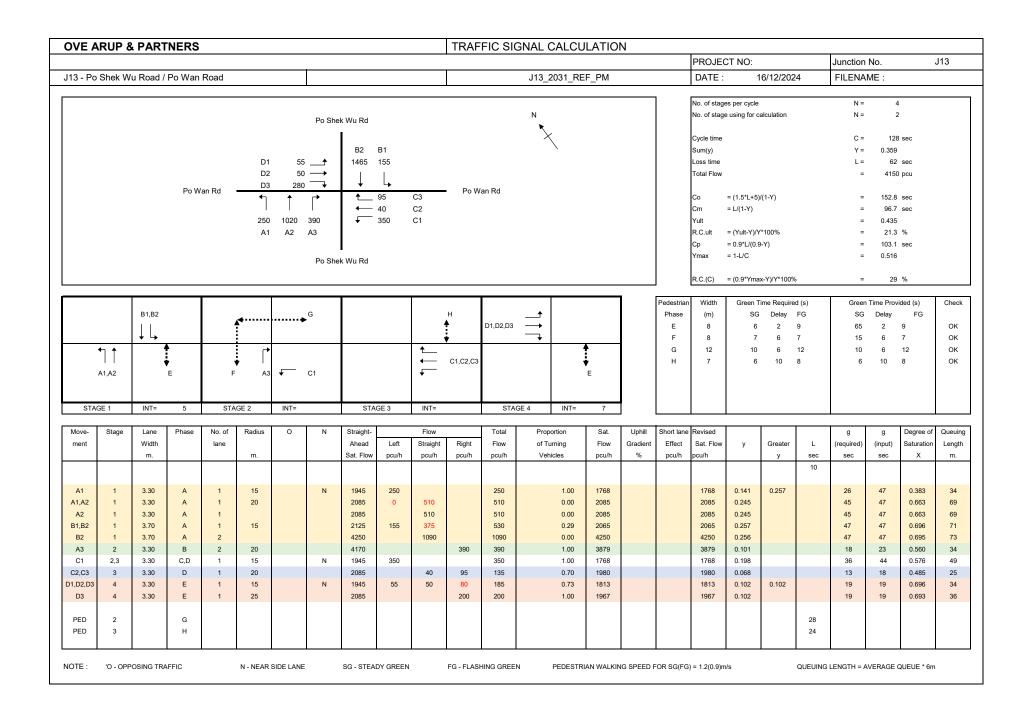


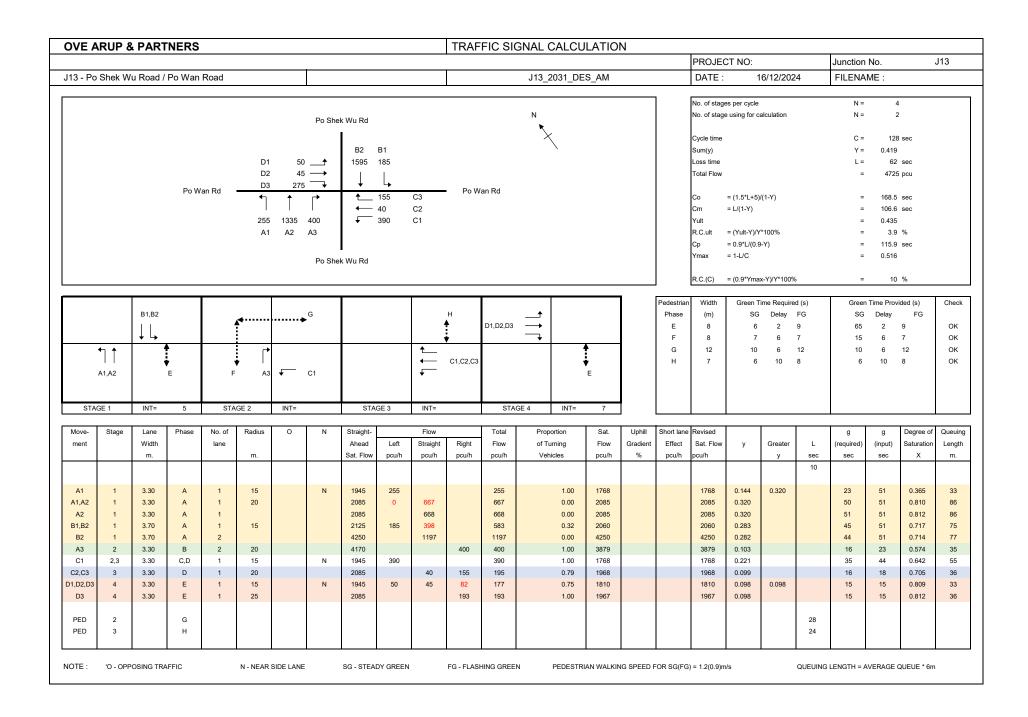
ARM		Α	В	С			
NPUT PAF	RAMETERS:						
V =	Approach half width (m)	7.50	7.00	7.50			
E =	Entry width (m)	10.50	10.50	10.00			
L =	Effective length of flare (m)	10	10	10			
R =	Entry radius (m)	10	90	100			
D =	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	40	40	40			
A =	Entry angle (degree)	30	20	10			
Q =	Entry flow (pcu/h)	640	1430	1650			
Qc =	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	1425	195	305			
OUTPUT P	ARAMETERS:						
S =	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.48	0.56	0.40			
K =	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	0.95	1.07	1.11			
X2 =	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	9.03	8.65	8.89			
M =	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.14	0.14	0.14			
F =	303*X2	2736	2621	2693			
Td =	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.44	1.44	1.44			
Fc =	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.85	0.83	0.84			
Qe =	K(F-Fc*Qc)	1452	2639	2702	Total In Sum =	3720	PCU
DFC =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.45	0.55	0.62	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.62	

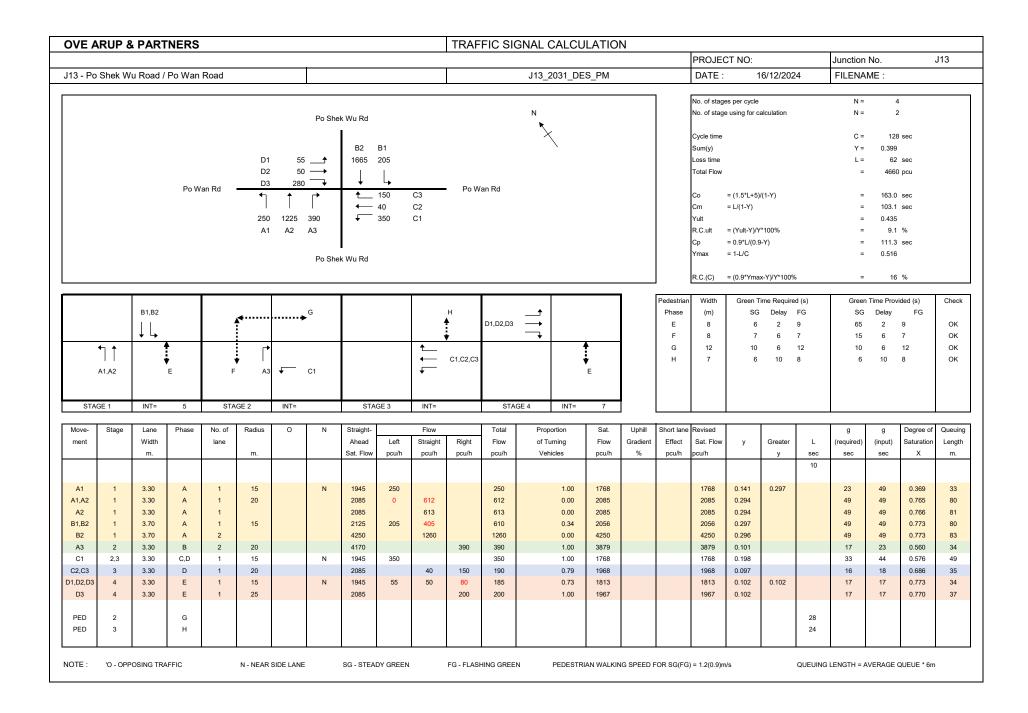


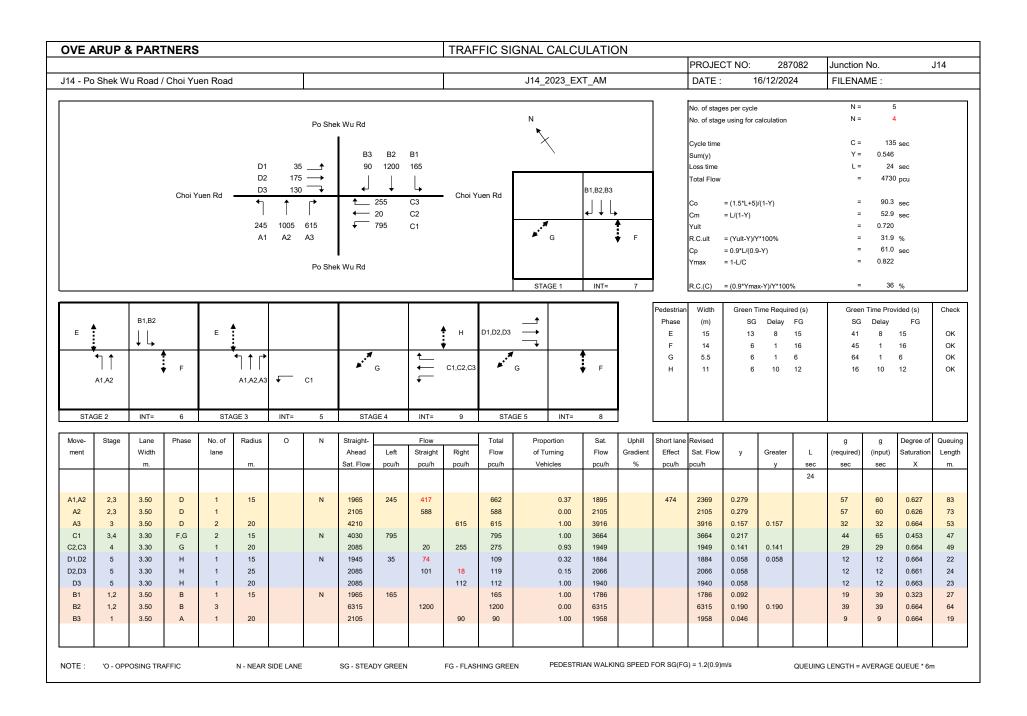


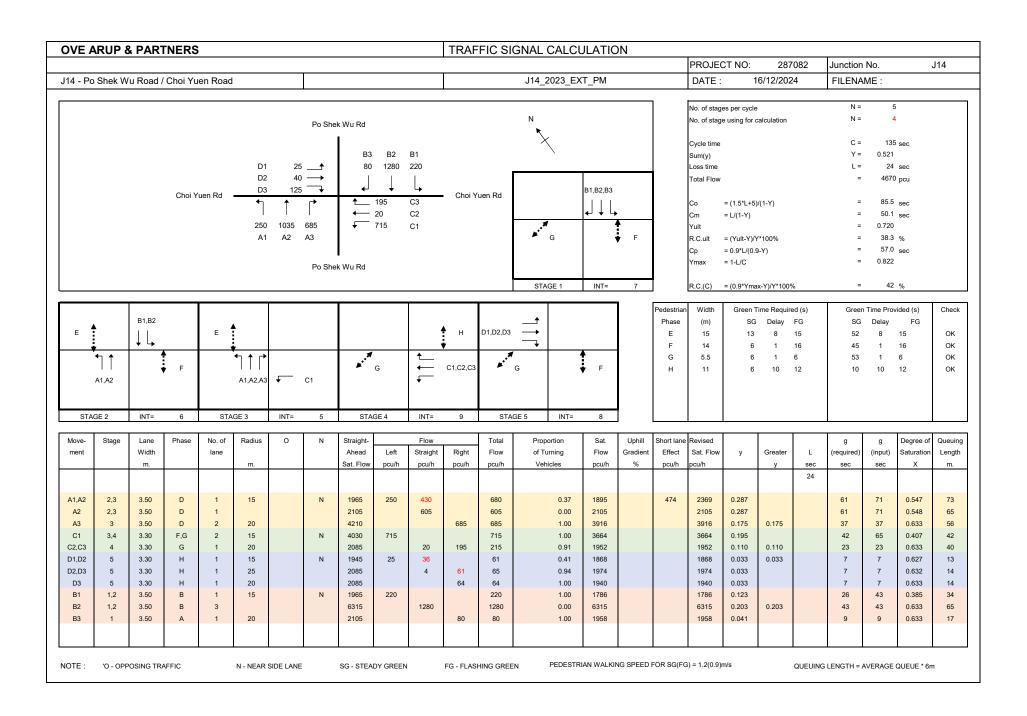


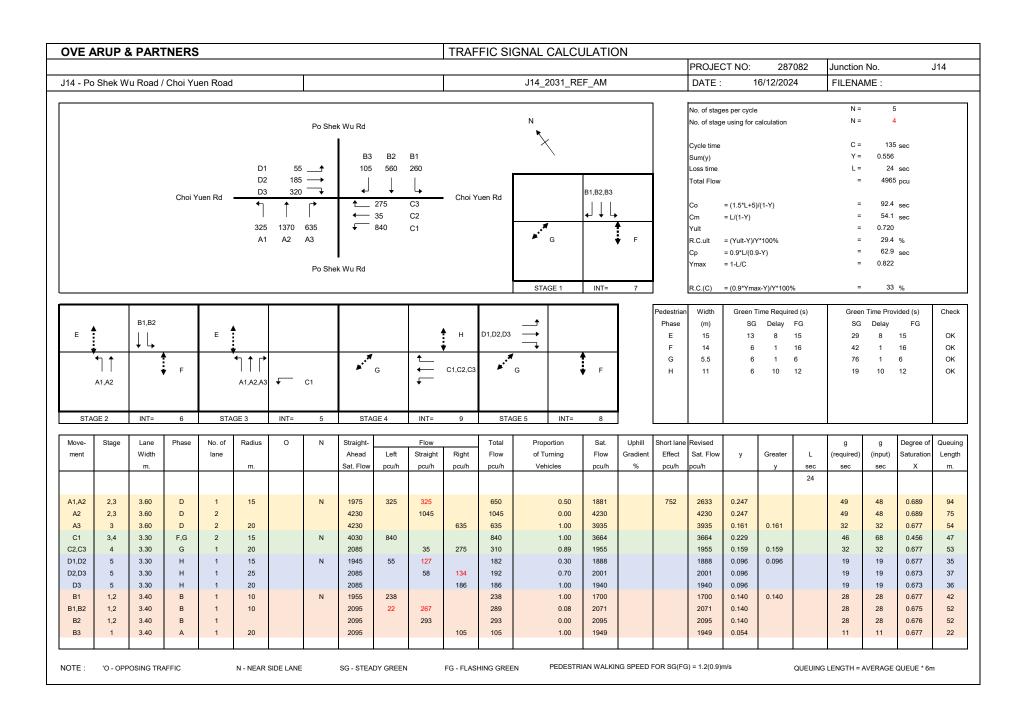


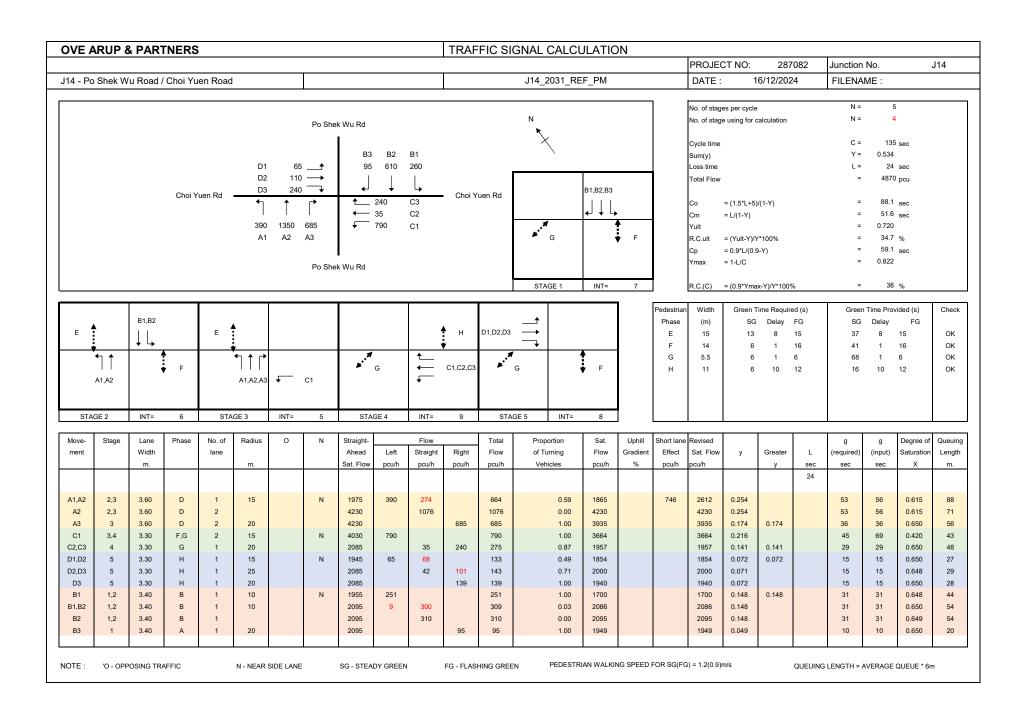


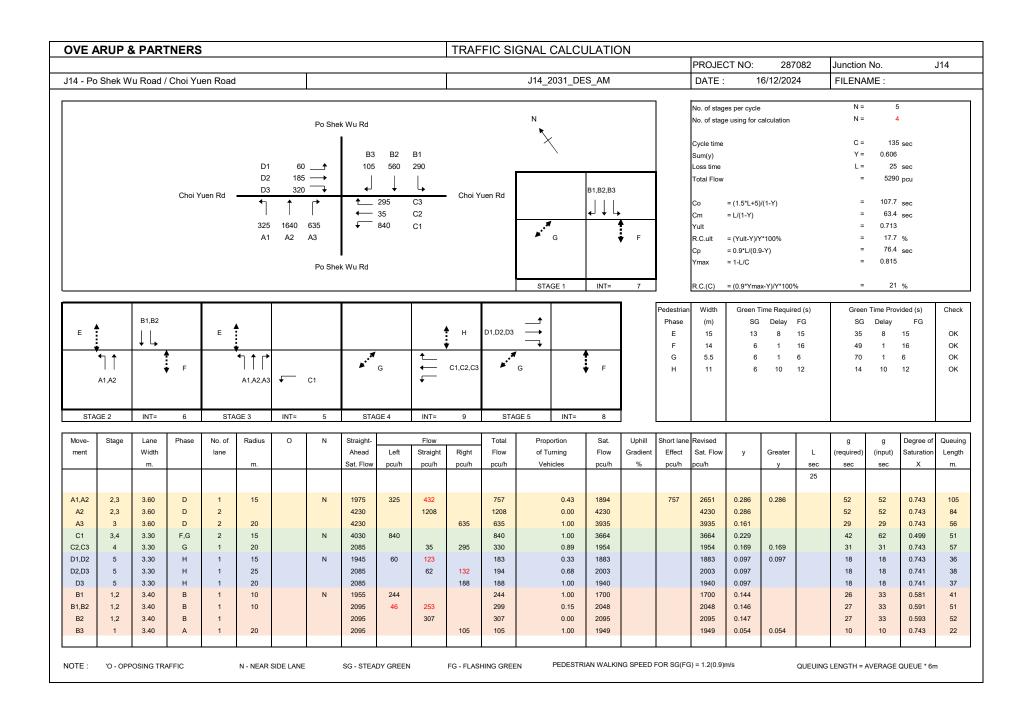


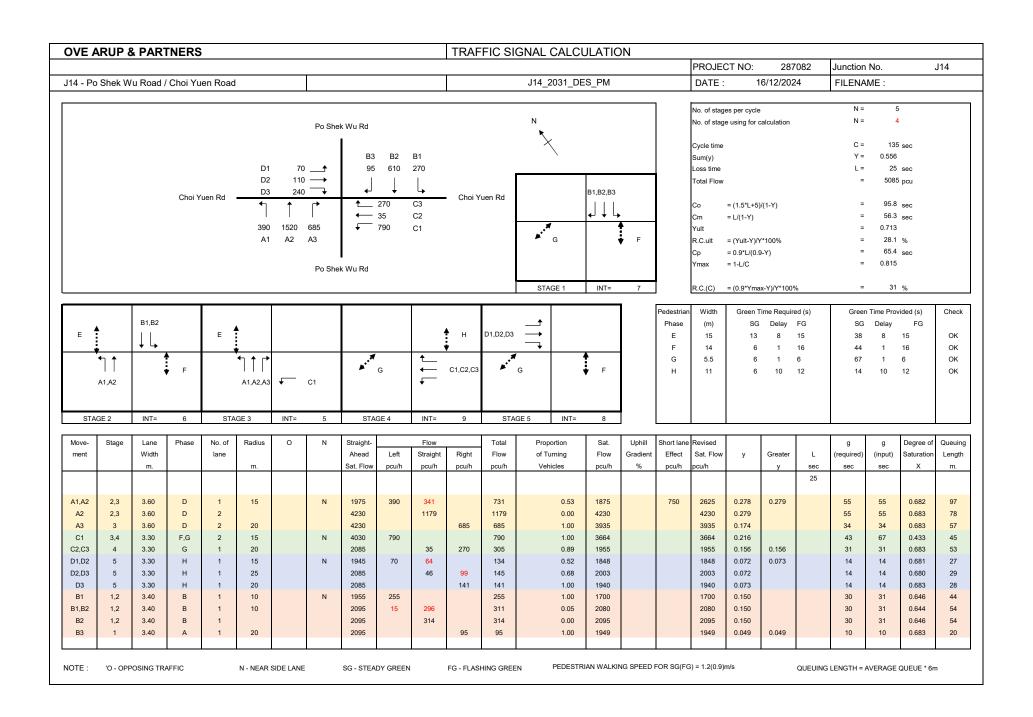


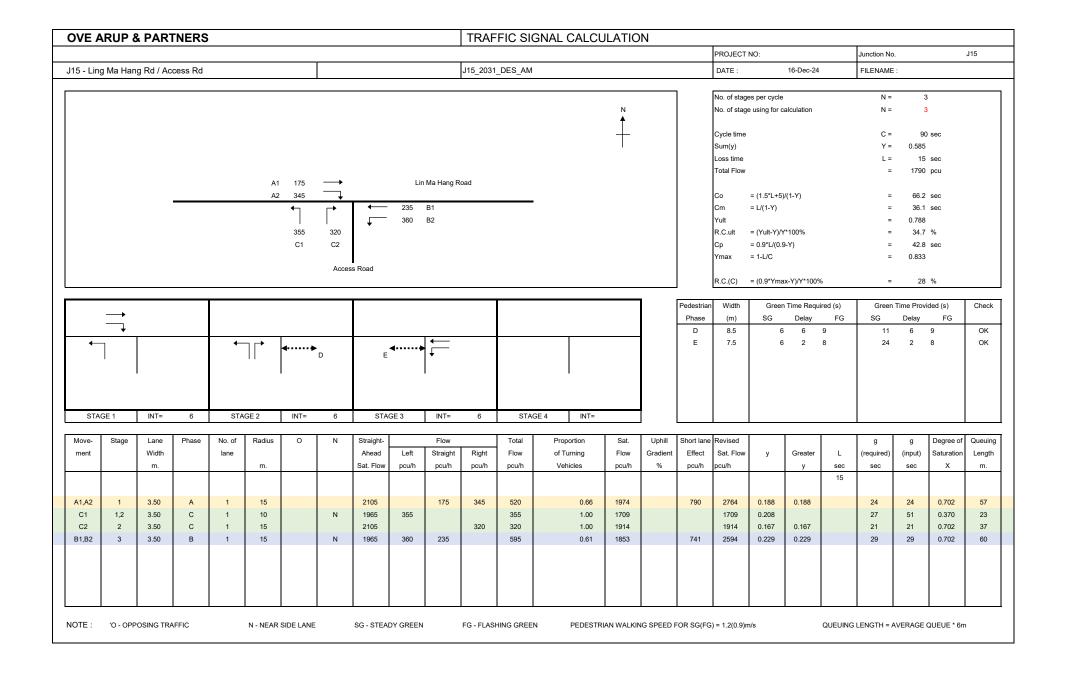


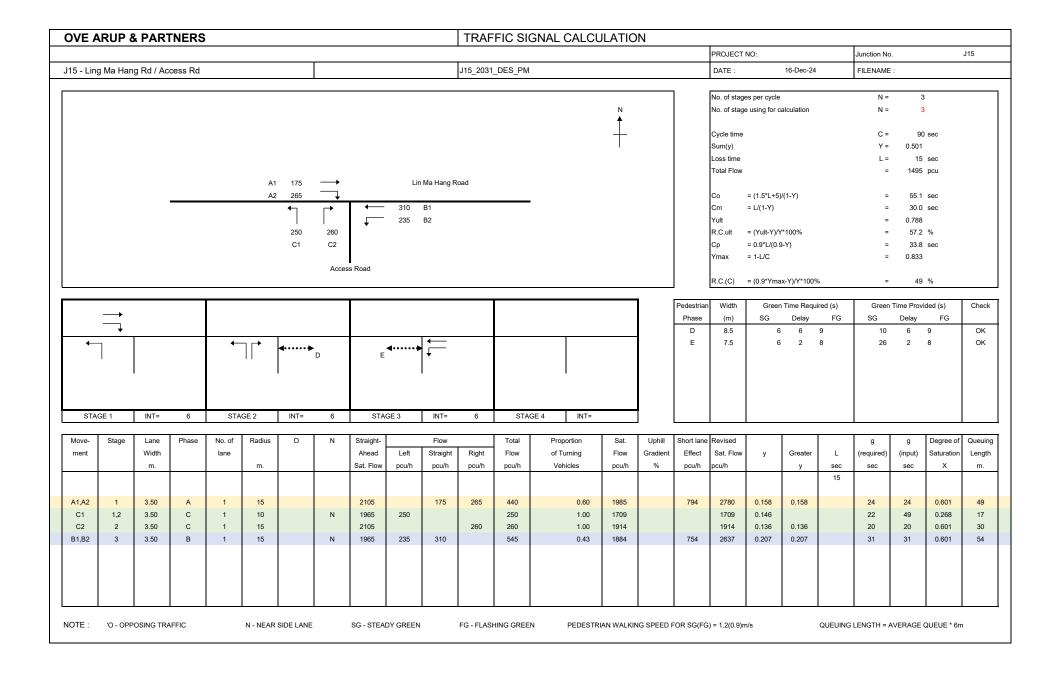


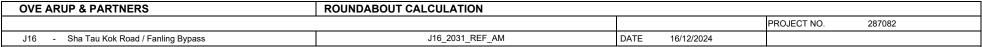


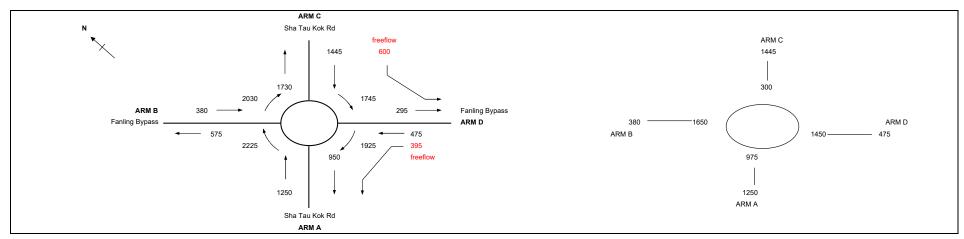






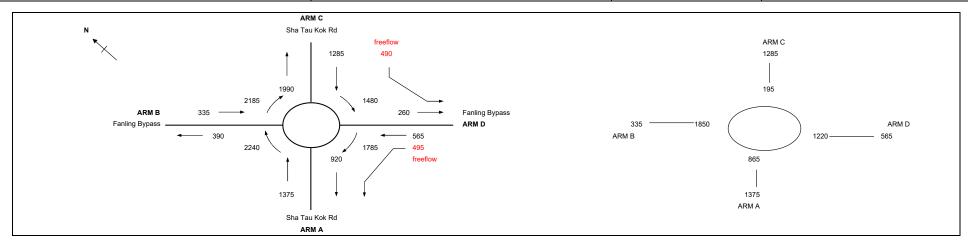




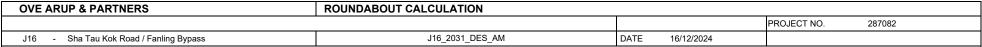


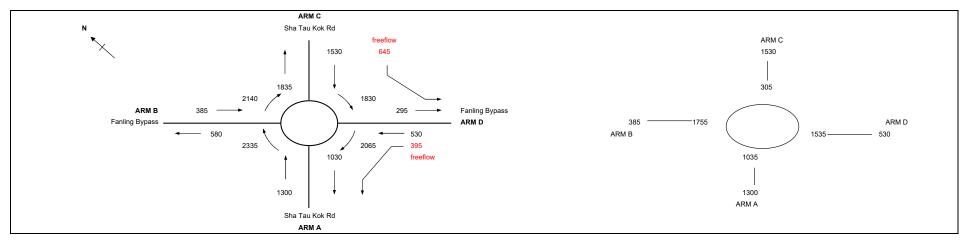
		A	В	С	D			
ΓPAR.	AMETERS:							
=	Approach half width (m)	7.30	4.50	7.30	4.50			
=	Entry width (m)	10.00	7.00	10.00	7.00			
=	Effective length of flare (m)	30	10	15	25			
=	Entry radius (m)	50	20	20	10			
=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	75	75	75	75			
=	Entry angle (degree)	10	25	20	25			
=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1250	380	1445	475			
=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	975	1650	300	1450			
UT PA	ARAMETERS:							
=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.14	0.40	0.29	0.16			
=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.10	1.02	1.03	0.97			
=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	9.40	5.89	9.01	6.39			
=	EXP((D-60)/10)	4.48	4.48	4.48	4.48			
=	303*X2	2847	1784	2731	1937			
=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09			
=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.66	0.50	0.64	0.52			
=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2421	978	2626	1143	Total In Sum =	3550	PCU
=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.52	0.39	0.56	0.42	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.56	
•	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	= Entry width (m) = Effective length of flare (m) = Inscribed circle diameter (m) = Entry radius (m) = Inscribed circle diameter (m) = Entry angle (degree) = Entry flow (pcu/h) = Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h) UT PARAMETERS: = Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L = 1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05) = V + ((E-V)/(1+2S)) = EXP((D-60)/10) = 303*X2 = 1+(0.5/(1+M)) = 0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2) = K(F-Fc*Qc)	= Approach half width (m) 7.30 = Entry width (m) 10.00 = Effective length of flare (m) 30 = Entry radius (m) 50 = Inscribed circle diameter (m) 75 = Entry angle (degree) 10 = Entry flow (pcu/h) 1250 = Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h) 975 UT PARAMETERS: = Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L 0.14 = 1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05) 1.10 = V + ((E-V)/(1+2S)) 9.40 = EXP((D-60)/10) 4.48 = 303*X2 2847 = 1+(0.5/(1+M)) 1.09 = 0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2) 0.66 = K(F-Fc*Qc) 2421	= Approach half width (m) 7.30 4.50 = Entry width (m) 10.00 7.00 = Effective length of flare (m) 30 10 = Intry radius (m) 50 20 = Inscribed circle diameter (m) 75 75 = Entry angle (degree) 10 25 = Entry flow (pcu/h) 1250 380 = Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h) 975 1650 UT PARAMETERS: = Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L 0.14 0.40 = 1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05) 1.10 1.02 = V + ((E-V)/(1+2S)) 9.40 5.89 = EXP((D-60)/10) 4.48 4.48 4.48 = 303*X2 2847 1784 = 1+(0.5/(1+M)) 1.09 1.09 = 0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2) 0.66 0.50 = K(F-Fc*Qc) 2421 978	= Approach half width (m) 7.30 4.50 7.30 = Entry width (m) 10.00 7.00 10.00 = Effective length of flare (m) 30 10 15 = Entry radius (m) 50 20 20 = Inscribed circle diameter (m) 75 75 75 75 = Entry angle (degree) 10 25 20 = Entry flow (pcu/h) 1250 380 1445 = Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h) 975 1650 300 UT PARAMETERS: = Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L 0.14 0.40 0.29 = 1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05) 1.10 1.02 1.03 = V + ((E-V)/(1+2S)) 9.40 5.89 9.01 = EXP((D-60)/10) 4.48 4.48 4.48 = 303*X2 2847 1784 2731 = 1+(0.5/(1+M)) 1.09 1.09 = 0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2) 0.66 0.50 0.64 = K(F-Fc*Qc) 2421 978 2626	= Approach half width (m)	## Approach half width (m)	### Approach half width (m)

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION				
				PROJECT NO.	287082
J16 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Fanling Bypass	J16_2031_REF_PM	DATE	16/12/2024		

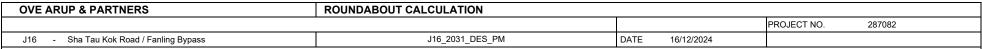


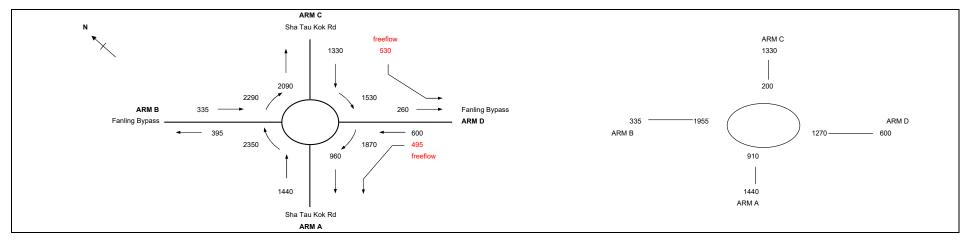
ARM			А	В	С	D			
INPU	T PAR.	AMETERS:							
V E L R	= = = =	Approach half width (m) Entry width (m) Effective length of flare (m) Entry radius (m) Inscribed circle diameter (m)	7.30 10.00 30 50 75	4.50 7.00 10 20 75	7.30 10.00 15 20 75	4.50 7.00 25 10 75			
A Q Qc	= = =	Entry angle (degree) Entry flow (pcu/h) Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	10 1375 865	25 335 1850	20 1285 195	25 565 1220			
OUTF	PUT PA	ARAMETERS:	0.44	0.40	0.29	0.40			
5 K	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L 1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	0.14 1.10	0.40 1.02	1.03	0.16 0.97			
X2 M	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S)) EXP((D-60)/10)	9.40 4.48	5.89 4.48	9.01 4.48	6.39 4.48			
F	=	303*X2	2847	1784	2731	1937			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.66	0.50	0.64	0.52			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2501	876	2696	1259	Total In Sum =	3560	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.55	0.39	0.48	0.45	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.55	



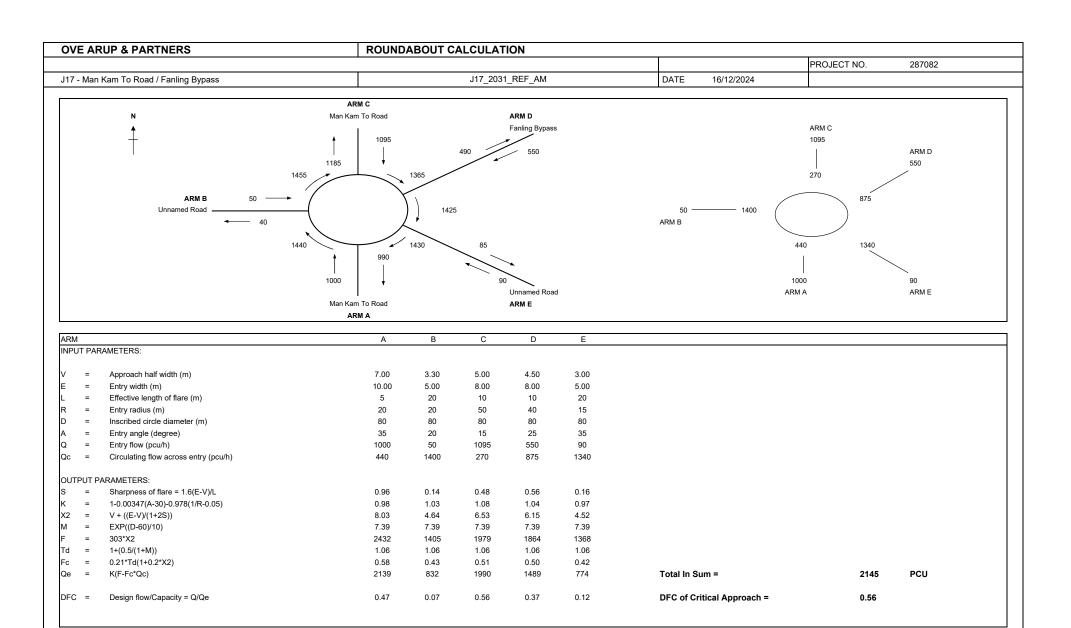


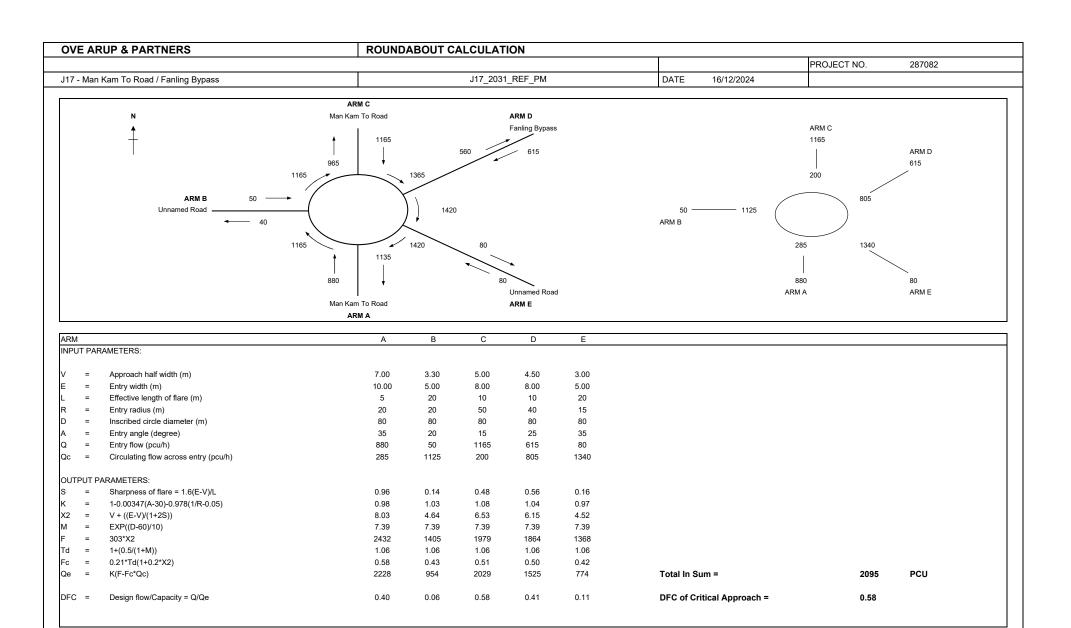
ARM		A	В	С	D			
INPUT PA	RAMETERS:							
V =	Approach half width (m)	7.30	4.50	7.30	4.50			
E =	Entry width (m)	10.00	7.00	10.00	7.00			
L =	Effective length of flare (m)	30	10	15	25			
R =	Entry radius (m)	50	20	20	10			
D =	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	75	75	75	75			
A =	Entry angle (degree)	10	25	20	25			
Q =	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1300	385	1530	530			
Qc =	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	1035	1755	305	1535			
OUTPUT I	PARAMETERS:							
S =	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.14	0.40	0.29	0.16			
K =	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.10	1.02	1.03	0.97			
X2 =	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	9.40	5.89	9.01	6.39			
M =	EXP((D-60)/10)	4.48	4.48	4.48	4.48			
F =	303*X2	2847	1784	2731	1937			
Td =	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09			
Fc =	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.66	0.50	0.64	0.52			
Qe =	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2378	924	2623	1100	Total In Sum =	3745	PCU
DFC =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.55	0.42	0.59	0.49	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.59	

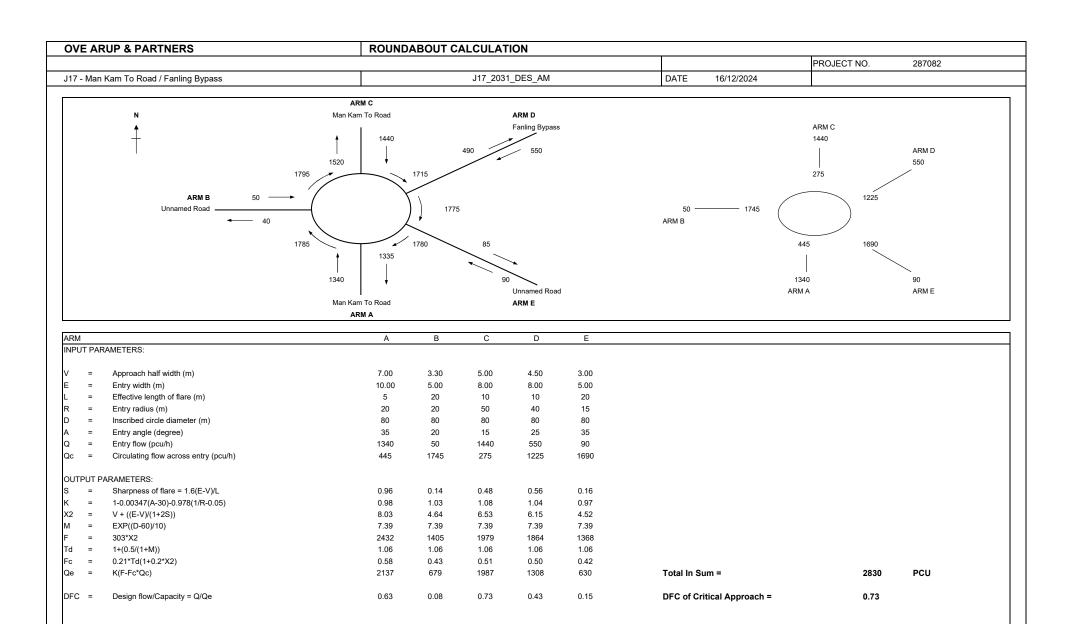


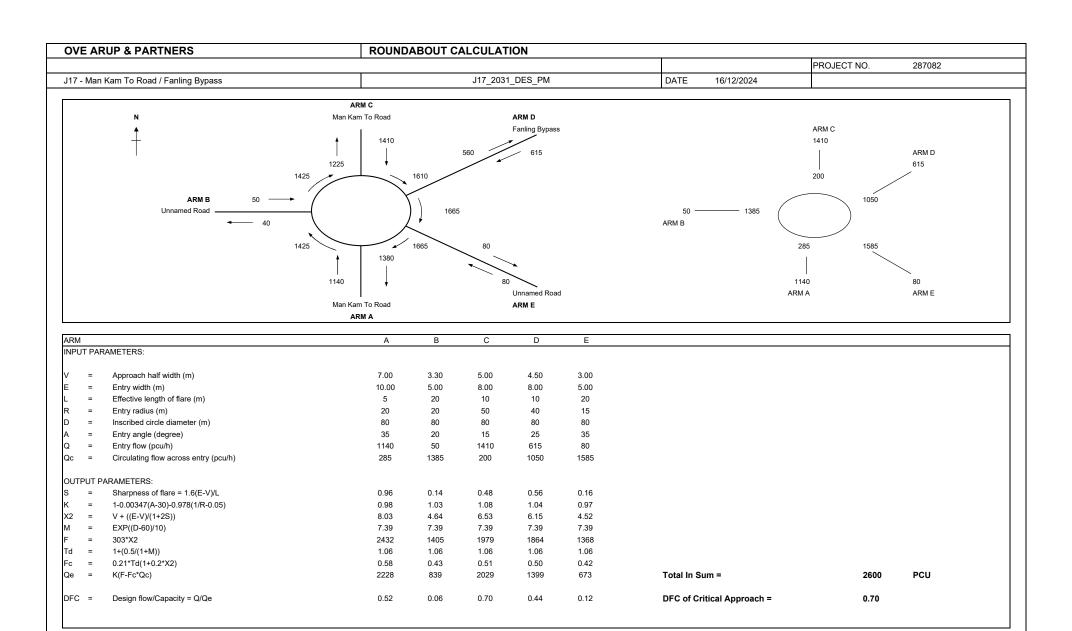


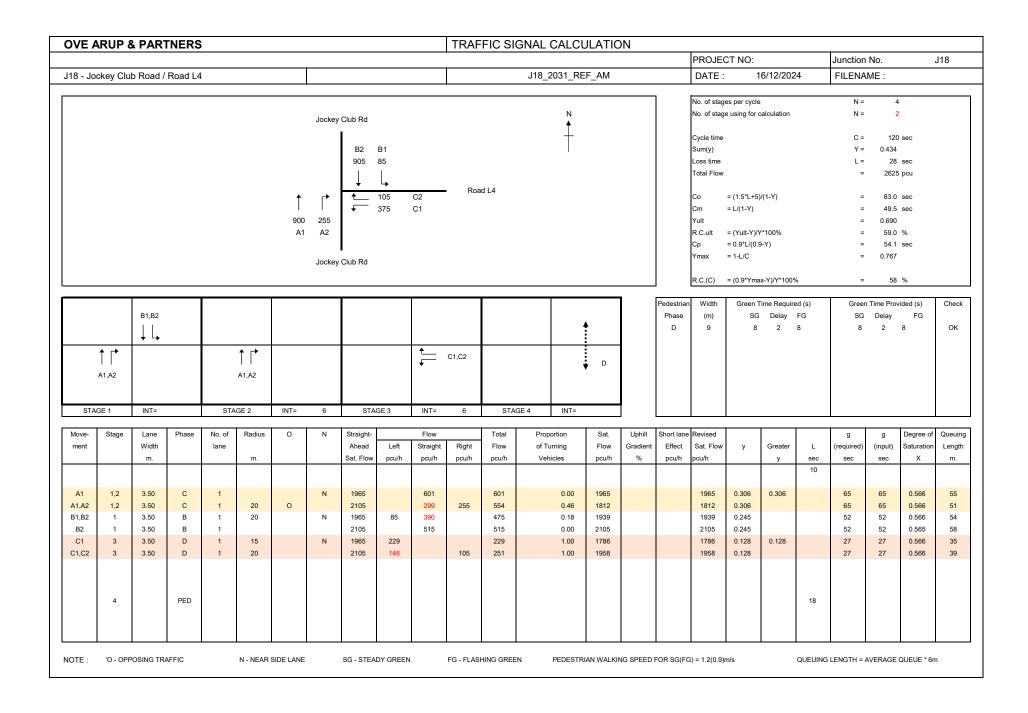
ARM			A	В	С	D			
INPUT I	PAR	AMETERS:							
L =	= = =	Approach half width (m) Entry width (m) Effective length of flare (m) Entry radius (m) Inscribed circle diameter (m)	7.30 10.00 30 50 75	4.50 7.00 10 20 75	7.30 10.00 15 20 75	4.50 7.00 25 10 75			
A = Q = Qc =	=	Entry angle (degree) Entry flow (pcu/h) Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	10 1440 910	25 335 1955	20 1330 200	25 600 1270			
	JT P <i>F</i> =	ARAMETERS:	0.44	0.40	0.29	0.40			
ŭ	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L 1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	0.14 1.10	0.40 1.02	1.03	0.16 0.97			
X2 =	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S)) EXP((D-60)/10)	9.40 4.48	5.89 4.48	9.01 4.48	6.39 4.48			
F =		303*X2	2847	1784	2731	1937			
Td =	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09			
Fc =	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.66	0.50	0.64	0.52			
Qe =	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2468	823	2693	1234	Total In Sum =	3705	PCU
DFC =	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.59	0.41	0.50	0.49	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.59	

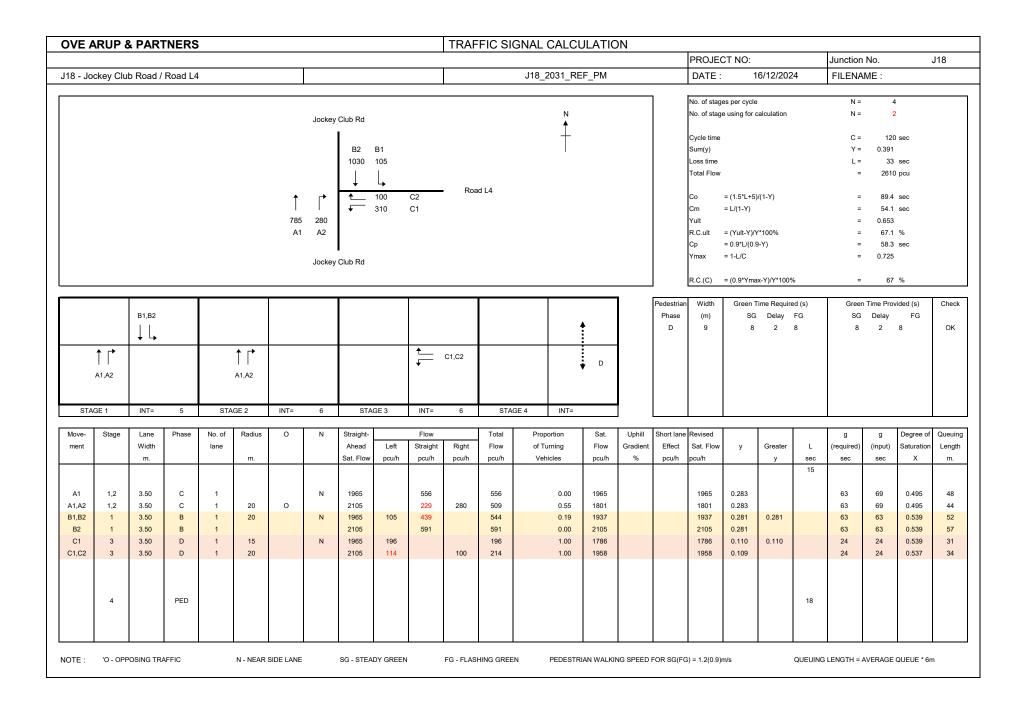


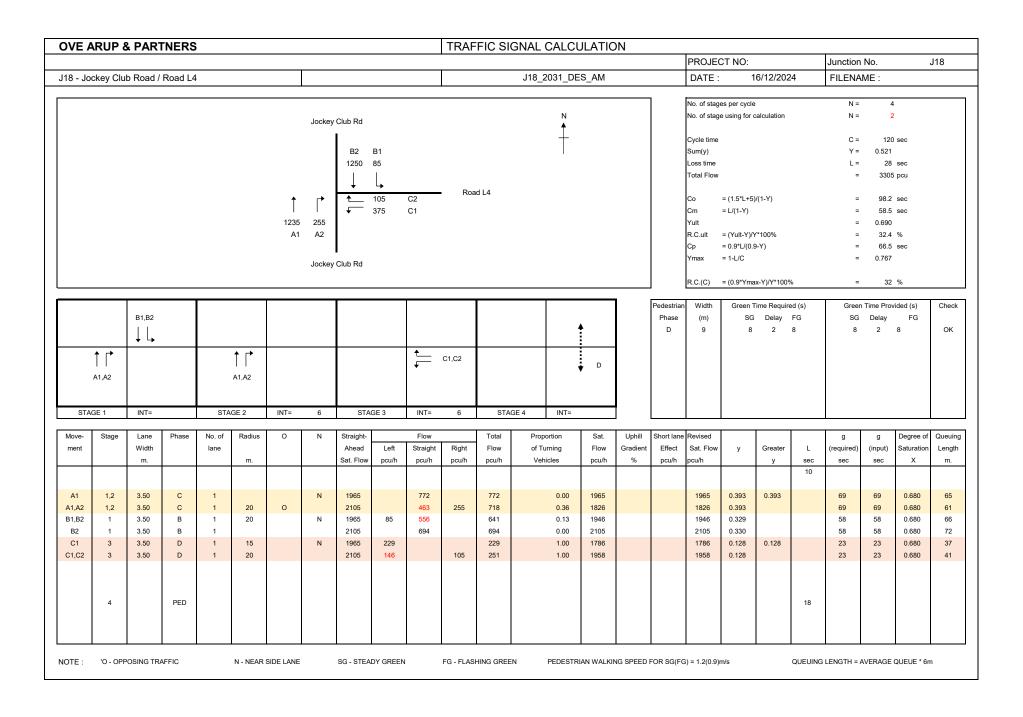


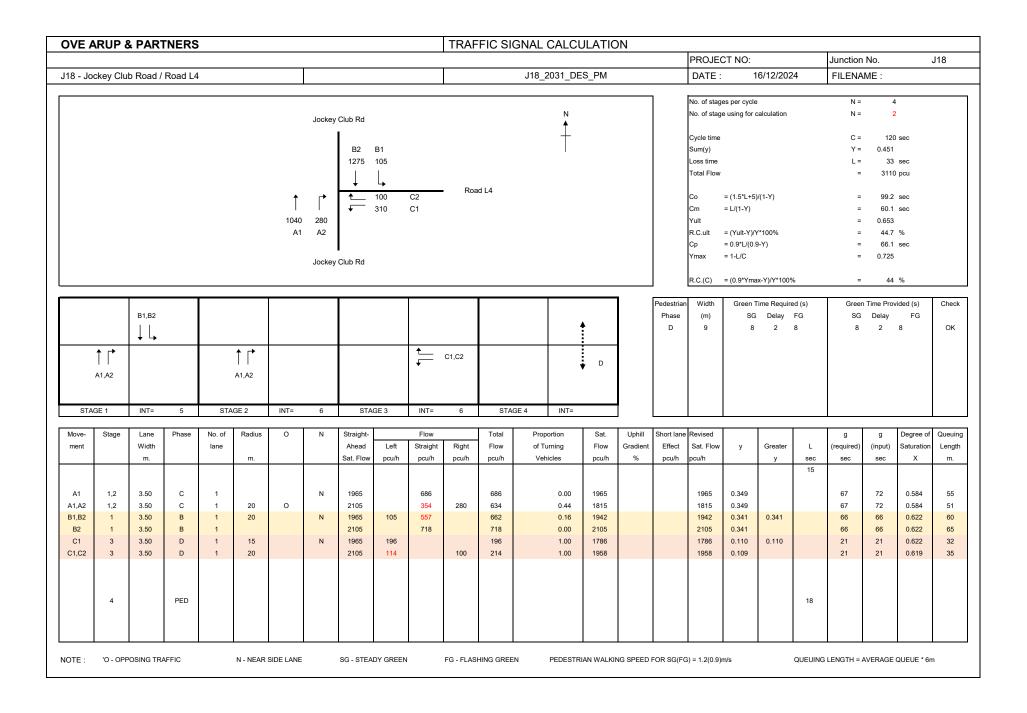


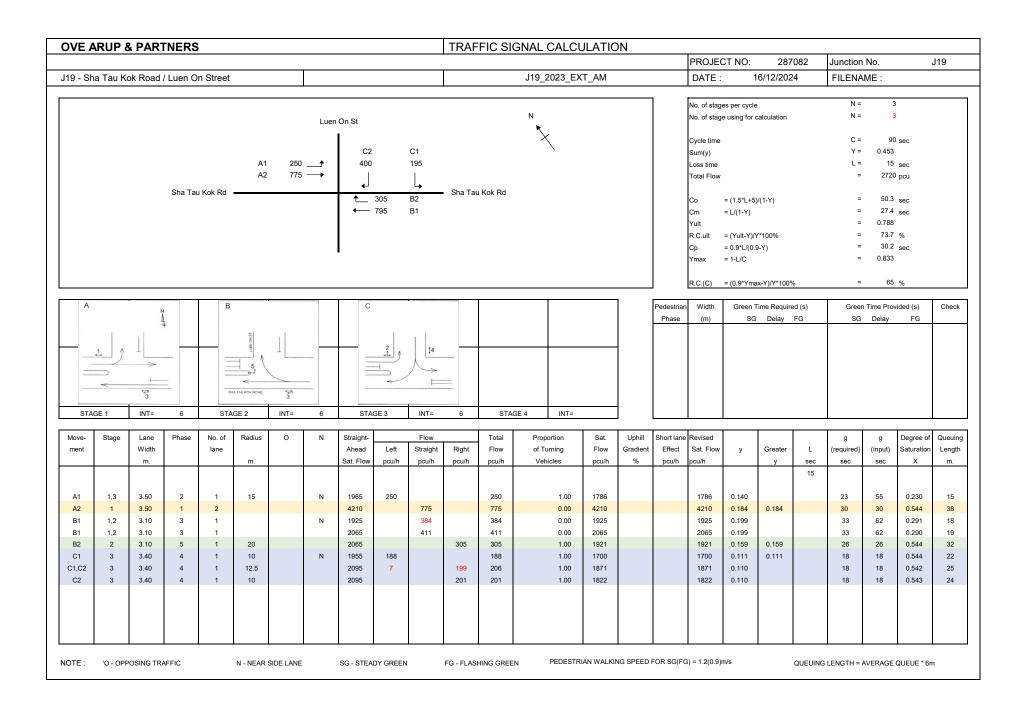


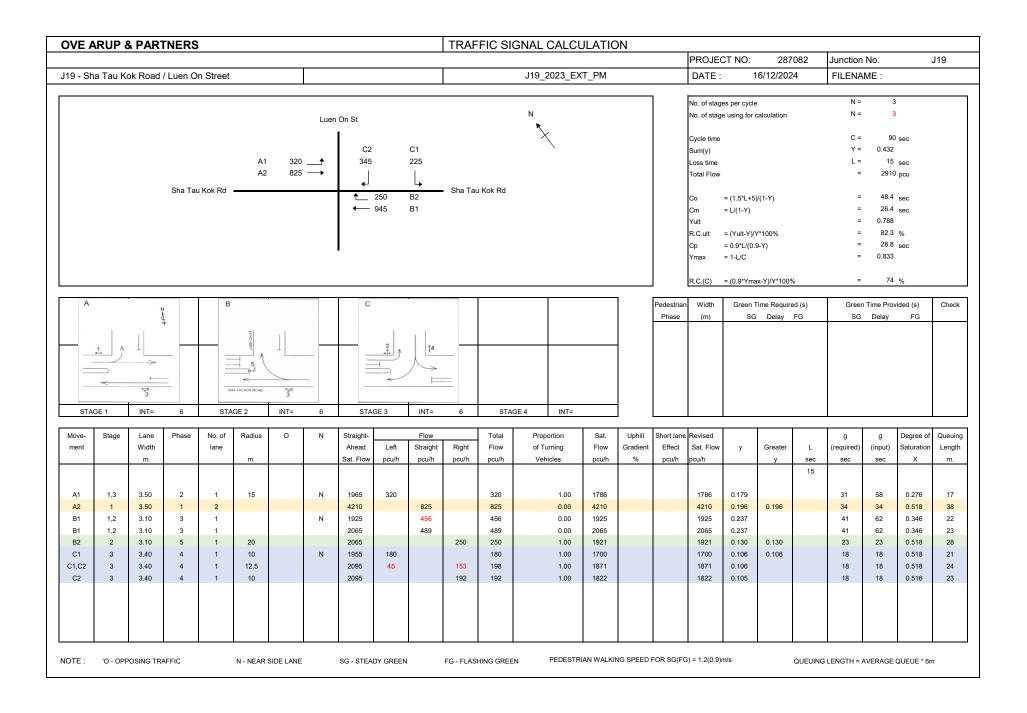


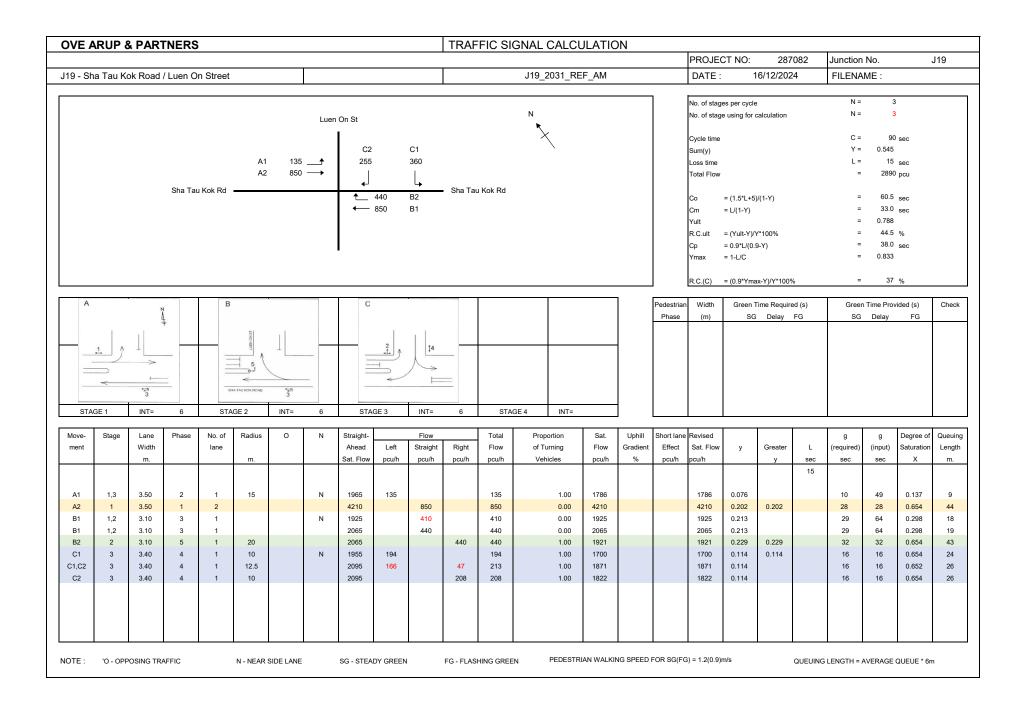


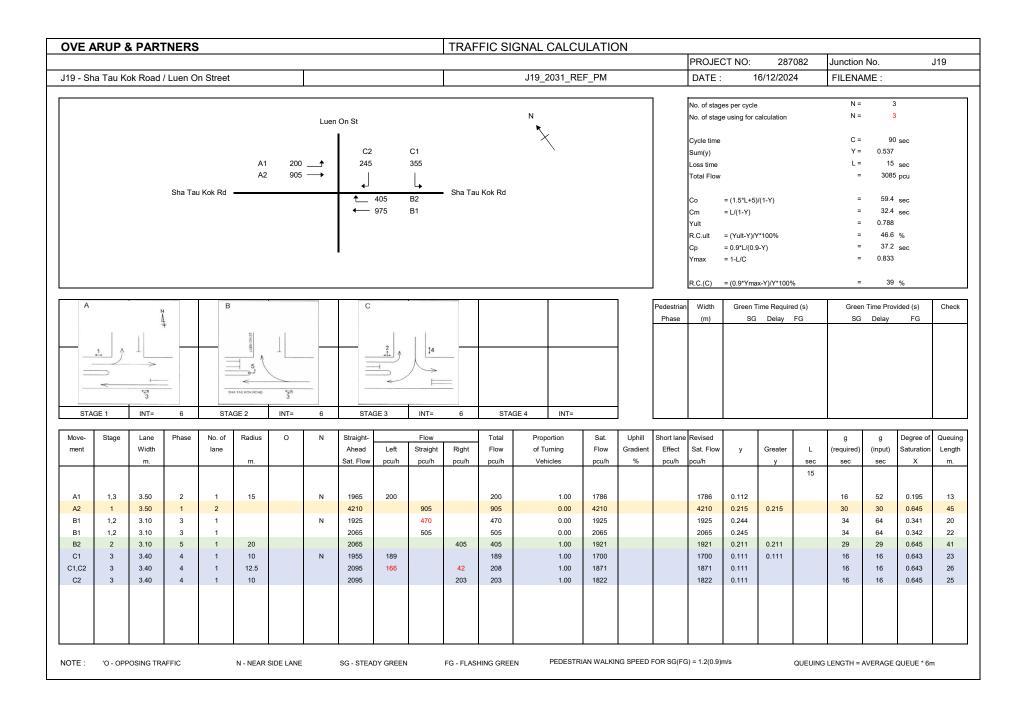


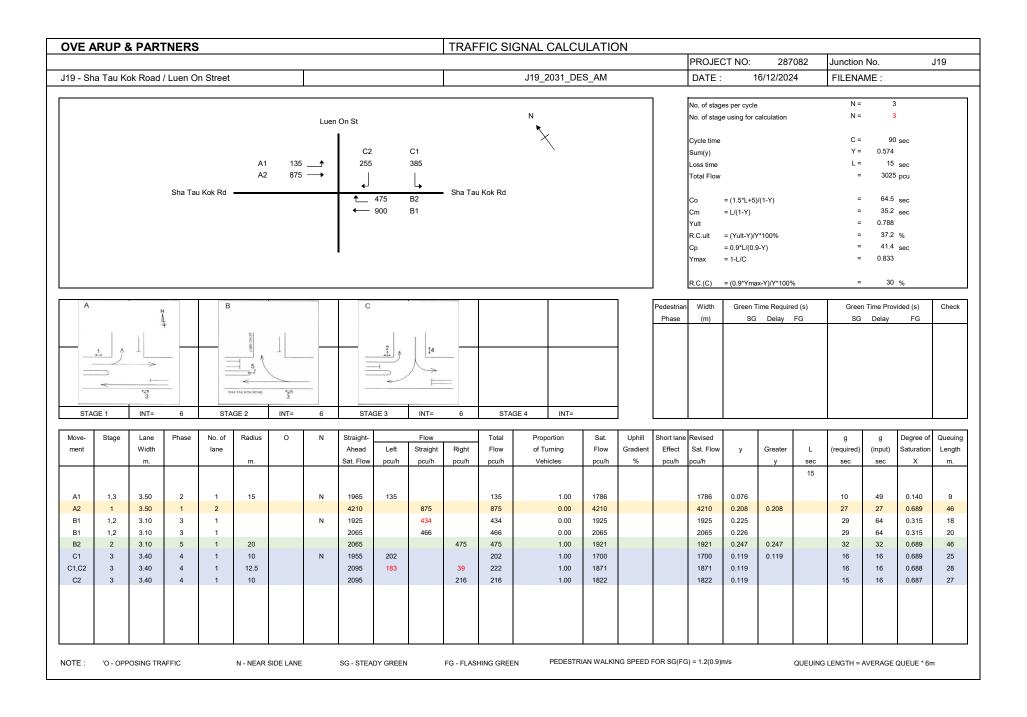


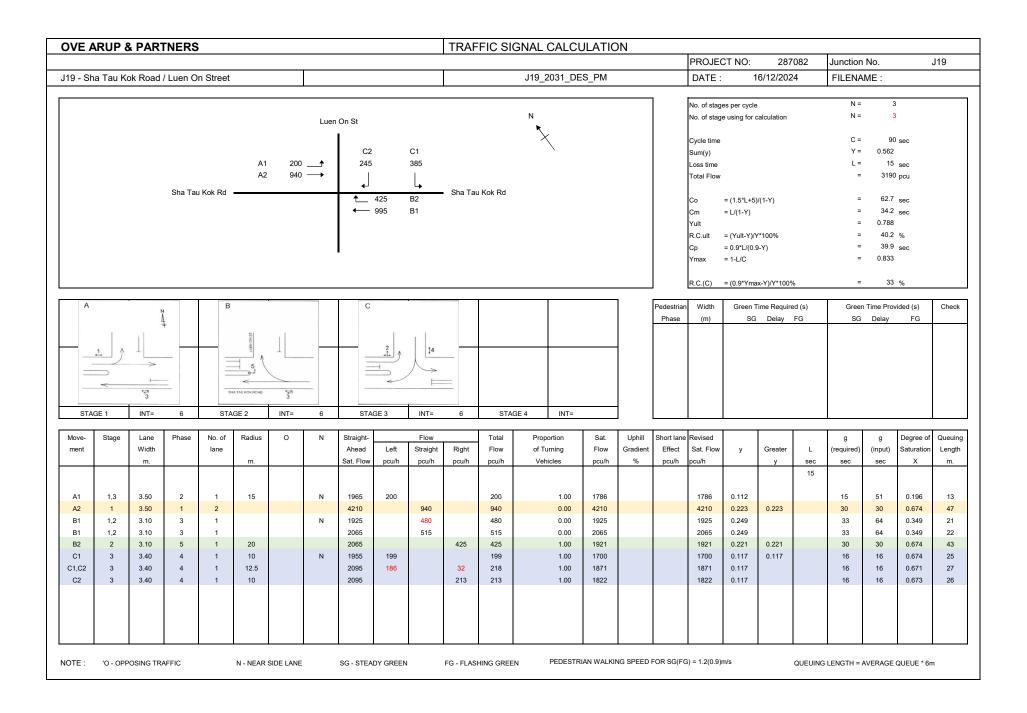


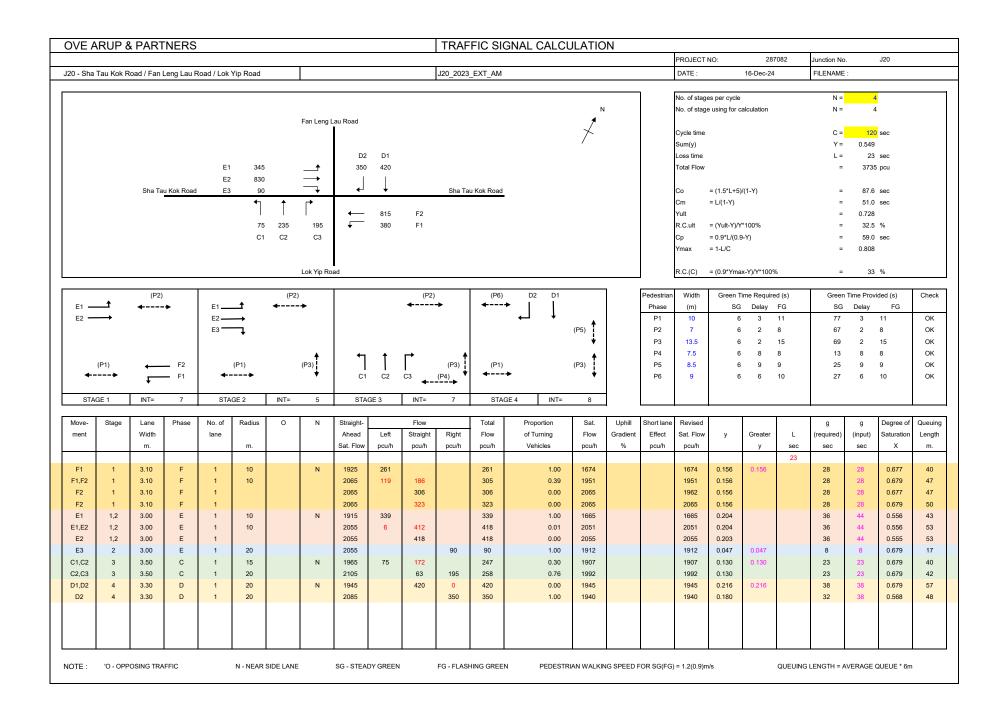


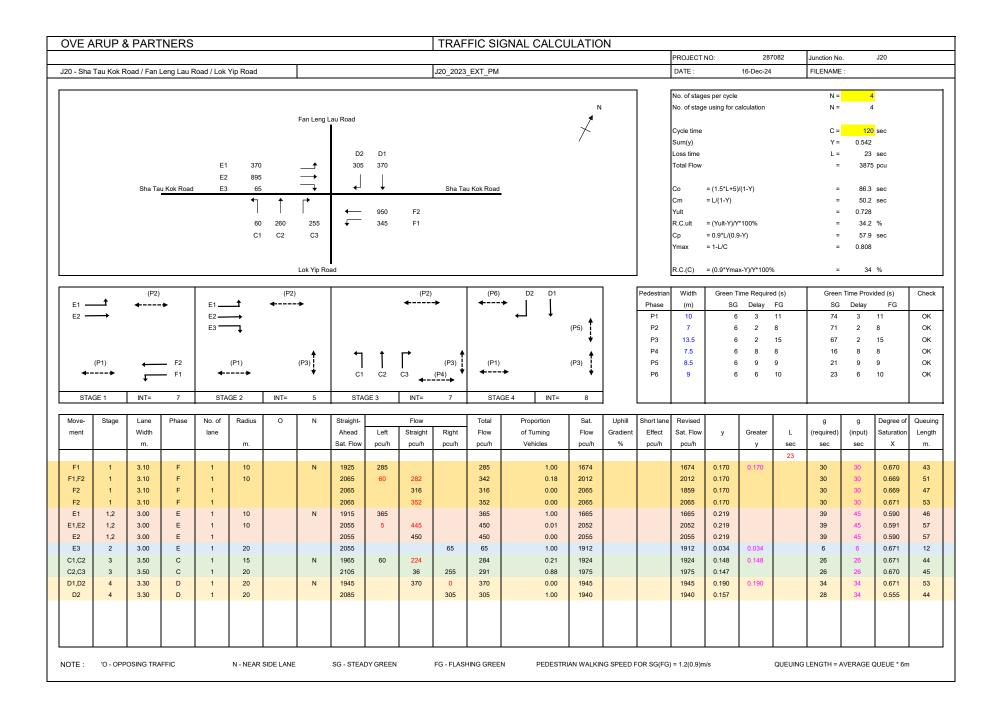


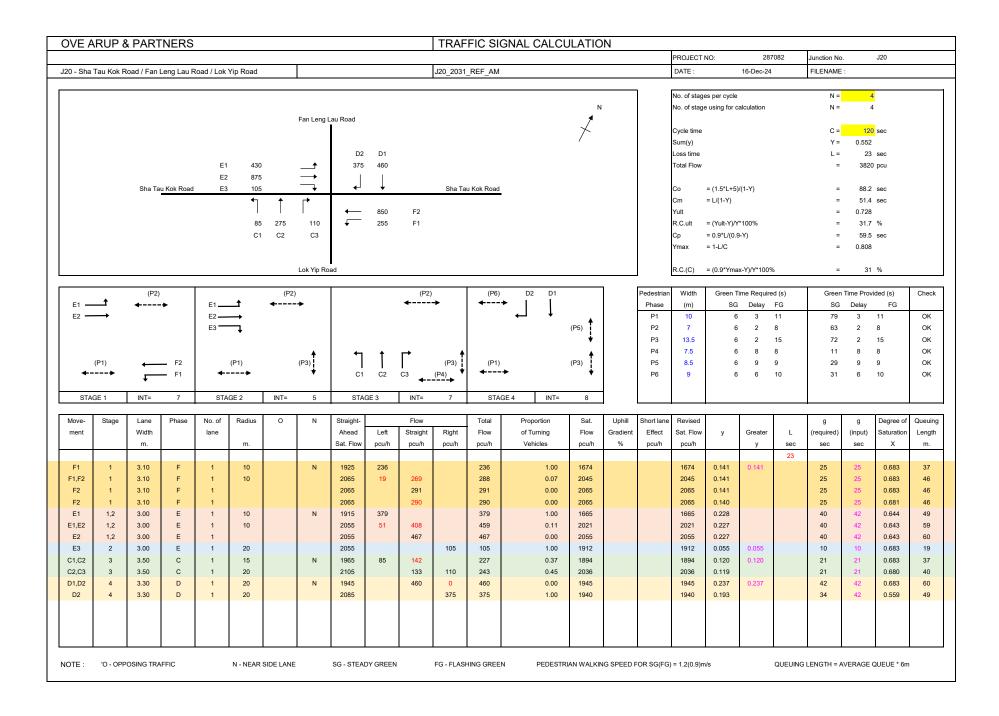


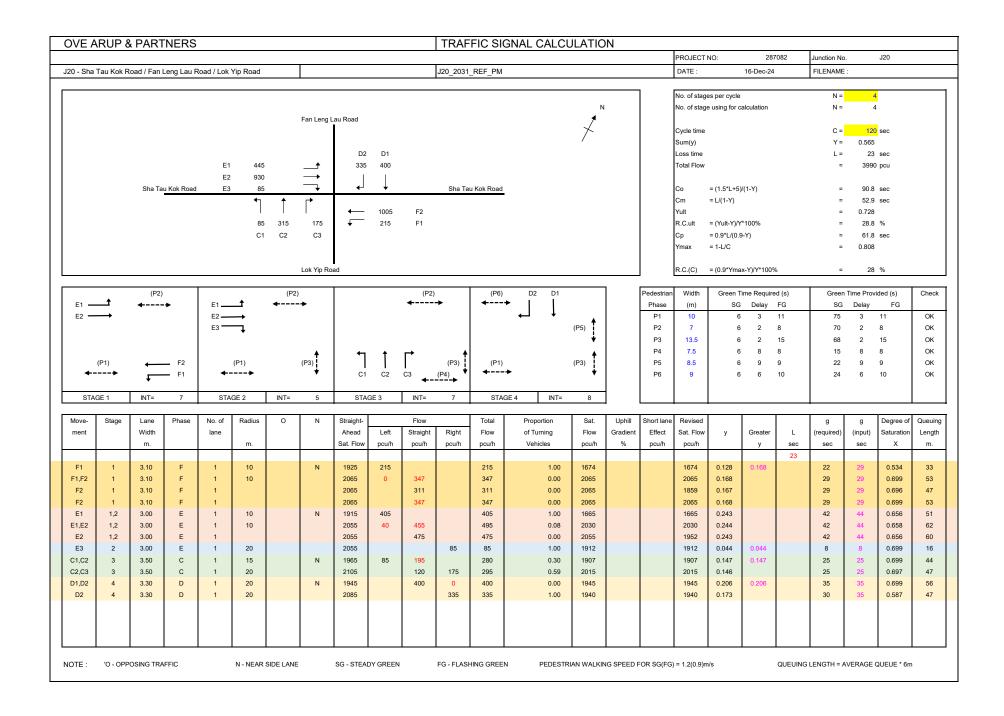


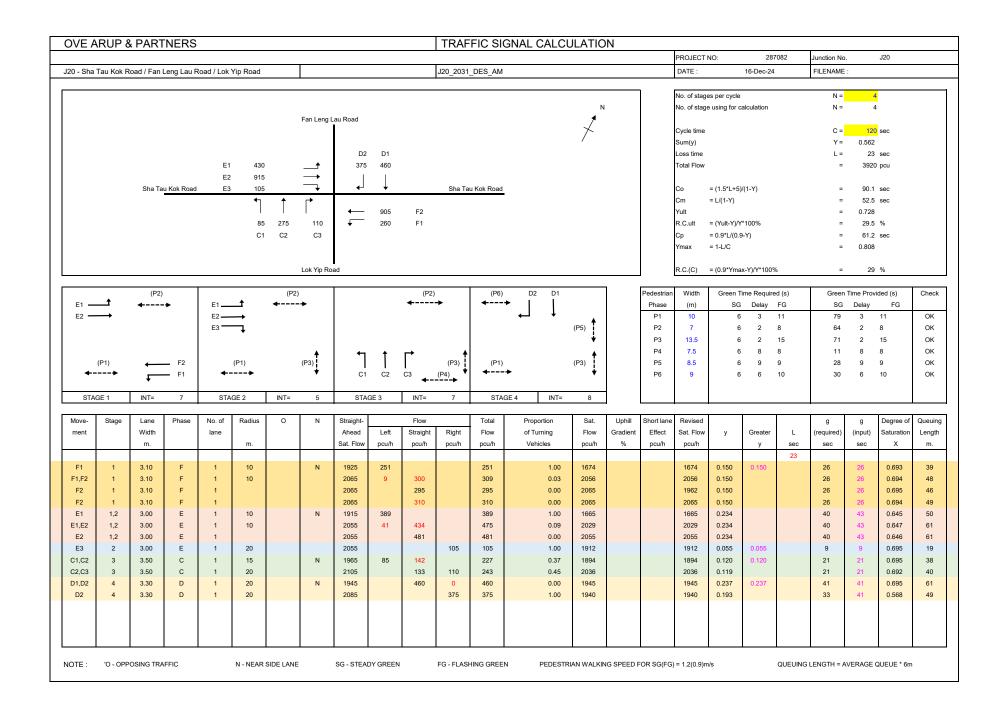


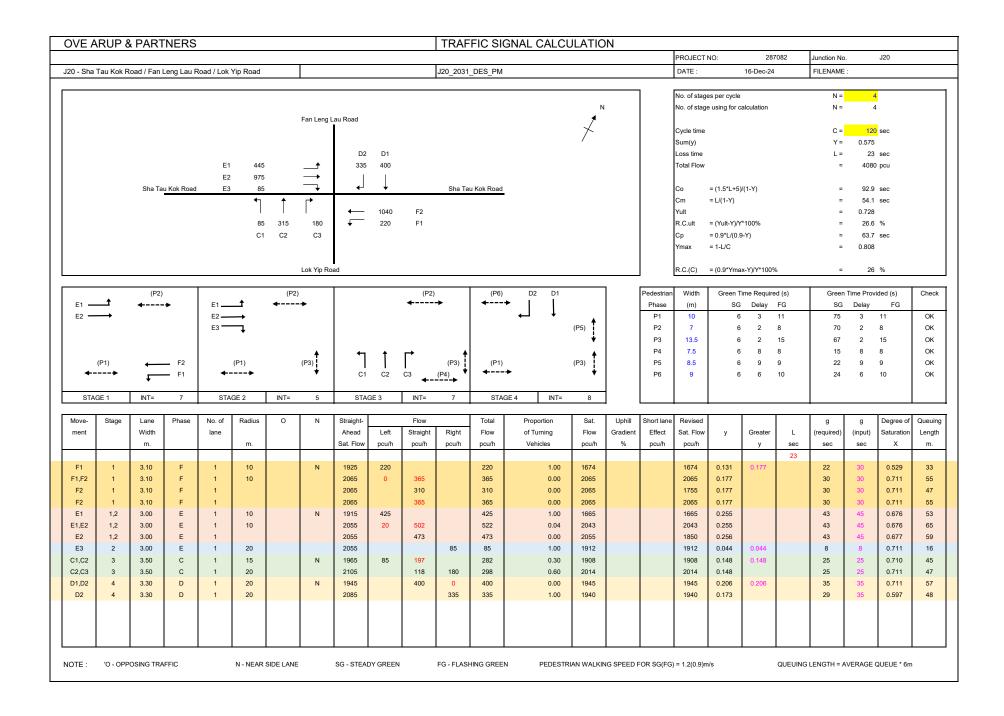




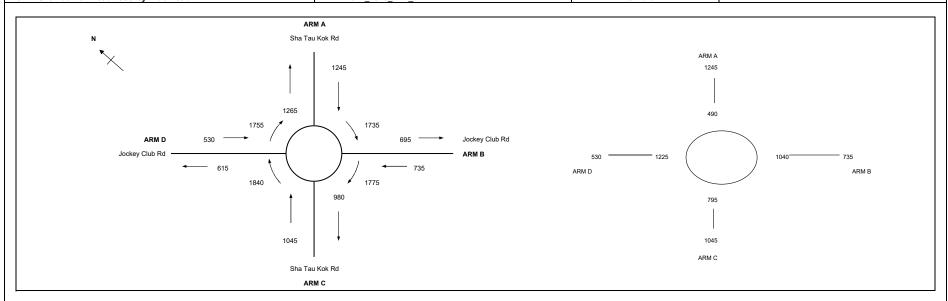






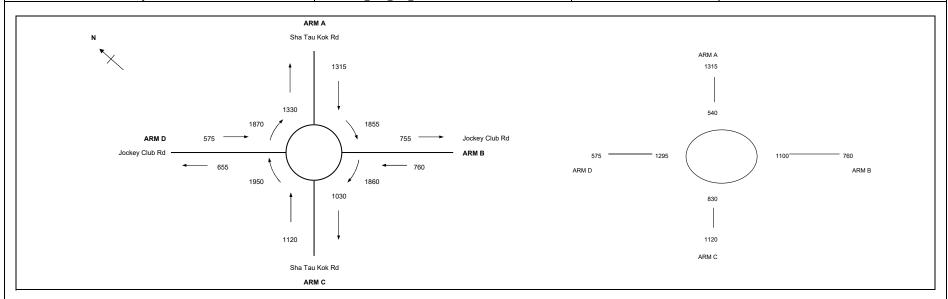


OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION		
			PROJECT NO. 287082
J21 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Jockev Club Road	J21 2023 EXT AM	DATE 16/12/2024	



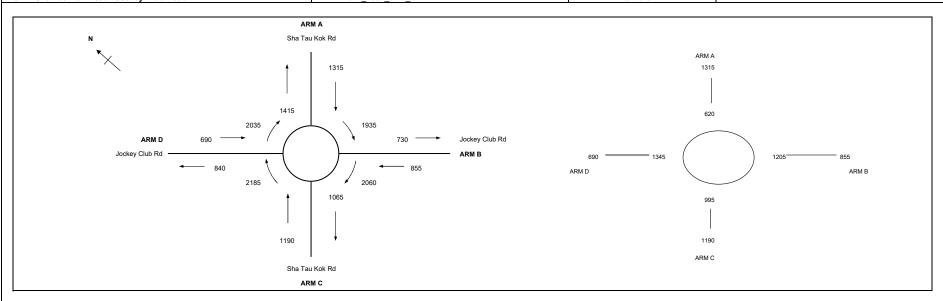
ARM			Α	В	С	D			
INPUT	PARAME	TERS:							
٧	=	Approach half width (m)	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.30			
E	=	Entry width (m)	9.00	8.00	9.00	8.00			
L	=	Effective length of flare (m)	10	10	15	10			
R	=	Entry radius (m)	30	35	50	30			
D	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	65	65	65	65			
Α	=	Entry angle (degree)	20	10	15	25			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1245	735	1045	530			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	490	1040	795	1225			
OUTP	UT PARAI	METERS:							
S	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.27	0.11	0.18	0.11			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.05	1.09	1.08	1.03			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.40	7.87	8.55	7.87			
М	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65			
F	=	303*X2	2546	2385	2590	2385			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.19			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.67	0.64	0.68	0.64			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2331	1872	2219	1652	Total In Sum =	3555	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.53	0.39	0.47	0.32	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.53	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION		
			PROJECT NO. 287082
J21 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Jockev Club Road	J21 2023 EXT PM	DATE 16/12/2024	



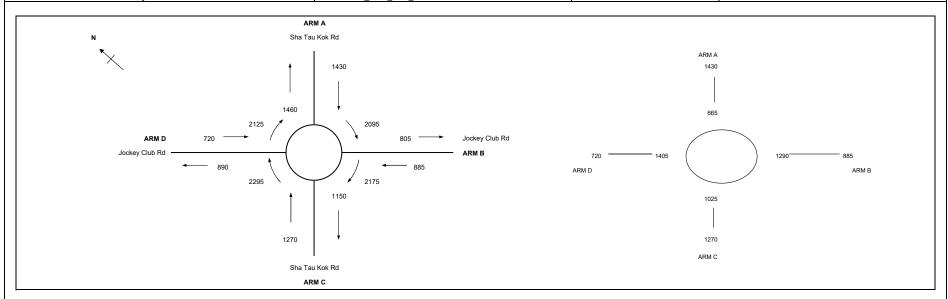
ARM		·	A	В	С	D			
INPUT	PARAME	ETERS:							
V	=	Approach half width (m)	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.30			
E	=	Entry width (m)	9.00	8.00	9.00	8.00			
L	=	Effective length of flare (m)	10	10	15	10			
R	=	Entry radius (m)	30	35	50	30			
D	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	65	65	65	65			
Α	=	Entry angle (degree)	20	10	15	25			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1315	760	1120	575			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	540	1100	830	1295			
OUTP	UT PARA	METERS:							
s	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.27	0.11	0.18	0.11			
ĸ	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.05	1.09	1.08	1.03			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.40	7.87	8.55	7.87			
М	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65			
F	=	303*X2	2546	2385	2590	2385			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.19			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.67	0.64	0.68	0.64			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2296	1830	2194	1605	Total In Sum =	3770	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.57	0.42	0.51	0.36	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.57	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION		
			PROJECT NO. 287082
J21 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Jockey Club Road	J21 2031 REF AM	DATE 16/12/2024	



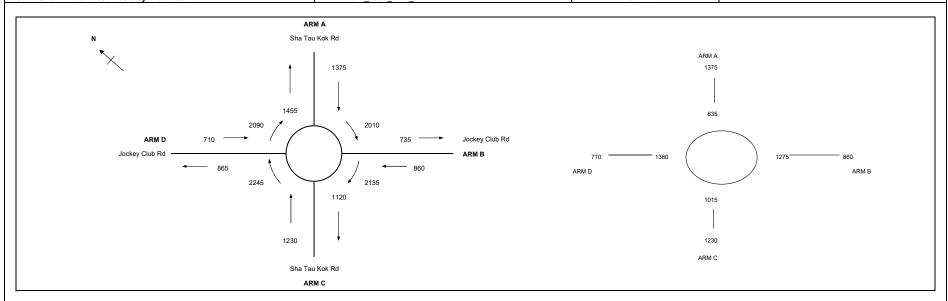
ARM			Α	В	С	D			
INPUT	PARAME	TERS:							
٧	=	Approach half width (m)	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.30			
E	=	Entry width (m)	9.00	8.00	9.00	8.00			
L	=	Effective length of flare (m)	10	10	15	10			
R	=	Entry radius (m)	30	35	50	30			
D	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	65	65	65	65			
Α	=	Entry angle (degree)	20	10	15	25			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1315	855	1190	690			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	620	1205	995	1345			
OUTP	UT PARAI	METERS:							
s	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.27	0.11	0.18	0.11			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.05	1.09	1.08	1.03			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.40	7.87	8.55	7.87			
М	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65			
F	=	303*X2	2546	2385	2590	2385			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.19			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.67	0.64	0.68	0.64			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2239	1756	2073	1572	Total In Sum =	4050	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.59	0.49	0.58	0.44	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.59	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION		
			PROJECT NO. 287082
J21 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Jockey Club Road	.121 2031 REF PM	DATE 16/12/2024	



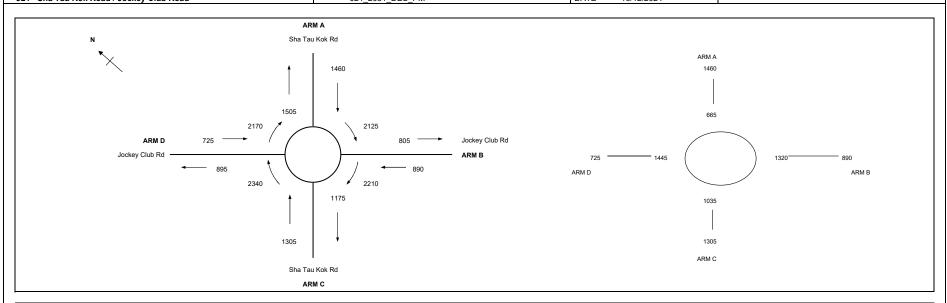
ARM			Α	В	С	D			
INPUT	PARAME	TERS:							
V	=	Approach half width (m)	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.30			
E	=	Entry width (m)	9.00	8.00	9.00	8.00			
L	=	Effective length of flare (m)	10	10	15	10			
R	=	Entry radius (m)	30	35	50	30			
D	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	65	65	65	65			
Α	=	Entry angle (degree)	20	10	15	25			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1430	885	1270	720			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	665	1290	1025	1405			
OUTP	UT PARAI	METERS:							
s	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.27	0.11	0.18	0.11			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.05	1.09	1.08	1.03			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.40	7.87	8.55	7.87			
М	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65			
F	=	303*X2	2546	2385	2590	2385			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.19			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.67	0.64	0.68	0.64			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2208	1697	2051	1532	Total In Sum =	4305	PCU
ĺ									
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.65	0.53	0.62	0.47	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.65	
l									
i									

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION		
			PROJECT NO. 287082
J21 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Jockey Club Road	.121 2031 DES AM	DATE 16/12/2024	



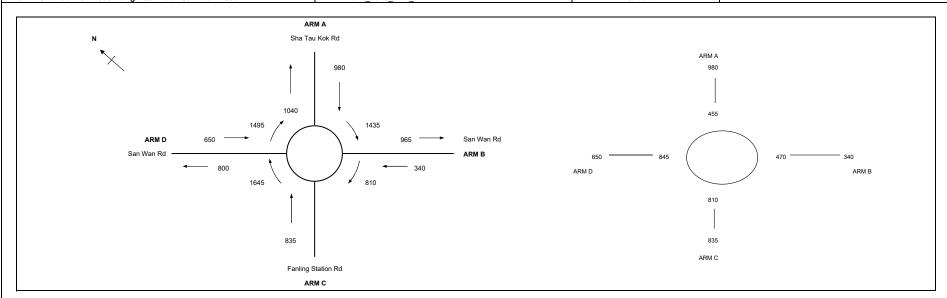
ARM			A	В	С	D			
INPUT	PARAME	TERS:							
.,	=	Approach half width (m)	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.30			
·	_	Entry width (m)	9.00	8.00	9.00	8.00			
-	_	Effective length of flare (m)	10	10	15	10			
P.	_	Entry radius (m)	30	35	50	30			
D.	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	65	65	65	65			
Δ	=	Entry angle (degree)	20	10	15	25			
0	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1375	860	1230	710			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	635	1275	1015	1380			
QC		Officiality flow across critisy (pearly)	000	1275	1010	1500			
OUTP	JT PARAM	METERS:							
s	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.27	0.11	0.18	0.11			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.05	1.09	1.08	1.03			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.40	7.87	8.55	7.87			
М	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65			
F	=	303*X2	2546	2385	2590	2385			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.19			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.67	0.64	0.68	0.64			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2229	1707	2058	1549	Total In Sum =	4175	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.62	0.51	0.60	0.46	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.62	
			3.02	0.01	0.00	0.10	_ :	****	
Í									

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION		
			PROJECT NO. 287082
J21 - Sha Tau Kok Road / Jockey Club Road	.J21 2031 DES PM	DATE 16/12/2024	



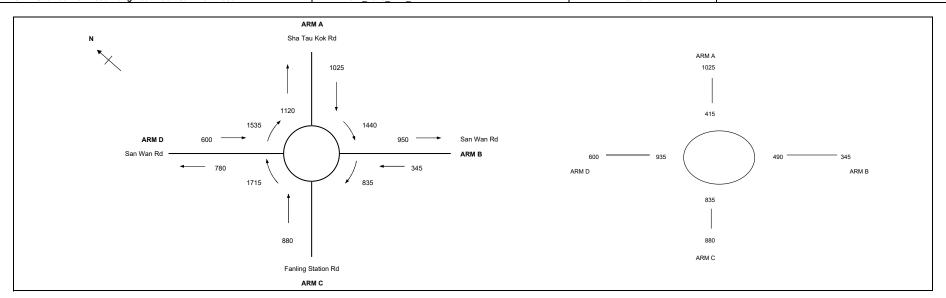
ARM			A	В	С	D			
INPUT	PARAME	ETERS:							
V	=	Approach half width (m)	7.30	7.30	7.30	7.30			
F	_	Entry width (m)	9.00	8.00	9.00	8.00			
	=	Effective length of flare (m)	10	10	15	10			
P	=	Entry radius (m)	30	35	50	30			
, ,	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	65	65	65	65			
Δ	=	Entry angle (degree)	20	10	15	25			
0	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1460	890	1305	725			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	665	1320	1035	1445			
Qυ		Circulating new across chary (pourn)	000	1020	1000	1445			
OUTPL	JT PARAM	METERS:							
s	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.27	0.11	0.18	0.11			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.05	1.09	1.08	1.03			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.40	7.87	8.55	7.87			
М	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.65			
F	=	303*X2	2546	2385	2590	2385			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.19	1.19	1.19	1.19			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.67	0.64	0.68	0.64			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2208	1676	2044	1506	Total In Sum =	4380	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.67	0.54	0.64	0.49	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.67	
5. 0		Booker nonvocapacity and	0.07	0.04	0.04	0.10	2. 2 3. 3	0.07	
ı									

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION		
			PROJECT NO. 287082
J22 - Sha Tau Kok Road-Lung Yeuk Tau / San Wan Road	J22 2023 EXT AM	DATE 16/12/2024	



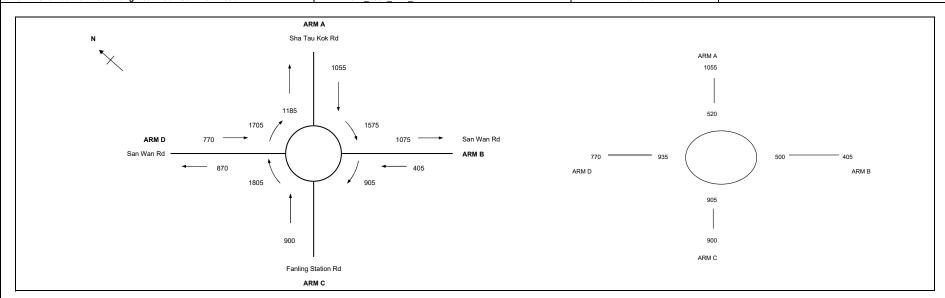
		A	В	С	D			
PARAM	METERS:							
		5.50	7.30	7.30	6.00			
=	Approach half width (m)	10.00	10.50	10.00	7.50			
=	Entry width (m)							
=	Effective length of flare (m)	30	50	15	50			
=	Entry radius (m)	100	100	25	50			
=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	55	55	55	55			
=	Entry angle (degree)	10	30	30	15			
=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	980	340	835	650			
=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	455	470	810	845			
UT PAR	RAMETERS:							
=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.24	0.10	0.29	0.05			
=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.11	1.04	1.01	1.08			
=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.54	9.96	9.01	7.37			
=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.61	0.61	0.61	0.61			
=	303*X2	2588	3017	2731	2233			
=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.31	1.31	1.31	1.31			
=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.75	0.82	0.77	0.68			
=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2492	2732	2126	1792	Total In Sum =	2805	PCU
						PEO 10 W 14		
=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.39	0.12	0.39	0.36	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.39	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION		
			PROJECT NO. 287082
J22 - Sha Tau Kok Road-Lung Yeuk Tau / San Wan Road	J22 2023 EXT PM	DATE 16/12/2024	



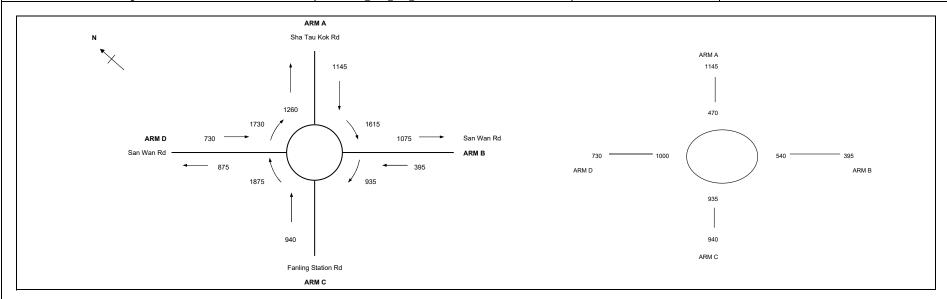
ARM			A	В	С	D			
IPUT	PARAME	TERS:							
,	=	Approach half width (m)	5.50	7.30	7.30	6.00			
	_	Entry width (m)	10.00	10.50	10.00	7.50			
	_	Effective length of flare (m)	30	50	15	50			
	_	Entry radius (m)	100	100	25	50			
	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	55	55	55	55			
	=	Entry angle (degree)	10	30	30	15			
· }	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1025	345	880	600			
)c	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	415	490	835	935			
UTPL	UT PARA	METERS:							
	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.24	0.10	0.29	0.05			
:	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.11	1.04	1.01	1.08			
2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.54	9.96	9.01	7.37			
1	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.61	0.61	0.61	0.61			
	=	303*X2	2588	3017	2731	2233			
d	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.31	1.31	1.31	1.31			
С	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.75	0.82	0.77	0.68			
Qe .	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2526	2715	2107	1726	Total In Sum =	2850	PCU
250		Dealer Apploanable Office	0.44	0.40	0.40	0.05	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.42	
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.41	0.13	0.42	0.35	DEG OF GRICCH Approach =	0.42	

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION		
			PROJECT NO. 287082
J22 - Sha Tau Kok Road-Lung Yeuk Tau / San Wan Road	J22 2031 REF AM	DATE 16/12/2024	



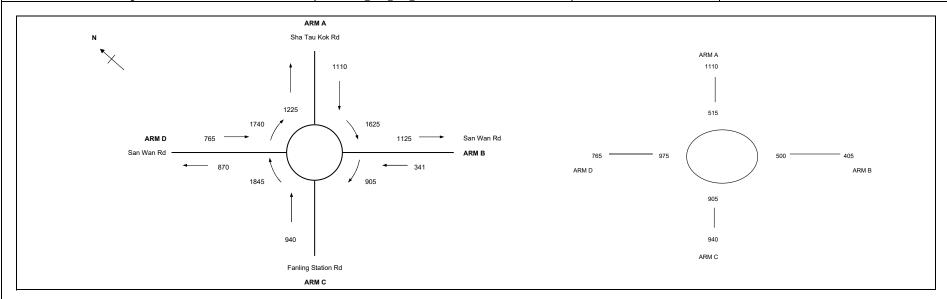
ARM			A	В	С	D			
INPUT	PARAME	TERS:							
			5.50	7.00	7.00	0.00			
/	=	Approach half width (m)	5.50	7.30	7.30	6.00			
1	=	Entry width (m)	10.00	10.50	10.00	7.50			
-	=	Effective length of flare (m)	30	50	15	50			
₹	=	Entry radius (m)	100	100	25	50			
)	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	55	55	55	55			
A	=	Entry angle (degree)	10	30	30	15			
2	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1055	405	900	770			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	520	500	905	935			
OUTPL	JT PARAM	METERS:							
3	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.24	0.10	0.29	0.05			
<	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.11	1.04	1.01	1.08			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.54	9.96	9.01	7.37			
М	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.61	0.61	0.61	0.61			
F	=	303*X2	2588	3017	2731	2233			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.31	1.31	1.31	1.31			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.75	0.82	0.77	0.68			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2439	2707	2052	1726	Total In Sum =	3130	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.44	0.15	0.44	0.45	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.45	
							••		

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION		
			PROJECT NO. 287082
J22 - Sha Tau Kok Road-Lung Yeuk Tau / San Wan Road	J22 2031 REF PM	DATE 16/12/2024	



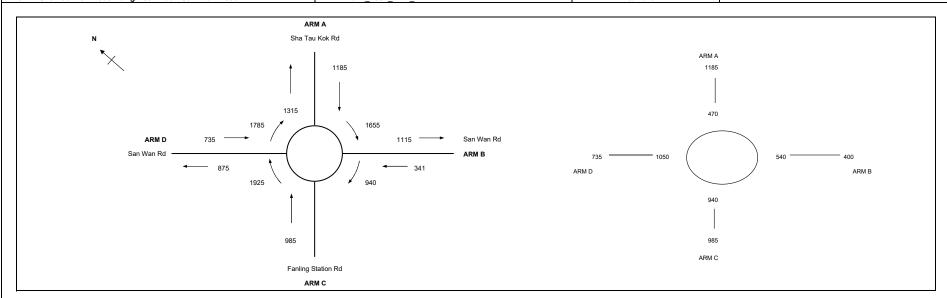
ARM			A	В	С	D			
INPUT	PARAME	TERS:							
V	=	Approach half width (m)	5.50	7.30	7.30	6.00			
E	=	Entry width (m)	10.00	10.50	10.00	7.50			
L	=	Effective length of flare (m)	30	50	15	50			
R	=	Entry radius (m)	100	100	25	50			
D	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	55	55	55	55			
Α	=	Entry angle (degree)	10	30	30	15			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1145	395	940	730			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	470	540	935	1000			
OUTPU	JT PARAM	METERS:							
S	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.24	0.10	0.29	0.05			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.11	1.04	1.01	1.08			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.54	9.96	9.01	7.37			
М	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.61	0.61	0.61	0.61			
F	=	303*X2	2588	3017	2731	2233			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.31	1.31	1.31	1.31			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.75	0.82	0.77	0.68			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2480	2673	2029	1678	Total In Sum =	3210	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.47	0.15	0.47	0.44	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.47	
l									

OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION		
			PROJECT NO. 287082
J22 - Sha Tau Kok Road-Lung Yeuk Tau / San Wan Road	J22 2031 DES AM	DATE 16/12/2024	

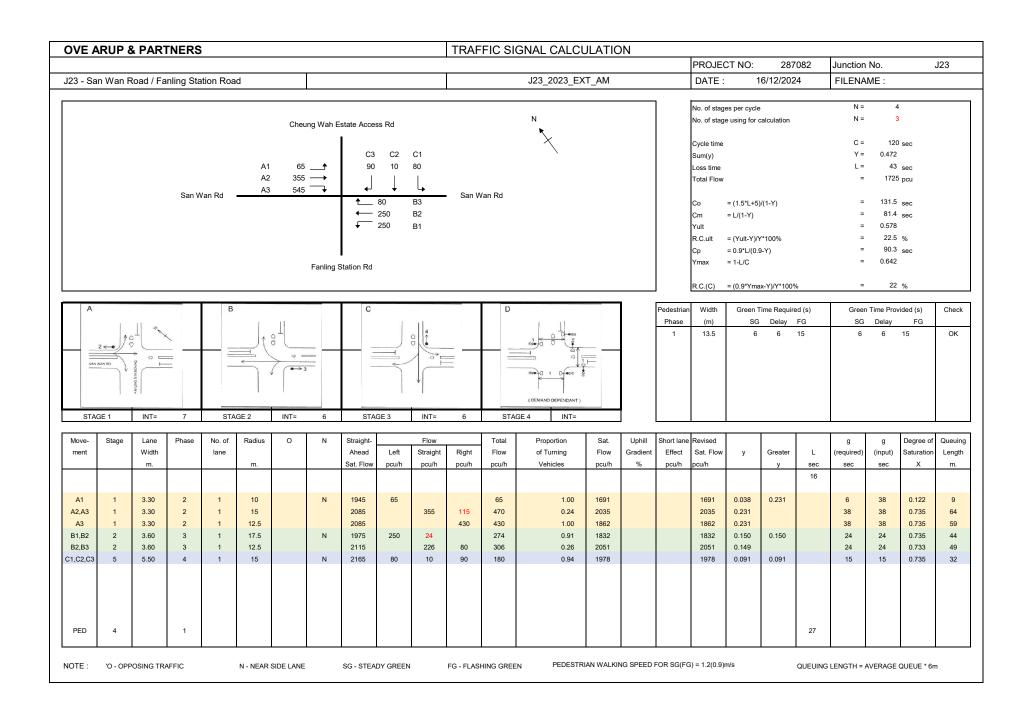


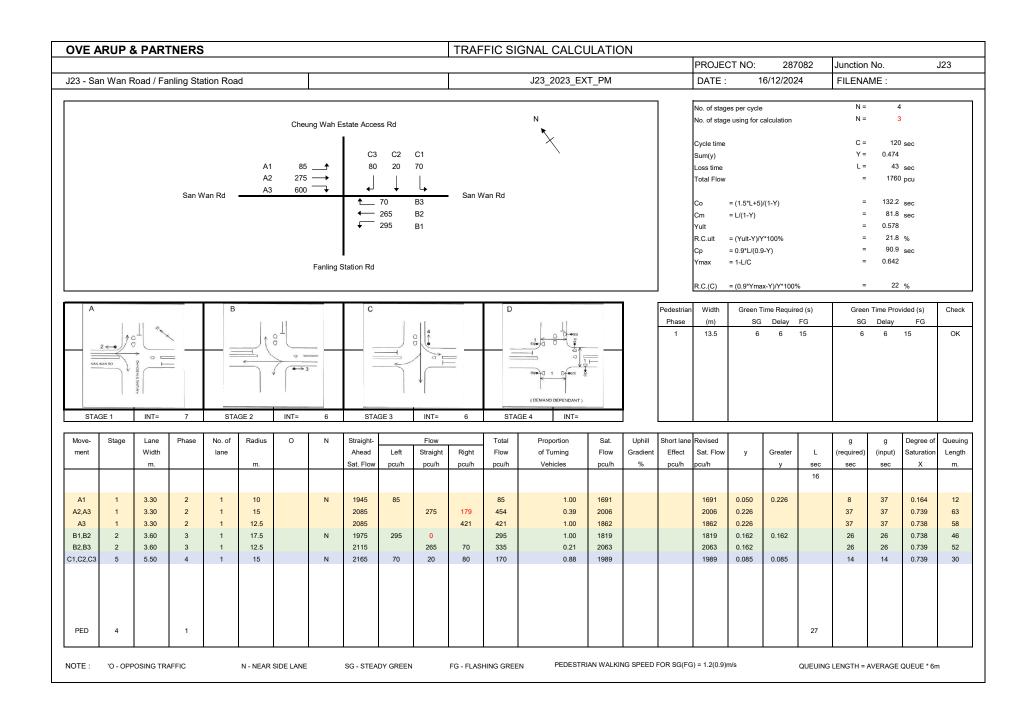
ARM			А	В	С	D			
INPUT	PARAME	TERS:							
V	=	Approach half width (m)	5.50	7.30	7.30	6.00			
E	=	Entry width (m)	10.00	10.50	10.00	7.50			
L	=	Effective length of flare (m)	30	50	15	50			
R	=	Entry radius (m)	100	100	25	50			
D	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	55	55	55	55			
Α	=	Entry angle (degree)	10	30	30	15			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1110	405	940	765			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	515	500	905	975			
OUTPU	JT PARAM	METERS:							
s	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.24	0.10	0.29	0.05			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.11	1.04	1.01	1.08			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.54	9.96	9.01	7.37			
М	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.61	0.61	0.61	0.61			
F	=	303*X2	2588	3017	2731	2233			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.31	1.31	1.31	1.31			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.75	0.82	0.77	0.68			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2443	2707	2052	1696	Total In Sum =	3220	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.46	0.15	0.46	0.46	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.46	

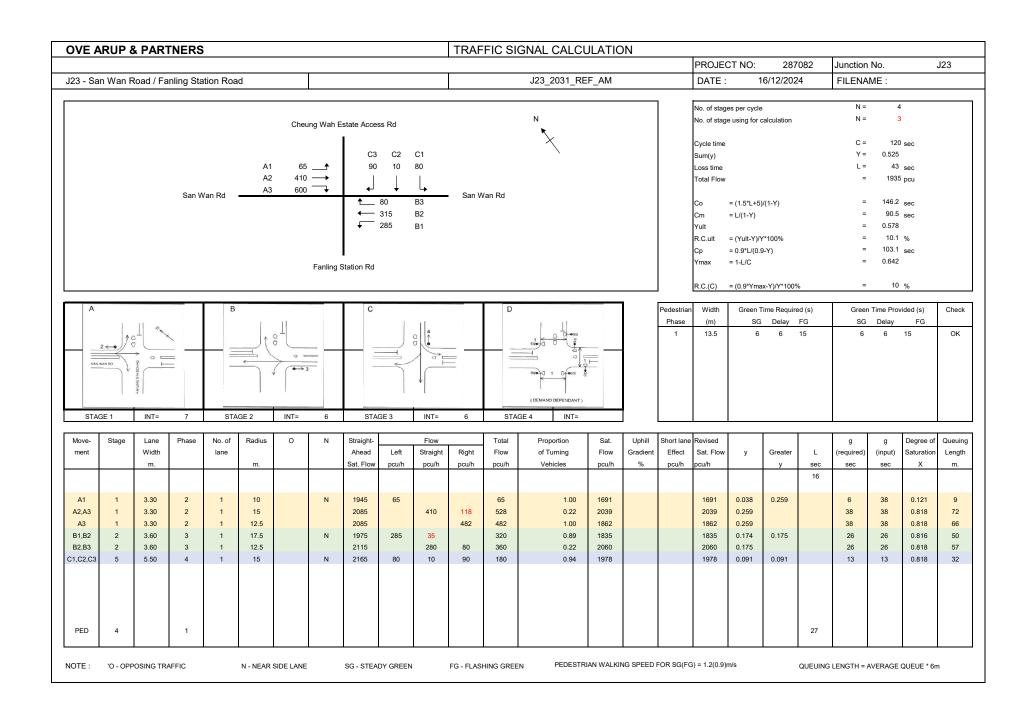
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	ROUNDABOUT CALCULATION		
			PROJECT NO. 287082
J22 - Sha Tau Kok Road-Lung Yeuk Tau / San Wan Road	J22 2031 DES PM	DATE 16/12/2024	

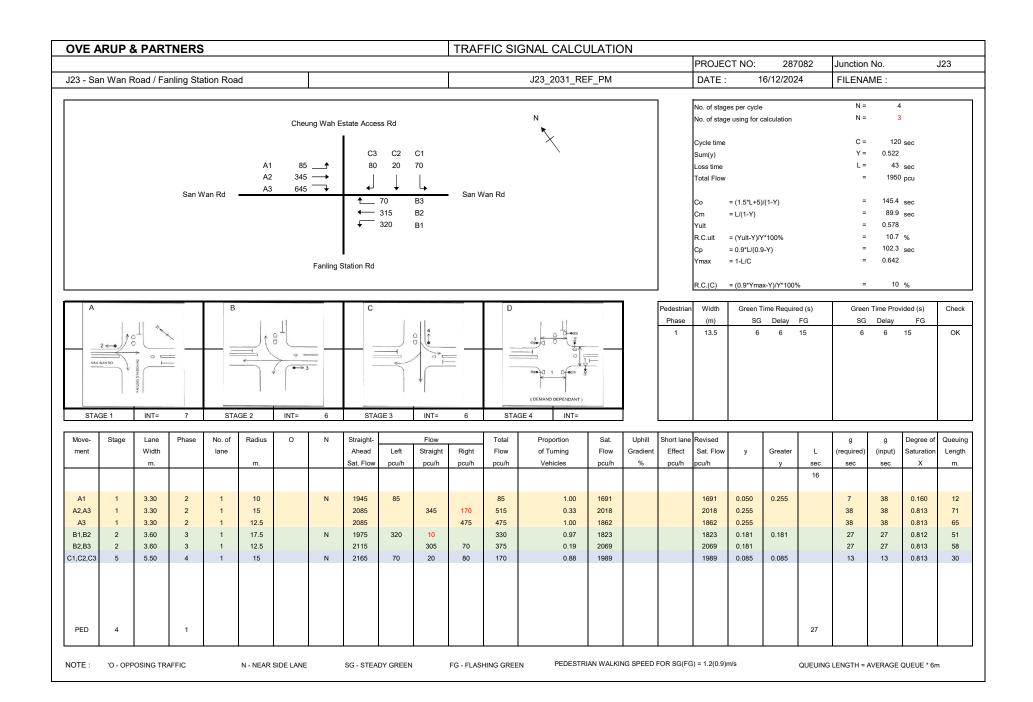


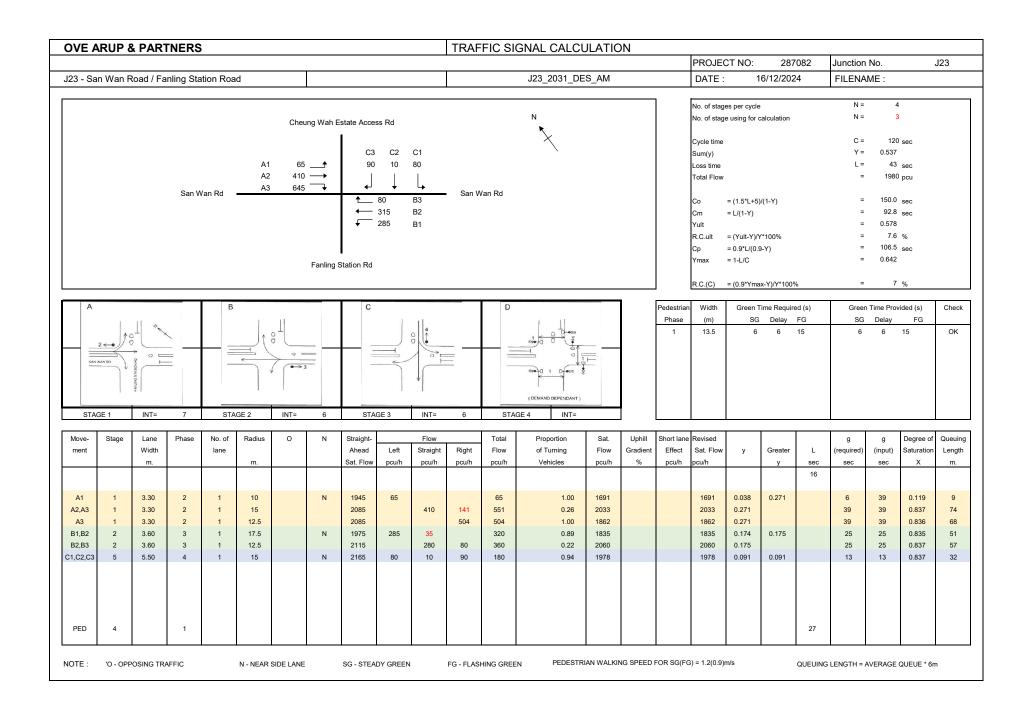
ARM			A	В	С	D			
INPUT	PARAME	TERS:							
V	=	Approach half width (m)	5.50	7.30	7.30	6.00			
E	=	Entry width (m)	10.00	10.50	10.00	7.50			
-	=	Effective length of flare (m)	30	50	15	50			
3	=	Entry radius (m)	100	100	25	50			
)	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	55	55	55	55			
	=	Entry angle (degree)	10	30	30	15			
2	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1185	400	985	735			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	470	540	940	1050			
DUTPU	JT PARAM	METERS:							
S	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.24	0.10	0.29	0.05			
<	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.11	1.04	1.01	1.08			
K 2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	8.54	9.96	9.01	7.37			
М	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.61	0.61	0.61	0.61			
F	=	303*X2	2588	3017	2731	2233			
Γd	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.31	1.31	1.31	1.31			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.75	0.82	0.77	0.68			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2480	2673	2025	1641	Total In Sum =	3305	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.48	0.15	0.49	0.45	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.49	

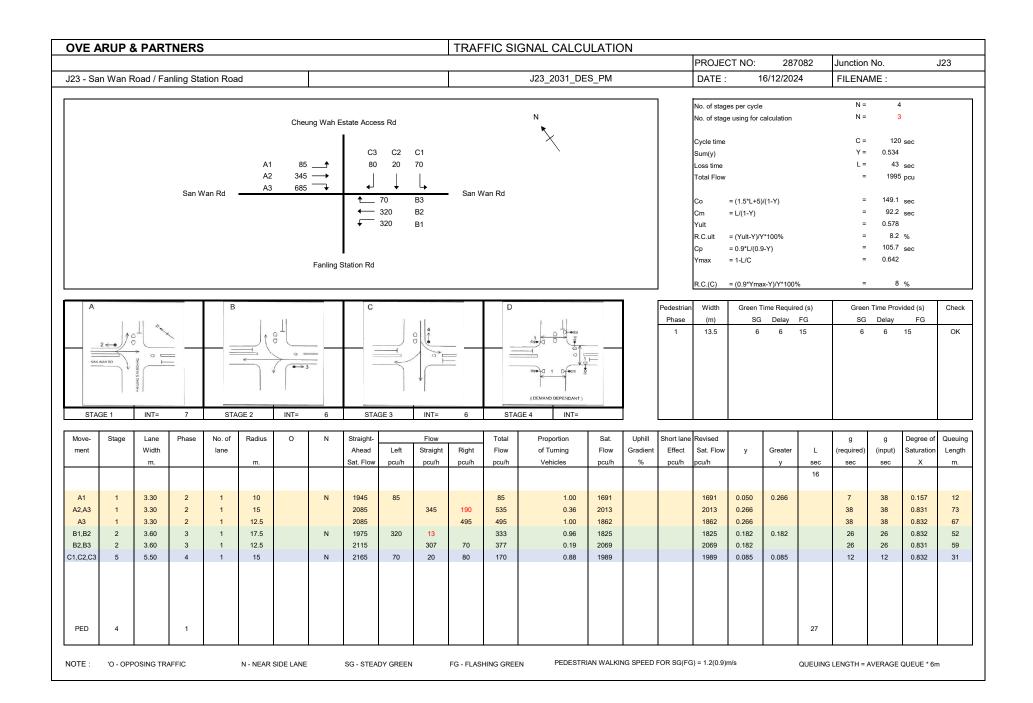


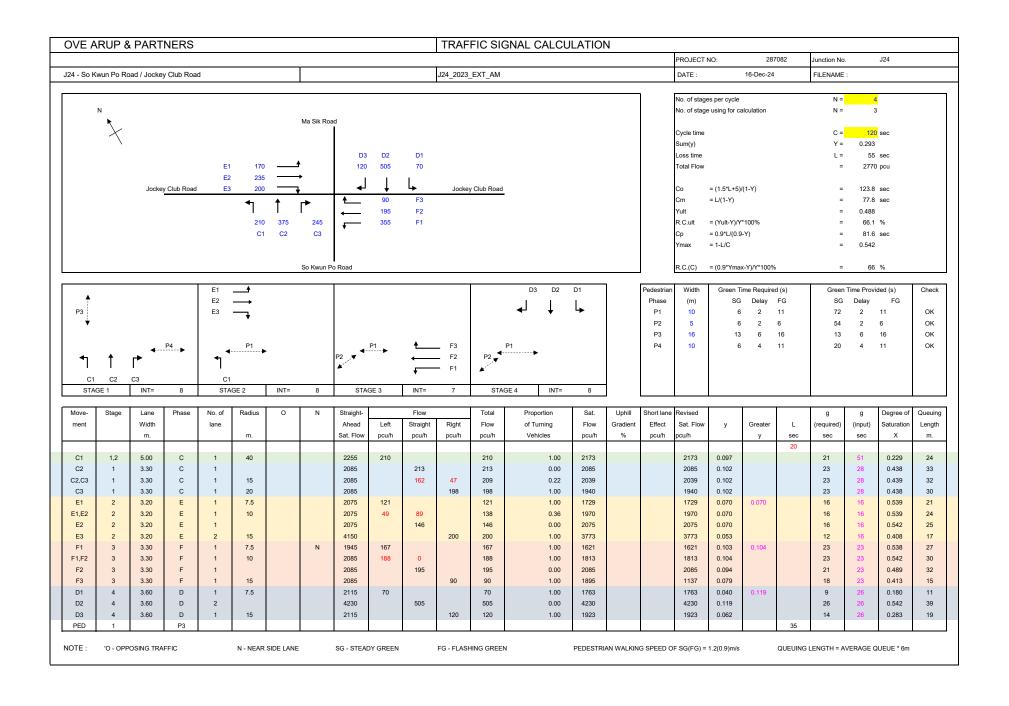


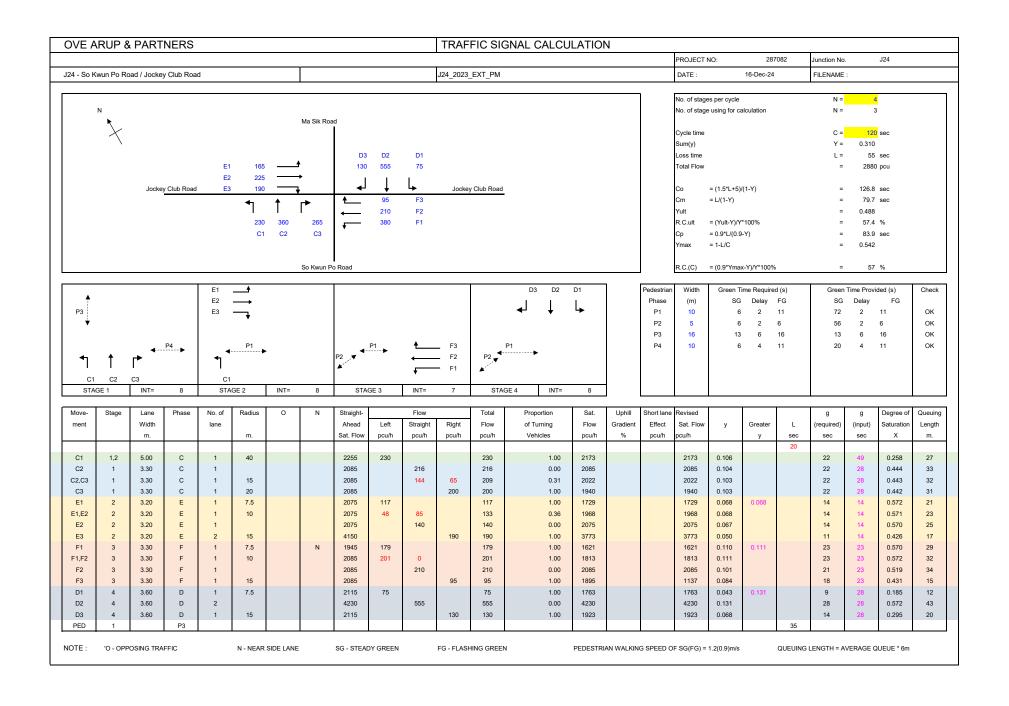


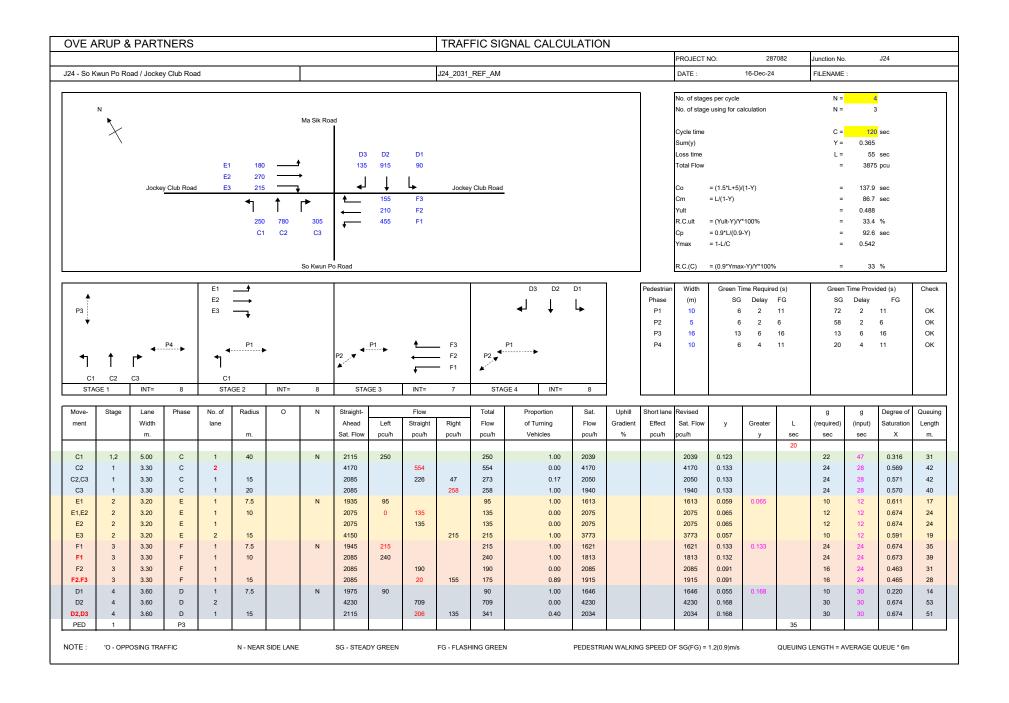


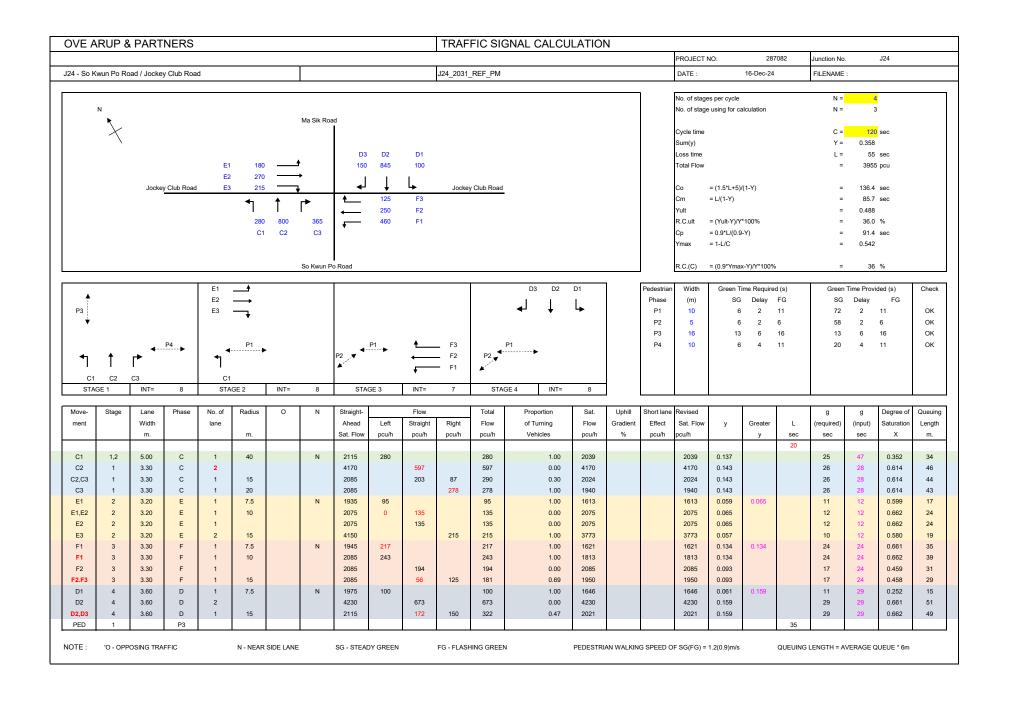


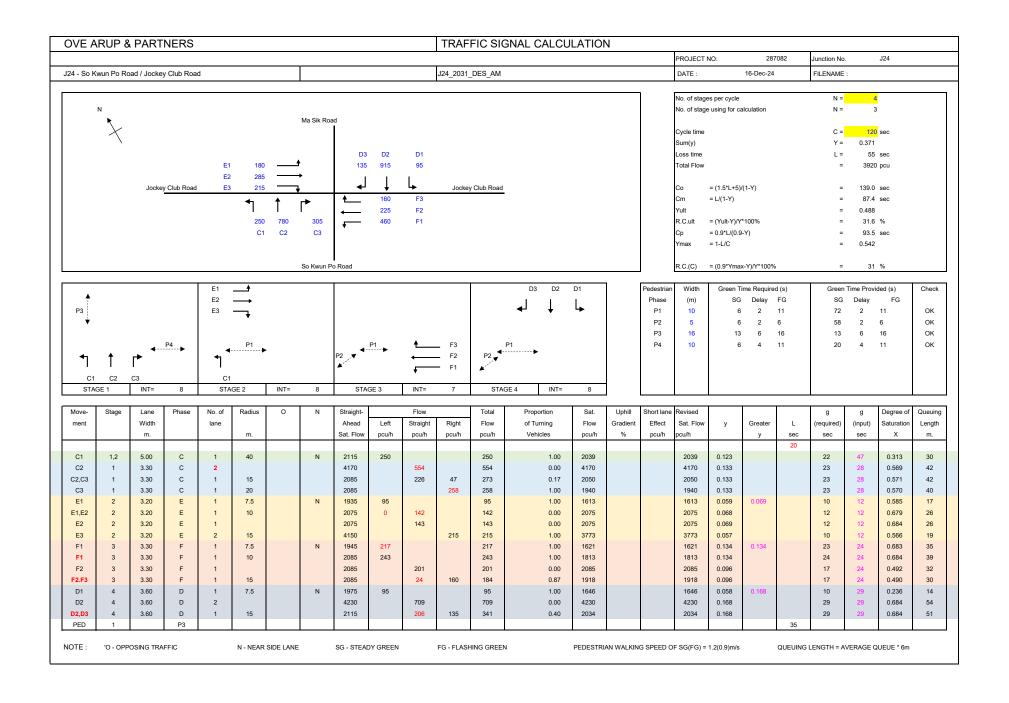


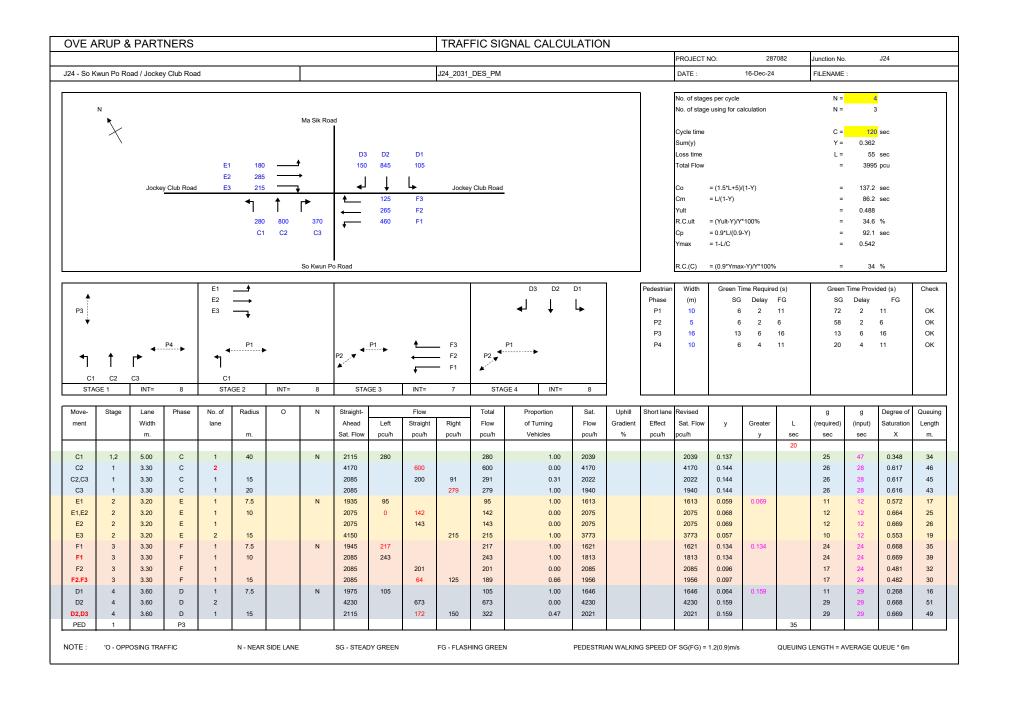


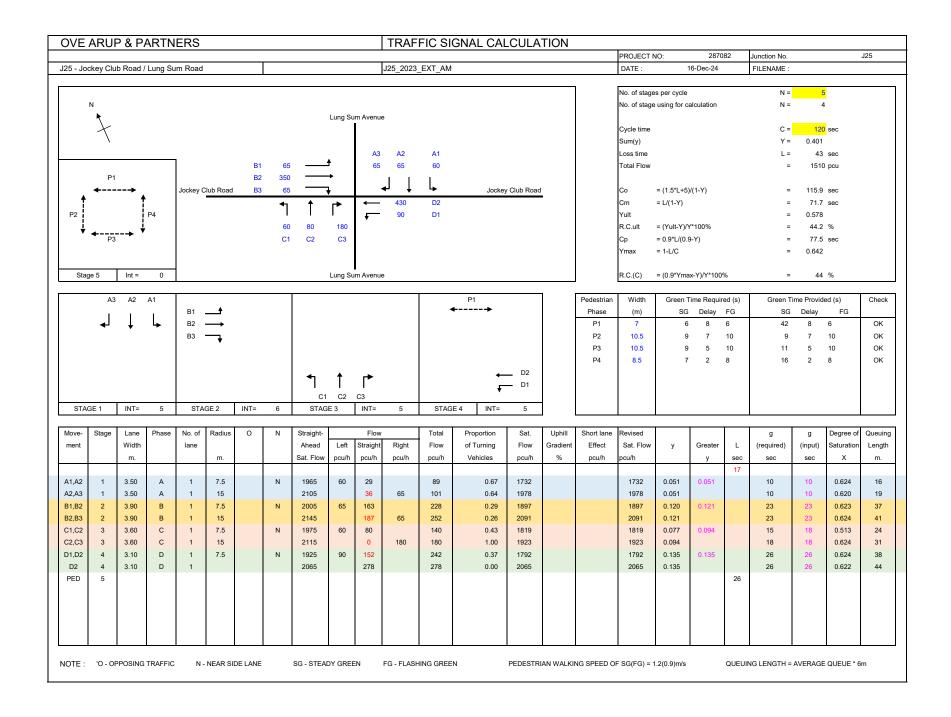


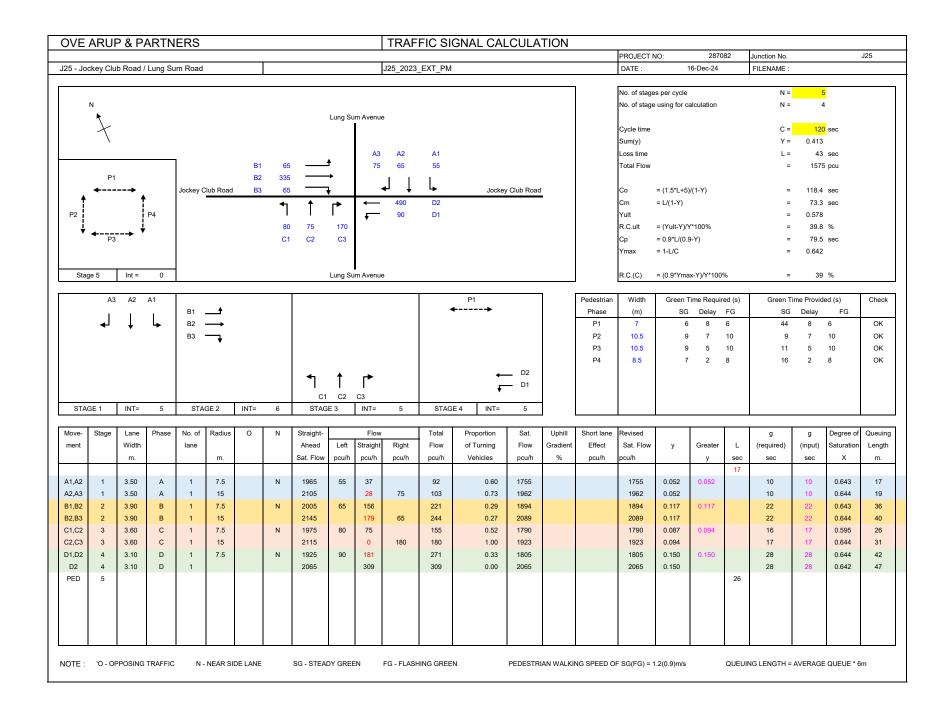


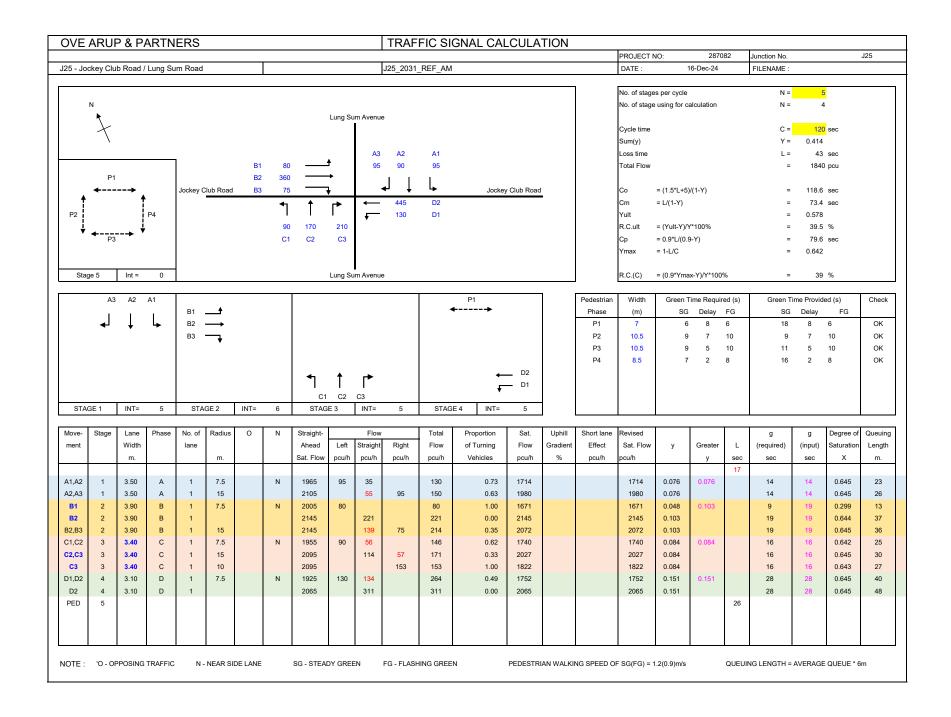


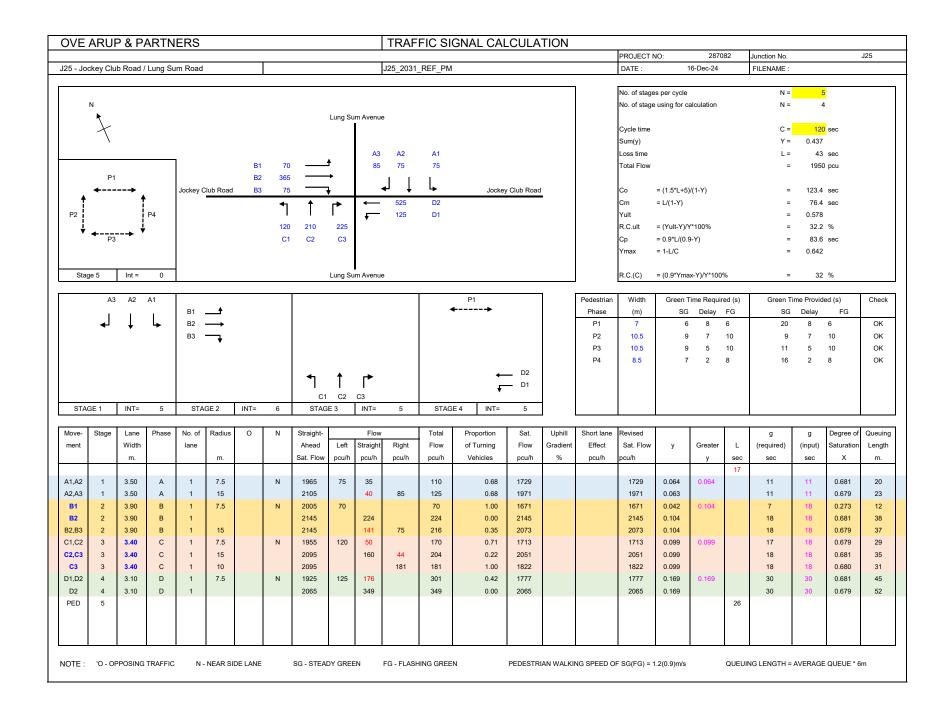


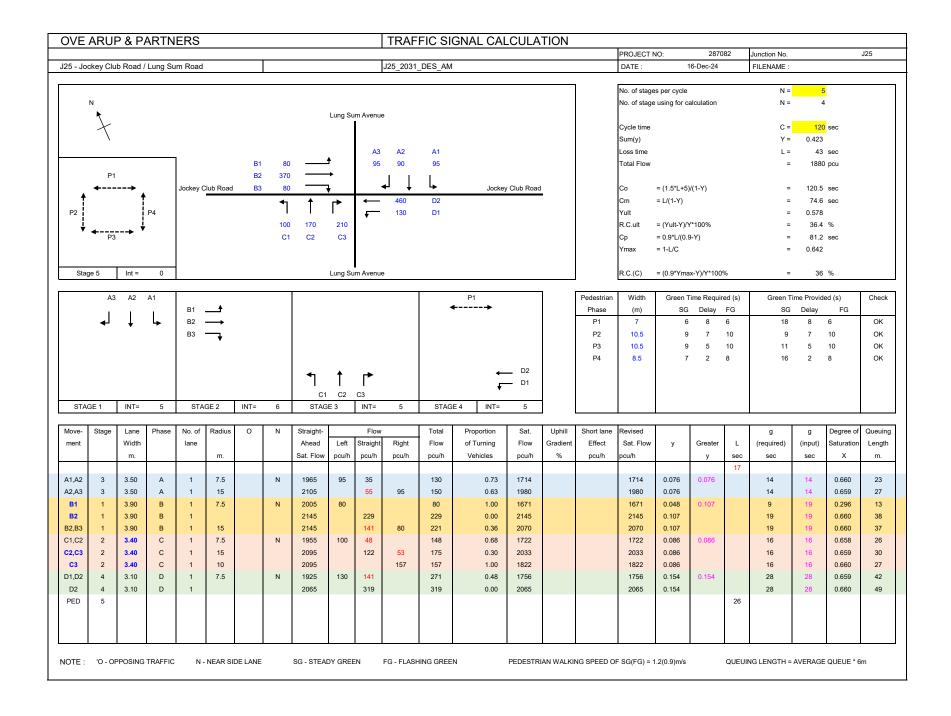


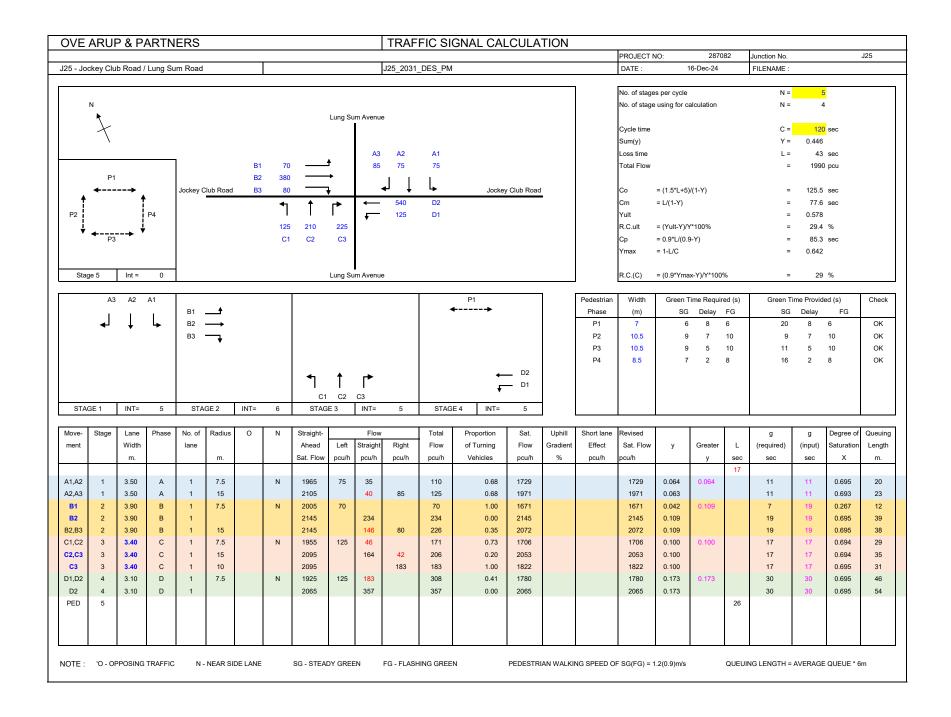








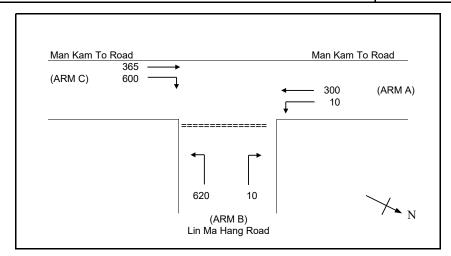




Appendix D

Junction Calculation Sheets for Proposed Junction Improvement

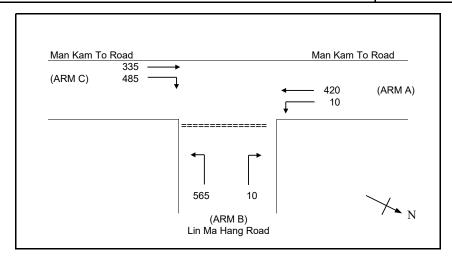
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J1 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Man Kam To Road	J1_2031_DES_AM_IMP	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
       W b-a =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

EOMETRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS:	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 12.50 (metres)	D = 1.04	Q b-a = 352	DFC b-a = 0.03
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 1.08	Q b-c = 740	DFC b-c = 0.84
q a-b = 10 (pcu/hr)	F = 1.11	Q c-b = 753	DFC c-b = 0.80
q a-c = 300 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.57	Q b-ac = 727	
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 1905 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 5.00 (metres)		,	
Vr c-b = 100 (metres)			
q c-a = 365 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 600 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.84
W b-a = 4.50 (metres)			
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)			
VI b-a = 80 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 125 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 125 (metres)			
q b-a = 10 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 620 (pcu/hr)			

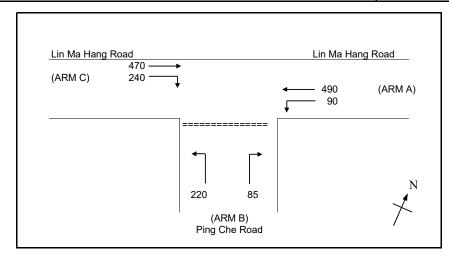
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J1 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Man Kam To Road	J1_2031_DES_PM_IMP	DATE :	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
       W b-a =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
         E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
         F
           =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

METRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS:	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)			
W = 12.50 (metres)	D = 1.04	Q b-a = 366	DFC b-a = 0.03
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 1.08	Q b-c = 713	DFC b-c = 0.80
q a-b = 10 (pcu/hr)	F = 1.11	Q c-b = 726	DFC c-b = 0.67
q a-c = 420 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.57	Q b-ac = 701	
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 1825 (PCU/HR)	
W c-b = 5.00 (metres)		,	
Vr c-b = 100 (metres)			
q c-a = 335 (pcu/hr)			
q c-b = 485 (pcu/hr)			
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.80
W b-a = 4.50 (metres)			
W b-c = 4.50 (metres)			
VI b-a = 80 (metres)			
Vr b-a = 125 (metres)			
Vr b-c = 125 (metres)			
q b-a = 10 (pcu/hr)			
q b-c = 565 (pcu/hr)			

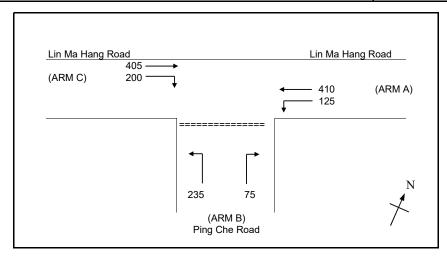
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION			
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:
J2 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Ping Che Road	J2_2031_DES_AM_IMP	DATE:	16/12/2024	FILENAME :



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NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
        E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
        F
           =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
        Y =
                   (1-0.0345W)
```

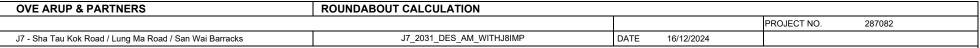
DMETRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS	THE CAPACITY OF I	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :		ESIGN FLOW
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)				TO CAPACITY:	
W = 7.30 (metres)	D = 0	.89 Q b-a =	277	DFC b-a	= 0.31
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 0	.92 Q b-c =	555	DFC b-c	= 0.40
q a-b = 90 (pcu/hr)	F = 1	.01 Q c-b =	595	DFC c-b	= 0.41
q a-c = 490 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0	.75 Q b-ac =	434	DFC b-ac	= 0.71
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW	= 1595 (PCU/HR)		
W c-b = 4.00 (metres)					
Vr c-b = 100 (metres)					
q c-a = 470 (pcu/hr)					
q c-b = 240 (pcu/hr)					
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)				CRITICAL DFC	= 0.71
W b-a = 3.00 (metres)					
W b-c = 3.00 (metres)					
VI b-a = 100 (metres)					
Vr b-a = 100 (metres)					
Vr b-c = 100 (metres)					
q b-a = 85 (pcu/hr)					
q b-c = 220 (pcu/hr)					

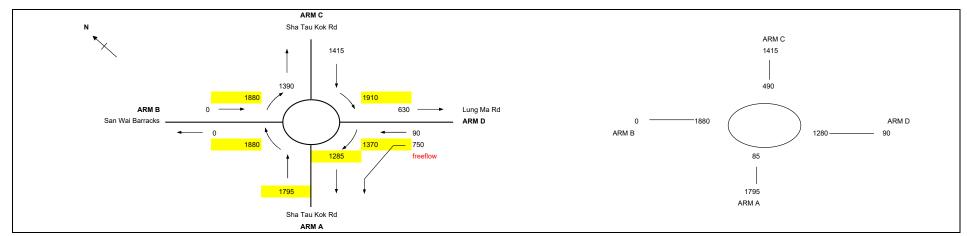
OVE ARUP & PARTNERS	PRIORITY JUNCTION CALCULATION				
		PROJECT NO:	287082	DESIGNED BY:	
J2 - Lin Ma Hang Road / Ping Che Road	J2_2031_DES_PM_IMP	DATE:	16/12/2024	FILENAME :	



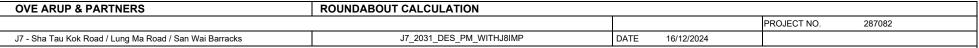
```
NOTES: (GEOMETRIC INPUT DATA)
                   MAJOR ROAD WIDTH (6-20m) (minor road turn left only, 2W)
       W cr =
                   CENTRAL RESERVE WIDTH (0m, 1.2-9m)
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0m, 2.2-5m)
       W b-a =
       W b-c =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM b-c (2.2-5m)
       W c-b =
                   LANE WIDTH AVAILABLE TO VEHICLE WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0m, 2.2-5m)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE LEFT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250m)
       VI b-a =
       Vr b-a =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-a (0-250)
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM b-c (0-250)
       Vr b-c =
                   VISIBILITY TO THE RIGHT FOR VEHICLES WAITING IN STREAM c-b (0-250)
       Vr c-b =
        D =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-A
        E =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC B-C
        F =
                   STREAM-SPECIFIC C-B
        Y =
                   (1-0.0345W)
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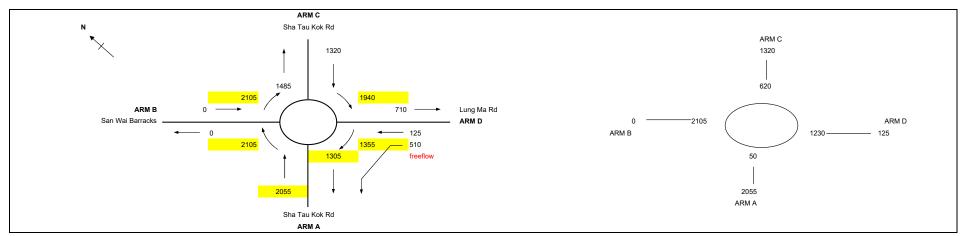
METRIC DETAILS:	GEOMETRIC FACTORS :	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT :	THE CAPACITY OF MOVEMENT : COMPARISION OF DESIGN FLOW TO CAPACITY:				
MAJOR ROAD (ARM A)							
W = 7.30 (metres)	D = 0.89	Q b-a = 317	DFC b-a = 0.24				
W cr = 0.00 (metres)	E = 0.92	Q b-c = 572	DFC b-c = 0.42				
q a-b = 125 (pcu/hr)	F = 1.01	Q c-b = 608	DFC c-b = 0.33				
q a-c = 410 (pcu/hr)	Y = 0.75	Q b-ac = 479	DFC b-ac = 0.65				
MAJOR ROAD (ARM C)		TOTAL FLOW = 1450 (PCU/HR)					
W c-b = 4.00 (metres)							
Vr c-b = 100 (metres)							
q c-a = 405 (pcu/hr)							
q c-b = 200 (pcu/hr)							
MINOR ROAD (ARM B)			CRITICAL DFC = 0.65				
W b-a = 3.00 (metres)							
W b-c = 3.00 (metres)							
VI b-a = 100 (metres)							
Vr b-a = 100 (metres)							
Vr b-c = 100 (metres)							
q b-a = 75 (pcu/hr)							
q b-c = 235 (pcu/hr)							



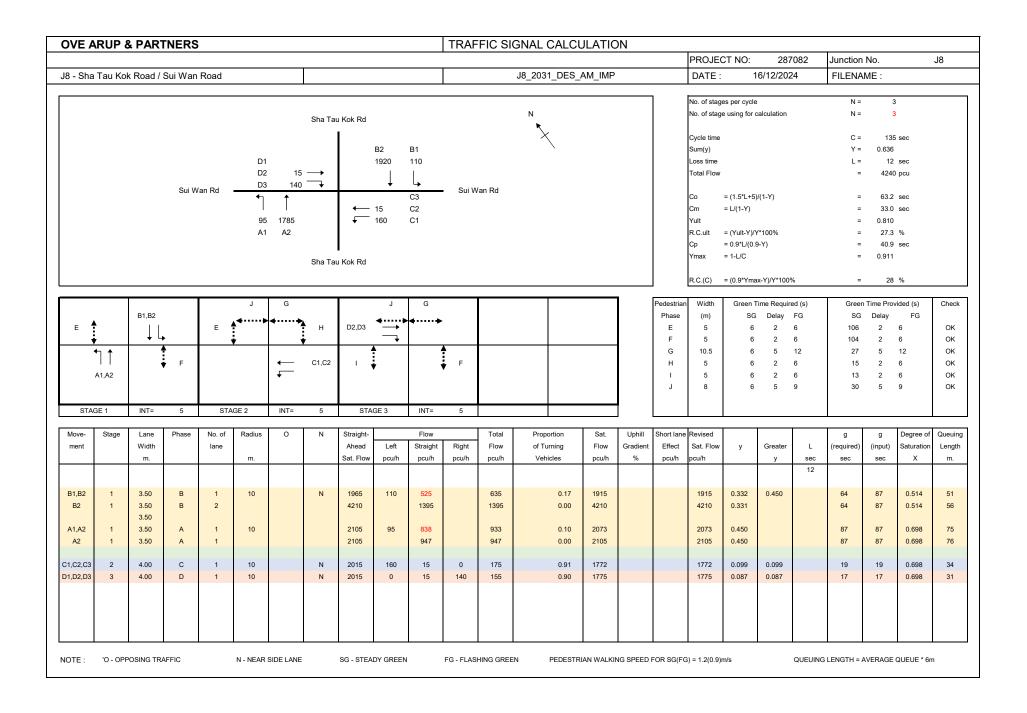


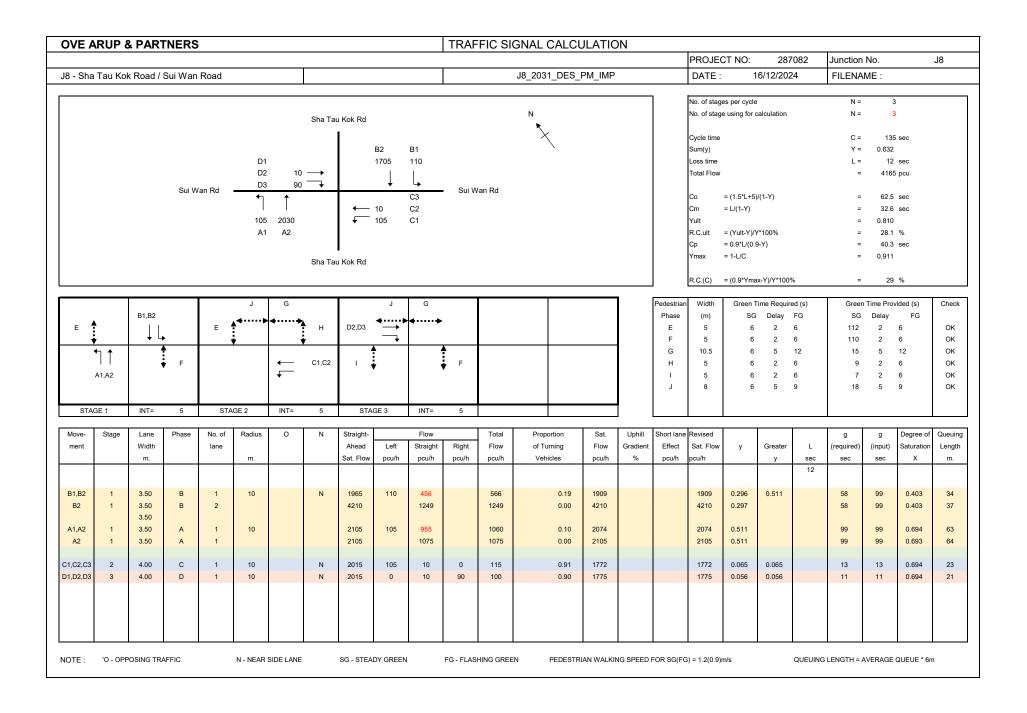
ARM			Α	В	С	D			
INPU	T PAR.	AMETERS:							
V	=	Approach half width (m)	7.30	3.30	7.30	3.50			
E	=	Entry width (m)	10.00	5.00	10.00	5.00			
L	=	Effective length of flare (m)	20	5	10	5			
R	=	Entry radius (m)	30	60	30	70			
D	=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	50	50	50	50			
Α	=	Entry angle (degree)	15	15	25	15			
Q	=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1795	0	1415	90			
Qc	=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	85	1880	490	1280			
OUT	PUT PA	ARAMETERS:							
s	=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.22	0.54	0.43	0.48			
K	=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.07	1.08	1.03	1.09			
X2	=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	9.19	4.11	8.75	4.27			
М	=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37			
F	=	303*X2	2783	1247	2651	1292			
Td	=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37			
Fc	=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.81	0.52	0.79	0.53			
Qe	=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2900	286	2341	665	Total In Sum =	3210	PCU
DFC	=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.62	0.00	0.61	0.14	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.62	

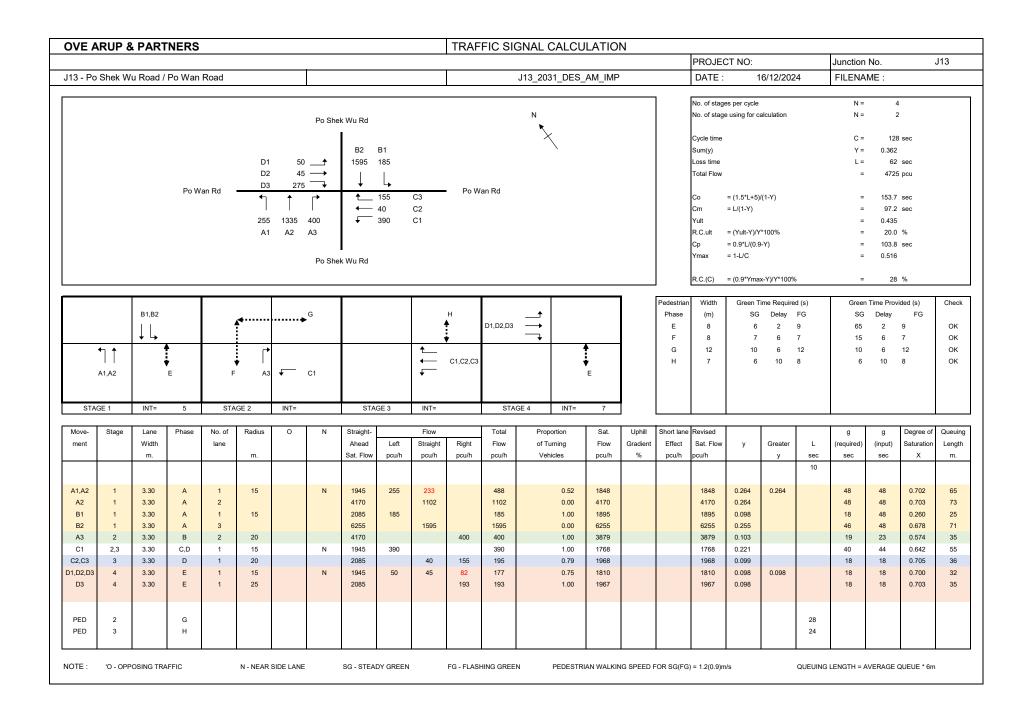


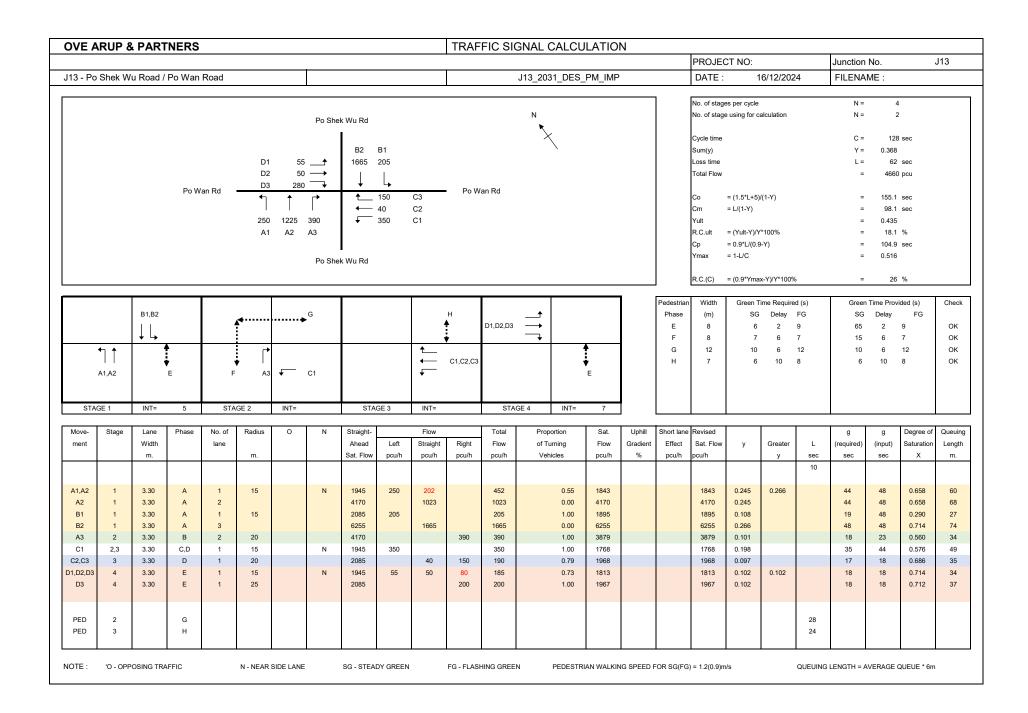


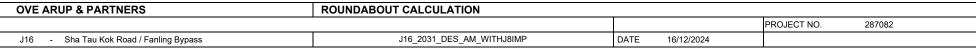
		A	В	С	D			
T PAR.	AMETERS:							
=	Approach half width (m)	7.30	3.30	7.30	3.50			
=	* *	10.00	5.00	10.00	5.00			
=	Effective length of flare (m)	20	5	10	5			
=	Entry radius (m)	30	60	30	70			
=	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	50	50	50	50			
=	. ,	15	15	25	15			
=	Entry flow (pcu/h)	2055	0	1320	125			
=	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	50	2105	620	1230			
PUT PA	ARAMETERS:							
=	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.22	0.54	0.43	0.48			
=	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.07	1.08	1.03	1.09			
=	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	9.19	4.11	8.75	4.27			
=	EXP((D-60)/10)	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37			
=	303*X2	2783	1247	2651	1292			
=	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.37	1.37	1.37	1.37			
=	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.81	0.52	0.79	0.53			
=	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2930	159	2235	694	Total In Sum =	3375	PCU
=	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.71	0.00	0.60	0.19	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.71	
	PAR	T PARAMETERS: = Approach half width (m) = Entry width (m) = Effective length of flare (m) = Entry radius (m) = Inscribed circle diameter (m) = Entry angle (degree) = Entry flow (pcu/h) = Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h) PUT PARAMETERS: = Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L = 1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05) = V + ((E-V)/(1+2S)) = EXP((D-60)/10) = 303*X2 = 1+(0.5/(1+M)) = 0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2) = K(F-Fc*Qc)	T PARAMETERS: = Approach half width (m) 7.30 = Entry width (m) 10.00 = Effective length of flare (m) 20 = Entry radius (m) 30 = Inscribed circle diameter (m) 50 = Entry angle (degree) 15 = Entry flow (pcu/h) 2055 = Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h) 50 PUT PARAMETERS: = Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L 0.22 = 1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05) 1.07 = V + ((E-V)/(1+2S)) 9.19 = EXP((D-60)/10) 0.37 = 303*X2 2783 = 1+(0.5/(1+M)) 1.37 = 0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2) 0.81 = K(F-Fc*Qc) 2930	FARAMETERS:	### Approach half width (m)	Approach half width (m)	### Approach half width (m)	Approach half width (m)

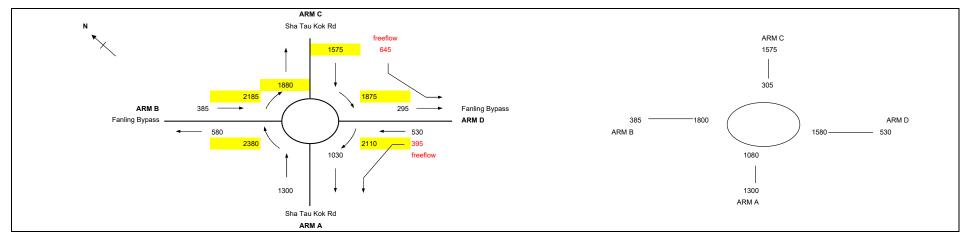




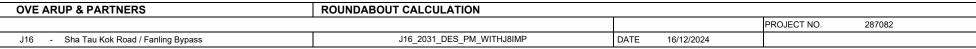


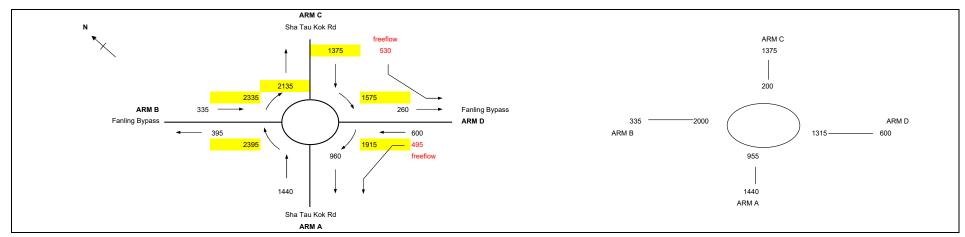






ARM		A	В	С	D			
INPUT PA	RAMETERS:							
V =	Approach half width (m)	7.30	4.50	7.30	4.50			
E =	Entry width (m)	10.00	7.00	10.00	7.00			
L =	Effective length of flare (m)	30	10	15	25			
R =	Entry radius (m)	50	20	20	10			
D =	Inscribed circle diameter (m)	75	75	75	75			
A =	Entry angle (degree)	10	25	20	25			
Q =	Entry flow (pcu/h)	1300	385	1575	530			
Qc =	Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	1080	1800	305	1580			
OUTPUT I	PARAMETERS:							
S =	Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.14	0.40	0.29	0.16			
K =	1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05)	1.10	1.02	1.03	0.97			
X2 =	V + ((E-V)/(1+2S))	9.40	5.89	9.01	6.39			
M =	EXP((D-60)/10)	4.48	4.48	4.48	4.48			
F =	303*X2	2847	1784	2731	1937			
Td =	1+(0.5/(1+M))	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.09			
Fc =	0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2)	0.66	0.50	0.64	0.52			
Qe =	K(F-Fc*Qc)	2345	901	2623	1077	Total In Sum =	3790	PCU
DFC =	Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.56	0.43	0.61	0.50	DFC of Critical Approach =	0.61	





ARAMETERS:							
Approach half width (m)	7.30	4.50	7.30	4.50			
Entry width (m)	10.00	7.00	10.00	7.00			
• •							
, ,							
Circulating now across entry (peu/ii)	933	2000	200	1313			
PARAMETERS:							
Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L	0.14	0.40	0.29	0.16			
. ,	1.10	1.02	1.03	0.97			
, , , , ,							
			4.48	4.48			
			2731	1937			
,					Total In Sum =	3750	PCU
	2.00	230	_500			0.00	
Design flow/Capacity = Q/Qe	0.60	0.42	0.52	0.50	DEC of Critical Approach =	0.60	
g,	0.00		2.02		2. 5 5. 5. Soul Approach	0.00	
	Effective length of flare (m) Entry radius (m) Inscribed circle diameter (m) Entry angle (degree) Entry flow (pcu/h) Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h)	Effective length of flare (m) 30 Entry radius (m) 50 Inscribed circle diameter (m) 75 Entry angle (degree) 10 Entry flow (pcu/h) 1440 Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h) 955 PARAMETERS: Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L 0.14 1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05) 1.10 V + ((E-V)/(1+2S)) 9.40 EXP((D-60)/10) 4.48 303*X2 2847 1+(0.5/(1+M)) 1.09 0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2) 0.66 K(F-Fc*Qc) 2436	Effective length of flare (m) 30 10 Entry radius (m) 50 20 Inscribed circle diameter (m) 75 75 Entry angle (degree) 10 25 Entry flow (pcu/h) 1440 335 Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h) 955 2000 PARAMETERS: Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L 0.14 0.40 1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05) 1.10 1.02 V + ((E-V)/(1+2S)) 9.40 5.89 EXP((D-60)/10) 4.48 4.48 303*X2 2847 1784 1+(0.5/(1+M)) 1.09 1.09 0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2) 0.66 0.50 K(F-Fc*Qc) 2436 800	Effective length of flare (m) 30 10 15 Entry radius (m) 50 20 20 Inscribed circle diameter (m) 75 75 75 Entry angle (degree) 10 25 20 Entry flow (pcu/h) 1440 335 1375 Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h) 955 200 200 PARAMETERS: Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L 0.14 0.40 0.29 1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05) 1.10 1.02 1.03 V + ((E-V)/(1+2S)) 9.40 5.89 9.01 EXP((D-60)/10) 4.48 4.48 4.48 303*X2 2847 1784 2731 1+(0.5/(1+M)) 1.09 1.09 0.21*Tq(1+0.2*X2) 0.66 0.50 0.64 K(F-Fc*Qc) 2436 800 2693	Effective length of flare (m) 30 10 15 25 Entry radius (m) 50 20 20 10 Inscribed circle diameter (m) 75 75 75 75 Entry angle (degree) 10 25 20 25 Entry flow (pcu/h) 1440 335 1375 600 Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h) 955 2000 200 1315 PARAMETERS: Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L 0.14 0.40 0.29 0.16 1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05) 1.10 1.02 1.03 0.97 V + ((E-V)/(1+2S)) 9.40 5.89 9.01 6.39 EXP((D-60)/10) 4.48 4.48 4.48 4.48 303*X2 2847 1784 2731 1937 1+(0.5/(1+M)) 1.09 1.09 1.09 0.21*Tq(1+0.2*X2) 0.66 0.50 0.64 0.52 K(F-Fc*Qc) 2436 800 2693 1211	Effective length of flare (m) 30 10 15 25 Entry radius (m) 50 20 20 10 Inscribed circle diameter (m) 75 75 75 75 Entry angle (degree) 10 25 20 25 Entry flow (pcu/h) 4440 335 1375 600 Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h) 955 2000 200 1315 PARAMETERS: Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L 0.14 0.40 0.29 0.16 1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05) 1.10 1.02 1.03 0.97 V + ((E-V)/(1+2S)) 9.40 5.89 9.01 6.39 EXP((D-60)/10) 4.48 4.48 4.48 4.48 303*X2 2847 1784 2731 1937 1+(0.5/(1+M)) 1.09 1.09 1.09 1.09 0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2) 0.66 0.50 0.64 0.52 K(F-Fc*Qc) 2436 800 2693 1211 Total In Sum =	Effective length of flare (m) 30 10 15 25 Entry radius (m) 50 20 20 10 Inscribed circle diameter (m) 75 75 75 75 Entry angle (degree) 10 25 20 25 Entry flow (pcu/h) 1440 335 1375 600 Circulating flow across entry (pcu/h) 955 200 200 1315 PARAMETERS: Sharpness of flare = 1.6(E-V)/L 0.14 0.40 0.29 0.16 1-0.00347(A-30)-0.978(1/R-0.05) 1.10 1.02 1.03 0.97 V+ ((E-V)/(1+2S)) 9.40 5.89 9.01 6.39 EXP((D-60)/10) 4.48 4.48 4.48 4.48 303*X2 2847 1784 2731 1937 1+(0.5/(1+M)) 1.09 1.09 1.09 1.09 0.21*Td(1+0.2*X2) 0.66 0.50 0.64 0.52 K(F-Fe*Qc) 2436 800 2693 1211 Total in Sum = 3750

